# Miller Mechanical Contractors & Engineers, LLC.

# SAFETY AND HEALTH MANUAL

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PART 7 SAFETY DATA SHEETS (SDS)

## SAFETY MANUAL REVIEW AND UPDATE LOG

Manual Approved and Implemented

MARCH 2015

Review and Update

MARCH 2016

# PART 1

# GENERAL SAFETY AND HEALTH MANUAL

Part 1 General Safety and Health Manual is a section of overall safety operations and guidelines to meet OSHA, Insurance and Company Safety objectives. Parts 2 through 7 are sections to back-up and support the overall management and documentation of the Company Safety Program.

## **Policy Statement**

Miller Mechanical (from this point forward referred to as the "Company") has a moral and business obligation to provide a safe work environment for its employees, subcontractors and the public. It is, therefore, the Company's policy to abide by the Occupational Safety and Health Standards and to initiate and maintain appropriate practices that promote safety in the work environment.

All management and supervisory personnel are charged with the responsibility for planning safety into each work task and for preventing the occurrence of incidents and/or controlling conditions / actions that could lead to occupational injuries or illness. The ultimate success of a safety program depends upon the full cooperation of each individual employee. Management at the Company assumes the responsibility and is prepared to take the necessary actions to see that safety rules and practices are enforced.

Our goal is to totally eliminate accidents from our operations.

## **Goal and Purpose**

The goal of Miller Mechanical is to ensure that safety and health efforts are so successful that accidents and injuries are eliminated.

The purpose of this Safety and Health Manual is to provide a set of policies and requirements that management and employees can use as guidelines in their efforts to ensure a safe working environment and reach the company's goal of zero accidents and injuries.

## **Objectives**

To reflect management's commitment to provide a safe and healthy working environment for all employees, subcontractors and vendors.

To establish a set of policies and requirements that management and employees can use as guidelines in their efforts to ensure a safe and healthy working environment.

To initiate immediate corrective action is safety deficiencies are discovered.

To be in compliance with federal, state and local safety and health regulations.

To be in compliance with our clients' safety and health rules and regulations.

Achieve our goals of ...zero injuries ...zero lost time accidents ...zero O.S.H.A. violations

## **Overview of Safety and Health Manual**

This Safety and Health Manual is presented as a guide for achieving a high degree of safety within all areas of the company. It is not intended to cover all situations concerning safety, which may arise. Rather, it is presented to instill in each employee an understanding of the importance of safety and the aspiration that the employee will expand his/her awareness to safety and apply it to all aspects of their work.

The OSHA CFR 29 Part 1910 Book and OSHA CFR 29 Part 1926 Book are used and referenced when additional standards, additional graphs or additional charts are required.

## Responsibilities

Management, Project Managers, Supervisors, subcontractors, vendors, visitors and all employees are responsible for the compliance with this Safety and Health Manual.

A summary of each party's responsibilities is outlined below.

### Management

It is the responsibility of management to establish rules and programs designed to promote safety and health; to make known to all employees the established rules and programs and to impress upon all employees the responsibility and accountability of each individual to maintain a safe and healthful workplace.

Management will ensure that appropriate safety and health training is provided, that inspections are performed and that accident investigations are conducted and reviewed.

Management will designate a person to administer the Safety and Health Program, which includes the general Safety and Health Manual and any specific Safety and Health Manuals.

Management will observe, enforce and follow all safety rules, regulations and policies.

## **Safety Officer**

- 1) Answer questions concerning the Safety and Health Manual.
- 2) Keep all copies of the Safety and Health Manual up-to-date.
- 3) Keep all documentation concerning the Safety and Health Manual up-to-date.
- 4) Coordinate the items below

#### **Safety Officer**

#### Human Resources Manager

Name:	Steve Lane	Name:	TBD
Telephone:	770-952-3864	Telephone:	TBD
Cell:	813-918-0335	Cell:	TBD

#### **Safety Officer**

The Safety Officer is responsible for the complete administration of Miller Mechanical. Safety Manual and the following items.

- a) Monitor all job sites / areas for compliance with Miller Mechanical Safety Manual.
- b) Assure safety inspections (self & outsiders) are conducted.
- c) Disciplinary and enforcement procedures.
- d) Safety training to company employees.

#### Safety Administrator (Human Resources Manager)

The Safety Administrator is responsible for providing complete support to the Safety Officer and the complete Safety Program, including the following items:

- a) Administrative support for all safety related items and activities.
- b) Maintain OSHA 301, 300 & 300A forms current.
- c) Monitor Motor Vehicle Reports (MVR).
- d) Monitor Safety Training Requirements.
- e) Safety Board information upkeep.
- f) Publish Safety Information.
- g) Employee safety training records.
- h) Employee orientation packages.
- i) Insurance coordinating.
- j) Accident Tracking.

## **Project Managers**

Project Managers are responsible for maintaining safe and healthful working conditions under their supervision.

- a) Project Managers will review all written warnings and take appropriate disciplinary action.
- b) Project Managers are responsible for requiring conformance to safety and health standards by subcontractors.
- c) Project Managers are responsible for providing the general public, protection from company operations.

### **Project Managers and Supervisors**

Project Managers and Supervisors are responsible for coordinating their safety efforts with each other.

- a) Project Managers and Supervisors are responsible for pre planning the job site(s).
- b) Project Managers and Supervisors are responsible for reviewing all Accident Reports.
- c) Project Managers and Supervisors are responsible for seeing that preventative measures are taken to ensure that Accidents do not occur.
- d) The Project Managers and Supervisors are responsible for issuing verbal warnings and written warnings when safety and health rules, regulations or company polices are violated and submitting reports for review to the Safety Officer.

## **Supervisors**

Supervisors are responsible for maintaining safe and healthful working conditions on their job site(s).

- a) Supervisors are responsible for carrying out the planning of the Project Managers and making the Project Managers aware of any new conditions or hazards that may arise.
- b) Supervisors will continually conduct (at least daily) inspections of job site(s) material or equipment. The Supervisors conducting these inspections must be capable of identifying existing and predictable hazards in the work environment, of identifying working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to employees, and of identifying unsafe behavior. In addition, Supervisors must have the authority to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate or control hazards and correct unsafe behavior.
- c) Supervisors will ensure that prompt medical attention for any injured employee is available, and will report all accidents and injuries to Project Managers and/or the Safety Officer.
- d) Supervisors will ensure personnel protective equipment is available and is being used correctly. Training on PPE is provided, on the job site, by the Supervisors.
- e) Supervisors are responsible for filling out the Accident Report within 24 hours of the Accident.
- f) Supervisors are responsible for having the appropriate up-to-date SDS sheets on the job site.
- g) Supervisors are responsible for all weekly safety training. All weekly safety training shall be documented & maintained at each job site or main office.
- h) Supervisors are responsible for ensuring all safety rules & regulations are adhered, to on the job site, by ALL employees, workers, visitors, subcontractors, etc.
- i) Supervisors are responsible for submitting Accident Reports and reviewing all Accidents with the Safety Officer.

## Drivers

Drivers are expected to drive safely at ALL times. Drivers will abide by all federal and state laws regarding the safe operation of vehicles on public roads.

Drivers must meet the requirements outlined in the section "Rules for Drivers".

## Operators

Operators are expected to operate their equipment safely at ALL times.

Operators of heavy equipment must meet the requirements in the section "Rules for Operators".

## Employees

It is the responsibility of all employees to work safely to ensure their own safety as well as the safety of coworkers and others. Employees are encouraged to ask for assistance when unsure about how to safely perform any task.

- a) Employees are required to report any unsafe acts or conditions to their supervisor. Management will not take any reprimand against employees for such notifications.
- b) Employees are required to attend and participate in all safety meetings and/or safety training sessions that the company conducts.
- c) Employees are responsible for using and maintaining all personal protective equipment that is provided by the employer or the employee.
- d) Employees shall follow all OSHA and company safety rules, regulations and/or policies.
- e) Employees are required to sign an "End of Week Employee Injury Statement".

## Subcontractors, Vendors and Suppliers

All subcontractors, vendors and suppliers shall abide by all safety rules.

All subcontractors, vendors and suppliers are required to provide competent persons and/or adequate supervision to perform all activities for Miller Mechanical. in the safest manner possible.

The Miller Mechanical Safety Manual and the OSHA standards are the minimum requirements.

## **Safety and Health Procedures**

The safety and health goal and objectives will be realized by implementation of policies outlined under the following headings:

- Accountability
- Enforcement Progressive Discipline Procedures
- Bidding / Estimating
- Pre Planning
- Employee Participation
- Site Safety Inspections
- Accident Investigations and Prevention
- Personal Protection Equipment
- New & Re Hired Employee Orientation
- Safety Training
- Technical Support
- Documentation

### Accountability

Project Managers and Supervisors are accountable for improving the safety performance of personnel under their supervision.

A Safety Committee will be established.

It is the duty of the Safety Committee to see that the company has the cleanest safety record possible. The Safety Officer is always available to consult with any employee who has safety concerns. The Safety Officer shall answer any questions an employee may have and resolve any safety problems that arise.

If any employee has knowledge of any existing safety hazard, and they have brought it to their supervisor's attention without results, please respond to the Safety Officer, and the situation will be investigated.

This safety program is presented as a guide for achieving a high degree of safety within all areas of the company. It is not intended to cover all situations concerning safety, which may arise. Rather, it is presented to instill in each employee an understanding of the importance of safety and the aspiration that the employee will expand his/her awareness to safety and apply it to all aspects of their work.

## **Enforcement - Progressive Discipline Procedures**

Project Managers, Supervisors, or any employee found violating any of the safety and health policies outlined in the Safety and Health Manual, or participating in any other hazardous activity on the job site or while performing activities for the company, will be subject to the following progressive discipline procedures.

First Violation:	A written warning, followed by an explanation and/or training.
Second Violation:	A written warning, management review of written warning; followed by one of the following actions: - Suspension, without pay - Subject to termination
Third Violation:	Subject to termination
Exceptions:	

1. The progressive discipline procedures will be suspended if an employee commits a gross violation of these Safety and Health Manuals or participates in an unsafe act that poses an immediate danger to the life and health of themselves or other employees.

2. If an employee commits a substance abuse violation, (as described in the Substance Abuse Program) the employee is subject to the disciplinary measures outlined under the Substance Abuse Program.

## **Bidding / Estimating**

Bidding / estimating will include consideration for the elimination or control of safety and health hazards, and all items in the company Safety and Health Manual.

## Pre - Planning

The pre - planning of jobs will include attention to the elimination or control of safety and health hazards, and all items in the company Safety and Health Manual.

## **Employee Participation**

Employees are encouraged to make the company aware of any safety and health issues or concerns.

Employees are encouraged to make recommendations for the elimination or control of safety and health hazards.

All safety and health issues brought up by the employees will be reviewed and responded to by management in a timely manner.

## **Site Safety Inspections**

Site safety inspections will be conducted on a regular basis to determine job site hazards, methods to eliminate or control the hazards and ensure that safe work practices are being implemented.

## **Accident Investigation and Accident Prevention**

Accidents and Incidents will be investigated to prevent future mishaps. The purpose of an accident investigation is <u>fact</u> finding, not <u>fault</u> finding; however, the cause of the accident must be reported objectively.

- a) All Accidents and Incidents must be reported to the Safety Officer.
- b) An Accident Investigation Report must be filled out for each Accident by the Supervisor of the employee involved in the Accident.
- c) All Accidents and Incidents will be reviewed by the Safety Officer to determine future prevention measures.

#### Definitions:

Accident: An "accident" is one in which 1) a fatality occurs, or 2) an individual in the accident immediately receives medical treatment, whether on-site or away from the accident scene, 3) a driver of a commercial motor vehicle receives a citation for a moving traffic violation arising from an accident or 4) there is damage to company property, the property of others or public property.

Incident: An "incident" or "near miss" is an event that could have resulted in an accident.

## **Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)**

All employees will be trained on the proper use and maintenance of personal protective equipment.

## **New and Re-Hired Employee Orientation**

The Safety and Health Manual will be reviewed with all new hired and/or re-hired employees prior to beginning work. New hired and/or re-hired employees will be required, prior to beginning work, to sign a statement of employee understanding regarding the Safety and Health Manual.

New employees will be required to view the NAPHCC video on the hazardous materials program.

## **Safety Training**

Safety training will be documented and entered into employee's personnel files and safety records.

## **Company Wide Safety Training**

Company wide safety training will be conducted on an annual basis, or as deemed necessary by the Safety Officer. These safety training meetings will cover company wide safety and health topics as well as OSHA required safety training.

## **Project Managers and Supervisors Safety Training**

Project Managers and Supervisors meetings will be conducted on a regularly scheduled basis. Some of the topics for these meetings will focus on their responsibility as outlined in the Safety and Health Manual.

They will be trained on hazard identification, hazard control and training other employees, subcontractors and vendors on safe work practices and procedures.

## **On - Site Safety Training**

On - site safety training will cover such topics as:

- a) Safety rules and/or regulations.
- b) Site specific hazards.
- c) Safe work practices.
- d) Procedures being used to eliminate specific hazards.
- e) Safety training on personal protective equipment.
- f) Other safety topics the Supervisors or the Safety Officer deem necessary.

## Weekly Safety Training

Supervisors are responsible for weekly safety training on site specific safety and health hazards.

Supervisors document each session topic and attendance is recorded.

## Specialized and/or Specific Safety Training

Specialized safety training will be conducted on an "as needed" basis by the company for specific job related functions.

## **Technical Support**

Outside technical support, for assistance, to eliminate or control safety and health hazards will be provided on an "as needed" basis by the company.

## **Documentation**

All documentation relating to the Safety and Health Manual will be kept up-to-date and filed in such a manner that it will be readily accessible. Project Managers and Supervisors are required to file all appropriate documentation in a timely manner with the Safety Officer.

## **Emergency and First Aid**

Supervisors, with the aid of the Safety Officer, will determine the emergency phone numbers for each job site. Supervisors will communicate the emergency numbers in such a manner that every employee on a job site will be aware of the location of the emergency phone numbers.

Job sites should have at least 1 (one) person trained in emergency 1<sup>st</sup> Aid & CPR.

## **Emergency Procedures**

Supervisors should instruct employees on emergency procedures for the specific job site before work begins. Although the emergency procedures at each job site may vary somewhat, the basic procedures are as follows:

- Don't panic.
- If needed, call for help / 911.
- Provide the dispatcher with detailed information.
- In case of a trench cave in or confined space accident, do not attempt to rescue unless trained in rescue procedures.
- Provide first aid if qualified to do so.
- Don't move injured person unless his or her life is in danger from sources other than the injury.
- Secure the site.
- Shut down the equipment, if necessary.
- Account for everybody on the site.
- Notify the Safety Officer of emergency within 1 (one) hour.

### Fire

In the event of a fire the procedures are:

- Use fire extinguisher to put out small fires.
- Evacuate the work area.
- Call fire department / 911.
- Meet at designated location.
- Notify the Safety Officer of the fire within 1 (one) hour.

## **First Aid**

First aid for minor injuries can be administered on the job site. If the injury requires immediate medical treatment beyond first aid, Supervisors will call the appropriate emergency number to receive immediate medical treatment.

If the injury does not require immediate medical treatment, but does require medical treatment beyond first aid, the Supervisors shall arrange transportation for the employee to the appropriate emergency medical facility.

If the injury is minor, and first aid treatment is required by the Supervisors, appropriate action should be taken to prevent exposure to blood borne pathogens and the exchange of body fluids.

All employees must notify their supervisor and/or the Safety Officer of any first aid uses or occurrences.

## **Accident Reporting and Record Keeping**

- All accidents must be reported to the Safety Officer or the main office within 1 hour.
- All eye, neck, back and knee accidents / injuries require immediate medical attention, no matter how minor.
- Accident reports must be 100% complete and turned in to Safety Officer within 24 hours of accident.
- All accidents require:
  - a) OSHA 301 Form and Company Accident Form
  - b) First Report of Accident Form (per specific state insurance requirements)
  - c) Substance Abuse Results Form (if applicable)

The company will maintain an OSHA 300 form (log and summary or equivalent) of all recordable injuries and illnesses resulting in a fatality, hospitalization, lost workdays, medical treatment, and/or loss of consciousness.

The previous year OSHA 300 A summary shall be posted by February 1 of each year.

The OSHA 300, (log and summary), the OSHA 301, (supplementary record or company accident report), shall be retained for five years following the end of the year to which it relates.

Within 8 hours after its occurrence, an employment accident which is fatal to one (1) or more employees shall be reported either orally or in writing, to the nearest OSHA Area Coordinator. Also, within 24 hours after its occurrence, any employment accidents which result in inpatient hospitalization, amputation, or loss of an eye to one (1) or more employees shall be reported either orally or in writing, to the nearest OSHA Area Coordinator. 1-800-321-OSHA (1-800-321-6742)

## **Modified - Work Program**

In the interest of eliminating lost time injuries and reducing Workers Compensation Insurance costs, Miller Mechanical may use a "Modified - Work Program" for injured employees. The intent of this program is to have injured workers with physical restrictions continue to work performing a modified work task within their physical limitations. It is not to be construed as a "make work" program.

## **Subcontractor Selection**

Safety and health performance will be one of the criteria used to select subcontractors. The safety and health guidelines outlined below will be used to evaluate subcontractors.

- a) Insurance Certificate
- b) Safety and Health Manual
- c) Substance Abuse Program

## Safety and Health Manual Revision

The Safety and Health Manual is a working document and will be revised and updated as necessary. At a minimum, the Safety and Health Manual will be reviewed and updated on an annual basis.

## Safety Bulletin Board

A "Safety Bulletin Board" will be established with up-to-date and current safety information. Many other safety related items will be available in the "Safety Bulletin Board" area.

## **Distribution of the Safety and Health Manual**

Up-to-date copies of the Safety and Health Manual will be available to all employees, subcontractors and vendors through the Safety Officer. In addition, Project Managers and Supervisors will have up-to-date copies of the Safety and Health Manual.

Α

## **Glossary of Common Terms**

#### Absolute

A chemical substance that is not mixed or is pure. An example is Absolute Alcohol which is ethyl alcohol containing not more than 1% water.

#### Acute Effect

An adverse effect on a human or animal body with severe symptoms developing rapidly and coming quickly to a crisis. Also see *"chronic effect"*.

В

#### **Acute Toxicity**

The adverse effects resulting from a single dose of or exposure to a substance.

#### **Boling Point**

The temperature at which a liquid changes to a vapor. Usually expressed in degrees Fahrenheit. Boiling points of some common liquids.

Water	212 F
Gasoline	100 F
Propane	44 F
Butane	31 F

#### С

#### **Ceiling Limit**

The maximum allowable exposure limit for an airborne substance that people may be exposed to, but which may not be exceeded even momentarily.

#### CAA

Clean Air Act; Federal regulation enacted to regulate and reduce air pollution.

#### Carcinogen

A substance capable of causing or producing cancer in people or animals.

#### **Chronic Effect**

An adverse effect on a human or animal with symptoms which develop slowly over a long period of time or which recur frequently. See also "acute effect".

#### **Chronic Toxicity**

Adverse effects resulting from repeated doses of or exposure to a substance over a relatively prolonged period of time.

#### Combustible

Defines materials that burn at a set temperature. Solids such as wood and paper are commonly referred to as ordinary combustibles. Liquid combustibles are liquids that have flash point (maybe thought of as an ignition temperature) of 100 F or higher.

#### D

#### Decomposition

Breakdown of material or substance into parts or elements.

#### Dermal

Used on or applied to the skin.

#### **Dermal Toxicity**

Adverse effects resulting from skin exposure to a substance.

Ε

F

G

н

EPA

## U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; Federal Agency with environmental protection regulatory and enforcement authority.

#### Flammable Liquids

Liquids that produce vapors that may ignite at a known temperature (flashpoint). Flammable liquids are divided into three classes; I, II, III. Class I liquids are most flammable. Class III liquids are the least.

#### Gram

Measure of mass or weight.

#### Hazardous Material

Any substance or mixture of substance that have the capability of having an adverse effect on the health or safety of a human.

#### I

#### Ignitable

Capable of being set on fire.

#### Incompatible

Materials which could cause dangerous reactions from direct contact with one another.

#### Ingestion

Consuming something by mouth.

#### Inhalation

Breathing in of a substance such as a gas, vapor, dust, or mist.

#### Κ

L

#### LD

Lethal dose – the amount of a substance which will kill an animal or human. LEL

Lower explosive limit – the minimum amount of a substance in air that can be ignited.

#### Μ

Ν

#### **Melting Point**

The temperature at which a solid substance changes to a liquid.

#### NFPA

National Fire Protection Association – An international voluntary organization to promote an improve fire protection and prevention. NFPA recommended practices have been adopted as fire codes in many communities.

#### NIOSH

National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health – Federal agency that researches workplace environments that may cause injury or adverse health effects. Recommends standards to OSHA.

0

#### OSHA

Occupational Safety and Health Administration – part of the U.S. Department of Labor, it is responsible for developing and enforcing workplace safety standards.

#### Oxidation

Chemical reaction in which a substance combines with oxygen. Rusting material is a form of oxidation. **Oxidizer** 

Chemical or chemical compound which rapidly releases oxygen under a variety of conditions.

R

#### PEL

Permissible exposure limit: an exposure limit established by OSHA. It is the amount of a material that a human may be exposed to during a normal work day.

#### PPM

Parts per million – a unit of measurement.

#### Reaction

A chemical change or transformation.

#### Reactivity

The tendency of a substance to undergo a chemical reaction with the release of energy in the form of heat.

#### Sensitizer

A substance which on a first exposure has little to no affect or reaction in people, but over time with repeated exposure produces a reaction such as an allergy.

S

т

U

#### Toxicity

The amount of a material which causes an adverse reaction in people.

Unstable

Material that could easily change into another material or which may easily decompose in an often violent manner.

#### V

#### Vapor

Liquid that is changing to a gas producing a mixture in air.

#### Vapor Density

The weight of a set volume of a chemical vapor compared to an equal volume of air.

#### W

Х

Υ

Ζ

# PART 2

# JOB SITE SPECIFIC SAFETY RULES

Part 2 Jobsite Specific Safety Rules is a section of specific safety rules and regulations (OSHA 1926) for the construction job site. Please refer to Part 4 Specific Safety and Health Policies, Programs and Plans for additional safety policies and indepth, detailed procedures on certain safety issues and work task.

## **Abrasive Grinding**

Abrasive wheel bench or stand grinders must have safety guards strong enough to withstand bursting wheels. [1926.303(b) & (c)(1)]

Adjust work rest on grinders to a clearance not to exceed 1/8 inch between rest and wheel surface. [1926.303(c)(2)]

Inspect abrasive wheels before mounting. [1926.303(c)(7)]

Always leave wheel in safe working condition for next user.

## Access / Egress

Do not jump on or off equipment and/or vehicles.

Use only safe means of access / egress to and from work areas. Safe means includes ladders, ramps and stairs. Jumping from or to work areas is not allowed, nor is sliding down cables, ropes or guy-wires.

Keep all equipment, vehicles, footwear, access areas, etc., clean at all times.

## **Aerial Lifts**

All modifications to any aerial lift, must have written approval from the manufacturer. [1926.453(a)(2)]

Employees shall have adequate training and proper authorization prior to operating any Aerial Lift. [1926.453(b)(2)(ii)]

Employees shall always stand firmly on the floor of the basket, and shall not sit or climb on the edge of the basket or use planks, ladders, or other devices for a work position. [1926.453(b)(2)(iv)]

A body belt shall be worn and a lanyard attached to the boom or basket when working from an aerial lift. [1926.453(b)(2)(v)]

Never remove the guardrail while the aerial lift is in use. Always use the safety chain while the aerial lift is in use.

Never disconnect the back up alarm on an aerial lift.

Never dismount the aerial lift until it is all the way down.

Always alert other employees on the aerial lift prior to changing the height or the position of the aerial lift.

Use extreme caution when using the aerial lift on uneven surfaces.

Use extreme caution to avoid head injuries from overhead objects when lifting aerial lift.

## Air Tools

Secure pneumatic tools to hose in a positive manner to prevent accidental disconnection. [1926.302(b)(1)]

Install and maintain safety clips or retainers on pneumatic impact tools to prevent attachments from being accidentally expelled. [1926.302(b)(2)]

The manufacturer's safe operating pressure for all fittings shall not be exceeded. [1926.302(b)(5)]

## Clothing

All clothing shall be maintained in good shape and worn correctly.

No clothing shall be worn at work that has excessive holes.

No clothing shall be excessively loose, no "hanging" clothes, no "baggy" pants, etc.

## Compressed Air, use of

Compressed air used for cleaning purposes may not exceed 30 psi, and then only in conjunction with effective chip guarding and personal protective equipment. [1926.302(b)(4)]

The use of compressed air to clean off yourself or other workers is not allowed.

## **Compressed Gas Cylinders**

Put valve protection caps in place before compressed gas cylinders are transported, moved or stored. [1926.350(a)(1)]

Compressed gas cylinders shall be secured by a cart, chain, etc. at all times. [1926.350(a)(7)]

Cylinder valves will be closed when work is finished and when cylinders are empty or being moved. [1926.350(a)(8)]

Compressed gas cylinders shall be secured in an upright position at all times except, if necessary, for short periods of time while cylinders are actually being hoisted or carried. [1926.350(a)(9)]

Oxygen and fuel gas cylinders (in storage), shall be separated by a five - foot high non - combustible wall. The wall must have a fire resistance rating of at least one - half hour or a 20-foot separation. [1926.350(a)(10)]

No damaged or defective cylinders shall be used. [1926.350(c)(3)]

Oxygen and fuel gas regulators must be in proper working order while in use. [1926.350(h)]

## **Concrete and Masonry Construction**

No construction loads shall be placed on the structure until the structure is capable of supporting the load. [1926.701(a)]

All protruding reinforced steel onto and into which employees could fall, shall be guarded to eliminate the hazard of impalement. [1926.701(b)]

No employee shall work under concrete bucket while the bucket is being elevated or lowered into position. [1926.701(e)(1)]

Only authorized employees shall be allowed in the "limited access zone" of masonry walls construction. [1926.706(a)(1) thru (a)(5)]

All employees requited to enter into areas of concrete and masonry construction shall have received the appropriate training to be able to recognize any and all hazards they may be exposed to and to protect themselves from such hazards.

## **Confined Spaces**

All employees required to enter into confined or enclosed spaces must be instructed as to the nature of the hazards involved, the necessary precautions to be taken, and in the use of required protective and emergency equipment. The employer shall comply with any specific regulations that apply to work in dangerous or potentially dangerous areas. Confined or enclosed spaces include, but are not limited to, storage tanks, process vessels, bins, boilers, ventilation or exhaust ducts, sewers, underground utility vaults, tunnels, pipelines and open top spaces more than 4 feet deep, such as pits, tubs, vaults, and vessels. [1926.21(b)(6)(i) and (ii)]

Job site Superintendents are responsible for the successful implementation and maintenance of this program at all job sites for which he / she is responsible.

No employee of this company may enter any confined space without proper training to perform a confined space entry or without an unauthorized permit signed by the project superintendent or site foreman.

### Cranes

The controlling entity must: ensure that ground preparations necessary to meet the requirements in paragraph (b) of this section are provided. [1926.1402(c)(1)]

Assembly / Disassembly must be supervised by a person who meets the criteria for both a competent person and a qualified person, or by a competent person who is assisted by one or more qualified persons ("A / D director"). [1926.1404(a)(1)]

Upon completion of assembly, the equipment must be inspected by a qualified person to assure that it is configured in accordance with manufacturer equipment criteria. [1926.1412(c)(1)]

A competent person must begin a visual inspection prior to each shift the equipment will be used, which must be completed before or during that shift. The inspection must consist of observation for apparent deficiencies. Taking apart equipment components and booming down is not required as part of this inspection unless the results of the visual inspection or trial operation indicate that further investigation necessitating taking apart equipment components or booming down is needed. Determinations made in conducting the inspection must be reassessed in light of observations made during operation. [1926.1412(d)(1)]

A competent person must begin a visual inspection prior to each shift the equipment is used, which must be completed before or during that shift. The inspection must consist of observation of wire ropes (running and standing) that are likely to be in use during the shift for apparent deficiencies, including those listed in paragraph (a)(2) of this section. Untwisting (opening) of wire rope or booming down is not required as part of this inspection. [1926.1413(a)(1)]

The employer must comply with all manufacturer procedures applicable to the operational functions of equipment, including its use with attachments. [1926.1417(a)]

Whenever there is a concern as to safety, the Operator must have the authority to stop and refuse to handle loads until a qualified person has determined that safety has been assured. [1926.1418]

Personal fall arrest system components must be used in personal fall arrest and fall restraint systems and must conform to the criteria in 1926.502(d) except that 1926.502(d)(15) does not apply to components used in personal fall arrest and fall restraint systems. Either body belts or body harnesses must be used in personal fall arrest and fall restraint systems. [1926.1423(d)]

Train each employee assigned to work on or near the equipment ("Authorized Personnel") in how to recognize struck-by and pinch / crush hazard areas posed by the rotating superstructure. [1926.1424(a)(2)(i)]

The use of equipment to hoist employees is prohibited except where the employer demonstrates that the erection, use, and dismantling of conventional means of reaching the work area, such as a personnel hoist, ladder, stairway, aerial lift, elevating work platform, or scaffold, would be more hazardous, or is not possible because of the project's structural design or worksite conditions. This paragraph does not apply to work covered by subpart R (Steel Erection) of this part. [1926.1431(a)]

Employers must ensure that the operators of cranes have qualification or certification prior to use.

At / near any Power lines, before the beginning of any equipment operation, the employer must identify the work zone and assess the hazards.

Power line safety for equipment operations including assembly and disassembly must be adhered to.

All safety devices and operational aids required shall be installed and operational.

The employer of the signal person must ensure that each signal person meets the Qualification Requirements.

### Demolition

All electric, gas, water, steam, sewer, and other service lines shall be shut off, capped, or otherwise controlled, outside the building line before demolition work is started. In each case, any utility company, which is involved, shall be notified in advance. [1926.850(c)]

It shall also be determined if any type of hazardous chemicals, gases, explosives, flammable materials, or similarly dangerous substances have been used in any pipes, tanks, or other equipment on the property. When the presence of any such substances is apparent or suspected, testing and purging shall be performed and the hazard eliminated before demolition is started. [1926.850(e)]

No workers shall be permitted in any area, which can be adversely affected by demolition operations, when balling or clamming is being performed. Only those workers necessary for the performance of the operations shall be permitted in this area at any other time. [1926.859(a)]

During demolition, continuing inspections by a competent person shall be made as the work progresses to detect hazards resulting from weakened or deteriorated floors, or walls, or loosened material. No employee shall be permitted to work where such hazards exist until they are corrected by shoring, bracing, or other effective means. [1926.859(g)]

## **Drinking Water**

An adequate supply of potable water shall be provided in all places of employment. [1926.51(a)(1)]

Potable water containers shall be capable of being tightly closed and be equipped with a tap. [1926.51(a)(2)]

The common drinking cup is prohibited. Cup dispensers and disposable cups shall be provided. [1926.51(a)(4)]

A sanitary container for unused cups and a receptacle for used cups shall be provided. [1926.51(a)(5)]

## **Electrical - General**

These sections apply to installations, both temporary and permanent, used on the job site. [1926.402(a)]

All electrical conductors and equipment shall be approved. [1926.403(a)]

The employers shall ensure that electrical equipment is free from recognized hazards that are likely to cause death or serious harm to employees. [1926.403(b)]

Splices must be soldered wire connections with insulation equal to the cable. [1926.403(e)]

All 120-volt, single phase, 15- and 20- ampere receptacles must be protected by G.F.C.I. [1926.404(b)(1)(ii)]

Temporary lights shall not be suspended by their cords. [1926.405(a)(2)(ii)(F)]

Flexible cords and cables shall be protected from damage. [1926.405(a)(2)(ii)(I)]

All extension cords must be 3 - wire type, protected from damage, and not fastened with staples, hung from nails or suspended from wires. [1926.405(a)(2)(ii)(J)] & [1926.416(e)(2)]

No employee may work in proximity to any electric power circuit that may be contacted during the course of work, unless protected against electric shock by de-energizing circuit and grounding it or by guarding with effective insulation. [1926.416(a)(1)]

Worn or frayed electrical cords or cables shall not be used. [1926.416(e)(1)]

Cables passing through work areas will be covered or elevated to protect from damage. Boxes with covers for the purpose of disconnecting must be securely and rigidly fastened to mounting surface.

All extension cords shall be inspected daily, prior to use, for damage or defects.

No cord or tool with a damaged ground plug shall be used.

Only qualified electricians are allowed to make electrical repairs on equipment, tools, etc.

## **Employee / Subcontractor Conduct**

No "catcalling" and/or any form of sexual harassment will be tolerated.

Any employee caught stealing anything, will be terminated.

All employees of this company and all subcontractor employees are required to follow all of our client's safety rules and regulations.

All employees of this company and all subcontractor employees shall follow all federal, state and local laws and regulations at all times on company projects, company property and/or during company business hours.

### **Excavation and Trenching**

No employee of this company is allowed to commence work in or on an excavation without a competent person on site.

The estimated location of utility installations, such as sewer, telephone, fuel, electric, water lines, or any other underground installations, that reasonably may be expected to be encountered during excavation work, shall be determined prior to opening an excavation. [1926.651(b)(1)]

When excavation operations approach the estimated location of underground installations, the exact location of the installations shall be determined by safe and acceptable means. While the excavation is open, underground installation shall be protected, supported or removed as necessary to safeguard employees. [1926.651(b)(3)&(b)(4)]

Each employee in an excavation shall be protected from cave-ins by an adequate protective system except when:

 Excavations are made entirely in stable rock; or excavations are less than five feet in depth and examination of the ground by a competent person provided no indication of a potential cave-in. [1926.652(a)(1)(i) & (a)(1)(ii)]

Protective systems shall have the capacity to resist without failure all loads that are intended or could reasonably be expected to be applied and/or transmitted to the system. [1926.652(a)(2)]

A copy of the tabulated data for excavation protective systems must be maintained at the job site during construction. [1926.652(c)(3)(iii)]

Employees shall be protected from excavated or other materials or equipment that could pose a hazard by falling or rolling into excavations. Protection shall be provided by placing and keeping such materials or equipment at least two feet from the edge of the excavations, or by the use of retaining devices that are sufficient to prevent materials or equipment from falling or rolling into excavations, or by a combination of both if necessary. [1926.651(j)(2)]

Daily inspections of excavations, the adjacent areas and protective systems shall be made by a competent person for evidence of a situation that could result in possible cave-ins, indications of failure of protective systems, hazardous atmospheres, or other hazardous conditions. An inspection shall be conducted by a competent person prior to the start of work and as needed throughout the shift. Inspections shall also be made after every rainstorm or other hazard- increasing occurrence. These inspections are only required when employee exposure is anticipated. [1926.651(k)(1)]

Where a competent person finds evidence of a situation that could result in a possible cave-in, indications of failure of protective systems, hazardous atmospheres, or other hazardous conditions, exposed employees shall be removed from the hazardous area until the necessary precautions have been taken to ensure their safety. [1926.651(k)(2)]

A stairway, ladder, ramp or other safe means of egress shall be located in trench excavations that are four feet or more in depth so as to require no more than 25-feet of lateral travel for employees. [1926.651(c)(2)]

Where employees or equipment are required or permitted to cross over excavations, walkways or bridges with standard guardrails shall be provided. [1926.651(I)] & [1926.501(b)(7)]

The Competent Person must ensure that all necessary safety equipment and PPE, including rescue equipment, is on-site prior to entrance into an excavation.

No employee of this company is allowed to work in excavations alone. A spotter is required to help protect the employee and / or call for help in the event of a cave-in.

Excavations over 20'-0" must be engineered by an registered engineer prior to excavation.

## **Explosives and Blasting**

No employee of this company is allowed to enter into explosives and blasting areas.

## **Eye and Face Protection**

Eye and face protection must be worn when machines or operations present potential eye or face injury. [1926.102(a)(1)]

Eye and face protective equipment shall meet all requirements of ANSI Z 87.1-1968, "Practice of Occupational and Educational Eye and Face Protection". [1926.102(a)(2)]

Goggles will be worn over any employee owned prescription glasses that do not meet industrial safety standards. [1926.102(a)(3)]

Employees involved in welding operations must wear filter lenses or plates of the proper shade number. [1926.102(b)(1)]

Employees exposed to laser beams shall be furnished suitable laser safety goggles, which will protect for the specific wavelength of the laser and be optical density (O.D.) adequate for the energy involved. [1926.102(b)(2)]

Eye protection, in the form of safety glasses, shall be worn at all times while employees are on the jobsite.

## **Fall Protection**

Where employees are exposed to falling 6 feet or more from an unprotected side or edge, the employer must select and use a guardrail system, safety net system, or a personal fall arrest system to protect the worker from falls. [1926.501(b)(1)]

A personal fall arrest system consists of an anchorage, connectors, a body harness and may include a lanyard, a deceleration device, lifeline or a suitable combination of these. [1926.500 (b)] & [1926.502(d)]

Each employee in a hoist area shall be protected from falling 6 feet or more by guardrail systems or personal fall arrest systems. If guardrail systems (or chain gate or guardrail) or portions thereof must be removed to facilitate hoisting operations, as during the landing of materials, and a worker must lean through the access opening or out over the edge of the access opening to receive or guide equipment and materials, that employee must be protected by a personal fall arrest system. [1926.501(b)(3)]

Personal fall arrest systems, covers, or guardrail systems must be erected around holes (including skylights) that are more than 6 feet above lower levels. [1926.501(b)(4)]

Each employee using ramps, runways, and other walkways shall be protected from falling 6 feet or more by guardrail systems. [1926.501(b)(6)]

Each employee at the edge of an excavation 6 feet deep or more shall be protected from falling by guardrail systems, fences, barricades, or covers. Where walkways are provided to permit employees to cross over excavations, guardrails are required on the walkway if it is 6 feet or more above the excavation. [1926.501(b)(7)]

## **Fire Protection**

A fire protection program is to be followed throughout phases of the construction and demolition work involved. It shall provide for effective fire fighting equipment to be available without delay, and designed to effectively meet all fire hazards as they occur. [1926.150(a)(1)]

Fire fighting equipment shall be conspicuously located and readily accessible at all times, and periodically inspected and maintained in operating condition. [1926.150(a)(2) through (a)(4)] Report any inoperative or missing equipment to your supervisor.

## **First Aid**

The employer shall insure the availability of medical personnel for advice and consultation on matters of occupational health. [1926.50(a)]

Provisions shall be made prior to commencement of the project for prompt medical attention in case of serious injury. [1926.50(b)]

In the absence of an infirmary, clinic, hospital, or physician, that is reasonably accessible in terms of time and distance to the worksite, which is available for the treatment of injured employees, a person who has a valid certificate in first-aid training from the U.S. Bureau of Mines, the American Red Cross, or equivalent training that can be verified by documentary evidence, shall be available at the worksite to render first aid. [1926.50(c)]

First aid supplies shall be easily accessible when required. [1926.50(d)(1)]

The contents of the first aid kit shall be placed in a weatherproof container with individual sealed packages for each type of item, and shall be checked by the employer before being sent out on each job and at least weekly on each job to ensure that the expended items are replaced. [1926.50(d)(2)]

Proper equipment for prompt transportation of the injured person to a physician or hospital, or a communication system for contacting necessary ambulance service, shall be provided. [1926.50(e)]

In areas where 911 is not available, the telephone numbers of the physicians, hospitals, or ambulances shall be conspicuously posted. [1926.50(f)]

Where the eyes or body of any person may be exposed to injurious corrosive materials, suitable facilities for quick drenching or flushing of the eyes and body shall be provided within the work area for immediate emergency use. [1926.50(g)]

## Flag Personnel

When signs, signals, and barricades do not provide necessary protection on or adjacent to a highway or street, flag personnel or other appropriate traffic controls shall be provided. [1926.200] & [1926.201]

Flag personnel shall wear highly visible garments while flagging. Warning garments worn at night will have reflector material. [1926.200] & [1926.201] & [1926.651(d)]

Always follow state D.O.T. requirements and MUTCD Manual.

## Flammable and Combustible Liquids

No more than 25 gallons shall be stored in a room outside of an approved storage cabinet. [1926.152(b)(1)]

Only approved containers and portable tanks shall be used for storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids. [1926.152(a)(1)] & [1926.155(L)]

Post conspicuous and legible signs prohibiting smoking in service and refueling areas. [1926.152(g)(9)]

All containers must be labeled with appropriate hazardous warnings. Keep flammable liquids in closed containers.

No smoking within 25' of any fuel storage and/or fueling operations.

### **Foot Protection**

Employees shall wear work shoes or work boots that give ankle support and have a hard sole on the job site.

No sneakers, tennis shoes or open toed shoes are permitted on the job site.

Additional toe protection shall be used when required.

## **Forklift Safety**

The employer shall certify that each operator has been trained and evaluated as required by 1910.178(L)(6). [1926.602(d)]

Employees shall have adequate training and proper authorization prior to operation

Forklift extensions should always be close to the ground when driving forklift un-loaded.

When forklift is being used to move material, be cautious of overhead objects such as lights, power lines, etc.

Never speed or turn too quickly. When forklift is not in use the brake should be set and the machine in park.

Always use caution and watch out for people around corners. Always blow the horn when going through a doorway or around a corner.

Only one person is allowed on forklift at a time.

## Gases, Vapors, Fumes, Dusts, and Mists

Exposure to toxic gases, vapors, fumes, dusts, and mists at a concentration above those specified in the "Threshold Limit Values of Airborne Contaminants for 1970" of the ACGIH, shall be avoided. (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists) [1926.55(a)]

When engineering and administrative controls are not feasible to achieve full compliance, protective equipment or other protective measures shall be used to keep the exposure of employees to air contaminants within the limits prescribed. Any equipment and technical measures used for this purpose must first be approved for each particular use by a competent industrial hygienist or other technically qualified person. [1926.55(b)]

## **Hand Protection**

Employees should be aware of hand hazards such as pinch points, sharp objects, hot objects, etc. and wear appropriate gloves to protect hands and lower arms.

## Hand Tools

Employers shall not issue or permit the use of unsafe hand tools. [1926.301(a)]

Wrenches shall not be used when jaws are sprung to the point slippage occurs. Keep impact tools free of mushroomed heads. Keep wooden tool handles free of splinters or cracks and assure a tight connection between the tool head and the handle. [1926.301(b), (c) & (d)]

Electric - power operated tools shall either be approved double insulated or be properly grounded, and used with ground fault circuit interrupters. [1926.302(a) & 1926.404(b)(1)]

## Hard Hats

Employees working in areas where there is a possible danger of head injury from impact, or from falling or flying objects, or from electrical shock or burns, shall be protected by protective helmets. [1926.100]

Hard hats shall be worn at all times on the job site and shall be worn correctly.

Hard hats shall be worn at all times when off equipment and/or out of vehicles.

## **Hearing Protection**

When engineering or administrative controls fail to reduce sound levels within the limits of Table D-2, ear protective devices shall be provided and used. [1926.52(b) & 1926.101(a)]

In all cases where sound levels exceed the values shown in Table D-2 of the Safety and Health Standards, a continuing, effective hearing conservation program shall be administered. [1926.52(d)(1)]

#### **Table D-2 Permissible Noise Exposures**

Duration Per Day, Hours	Sound Level DBA Slow Response
8	90
6	92
4	95
3	97
2	100
1 1/2	102
1	105
1/2	110
1/4 or less	115

## Heating Devices, Temporary

When heating devices are used, fresh air shall be supplied to maintain the safety and health of employees. [1926.154(a)(1)]

## **Heat Stress**

Employees are encouraged to drink plenty of water during work days.

During work in hot environments, workers should use the lightest weight or "breathable" protective garments that give adequate protection.

Heavy and minimal work activities should be alternated.

## Housekeeping / Clean-up

Clean up everyday all areas, including but not limited to, job site, vehicles, shop, office, equipment, tools, etc.

Scrap lumber and other debris will be kept clear from work areas at all times. [1926.25(a)]

Remove combustible scrap and debris at regular intervals. [1926.25(b)]

Containers will be provided for collection and separation of all refuse. Covers are required on containers used for flammable or harmful substances. [1926.25(c)]

Nails shall be withdrawn from used lumber. [1926.250(b)(8)(i)]

Whenever materials and/or trash are dropped more than 20 feet, an enclosed chute shall be used. [1926.252(a)]

At the end of each phase of work, return all tools and excess material to proper storage. Clean up all debris before moving on to the next phase. Each employee is responsible for keeping their work areas clean.

All vehicles and/or equipment must be free of loose debris, dirt, mud, etc., before operation on public roads.

### Ladders

Job-made ladders will be constructed for their intended use and/or load. Rungs and/or cleats will be uniformly spaced, no more than 12 inches, apart. [1926.1053(a)(3)(i) & (a)(3)(ii)]

Place portable ladders on a substantial base at a 4-1 pitch, have clear access at top and bottom, extend a minimum of 36 inches above landing or, where not practical, provide grab rails. Secure against movement while in use. [1926.1053(b)(1) thru (b)(7)]

Portable metal ladders may not be used for electrical work or where they may contact electrical conductors. [1926.1053(b)(12)]

Portable and fixed ladders with broken or missing rungs or steps, broken or split side rails, or with other faulty or defective construction are prohibited. When ladders with such defects are discovered, withdraw them from service immediately. [1926.1053(b)(16)]

All employees working in a trench, four feet or more in depth, must be within 25 feet of a ladder, ramp, or stairs. [1926.651(c)(2)]

Under no circumstances will an employee use anything other than a ladder, scaffold or ramp to enter and exit excavations over four feet in depth. These methods will also be wholly within a protective system if the excavation is over five feet in depth. If a ramp is used, the slope shall be flat enough for employees to enter and exit in an upright position.

No ladders shall be used in a horizontal position as platforms, runways, or scaffolds. Extension ladders must be retracted before transporting.

All ladders must be secure. Always face ladders when going up or down.

Materials and tools should be hoisted up or down ladders with a rope, cable or other safe hoisting methods.

Never use the top or the top step of a stepladder.

A ladder inspection program should be utilized to ensure all ladders are inspected at least 4 times per year by a competent person. This inspection is a visual inspection to ensure the ladder is in proper working condition.

### Lasers

Only qualified and trained employees shall be assigned to install, adjust and operate laser equipment. [1926.54(a)]

"Laser in Use" signs shall be posted at all times lasers are in operation. [1926.54(d)]

## Lighting

Construction area, ramps, walkways, corridors, offices, shops, sheds and storage areas shall be adequately lighted. [1926.56(a) & (b)]

Additional lighting and maintenance of lighting shall be provided as necessary, including but not limited to stairways, aisle ways, and entry / exit areas.

## **Liquefied Petroleum Gas**

Each system shall have containers, valves, connectors, manifold valve assemblies, and regulators of an approved type. [1926.153(a)(1)]

All cylinders shall meet DOT specifications. [1926.153(a)(2)]

Every container and vaporizer shall be provided with one or more approved safety relief valves or devices. [1926.153(d)(1)]

Containers shall be placed upright on firm foundations or otherwise firmly secured. [1926.153(g) & (h)(11)]

Portable heaters shall be equipped with an approved automatic device to shut off the flow of gas in the event of flame failure. [1926.153(h)(8)]

Storage of LPG within buildings is prohibited. [1926.153(j)]

Storage locations shall have at least one approved portable fire extinguisher, rated not less than 20-b:c. [1926.153(L)]

## Lock Out / Tag Out

Controls that are to be deactivated during the course of work on energized or de-energized equipment or circuits shall be tagged. [1926.417(a)]

Equipment or circuits that are de-energized shall be rendered inoperative and shall have tags attached at all points where such equipment or circuits can be energized. [1926.417(b)]

Tags shall be placed to identify plainly the equipment or circuits being worked on. [1926.417(c)]

## **Manual Lifting**

Employees should be prepared for lifting task assigned and use legs to lift, instead of back or obtain assistance.

Recommended lifting procedures include:

- Stand close to the load;
- Firmly grasp the object to be lifted;
- While holding load close to the body, bend knees and lift with legs;
- Keep back as straight as possible;
- Do not twist torso while carrying the load and place the load using the same technique;
- Use any required PPE

## Motor Vehicles and Construction Equipment

Check all vehicles in use at the beginning of each workday to assure all parts, equipment and accessories affecting safe operation are in proper operating condition and free from defects. All defects shall be corrected before placing vehicle in service. [1926.601(b)(14)]

No employee shall use any motor vehicle, earthmoving, or compacting equipment having an obstructed view to the rear unless:

- Vehicle has a reverse signal alarm distinguishable from the surrounding noise level, or
- Vehicle is backed up only when an observer signals it is safe to do so. [1926.601(b)(4)]

Willful destruction of company property (such as cutting back-up alarm wires or seatbelts) shall result in immediate dismissal.

Heavy machinery, equipment, or parts thereof, which are suspended or held aloft will be substantially blocked to prevent falling or shifting work under or between them. [1926.600(a)(3)(i)]

Employees shall maintain eye contact with operators of all types of vehicles or equipment. Before entering the site, locate all moving equipment and/or potential sources and routes of moving equipment. This shall be determined and precautions taken at that time to ensure employees on the ground do not come into physical contact with moving equipment. Ensure that all back-up alarms are functioning and/or spotters and/or mirrors are in place and in use.

## **Personal Protective Equipment**

The employer is responsible for requiring the wearing of appropriate personal protective equipment in all operations where there is an exposure to hazardous conditions, or where the need is indicated for using such equipment to reduce the hazards to the employees. [1926.28(a)]

Where employees provide their own protective equipment, the employer shall be responsible to assure its adequacy, including proper maintenance, and sanitation of such equipment. [1926.95(b)]

Employees working over or near water, where the danger of drowning exists, shall be provided with U.S. Coast Guard-approved life jackets or buoyant work vests. [1926.106(a)]

All employees are required to wear the appropriate personal protective equipment when required, by any and all rules and regulations set forth by our clients and/or any federal, state or local rules and regulations.

For clarity, "when required" includes, but is not limited to:

- when required by OSHA
- when required by work task
- when required by posted signage
- when required by client

## **Powder - Actuated Tools**

Only trained employees shall operate powder – actuated tools. [1926.302(e)(1)]

## **Power Tools**

Electric power operated tools shall be of the approved double-insulated type or grounded in accordance with subpart K of this part. [1926.302(a)(1)]

Proper power tools shall be identified as associated with tasks to be performed.

Power tools must be unplugged (Or de-energized) when not in specific use.

Power tools must be used only for the intended purpose.

Power tools should be inspected at least 4 times per year to ensure they are being used in proper working condition; the inspection should include both a visual inspection and continuity test.

### **Power Transmission, Mechanical**

Belts, gears, shafts, pulleys, sprockets, spindles, drums, flywheels, chains or other reciprocating, rotating, or moving parts of equipment must be guarded if such parts are exposed to contact by employees or otherwise constitute a hazard. No equipment may be used without guards in place. [1926.300(b)(2)]

## **Protection of the Public**

All company personnel are charged with aiding in the protection of the public including, as your job description dictates, installation and maintenance of signs, signals, lights, fences, guardrails, ramps, temporary sidewalks, barricades, overhead protection, etc. as may be necessary.

Always give the public the "right of way".

### **Respiratory Protection**

In emergencies, when engineering or administrative controls are not effective in maintaining acceptable atmospheres, appropriate respiratory protective equipment shall be provided by the employer and shall be used. [1926.103] & [1910.134]

Respiratory protective devices, shall be approved by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health or acceptable to the U.S. Department of Labor for the specific contaminant to which the employee is exposed. [1926.103] & [1910.134]

Respiratory protective devices shall be appropriate for the hazardous material involved and the extent and nature of the work requirements and conditions. [1926.103] & [1910.134]

Employees required to use respiratory protective devices, shall be thoroughly trained in their use. [1926.103] & [1910.134]

Respiratory protective equipment shall be inspected regularly and maintained in good condition. [1926.103] & [1910.134]

### **Rules for Drivers of Vehicles**

No employee shall operate vehicles without adequate training and proper authorization.

Drivers must not take chances. To arrive safely is more important than to arrive on time.

At all times be cautious of other drivers on the road.

Display a positive company image while driving any vehicle.

Positively no tailgating. Maintain a proper distance between you and all other drivers.

Obey all speed limits and observe extreme caution in school zones.

Each employee who drives a vehicle must have a valid driver's license for that type of vehicle. Prior to being hired to operate that vehicle, your license will be checked by the management of the Company. It is the employee's responsibility to maintain a valid license thereafter.

Drivers should also refer to Part 2, in the section titled "Motor Vehicles and Construction Equipment."

When pulling a trailer, compressor, tack wagon, or other unit, always hook up safety chains and put a pin through the hitch.

Anyone pulling a trailer or piece of equipment is responsible for checking for proper tags, tires, lights, signals, mirrors, fuel, etc.

All accidents must be reported to the office within 1 hour.

If an accident occurs, the driver must follow the procedures as outlined in the Substance Abuse Program.

No unauthorized "Riders" in vehicles.

### **Rules for Operators**

No employee shall operate equipment without adequate training & proper authorization.

Operators shall not operate any equipment that is not in safe working order.

Operators shall inspect their equipment prior to beginning work to ensure the equipment is in safe condition.

Operators will also refer to Part 2, in the section titled "Motor Vehicles and Construction Equipment".

All accidents must be reported to the office within 1 hour.

If an accident occurs, the operator must follow the procedures as outlined in the Substance Abuse Program.

No "Riders" on equipment.

No employee shall ride any piece of equipment in any fashion or ride on anything attached to a piece of equipment such as a pipe or other equipment. If an employee is on or in a piece of motorized movable equipment, it shall be equipped with a seat (if intended for sit-down operation) and a seat belt and the seat belt shall be worn snugly.

All forklift operators require specific training prior to operating the equipment.

### Saws

Portable, power-driven circular saws will be equipped with guards above and below the base plate or shoe. The lower guard will cover the saw to depth of teeth, except for minimum arc required to allow proper retraction and contact with the work, and will automatically return to covering position when blade is removed from the work. [1926.304(d)]

Radial saws will have an upper guard, which completely encloses upper half of saw blade. The sides of the lower exposed portion of blade will be guarded by a device that will automatically adjust to the thickness of and remain in contact with material being cut. Radial saws will be installed so the cutting head will return to starting position when released by operator. [1926.304(g)]

All swing or cut-off saws will be provided with a hood that will completely enclose the upper half of the saw.

All portions of band saw blades will be enclosed or guarded, except for working portion of blades between bottom of guide rolls and table.

## Scaffolds

Scaffold means any temporary elevated platform (supported or suspended) and its supporting structure (including points of anchorage) used for supporting employees or materials or both. [1926.450(b)]

Each scaffold and scaffold component shall support, without failure, its own weight and at least 4 times the maximum intended load applied or transmitted to it. Scaffolds shall be designed by a qualified person and constructed and loaded in accordance with such design. Scaffolds and scaffold components shall not be loaded in excess of their maximum intended loads or rated capacities, whichever is less. [1926.451(a)(1)]

The scaffold platform shall be planked or decked as fully as possible with the space between the platform and uprights not more than 1 inch wide. When side brackets or odd shaped structures result in a wider opening between the platform and the uprights, the space shall not exceed 9.5 inches. The platform shall not deflect more than 1/60 of the span when loaded. [1926.451(b)(1) & (f)(16)]

The work area for each scaffold platform and the walkway shall be at least 18 inches wide. [1926.451(b)(2)]

Access must be provided when the scaffold platforms are more than 2 feet above or below a point of access. Crossbraces shall not be used as a means of access. [1926.451(e)(1) & (e)(8)]

A competent person shall inspect scaffolds, scaffold components, and ropes on suspended scaffolds before each work shift and after any occurrence that could affect the structural integrity. The competent person also must ensure that prompt corrective action is taken. [1926.451(f)(3) & (d)(10)]

Fall protection - such as a guardrail and/or a personal fall arrest systems - must be provided for each employee working on a scaffold more than 10 feet above a lower level. [1926.451(g)(1)]

The employer shall have a competent person determine the feasibility and safety of providing fall protection for employees erecting or dismantling supported scaffolds. [1926.451(g)(2)]

Stilts may be used on a large area scaffold. [1926.452(y)(1)] (A large area scaffold is a pole, tube and coupler, systems or fabricated frame scaffold erected over substantially the entire work area.)

When a guardrail system is used, the guardrail height shall be equal to the height of the stilts and any alterations to the stilts shall be approved by the manufacturer. [1926.452(y)(2)]

The superintendent is responsible for coordinating delivery and setup of the scaffold.

## **Scissor Lifts**

Employees shall have adequate training and proper authorization prior to operation.

All modifications to any scissor lift, must have written approval from the manufacturer. Never disable reverse alarm beeper on lift.

Employees shall always stand firmly on the floor of the basket, and shall not sit or climb on the edge of the basket or use planks, ladders, or any other device as a work platform.

Never remove lift guardrails while lift is in operation. Always latch guardrail chain while lift is in operation.

Always advise other workers on lift prior to changing height or position and do not exit a lift until it has reached its lowest position.

Use extreme caution when operating lift on uneven surfaces and to avoid head injuries from objects above when raising lift.

## Signs

For the protection of all, signs such as "No Smoking", "Laser in Use", "Keep Out", "Eye Protection Required", "Out of Order – Do Not Use" and "Authorized Personnel" will be posted as needed.

Employees will obey these signs and directions.

## **Smoking Policy**

No smoking around flammable or explosive areas.

Clients and customers smoking policies shall be followed.

Smoking is only allowed in designated areas.

## **Steel Erection**

The employer shall provide a training program for all employees exposed to fall hazards. The program shall include training and instruction in CFR 29 Part 1926 Subpart M. [1926.761(b) & (b)(1) thru (b)(5)]

All employees requited to enter into areas of steel erection shall have received the appropriate training to be able to recognize any and all hazards they may be exposed to and to protect themselves from such hazards.

## Storage

All materials stored in tiers will be secured to prevent sliding, falling or collapse. [1926.250(a)(1)]

Aisles and passageways will be kept clear and in good repair. [1926.250(a)(3)]

Weeds and grass in outside storage areas shall be kept under control. [1926.151(c)(3)]

Stored materials may not obstruct exits. [1926.151(d)(1)]

Materials will be stored with due regard to fire characteristics. [1926.151(d)(2)]

Flammable liquids must be kept in approved containers. [1926.152(a)(1)]

### Toilets

Toilets shall be provided by the company according to the following minimums:

- 20 or fewer persons one facility
- 20 or more persons one toilet seat and one urinal per 40 persons
- 200 or more persons one toilet seat and one urinal per 50 persons [1926.51(c)(1)]

## Washing Facilities

The employer shall provide adequate washing facilities for employees engaged in operations involving harmful substances. [1926.51(f)]

Washing facilities shall be in near proximity to the worksite and shall be so equipped as to enable employees to remove all harmful substances. [1926.51(f)]

## Welding, Cutting and Heating

Employers shall instruct employees in the safe means of arc welding and cutting equipment. [1926.351(d)]

When practical, objects to be welded, cut, or heated shall be moved to a designated safe location or, if the objects to be welded, cut or heated cannot be readily moved, all movable fire hazards in the vicinity shall be taken to a safe place, or otherwise protected. [1926.352(a)]

Proper precautions (isolating welding and cutting, removing fire hazards from the vicinity, providing a fire watch, etc.) for fire prevention shall be taken in areas where welding or other "hot work" is being done. No welding, cutting or heating will be done where application of flammable paints, or presence of other flammable compounds, or heavy dust concentrations, creates a fire hazard. Equip torches with anti-flashback devices.

All arc welding and cutting cables shall be completely insulated and be capable of handling the maximum current requirements for the job. There shall be no repairs or splices within 10 feet of the electrode holder, except where splices are insulated, equal to the insulation of the cable. Defective cable shall be repaired or replaced. [1926.351(b)(1) & (b)(2)]

Fuel gas and oxygen hose shall be easily distinguishable and shall not be interchangeable. Hoses shall be inspected at the beginning of each shift and shall be repaired or replaced if defective. [1926.350(f)(1) & (f)(3)]

General mechanical or local exhaust ventilation or air line respirators shall be provided, as required, when welding, cutting or heating:

- zinc, lead, cadmium, mercury, or beryllium bearing, based or coated material in enclosed spaces
- stainless steel with inert-gas equipment
- in confined spaces or
- where an unusual condition can cause an unsafe accumulation of contaminants [1926.353(b)(1),(c)(1) through (c)(2) & (d)(1)(iv)]

Arc welding and cutting operations will be shielded by non - combustible or flameproof shields to protect employees from direct arc rays. When electrode holders are left unattended, electrodes will be removed and holder will be placed or protected so they cannot make electrical contact. All arc welding and cutting cables will be completely insulated. Defective cable will be repaired or replaced. [1926.351]

Remove electrodes from unattended electrode holders. [1926.351(d)(1)]

Welding electrode stubs shall be collected in metal containers and not dropped on walking / working surfaces.

Torches shall be lighted ONLY by friction lighters or other approved devices. [1926.350(g)(3)] Cigarette lighters and/or matches are NOT approved lighting devices!

## Wire Ropes, Chains, Ropes and other Rigging Equipment

Wire ropes, chains, ropes and other rigging equipment will be inspected prior to use and as necessary during use to assure their safety. Remove defective rigging equipment from service immediately. [1926.251(a)(1)]

Job or shop hooks and links, or makeshift fasteners, formed from bolts, rods or other such attachments will not be used in rigging "systems". [1926.251(b)(3)]

When U-bolts are used for eye splices, the U-bolt will be applied so the "U" section is in contact with dead end of rope. [1926.251(c)(5)(i)] Never "saddle a dead horse".

## Working / Walking under Suspended Loads

Employees shall NOT work / walk under any suspended load. [1926.701(e)(1) & (2)]

Plan your work and train your crew prior to performing activities with cranes and rigging.

# PART 3

# SHOP / YARD / OFFICE SPECIFIC SAFETY RULES

Part 3 Shop / Yard / Office Specific Safety Rules is a section of specific safety rules and regulations (OSHA 1910) for the Shop, Yard or Office. Please refer to Part 4 Specific Safety and Health Policies, Programs and Plans for additional safety policies and in-depth, detailed procedures on certain safety issues and work task.

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### **Abrasive Grinding**

Machine guarding. Abrasive wheels shall be used only on machines provided with safety guards as defined in the following paragraphs of this section. [1910.215(a)(1)]

The safety guard shall cover the entire spindle end nut, and flange projections. [1910.215(a)(2)]

On offhand grinding machines, work rests shall be used to support the work. They shall be of rigid construction and designed to be adjustable to allow for wheel wear. Work rests shall be kept adjusted closely to the wheel with a maximum opening of one-eighth inch. [1910.215(a)(4)]

The angular exposure of the grinding periphery and sides for safety guards used on machines known as bench and floor stands should not exceed 90 degrees or one-fourth of the periphery. [1910.215(b)(3)]

Immediately before mounting, all wheels shall be closely inspected by the user (ring test) to make sure they have not been damaged in transit, storage or other-wise. The spindle speed of the machine shall be checked to be certain that it does not exceed the maximum operating speed marked on the wheel. [1910.215(d)(1)]

Always leave wheel in working condition for next user.

### Access / Egress

Do not jump on or off equipment and/or vehicles.

Keep all equipment, vehicles, footwear, access areas, etc., clean at all times.

Use only safe means of access / egress to and from work areas.

### **Aerial Lifts**

Lift controls shall be tested each day prior to use. [1910.67(c)(2)(i)]

Only trained persons shall operate aerial lifts. [1910.67(c)(2)(ii)]

Employees shall always stand firmly on the floor of the basket and shall not sit or climb on the edge of the basket or use planks, ladders or other devices for a work position. [1910.67(c)(2)(iv)]

A body belt shall be worn and a lanyard attached to the boom or basket when working from an aerial lift. [1910.67(c)(2)(v)]

Never remove the guardrail while the aerial lift is in use. Always use the safety chain while the aerial lift is in use.

Never disconnect the back up alarm on an aerial lift.

Never dismount the aerial lift until it is all the way down.

Always alert other employees on the aerial lift prior to changing the height or the position of the aerial lift.

Use extreme caution when using the aerial lift on uneven surfaces

Use extreme caution to avoid head injuries from overhead objects when lifting aerial lift

### Air Tools

Pneumatic power tools shall have a tool retainer installed on each piece of utilization equipment which, without such a retainer, may eject the tool. [1910.243(b)(1)]

Hose and hose connections used for conducting compressed air to utilization equipment shall be designed for the pressure and service to which they are subject. [1910.243(b)(2)]

### Clothing

All clothing shall be maintained in good shape and worn correctly.

No clothing shall be worn at work that has excessive holes.

No clothing shall be excessively loose, no "hanging" clothes, no "baggy" pants, etc.

### Compressed Air, use of

Compressed air used for cleaning purposes may not exceed 30 psi, and then only in conjunction with effective chip guarding and personal protective equipment. [1910.242(b)]

The use of compressed air to clean off yourself or other workers is not allowed.

### **Compressed Gas Cylinders**

Oxygen and fuel gas cylinders (inside storage), shall be separated 20-feet. [1910.253(b)(2)(ii)]

Cylinder valves will be closed when work is finished and when cylinders are empty or being moved. [1910.253(b)(2)(iii)]

Put valve protection caps in place before compressed gas cylinders are transported, moved or stored. [1910.253(b)(2)(iv)]

Keep cylinders at a safe distance, or shield from welding or cutting operations and place where they cannot become part of an electrical circuit. [1910.253(b)(5)(ii)(J)]

### **Confined Spaces**

The employer shall evaluate the workplace to determine if any spaces are permit-required confined spaces. [1910.146(c)(1)]

Note: Proper application of the decision flow chart in Appendix A to 1910.146 would facilitate compliance with this requirement.

If the workplace contains permit spaces, the employer shall inform exposed employees, by posting signs or by any other equally effective means, of the existence and location of and the danger posed by the permit spaces. [1910.146(c)(2)]

All employees required to enter into confined or enclosed spaces must be instructed as to the nature of the hazards involved, the necessary precautions to be taken, and in the use of required protective and emergency equipment. The employer shall comply with any specific regulations that apply to work in dangerous or potentially dangerous areas. Confined or enclosed spaces include, but are not limited to, storage tanks, process vessels, bins, boilers, ventilation or exhaust ducts, sewers, underground utility vaults, tunnels, pipelines and open top spaces more than 4 feet deep, such as pits, tubs, vaults, and vessels.

Only trained and authorized employees are allowed to work in and around confined spaces.

All entrants, attendants or entry supervisors must be fully trained in confined space entry / exit procedures and trained in the 1910.146 OSHA standards.

### **Cranes and Hoist**

All manufacturer specifications and limitations must be adhered to. [1910.179]

All equipment shall be inspected, by a competent person, prior to use. [1910.179(j)(1)(i)

### **Drinking Water**

An adequate supply of potable water shall be provided in all places of employment. [1910.141(b)(1)(i)]

Potable water containers shall be capable of being tightly closed and be equipped with a tap. [1910.141(b)(1)(iii)]

The common drinking cup is prohibited. [1910.141(b)(1)(vi)]

### **Electrical - General**

Electrical equipment may not be used unless the manufacturer's name, trademark or other descriptive marking by which the organization responsible for the product may be identified. [1910.303(e)]

Portable cord and plug connected equipment and flexible cord sets (extension cords) shall be visually inspected before each use on any shift for external defects. [1910.334(a)(2)(i)]

No cord or tool with a damaged ground plug shall be used. [1910.334(a)(2)(ii)]

All extension cords shall be inspected daily, prior to use, for damage or defects.

Workspaces, walkways and similar locations shall be kept clear of cords.

No cord or tool with a damaged ground plug shall be used. Worn or frayed cables may not be used.

Only qualified electricians are allowed to make electrical repairs on equipment, tools, etc.

### **Employee Conduct**

No "catcalling" and/or any form of sexual harassment will be tolerated.

Willful destruction of company property, may result in immediate dismissal.

Any employee caught stealing anything, will be terminated.

### **Exit Routes and Signage**

At least two exits routes must be available in a workplace to permit prompt evacuation of employees and other building occupants during an emergency. [1910.36(b)(1)]

Exits shall be clearly marked and free of obstructions. [1910.37(a)(3)]

For the protection of all, signs such as "No Smoking", "Laser in Use", "Keep Out", "Eye Protection Required", "Out of Order – Do Not Use" and "Authorized Personnel" will be posted as needed.

Employees will obey these signs and directions.

### **Eye and Face Protection**

Eye and face protection shall be worn when exposed to eye or face hazards from flying particles, molten metal, liquid chemicals, acids or caustic liquids, chemical gases or vapors, or potentially injurious light radiation. [1910.133(a)(1)]

Goggles will be worn over any employee owned prescription glasses that do not meet industrial safety standards. [1910.133(a)(3]

Employees involved in welding operations must wear filter lenses or plates of the proper shade number. [1910.133(a)(5)]

Eye and face protective equipment shall meet all requirements of ANSI Z 87.1-1968, "Practice of Occupational and Educational Eye and Face Protection". [1910.133(b)(1)]

Employees exposed to laser beams shall be furnished suitable laser safety goggles, which will protect for the specific wavelength of the laser and be optical density (O.D.) adequate for the energy involved.

#### **Fall Protection**

Every open sided floor or platform 4 feet or more above adjacent floor or ground level shall be guarded by a standard railing. [1910.23(c)(1)]

Regardless of height, open-sided floors, walkways, platforms, or runways above or adjacent to dangerous equipment, pickling or galvanizing tanks, degreasing units, and similar hazards shall be guarded with a standard railing and toe board. [1910.23(c)(3)]

Every flight of stairs having four or more risers shall be equipped with standard stair railings or standard stair handrails as specified in paragraphs (d)(1)(i) through (v) of this section, the width of the stair to be measured clear of all obstructions except handrails. [1910.23(d)(1)]

A standard railing shall consist of top rail, intermediate rail, and posts, and shall have a vertical height of 42 inches nominal from upper surface of top rail to floor, platform, runway, or ramp level. The top rail shall be smooth-surfaced throughout the length of the railing. The intermediate rail shall be approximately halfway between the top rail and the floor, platform, runway, or ramp. The ends of the rail shall not overhang the terminal posts except where such overhang does not constitute a projection hazard. [1910.23(e)(1)]

A stair railing shall be of construction similar to a standard railing but the vertical height shall be not more than 34 inches nor less than 30 inches from upper surface of top rail to surface of tread in line with face of riser at forward edge of tread. [1910.23(e)(2)]

### **Fire Protection**

The employer shall maintain and inspect, at least annually, firefighting equipment to assure the safe operational condition of the equipment. [1910.156(d)]

The employer shall provide portable fire extinguishers and shall mount, locate and identify them so that they are readily accessible to employees without subjecting the employees to possible injury. [1910.157(c)(1)]

The employer shall distribute portable fire extinguishers for use by employees on Class A & Class D fires so that the travel distance for employee to any extinguishers is 75 feet or less. [1910.157(d)(2)] & [1910.157(d)(6)] and a Class B & Class C fire so that the travel is 50 feet or less. [1910.157(d)(4)] & [1910.157(d)(5)]

### **First Aid**

The employer shall insure the availability of medical personnel for advice and consultation on matters of occupational health. [1910.151(a)]

In the absence of an infirmary, clinic, hospital, or physician, that is reasonably accessible in terms of time and distance to the worksite, which is available for the treatment of injured employees, a person who has a valid certificate in first-aid training from the U.S. Bureau of Mines, the American Red Cross, or equivalent training that can be verified by documentary evidence, shall be available at the worksite to render first aid. [1910.151(b)]

First aid supplies shall be easily accessible when required. [1910.151(b)]

Where the eyes or body of any person may be exposed to injurious corrosive materials, suitable facilities for quick drenching or flushing of the eyes and body shall be provided within the work area for immediate emergency use. [1910.151(c)]

The contents of the first aid kit shall be placed in a weatherproof container with individual sealed packages for each type of item, and shall be checked by the employer at least weekly to ensure that the expended items are replaced.

Proper equipment for prompt transportation of the injured person to a physician or hospital, or a communication system for contacting necessary ambulance service, shall be provided.

In areas where 911 is not available, the telephone numbers of the physicians, hospitals, or ambulances shall be conspicuously posted.

### Flammable and Combustible Liquids

This paragraph shall apply only to the storage of flammable or combustible liquids in drums or other containers (including flammable aerosols) not exceeding 60 gallons individual capacity and those portable tanks not exceeding 660 gallons individual capacity. [1910.106(d)(1)(i)]

Only approved containers and portable tanks shall be used. Metal containers and portable tanks meeting the requirements of and containing products authorized by chapter I, title 49 of the Code of Federal Regulations (regulations issued by the Hazardous Materials Regulations Board, Department of Transportation), shall be deemed to be acceptable. [1910.106(d)(2)(i)]

Flammable or combustible liquids, including stock for sale, shall not be stored so as to limit use of exits, stairways, or areas normally used for the safe egress of people. [1910.106(d)(5)(i)]

Storage shall be prohibited except that which is required for maintenance and operation of building and operation of equipment. Such storage shall be kept in closed metal containers stored in a storage cabinet or in safety cans or in an inside storage room not having a door that opens into that portion of the building used by the public. [1910.106(d)(5)(iii)]

Suitable fire control devices, such as small hose or portable fire extinguishers, shall be available at locations where flammable or combustible liquids are stored. [1910.106(d)(7)(i)]

### **Foot Protection**

Employees shall wear protective footwear when working in areas where there is a danger of foot injuries due to falling or rolling objects, or objects piercing the sole, and where employee's feet are exposed to electrical hazards. [1910.136(a)]

No sneakers, tennis shoes or open toed shoes are permitted in the shop / yard areas.

### **Forklift Safety**

The employer shall certify that each operator has been trained and evaluated as required by 1910.178(L)(6).

Employees shall have adequate training and proper authorization prior to operation

Forklift extensions should always be no more than two inches off the floor when driving forklift un-loaded.

When forklift is being used to move material, be cautious of overhead objects such as conduit, lights, etc.

Never speed or turn too quickly. When forklift is not in use the brake should be set and the machine in park.

Always use caution and watch out for people around corners. Always blow the horn when going through a doorway or around a corner.

Only one person is allowed on forklift at a time.

### Gases, Vapors, Fumes, Dusts, and Mists

Exposure to toxic gases, vapors, fumes, dusts, and mists at a concentration above those specified in the "Threshold Limit Values of Airborne Contaminants for 1970" of the ACGIH, shall be avoided. (American Conference of Government Industrial Hygienists)

When engineering and administrative controls are not feasible to achieve full compliance, protective equipment or other protective measures shall be used to keep the exposure of employees to air contaminants within the limits prescribed. Any equipment and technical measures used for this purpose must first be approved for each particular use by a competent industrial hygienist or other technically qualified person.

### Hand Tools

Employers shall not issue or permit the use of unsafe hand tools. [1910.242(a)]

### Hard Hats

The employer shall ensure that each affected employee wears a protective helmet when working in areas where there is a potential for injury to the head from falling objects. [1910.135(a)(1)]

Hard hats shall be worn according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

### **Hearing Protection**

When engineering or administrative controls fail to reduce sound levels within the limits of Table G-16, ear protective devices shall be provided and used. [1910.95(a)]

In all cases where sound levels exceed the values shown in the Safety and Health Standards, a continuing, effective hearing conservation program shall be administered. [1910.95(c)(1)]

### Housekeeping / Clean-up

#### **General Requirements**

All places of employment, passageways, storerooms, and service rooms shall be kept clean and orderly and in a sanitary condition. [1910.22(a)(1)]

Clean up everyday all areas, including but not limited to, vehicles, shop, office, equipment, tools, etc.

Trash and debris will be kept clear from work areas at all times.

Containers will be provided for collection and separation of all trash.

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At the end of each phase of work, return all tools and excess material to proper storage. Clean up all debris before moving on to the next phase. Each employee, is responsible for keeping their work areas clean.

#### Aisles and Passageways

Where mechanical handling equipment is used sufficient safe clearance shall be allowed for aisles, at loading docks, through doorways and whenever turns or passage must be made. Aisles and passageways shall be kept clear and in good repairs, with no obstruction across or in aisles that could create a hazard. [1910.22(b)(1)]

#### **Handling Materials**

Where mechanical handling equipment is used sufficient safe clearance shall be allowed for aisles, at loading docks, through doorways and whenever turns or passage must be made. Aisles and passageways shall be kept clear and in good repair, with no obstruction across or in aisles that could create a hazard. Permanent aisles and passageways shall be appropriately marked. [1910.176(c)]

#### Ladders

Ladders must be maintained in good usable condition at all times. [1910.26(c)(2)(iv)]

A simple rule for setting up a ladder at the proper angle is to place the base a distance from the vertical wall equal to  $\frac{1}{4}$  the working length of the ladder. [1910.26(c)(3)(i)]

No ladders shall be used in a horizontal position as platforms, runways, or scaffolds. Extension ladders must be retracted before transporting. [1910.26(c)(3)(vii)]

All ladders must be secured top and bottom. Always face ladders when going up or down. [1910.26(c)(3)(v)]

Portable ladders shall have nonconductive side-rails of they are used where the employee or the ladder could contact exposed energized parts. [1910.333(c)(7)]

Never use the top or the top step of a stepladder. [1910.25(d)(2)(xii)]

No ladder should be used to gain access to a roof unless the top of the ladder shall extend at least 3 feet above the point of support, at eave, gutter or roof line. [1910.25(d)(2)(xv)]

Materials and tools should be hoisted up or down ladders with a rope, cable or other safe hoisting methods.

#### Lasers

Only qualified and trained employees shall be assigned to install, adjust and operate laser equipment.

"Laser in Use" signs shall be posted at all times lasers are in operation.

### Lighting

Each exit route must be adequately lighted so that an employee with normal vision can see along the exit route. [1910.37(b)(1)]

Additional lighting if needed and maintenance of lighting shall be provided at stairways, aisle ways, walkways and entry / exit areas of all work areas.

### **Liquefied Petroleum Gas**

Containers, and first stage regulating equipment if used, shall be located outside of buildings, except under one or more of the following. [1910.110(b)(6)(i)(a)] through [1910.110(b)(6)(i)(ix)] & [1910.110(6)(i)]

Engines on vehicles shall be shut down while fueling if the fueling operation involves venting to the atmosphere. [1910.110(e)(2)(v)]

All cylinders shall meet DOT specifications. [1910.110(e)(3)(ii)]

No more than two LP-Gas containers shall be used on an industrial truck for motor fuel purposes. [1910.110(e)(13)(ii)]

### Lock Out / Tag Out

Controls that are to be deactivated during the course of work on energized or de-energized equipment or circuits shall be tagged. [1910.147]

Equipment or circuits that are de-energized shall be rendered inoperative and shall have tags attached at all points where such equipment or circuits can be energized. [1910.147]

Tags shall be placed to identify plainly the equipment or circuits being worked on. [1910.147]

### **Manual Lifting**

Employees should be prepared for lifting task assigned and use legs to lift, instead of back or obtain assistance.

### **Office Safety**

Office work is generally considered relatively safe, however, conditions and unsafe practices occur that can and do cause accidents.

Exercise care in lifting office machines, filing cases, ledgers, boxes, and bundles of office supplies. All persons lifting any material should observe proper lifting positions so as to lift with the leg muscles rather than putting unnecessary strain on the back. Large boxes or bundles of supplies should be moved by hand truck or unpacked and handled in smaller loads.

Bulky objects should not be carried in such a way as to obstruct the view ahead or interfere with free use of hand rails on stairways. Get help if necessary.

Liquids spilled on floors shall be cleaned up immediately. Loose objects, such as paper clips, pencils, and other small objects, should be kept off the floors.

Extension cords to office machines should be located in such a manner as to eliminate tripping hazards.

Desk and file cabinet drawers should be kept closed except when being used. Open only one drawer at the time to avoid tipping the cabinet.

Use an adequate stepladder to reach objects on overhead shelves.

Walk ... do not run ... in hallways or up and down stairways. Always use hand rails and "grabrails" on stairways.

Pointed objects, such as knives, and scissors, should not be carried in the pocket with the point exposed. Letter openers, knives, blades, and scissors should be used with care and properly stored when not in use.

Gummed strips on envelopes should be moistened with a device. Use letter openers to open envelopes and avoid sliding hands along the edge of paper.

Keep fingers clear when using stapling machines. Keep fingers away from the cutting edge of paper cutters. Never leave a hand operated cutter blade in the raised position.

Defective electrical cords or connections on office machines shall be removed from service until repaired.

Extreme care should be used with all temporary portable heaters, in the office areas.

### **Personal Protective Equipment**

Protective equipment, including personal protective equipment for eyes, face, head, and extremities, protective clothing, respiratory devices and protective shields and barriers, shall be provided, used and maintained in a sanitary and reliable condition whenever it is necessary by reason of hazards of processes or environment, chemical hazards, radiological hazards or mechanical irritants encountered in a manner capable of causing injury or impairment in the function of any part of the body through absorption, inhalation or physical contact. [1910.132(a)]

Defective or damaged personal protective equipment shall not be used. [1910.132(e)]

The employer is responsible for requiring the wearing of appropriate personal protective equipment in all operations where there is an exposure to hazardous conditions, or where the need is indicated for using such equipment to reduce the hazards to the employees.

### **Respiratory Protection**

Employees required to use respiratory protective devices, shall be thoroughly trained in their use. [1910.134]

When engineering or administrative controls are not effective in maintaining acceptable atmospheres, appropriate respiratory protective equipment shall be provided by the employer and shall be used. [1910.134(a)(1)]

Respiratory protective devices, shall be approved by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health or acceptable to the U.S. Department of Labor for the specific contaminant to which the employee is exposed. [1910.134]

The employer shall select and provide an appropriate respirator based on the respirator hazard to which the worker is exposed and workplace and user factors that affect respirator performance and reliability. [1910.134(d)(1)(i)]

The employer shall select a NIOSH - certified respirator. [1910.134(d)(1)(ii)]

The employer shall provide a medical evaluation to determine the employee's ability to use a respirator. [1910.134(e)(1)]

Respiratory protective equipment shall be cleaned and maintained in good condition. [1910.134(h)(1)(i)]

### **Rules for Drivers of Vehicles**

No employee shall operate vehicles without adequate training and proper authorization.

Drivers must not take chances. To arrive safely is more important than to arrive on time.

At all times be cautious of other drivers on the road.

Display a positive company image while driving any vehicle.

Positively no tailgating. Maintain a proper distance between you and all other drivers.

Obey all speed limits and observe extreme caution in school zones.

Each employee who drives a vehicle must have a valid driver's license for that type of vehicle. Prior to being hired to operate that vehicle, your license will be checked by the management of the Company. It is the employee's responsibility to maintain a valid license thereafter.

When pulling a trailer, compressor, tack wagon, or other unit, always hook up safety chains and put a pin through the hitch.

Anyone pulling a trailer is responsible for checking for proper tags, tires, lights, signals, mirrors, fuel, etc.

All accidents must be reported to the office within 1 hour.

If an accident occurs, the driver must follow the procedures as outlined in the Substance Abuse Program.

No unauthorized "Riders" in vehicles.

#### **Rules for Operators**

No employee shall operate equipment without adequate training & proper authorization.

Operators shall not operate any equipment that is not in safe working order.

Operators shall inspect their equipment prior to beginning work to ensure the equipment is in safe condition.

All accidents must be reported to the office within 1 hour.

If an accident occurs, the operator must follow the procedures as outlined in the Substance Abuse Program.

No "Riders" on equipment.

No employee shall ride any piece of equipment in any fashion or ride on anything attached to a piece of equipment such as a pipe or other equipment. If an employee is on or in a piece of motorized movable equipment, it shall be equipped with a seat (if intended for sit-down operation) and a seat belt and the seat belt shall be worn snugly.

All forklift operators require specific training prior to operating the equipment.

### Scaffolds

Scaffold means any temporary elevated platform (supported or suspended) and its supporting structure (including points of anchorage) used for supporting employees or material or both.

Scaffolds shall be furnished and erected in accordance with this standard for persons engaged in work that cannot be done safely from the ground or from solid construction, except that ladders used for such work shall conform to. [1910.25] & [1910.26] & [1910.28(a)(1)]

Fall protection – such as a guardrail and/or a personal fall arrest systems – must be provided for each employee working on a scaffold more than 10 feet above a lower level. [1910.28(b)(15)]

### **Scissor Lifts**

Employees shall have adequate training and proper authorization prior to operation.

All modifications to any scissor lift, must have written approval from the manufacturer.

Employees shall always stand firmly on the floor of the basket, and shall not sit or climb on the edge of the basket or use planks, ladders, or any other device as a work platform.

Never remove lift guardrails while lift is in operation.

Always latch guardrail chain while lift is in operation.

Do not exit a lift until it has reached its lowest position.

Always advise other workers on lift prior to changing height or position.

Use extreme caution when operating lift on uneven surfaces.

Use extreme caution to avoid head injuries from objects above when raising lift.

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### **Smoking Policy**

No smoking around flammable or explosive areas.

Clients and customers smoking policies shall be followed.

Smoking is only allowed in designated areas.

#### Storage

Aisles and passageways will be kept clear and in good repair. [1910.176(a)]

All materials stored in tiers will be secured to prevent sliding, falling or collapse. [1910.176(b)]

Materials will be stored with due regard to fire characteristics, Weeds and grass in outside storage areas shall be kept under control. [1910.176(c)]

### Toilets

Toilets shall be provided in all places of employment in accordance with table J-1. [1910.141(c)(1)(i)]

### **Washing Facilities**

The employer shall provide adequate washing facilities for employees engaged in operations where hazardous substances may be harmful to employees. Such facilities shall be in near proximity to the worksite; in areas where exposures are below permissible exposure limits and which are under controls of the employer; and shall be so equipped as to enable employees to remove hazardous substances from themselves. [1910.120(n)(6)]

### Welding, Cutting, Heating and Brazing

Employers shall instruct employees in the safe use of welding equipment.

All workers shall follow the requirements set forth in the OSHA standards in accordance with welding, cutting and brazing. [1910.252] thru [1910.255]

If the object to be welded or cut cannot readily be moved, all movable hazards in the vicinity shall be taken to a safe place. [1910.252(a)(1)(i)]

Proper precautions (isolating welding and cutting, removing fire hazards from the vicinity, providing a fire watch, etc.) for fire prevention shall be taken in areas where welding or other "hot work" is being done. No welding, cutting or heating will be done where application of flammable paints, or presence of other flammable compounds, or heavy dust concentrations, creates a fire hazard. Equip torches with anti-flashback devices. See fire prevention precautions. [1910.252(a)(2)(xv)]

Cylinders shall be kept away from radiators and other sources of heat. [1910.253(b)(2)(i)]

Inside of buildings, cylinders shall be stored in a well-protected, ventilated, dry location, at least 20 feet from highly combustible materials such as oil or excelsior. Cylinders should be stored in definitely assigned places away from elevators, stairs, or gangways. Assigned storage spaces shall be located where cylinders will not be knocked over or damaged by passing or falling objects, or subject to tampering by unauthorized persons. Cylinders shall not be kept in unventilated enclosures such as lockers and cupboards. [1910.253(b)(2)(ii)]

Valve protection caps, where a cylinder is designed to accept a cap, shall always be in place, hand tight, except when cylinders are in use or connected for use. [1910.253(b)(2)(iv)]

Employees exposed to the hazards created by welding, cutting, or brazing operations shall be protected by personal protective equipment in accordance with the requirements of [1910.132]. Appropriate protective clothing required for any welding operation will vary with the size, nature and location of the work to be performed. [1910.252(b)(3)]

Oxygen cylinders shall not be stored near highly combustible material, especially oil and grease; or near reserve stocks of carbide and acetylene or other fuel gas cylinders, or near any other substance likely to cause or accelerate fire; or in an acetylene generator compartment. [1910.253(b)(4)(i)]

Oxygen cylinders in storage shall be separated from fuel-gas cylinders or combustible materials (especially oil or grease), a minimum distance of 20 feet or by a noncombustible barrier at least 5 feet high having a fire-resistance rating of at least one-half hour. [1910.253(b)(4)(iii)]

Unless cylinders are secured in a special truck, regulators shall be removed and valve-protection caps, when provided for, shall be put in place before cylinders are moved. [1910.253(b)(5)]

Welding equipment shall be chosen for safe application to the work to be done as specified in paragraph (b) of this section. [1910.254(a)(1)]

Workmen designated to operate arc welding equipment shall have been properly instructed and qualified to operate such equipment as specified in paragraph (d) of this section. [1910.254(a)(3)]

Printed rules and instructions covering operation of equipment supplied by the manufacturers shall be strictly followed. [1910.254(d)(6)]

Electrode holders when not in use shall be so placed that they cannot make electrical contact with persons, conducting objects, fuel or compressed gas tanks. [1910.254(d)(7)]

Cables with splices within 10 feet of the holder shall not be used. The welder should not coil or loop welding electrode cable around parts of his body. [1910.254(d)(8)]

The operator should report any equipment defect or safety hazard to his supervisor and the use of the equipment shall be discontinued until its safety has been assured. Repairs shall be made only by qualified personnel. [1910.254(d)(9)(i)]

Cables with damaged insulation or exposed bare conductors shall be replaced. Joining lengths of work and electrode cables shall be done by the use of connecting means specifically intended for the purpose. The connecting means shall have insulation adequate for the service conditions. [1910.254(d)(9)(iii)]

General mechanical or local exhaust ventilation or air line respirators shall be provided, as required, when welding, cutting or heating:

- zinc, lead, cadmium, mercury, or beryllium bearing, based or coated material in enclosed spaces
- stainless steel with inert-gas equipment
- in confined spaces or
- where an unusual condition can cause an unsafe accumulation of contaminants

Welding electrode stubs shall be collected in metal containers and not dropped on the floor or other walking / working surface.

Torches shall be lighted ONLY by friction lighters or other approved devices. Cigarette lighters and/or matches are NOT approved lighting devices!

### Wire Ropes, Chains, Ropes and other Rigging Equipment

Wire ropes, chains, ropes and other rigging equipment will be inspected prior to use and as necessary during use to assure their safety. Remove defective rigging equipment from service immediately. [1910.184]

Job or shop hooks and links, or makeshift fasteners, formed from bolts, rods or other such attachments will not be used in rigging "systems".

When U-bolts are used for eye splices, the U-bolt will be applied so the "U" section is in contact with dead end of rope. Never "saddle a dead horse".

# PART 4

# SPECIFIC SAFETY AND HEALTH POLICIES, PROGRAMS AND PLANS

Part 4 Specific Safety and Health Policies, Programs and Plans is a section of additional safety policies and in-depth, detailed procedures on certain safety issues and work task. Please refer to Part 2 and Part 3 for Specific Safety and Health rules and regulations (OSHA 1926 & 1910).

# SUBSTANCE ABUSE POLICY

# Miller Mechanical HAZARD COMMUNICATION PROGRAM

The Hazard Communication Program has been developed by the company in accordance with OSHA Regulations 1926.21 and 1926.59 and 1910.1200. Employees will be trained under the guidelines of the program.

Any questions or comments regarding the Hazard Communication Program should be directed to the supervisor and/or Management.

### **Chemical Inventory**

Hazardous chemicals are inventoried by the office on a regular basis. Any new chemicals brought to the work site by the Company will be included on the hazardous chemical inventory list.

### **Container Labeling**

All chemicals on-site are used from an original container or a temporary container, only in small quantities for immediate use. Any chemical left after work is completed must be returned to the original container, if it is not returned to the original container it must be labeled. No unmarked containers of any size are to be left in the work area unattended.

The Company will rely on the manufacturer's applied labels whenever possible, and will ensure that these labels are not removed or if damaged are replaced. Each container will be labeled with the identity of the hazardous chemical and any appropriate hazard warnings.

# Safety Data Sheets (SDS)

The Company will have an up-to-date copy of the safety data sheets (SDS). Each SDS will be in English and shall contain:

- a) The name of the chemical.
- b) The physical hazards.
- c) The health hazards.
- d) The primary route of entry.
- e) The OSHA permissible exposure limit.
- f) Any general precautions for safe handling.
- g) The date of preparation or the date of the last change to the SDS.
- h) The name, address and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer.

SDS are kept at the office and are accessible to all employees. Job specific SDS will be readily available to the employees working on specific job sites. If an employee cannot locate an SDS sheet contact the office.

Supervisors are responsible for having the appropriate up-to-date SDS available to employees.

### **Employee Training in Haz Com**

### General

Employees are trained to work safely with hazardous chemicals. Employee training will include:

- a) Methods that may be used to detect a release of hazardous chemicals in the workplace.
- b) Physical and health hazards associated with chemicals.
- c) Protective measure to be taken.
- d) Safe work practices, emergency response and use of personnel protective equipment.
- e) Information on the Hazardous Communication Standard.
- f) Labeling and warning systems.
- g) The employees Right to Know.
- h) And an understanding of the Safety Data Sheet (SDS).
- i) Global Harmonization
- j) Pictograms

### **On - Site Training**

Supervisors are responsible for site specific hazardous chemical training. Training includes:

- a) Types of chemicals on the job site.
- b) Hazards created by chemicals on the job site.
- c) First aid and emergency procedures, when exposed to specific chemicals.
- d) Using appropriate personnel protective equipment for hazardous chemical handling.

### Hazards of Non - Routine Tasks

Supervisors inform employees of any special tasks that may arise which would involve possible exposure to hazardous chemicals.

Review of safe work procedures and use of required PPE is conducted prior to the start of such tasks. Where necessary, areas are posted to indicate the nature of the hazard involved.

### Multi - Employer Workplaces

Other on - site employers are required to adhere to the provisions of the Hazard Communication Standard.

The Company will provide to other employers on multi - employer job sites, copies of SDS on hazardous chemicals that are used by the Company. Those employers will be responsible for providing their employees with the information necessary to prevent exposure to the Company's hazardous chemicals.

Employers working on the job site with the Company will provide the Company with SDS on each hazardous chemical that they use on the job site. The Company is responsible for providing its employees with the information necessary to prevent exposure to the other employer's hazardous chemicals.

### **Hazardous Material Handling Procedures**

- All hazardous materials and substances must be ordered through purchasing.
- Purchasing must obtain SDS sheets for new chemicals, materials or products not listed on the divisions' hazardous materials list.
- Designated safety representative is responsible to maintain, gather and pass out SDS sheets.
- Purchasing must make sure safety representative receive copies of SDS sheets for all new chemicals.
- Any MMCE employee authorized to purchase a chemical is responsible for reviewing product SDS sheets and for training employees using chemical.
- SDS should be reviewed annually and updated whenever the manufacturer changes the forms.
- Old forms should be retained until all the material for which it applies has been used or removed from the workplace.
- Provide proper training and equipment for handling hazardous materials and substances.
- All hazardous materials, substances, chemicals must be ordered by an authorized person through purchasing and received by the authorized personnel.
- Safety office will keep the master SDS book current. (Right To Know (SDS) book will contain a copy of facility HAZCOM written program).
- Purchasing shall request SDS on each chemical substance ordered.
- Any authorized person who orders a chemical is responsible to review the SDS sheet from employees who use that chemical.
- Each division must develop a master chemical inventory list.
- Safety Representative is responsible for reviewing the master chemical inventory list and obtaining the most current SDS sheet.
- Safety Representative is responsible for HAZCOM training for each new employee.

## Miller Mechanical BLOODBORNE PATHOGENS POLICY

### PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this procedure is to establish guidelines to protect the employees of Miller Mechanical from exposure to blood or other potentially infectious material during treatment of injured workers or clean-up at the scene of a job-related injury.

This procedure applies to all Miller Mechanical employees who will render first aid treatment to injured workers on a Miller Mechanical project. It also applies to those employees who may have to clean up any area where a job-related injury involving blood or other potentially infectious material is present.

### **DEFINITIONS APPLICABLE TO THIS PROCEDURE**

- 1. Blood means human blood, human blood components and products made from human blood
- Bloodborne Pathogens means pathogenic microorganisms that are present in human blood and can cause diseases in humans. These pathogens include, but are not limited to, Hepatitis (HBV) & Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV-"Aids")
- 3. Contaminated means the presence or the reasonably anticipated presence of blood or other potentially infectious materials on an item or surface.
- 4. Decontamination means the use of physical or chemical means to remove, inactivate or destroy bloodborne pathogens on a surface or item to the point where they are no longer capable of transmitting infectious particles and the surface or item is rendered safe for handling, use or disposal.
- 5. Engineering controls means equipment that is designed to isolate or remove the bloodborne pathogen hazard from the workplace.
- 6. Exposure Incident means a specific eye, mouth or other mucus membrane, non-intact skin or contact with blood or other potentially infectious material from the performance of an employee's collateral first-aid or clean-up duties.
- 7. HBV means the Hepatitis B Virus; causes inflammation of the liver and may lead to long term liver damage including cirrhosis and cancer.
- 8. HCV means the Hepatitis C Virus; causes inflammation of the liver and may lead to long term liver damage including cirrhosis and cancer.
- 9. HIV means the Human Immunodeficiency Virus; causes inflammation of the liver and may lead to long term liver damage including cirrhosis and cancer.
- 10. Occupational exposure means reasonably anticipated (including the potential for contact as well as contact with blood or OPIM) skin, eye, mucous membrane, non-intact skin contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials that may result from the performance of an employee's duties.

- 11. Other Potentially Infectious Material means, for the purpose of this procedure, any fluid excreted from the human body.
- 12. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) means specialized clothing or equipment (gloves, masks, goggles, etc.) worn by employees for protection from a hazard. General work clothes not intended to function as protection against a hazard are not considered to be personal protective equipment.
- 13. Universal Precautions means an approach to infection control. According to the concept of Universal Precautions, all human body fluids are treated as if they are known to be infectious for Hepatitis, HIV or other bloodborne pathogens.

### **PROCEDURE – METHODS OF COMPLIANCE**

1. General

Universal precautions shall be observed to prevent contact with blood or other potentially infections materials. For the purpose of this procedure, all body fluids are to be considered "Other Potentially Infectious Materials."

2. First-Aid Treatment

a. No Miller Mechanical employee shall provide first-aid treatment where there is the potential for exposure to blood or other potentially infectious material unless proper protective equipment is worn.

b. Immediately, or as soon as possible after the first-aid treatment is rendered, the firstaid provider shall thoroughly wash his/her hands and any other skin exposed with soap and water. In the absence of soap and water, the employee shall use an antiseptic hand cleaner in conjunction with a clean cloth, paper towel or antiseptic towelette to clean hands and other exposed areas of the body. Washing with soap and water shall be done as soon as feasible.

c. Immediately, or as soon as possible after use, contaminated gloves, gauze sponges, etc. shall be placed in biohazard disposal bags. Biohazard disposal bags are to be placed in each first-aid kit.

d. Immediately, or as soon as possible after the treatment of any injury involving blood or other potentially infectious material, the provider of first-aid shall notify the Miller Mechanical Human Resources. It is mandatory that this notification be made within the same day as the occurrence. The first-aid provider shall also complete an Exposure Incident Form and forward immediately to Human Resources.

3. First-aid Kits

a. All Miller Mechanical job-site kits shall be equipped with the appropriate personal protective equipment (latex gloves, eye protection, masks, etc.) to protect employees from hazards associated with bloodborne pathogens.

b. All materials used for treatment of injuries shall be replaced in the first-aid kit immediately or as soon as possible.

c. It shall be the responsibility of the Miller Mechanical project superintendent to routinely inspect, inventory and ensure that the first-aid kit is adequately stocked.

d. In addition to first-aid supplies, personal protective equipment and Bio-Medical bags, each first-aid kit shall contain a bottle of undiluted bleach. This bleach shall be diluted to a 1:10 solution with water and used for decontamination.

#### 4. Housekeeping

a. All materials used in the treatment of injuries, which are contaminated with blood or other potentially infectious material, shall not be disposed of in trash receptacles. Contaminated materials (latex gloves, sponges, etc.) shall be placed in the Bio-Medical disposal bags that are kept with the first-aid kits. These bags shall be transported to a nearby hospital for disposal.

b. Tools, clothing, counter tops or any other areas contaminated by blood or other potentially infections material shall be thoroughly cleaned with a 1:10 solution of bleach, then washed with soap and water. Materials contaminated by the clean-up process shall be placed in Bio-Medical bags for disposal.

c. Any employee involved in the clean-up process following an incident involving blood or other potentially infectious material shall wear, at a minimum, latex gloves for bloodborne pathogens.

#### 5. Exposure Follow-up

a. Upon receipt of notification that through the treatment of an injured employee or worker, a possible exposure to blood or other potentially infectious material has occurred, Miller Mechanical shall:

(1) Determine if an exposure to blood or other potentially infectious material has occurred.

(2) Offer the exposed employee, if unvaccinated, a Hepatitis B inoculation within 24 hours of the exposure.

(3) Obtain a copy of the exposure notification form and maintain a file.

(4) If the exposed employee chooses not to avail him/herself of this inoculation, he/she shall be required to sign a form waiving this treatment. The signed declaration shall be maintained on file with the exposure notification form.

#### 6. Training

a. All employees who routinely provide first-aid treatment to injured workers shall receive training in Universal Precautions, the guidelines contained in this procedure and the guidelines established by OSHA's Bloodborne Pathogens standards.

b. They shall be given a copy of this procedure and made aware of their right to receive, at no cost, post exposure inoculations of the Hepatitis B vaccine. They shall be made aware that should they decline this inoculation, they must sign a treatment waiver form, which will be kept on file.

c. All training shall be documented and maintained on file at the Miller Mechanical main and project management offices.

# Miller Mechanical EXPOSURE INCIDENT FORM

Location:	ation: Date of Incident:		
Name of First-Aid Provider:			
Name of Injured Employee:			
Nature of Injury (describe in detail)			
Was personal protective equipment used?		Yes	No
Was contaminated material disposed of properly in Bio-Medical bags?		Yes	No
Was any other employee exposed to blood or OPIM?		Yes	No
If "yes," give names of those exposed:			
Employee Signature	Date		

**Note:** Miller Mechanical main office must be notified immediately by telephone when any incident occurs. This form shall be completed and forwarded to Miller Mechanical as soon as possible.

## Miller Mechanical EXPOSURE TREATMENT WAIVER

I, certify that as a result of providing first-aid to :

on \_\_\_\_\_\_, a potential exposure to blood or another potentially infectious material occurred. I also certify that the management of Miller Mechanical has, within 24 hours of that exposure, offered me inoculations of the Hepatitis B vaccine. By my signature below, I waive my right to receive treatment through this vaccination.

Signature of first-aid provider\_\_\_\_\_

Date\_\_\_\_\_

Witness\_\_\_\_\_

Date\_\_\_\_\_

# BLOODBORNE PATHOGENS EXPOSURE CONTROL PLAN

The objectives of the Exposure Control Plan are to:

- Provide information on procedures and regulations regarding bloodborne pathogens;
- Protect employees from health hazards associated with bloodborne pathogens;
- Provide information on appropriate treatment and counseling to employees exposed to bloodborne pathogens.

### **Exposure Categories**

OSHA has established three (3) exposure categories for protection against occupational exposure to infectious diseases including HBV and HIV infections. These categories are as follows:

#### Category I:

Tasks that involve exposure to human blood, body fluids, or tissues. All procedures or other job-related tasks that involve an inherent potential for mucous membrane or skin contact with human blood, body fluids, or tissues, OR a potential for spills or splashes of them are Category I tasks. Use of appropriate personal protective equipment will be required for every employee engaged in Category I tasks.

#### Category II:

Tasks that involve no exposure to human blood, body fluids, or tissues but employment may require performing unplanned Category I tasks. The normal work routine involves no exposure to blood, body fluids, or tissues, BUT exposure or potential exposure may be required as a condition of employment. Appropriate personal protective equipment will be readily available to every employee engaged in Category II tasks.

#### Category III:

Tasks that involve no exposure to human blood, body fluids or tissues, AND Category I tasks are not a condition of employment. The normal work routine involves no exposure to human blood, body fluids or tissues (although situations may be imagined or hypothesized under which anyone, anywhere, might encounter potential exposure to body fluids). Persons who perform these duties are not called upon as part of their employment to perform or assist in emergency medical care or first aid or to be potentially exposed in some other way.

Category I job classifications:

None.

Category II job classifications shall include:

Safety and HR personnel who engage in collection of specimens for drug and alcohol testing.

Category III job classifications shall include:

Auto mechanics, HVAC Installers, Plumbers, Service Technicians and employees trained to render first aid or CPR.

Category III tasks and procedures that may result in occupational exposure;

- 1. Disposing of soiled tissues or other debris soiled with visible blood from classrooms, laboratories, hallways or offices.
- 2. Physical contact with other employees or visitors with
- 3. Provision of emergency first aid or CPR until professional help arrives.

# Miller Mechanical FALL PROTECTION POLICY

### Purpose

This Fall Protection Policy is designed to provide guidance for all Miller Mechanical job sites for establishing procedures to identify, evaluate, and control falls from elevations at all times. This program focuses on orientation, training, and enforcement to ensure fall protection guidelines are implemented and adhered to by all project personnel. The purpose of Fall Protection Policy is to provide maximum protection against falls.

The management of Miller Mechanical has adopted a Fall Protection Policy to eliminate fall accidents in our operations. Management and supervision will be responsible and accountable for ensuring the success of the program by integrating this program into the company's operations.

### Goal

The goal of this program is to eliminate all falls from elevations by identifying and managing fall exposures.

### Responsibility

All levels of management and supervision are responsible for supporting and enforcing this program to ensure 100% compliance by all personnel. Management, estimating, scheduling, and project management personnel are responsible for pre-planning safety into the job by identifying and predicting potential fall exposures both during the preconstruction phase and during construction. Each discipline shall plan safety into the job with priorities placed on engineering solutions to the hazards.

Personal fall protection systems shall only be used as a backup method to primary fall protection systems, such as guardrails, or when there is no other feasible or practical means for safely accomplishing the work.

### Accountability

All levels of management and supervision shall be accountable for the safety of job site personnel. Job site supervision is directly responsible for using the Fall Protection Policy as a means to control falls from elevations. Management teams shall have the goal of zero fall-related accidents for each job site. Measurement of performance will take into account actual results related to this goal. The direct costs of any accident will be charged to the cost of the job site involved. Management, estimating, and scheduling personnel shall be accountable for pre-planning, designing, budgeting, and scheduling Fall Protection into each job site.

### **Pre-Construction Planning**

Pre-planning must begin during the pre-bid phase of each job site and continue.

- 1. Pre-Bid Phase:
  - A. Management:

Management shall review plans for job sites during the pre-bid phase to determine the nature and scope of Fall Protection needs, as well as any necessary design changes and engineering controls needed.

B. Estimating: Estimating personnel must include the cost for Fall Protection into the bid / proposal. Input from management should be utilized as necessary. The cost of subcontract bids should include the cost of implementing an acceptable Fall Protection Policy.

#### C. Contract Administration: The subcontract should include language requiring a Fall Protection Policy. MARCH 2015

- 2. Pre-Startup:
  - A. Management:

The management team shall hold a review meeting prior to startup of any work on a job site. The purpose of the meeting shall be to review plans and to identify and evaluate all potential fall exposures in each phase of construction.

- B. Supervisors: The regular Fall Protection inspection must be incorporated into an overall Fall Protection Policy.
- C. Scheduling:

Design changes, engineering controls, and installation of fall protection devices, i.e. anchorages, guardrails, etc., must be incorporated into the schedule to ensure completion in a timely manner.

### Pre – Task Safety Analysis

Supervisors must analyze all elevated tasks prior to assigning work to determine all existing and potential fall protection needs and to ensure adequate fall protection systems are provided.

### **Employee Safety Training**

Pre-task safety instruction must be given to each person assigned to work in elevated areas prior to commencing work activities. New hire safety orientation training must be conducted for all new hires immediately upon the beginning of employment. The orientation shall include the company's Fall Protection Policy, procedures, and work rules. Regular safety training will be held with all field crews. Fall Protection should be included in these training sessions on a regular basis or when an upcoming work assignment may involve unusual or non-routine fall exposures. Written documentation of all employees training shall be maintained.

### Procedures

Fall protection systems shall include, but are not limited to; the following fall exposure areas:

- A. Building construction activities
  - Formwork
  - Reinforcing steel deliveries, rigging, erection
  - Concrete placement
  - Structural / miscellaneous steel erection
  - Precast concrete erection
- B. Scaffolding / Hoisting activities
  - Aerial lifts
  - Movable ladders
  - Crane erection / dismantling
  - Hoisting areas including platforms, docks, chutes
- C. Floor / Wall penetrations and exposures
  - Elevator shafts
  - Stairways
  - MEP shafts
  - Perimeter edges
- D. All exterior skin installation including, but not limited to, roofing, stone, masonry, waterproofing, and glazing
- E. Excavation / Trenching

# Miller Mechanical CONFINED SPACE PLAN

### **General Procedures for Entering a Confined Space Area**

- Have adequate ventilation and lighting in place.
- Always check oxygen, explosive and toxic gas levels with certified testing equipment.
- Wear proper personal protective equipment necessary for task at hand.
- Have safety "attendant" in place at all times.
- Wear full body harness with lifeline attached when necessary for work that generates toxic fumes.
- Take frequent breaks and come up for fresh air.

### **Emergency Procedures for Injured Person**

- Follow normal procedures for injured person and fire (call 911).
- Never enter without testing oxygen, explosive and toxic gas levels.
- Wear proper personal protective equipment.
- The man basket and/or full body harness shall be used for retrieval of the injured worker.
- Never enter the area without assistance and a safety "attendant" in place.
- If you are not sure of the situation, wait for the proper emergency medical personnel.

\*\*\*Note: Over 60% of workers that die in a confined space area are attempting to rescue other workers.

\*\*\*Note: Please refer to 1910.146 for specific safety rules and regulations for Confined Space Entry.

### **Confined Space Entry Plan**

Before entering the confined space, make sure that there is adequate ventilation and lighting. Oxygen levels, explosive levels and toxic fume levels shall be tested, before entering and periodically while in the confined space. The proper personal protective equipment (safety glasses, hard hats, hard soled shoes, proper respirator required for task at hand, etc.) shall be worn AT ALL TIMES.

The safety "attendant" shall be in place at all times while work is being performed. If the safety "attendant" should leave his area for any reason, the alternate safety "attendant" shall be in place before work continues.

Anyone required to work in a confined space where welding, waterproofing, grinding of concrete, or any other related activity that generates toxic fumes will be required to wear a full body harness with life line attached AT ALL TIMES.

Before entering the confined space area, the following procedures must be reviewed and understood by each employee.

### Atmosphere

The atmosphere must be tested each time before entering a confined space, especially during times when the task at hand creates toxic fumes and/or could cause an oxygen enriched or depleted environment.

- A. The normal oxygen level is approximately 21%. The minimum oxygen level to enter a confined space without a self-contained breathing apparatus is 19.5%. If the oxygen level is greater than 23.5%, the environment is oxygen enriched, and flammables and combustibles burn more violently and can ignite more rapidly.
- B. Only a trained, qualified person shall test the atmosphere for oxygen, explosives and gases. The following gases are typical gases that may be found in a confined space:
  - . Hydrogen sulfide
  - Carbon monoxide
  - . Methane
  - Carbon dioxide
- C. Always test the bottom, middle, and top of the confined space area. Some gases are lighter or heavier and settle at different elevations.

### Ventilation

Ventilation is the preferred method of eliminating atmospheric hazards over wearing respirators.

- A. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation and lighting.
- B. Maintain ventilation and lighting AT ALL TIMES.
- C. NEVER use pure oxygen to ventilate an atmosphere.
- D. If the oxygen level is below 19.5% rapid fatigue will be experienced.
- E. If the oxygen level is above 23.5%, the atmosphere becomes extremely flammable and combustible. If a fire should develop, everything will burn or ignite rapidly.

### Attendant

- A. A safety "attendant" shall be within voice and/or radio contact with all workers inside the confined space AT ALL TIMES. The safety "attendant" should not leave his position for any reason while an employee is in a Confined Space.
- B. The safety "attendant" shall be trained in the job site emergency plans for fire and/or injured person, as well as, have contact with the job site 911 contact person for an emergency.
- C. The "safety attendant" shall not perform any other duties other than to monitor the workers inside the Confined Space.
- D. The safety "attendant" shall have a fire extinguisher on hand at all times.
- E. The safety "attendant" shall be highly distinguishable from the other workers in the area.

### **Respiratory Protection**

- A. The proper respirator must be worn to match the task at hand.
- B. The workers must be properly trained in how to correctly wear and inspect the respirator they are required to wear, prior to use.
- C. Any welding, cutting, brazing, painting, grinding, waterproofing, etc., which may produce toxic gases and/or deplete or enrich the oxygen levels in the confined space require that all workers inside the confined space wear full body harness with a life line attached in the event of an emergency with retrieval necessary. These operations may also create a combustible atmosphere, which will also require the full body harness with the lifeline attached.
- D. If any operation causes an oxygen level of less than 19.5% and/or creates a combustible atmosphere where proper ventilation cannot increase the oxygen to acceptable levels, a self-contained breathing apparatus, may be required to be worn by all workers. If a self-contained breathing apparatus is worn, proper training will be required for all workers, including the safety "attendant".

### **Confined Space Entry Team**

A. "Entrant"

All workers / entrants of the confined space shall be thoroughly trained in the Confined Space Plan.

B. "Attendant"

All workers / entrants shall be constantly monitored by an attendant trained in the Confined Space Plan.

C. "Entry Supervisor"

Entry Supervisors shall supervise all Confined Space operations. Entry Supervisors shall be trained in the Confined Space Plan.

# Miller Mechanical RESPIRATOR POLICY

### Introduction

Occasionally a few employees of Miller Mechanical may be asked to enter into work areas where they will need to wear respirators for protection. Respirators protect employees from contaminated dusts, fogs, fumes, mists, gases, smokes, sprays, and vapors. When possible, Miller Mechanical will take appropriate steps to eliminate such hazards by using proper engineering controls, such as enclosures, specialized ventilation, etc. However, when these steps and/or controls are not feasible, employees selected by Miller Mechanical may be required to use respirators.

Only specially trained and designated employees will be permitted to wear respirators. All activity involving employee use of respirators is strictly governed and regulated by this Written Respirator Policy. This Policy was prepared by Miller Mechanical to assist with complying with OSHA regulations 1926.103 & 1910.134.

### **Purpose of Respirator Use**

As noted above, only a few specially trained employees will be asked to wear respirators ... and then only in special situations. Any employees wearing respirators must always follow this Policy. Failure to follow this Policy could lead to termination of employment.

### **Training and Instruction for Employees**

Both supervisors and employees will be trained in the Respirator Policy. These employees will attend individualized training sessions and will be required to review written material, view training videotapes, and/or participate in other training activities as directed by the Company.

The Company will keep records concerning their training. Specifically, Company records will show the names of employees attending the training, the dates and location of the training, and the identity of the trainer.

Training will provide employees an opportunity to:

- Handle the respirator
- Have the respirator properly fitted
- Test its face piece-to-face seal
- Wear the respirator in normal air for a long period to become familiar with it
- Wear the respirator in a test atmosphere

Each employee must receive fitting instructions, which include:

- How to wear the respirator
- How to adjust it
- How to determine proper respirator fit

Employees will also be trained and otherwise informed of the limits of respirators.

### **Inspection of Respirators**

Miller Mechanical will conduct frequent inspections of respirators to make sure that the respirators are properly selected, used, cleaned, and otherwise maintained. Air cylinders must be fully charged according to manufacturer's instructions. Inspections must ensure that all regulators and warning devices are functioning properly, as they were designed.

Respirator inspections shall include the following:

- Check of tightness of all connections and face piece, headbands, valves, connecting tubes and canisters.
- Check of all rubber or elastic parts for pliability or deterioration
- Stretching all rubber or elastic parts with a massaging motion

### **Cleaning, Disinfection and Storage**

All respirators must be regularly cleaned and disinfected. Employees must comply with the manufacturer's recommendations for cleaning and disinfection. Respirators used by more than one employee must be thoroughly cleaned after each use.

While not in use, respirators must be stored in a clean, convenient, and sanitary location. They are not to be left lying around the facility. Respirators must be kept away from dust, sunlight, heat, extreme cold, excessive moisture, and chemicals. Respirators used for emergency situations must be easily accessible at all times and stored in special compartments - not in toolboxes or lockers (unless stored in a carrying case).

All respirators must be routinely inspected during cleaning and disinfection. Any parts found to be worn, broken, or deteriorated must be promptly replaced. Any broken respirator must be tagged accordingly and taken out of service.

Respirators used for emergency situations will be automatically inspected after each use and once each month.

### **Employer Surveillance and Evaluation**

Miller Mechanical will regularly survey the conditions of all work areas and will make an assessment of any employee exposure or stress. This surveillance shall be ongoing. Any evidence of employee exposure or stress shall be reported to upper management and the local health care professional involved with this Policy.

The Company will also conduct regular inspections of respirator procedures and practices. These inspections will help the Company evaluate the effectiveness of this Policy and ensure the safety of all affected employees.

### **Special Rules - Face Piece Seals**

All masks and face pieces must make a proper, airtight seal. Respirators shall not be worn if it is not possible to obtain a proper seal. No beards, sideburns, or anything that projects under the face piece that could compromise a proper seal, are permitted.

Employees who need to use corrective lenses must be extremely careful to make sure that the glasses do not prevent a proper seal. Employees must not wear contact lenses in contaminated atmospheres.

### **Medical Evaluation of Participating Employees**

Employee assigned to tasks requiring use of respirators must first pass a physical examination given by a physician. The examination will ensure that the employee is physically able to perform the related work and use the respirators. Each employee trained to use a respirator will have his or her physical ability and medical status reviewed by the physician at least once each year. These evaluations shall be documented and kept with other records from this Policy, such as training records.

### 29 CFR 1910.134 Appendix D Information for Employees Using Respirators When Not Required Under the Standard

Respirators are an effective method of protection against designated hazards when properly selected and worn. Respirators use is encouraged, even when exposures are below the exposure limit, to provide an additional level of comfort and protection for workers. However, if a respirator is used improperly or not kept clean, the respirator itself can become a hazard to the worker. Sometimes, workers may wear respirators to avoid exposures to hazards, even if the amount of hazardous substance does not exceed the limits set by OSHA standards. If your employer provides respirators for your voluntary use, or if you provide your own respirator, you need to take certain precautions to be sure that the respirator itself does not present a hazard.

You should do the following:

- Read and heed all instructions provided by the manufacturer on use, maintenance, cleaning and care, and warnings regarding the respirators limitations.
- Choose respirators certified for use to protect against the contaminant of concern. NIOSH, the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, certifies respirators. A label or statement of certification should appear on the respirator or respirator packaging. It will tell you what the respirator is designed for and how much it will protect you.
- Do not wear your respirator into atmospheres containing contaminants for which your respirator is not designed. For example, a respirator designed to filter dust particles will not protect you against gases, vapors, or very small solid particles of fumes or smoke.
- Keep track of your respirator so that you do not mistakenly use someone else's respirator.

# Miller Mechanical LOCK OUT / TAG OUT PROGRAM

#### General

Lock Out / Tag Out is the preferred method of isolating machines or equipment from energy sources. The following simple procedure is provided for use in both lock out / tag out programs. This procedure may be used when there are limited numbers or types of machines or equipment or there is a single power source. For more complex systems, a more comprehensive procedure will need to be developed, documented, and utilized.

### Purpose

This procedure establishes the minimum requirements for the lock out / tag out of energy isolating devices. It shall be used to ensure that the machine or equipment is isolated from all potentially hazardous energy and locked out or tagged out before employees perform any servicing or maintenance activities where the unexpected energization, start-up or release of stored energy could cause injury.

### Responsibility

Appropriate employees shall be instructed in the safety significance and importance of the lock out / tag out procedure. Each new or transferred employee who is affected and other employees whose work operations are or may be in the area shall be instructed in the purpose and use of the lock out / tag out procedure.

### Preparation for Lock Out or Tag Out

Make a survey to locate and identify all isolating devices to be certain which switch(es), valve(s), or other energy isolating devices apply to the equipment to be locked out or tagged out. More than one energy source (electrical, mechanical, or others) may be involved.

### Sequence of Lock Out / Tag Out System Procedure

- 1. Notify all affected employees that a lock out / tag out system is going to be utilized and the reason therefore. The authorized employee shall know the type and magnitude of energy that the machine or equipment utilizes and shall understand the hazards thereof.
- 2. If the machine or equipment is operating, shut it down by the normal stopping procedure (depress stop button, open toggle switch, etc.).
- 3. Operate the switch, valve, or other energy isolating device(s) so that the equipment is isolated from its energy source(s). Stored energy, such as that in springs, elevated machine members, rotating flywheels, hydraulic systems, and air, gas, steam, or water pressure, etc., must be dissipated or restrained by methods such as repositioning, blocking, bleeding down, etc.
- 4. Lock out / tag out the energy isolating devices with assigned individual lock(s) and/or tag(s).
- 5. After ensuring that no personnel are exposed and as a check on having disconnected the energy sources, operate the push button or other normal operating controls to make certain the equipment will not operate.

**CAUTION:** Return operating control(s) to "neutral" or "off" position after the test.

6. The equipment is now locked out or tagged out.

# Restoring the Machines and/or the Equipment to Normal Production Operations

- 1. After the servicing and/or maintenance is complete and equipment is ready for normal production operations, check the area around the machines or equipment to ensure that no one is exposed.
- 2. After all tools have been removed from the machine or equipment, guards have been reinstalled, and employees are in the clear, remove all lock out / tag out devices to restore energy to the machine or equipment.

### Procedure involving more than one Person

In the preceding steps, if more than one individual is required to lock out / tag out equipment, each shall place his/her own personal lock out device / tag out device on the energy isolating devices(s). When an energy isolating device cannot accept multiple locks or tags, a multiple lock out / tag out device (hasp) may be used. If lock out is used, a single lock may be used to lock out the machine or equipment with the key being placed in a lock out box or cabinet, which allows the use of multiple locks to secure it. Each employee will then use his/her own lock to secure the box or cabinet. As each person no longer needs to maintain his or her lock out protection, that person will remove his/her lock from the box or cabinet.

### Basic Rules for using Lock Out / Tag Out System Procedures

All equipment shall be locked out or tagged out to protect against accidental or inadvertent operation when such operation could cause injury to personnel. Do not attempt to operate any switch, valve, or other energy isolating device where it is locked out or tagged out.

### Miller Mechanical ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAM

#### **Environmental Program Statement**

It is the responsibility of the Contractor to assure installation and maintenance of all erosion control and storm water methods that meet the federal, state and local EPA laws. All hazardous materials such as asbestos, lead base paint, silica, paint, fertilizers, pesticides and insecticides shall be stored and disposed of in such a manner so that no run off will occur to any state waters by what means are necessary.

There will be no on-site dump pits nor will there be any open air burning without permits obtained from the local Fire Marshall, prior to the activity.

# **ASBESTOS SAFETY POLICY**

It is the policy and intent of Miller Mechanical to provide a safe working environment for all Miller Mechanical employees and subcontractor or vendor employees, on each of Miller Mechanical jobsites and to ensure all employees and subcontractors comply with 29 CFR 1926.1101.

Asbestos is not as common of a construction material as it was years ago. Therefore, contact with asbestos containing materials will be generally during renovations of buildings that were built before the year 1975.

The typical areas where asbestos containing materials are found are:

- Plumbing and mechanical pipe insulation
- Floor and ceiling tile
- Floor and ceiling tile glues and adhesives
- Asbestos lined pipes, typically used in underground situations

These areas require special attention and demolition by authorized personnel only. The superintendent of each jobsite should contact Miller Mechanical if asbestos containing materials are detected in a building under construction, demolition, or renovation.

A survey of the jobsite for asbestos containing materials must be performed by an approved testing company prior to any work being performed on the jobsite. This is typically performed by the owner of the property, and a copy of the results, are forwarded to Miller Mechanical

The following is a list of precautions that should be followed when asbestos containing materials are found. An abatement contractor who is fully licensed and insured for asbestos removal shall remove asbestos.

- 1. A negative pressure environment must be placed around the asbestos containing material to prevent loose particles of asbestos from entering the atmosphere.
- 2. No sawing, cutting, chipping, grinding, or any other procedure that will cause loose particles of asbestos to enter the atmosphere is permitted.
- 3. Air purifying respirators, gloves, and disposable coveralls will be required for employees who are required to work with and remove asbestos containing materials.
- 4. When a quantity of asbestos containing material is to be removed, trash bags that are capable of being sealed airtight and marked ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIAL must be used. The trash bags must be taken to an approved landfill.
- 5. Employees are to be provided a hand-washing station and an area to change clothes before entering the work area. An area must be provided for breaks. There shall be **NO SMOKING OR EATING** in work areas.
- 6. Proper training of employees that are to work with asbestos containing material is to be performed by the superintendent or a competent person before the work begins.
- 7. Negative pressure fans containing HEPA filters shall be used in large areas to ensure that there are no asbestos particles leaving the containment area.
- 8. HEPA filters shall be used in all vacuum cleaners that are used to collect loose materials, and the contents of the vacuum cleaners are to be disposed of in sealed and clearly marked trash bags.

# LEAD EXPOSURE PROTECTION POLICY

## Purpose

The following pages describe the procedures and precautions to be adopted on all jobsites in which employees could receive significant exposures to lead dust or fumes. Lead fumes are generated from welding or cutting on steel, girders, or other metals coated with lead based paint, soldering to join copper pipe, radiator repair, construction activities with fume exposures in aluminum, brass, or bronze foundries, electronics or battery plants, and glass and ceramic facilities. Lead dusts are commonly associated with the disturbance of contaminated ground, sandblasting or abrasive action on surfaces with lead paint, demolition of interior walls painted with lead paint, and decontamination of certain manufacturing operations.

## Policy

- 1. Prior to any demolition or retrofit, all work areas will be surveyed by a competent person to determine existing and predictable lead hazards. It is the responsibility of the overall superintendent of each jobsite to ensure that the survey is conducted.
- 2. Appropriate material samples will be taken and sent to an approved laboratory to determine the lead content in each material under question. Paints, coatings, and alloys with lead in concentration of 0.4% or more shall be considered a lead source.
- 3. Where a potential exposure to lead dust exists, spray-misting equipment shall be used for dust control.
- 4. In an enclosed area, during welding or cutting on surfaces with lead containing paints, local exhaust ventilation will be used to remove the fumes. The ventilation shall be evaluated periodically to maintain its effectiveness. If local exhaust is not possible, then the paint will be stripped away from the surface to be welded or cut to a distance of 12" on each side of the cut or welding point. Proper respiratory protection and other PPE must be provided to the employee doing the scraping.
- 5. In an open-air setting, for welding and cutting on lead-contaminated surfaces, respiratory protection is mandatory with respirators approved by NIOSH.
- 6. Each employee and subcontractor on a Miller Mechanical project must comply with the 29 CFR Part 1926.62.

## **Initial Determination**

1. For potential lead exposures that cannot be eliminated through engineering means, personal air samples shall be conducted to determine the extent of exposure. The samples shall be for a complete shift and represent each potentially exposed job classification in each work area for the shift with the highest potential exposure. Until sample results are available, workers in the immediate area shall be required to wear respirators according to each established exposure or activity below:

Half mask air purifying respirators	Powered air purifying respirators	Supplied air respirators
Moderate	High	Extreme
Manual demolition structures / walls	Lead in mortar: burning	Abrasive blasting
Manual scraping	Lead in paint: tool cleaning	Welding
Manual sanding	Cleanup spent abrasives	Cutting
Heat gun applications	Abrasive blasting enclosure:	Torch burning
Power tool clean with dust collector		
Spray painting		

2. Until sampling results are available, employees shall be provided with appropriate protective clothing, suitable change areas, hand-washing facilities, and blood sampling for analysis of blood lead and zinc protoporphyrin (ZPP) levels.

## **Negative Results**

- 1. If the initial personnel samples on each exposed job category show that the airborne lead concentrations are below 30 micrograms per cubic meter (Ug/M3), the result is negative. A written record must be documented that shows:
  - a. Date
  - b. Location
  - c. Job activity
  - d. Name
  - e. Social security number
  - f. The name of the person who made this determination should also be included.
  - g. No further testing is required unless the nature of the activity changes.
- 2. All surfaces shall be kept free of accumulations of lead dust or fumes. Vacuums with HEPA filters shall be used for cleanup. Compressed air cleaning is prohibited.
- 3. Hand washing facilities will be provided. Where showers are not available, employees will be required to wash their hands and face at the end of a work shift, and before taking breaks, eating, smoking, etc. If disposable coveralls and foot protectors are provided, they will be disposed of in approved containers before the employee leaves the work area.

## **Action Level**

- 1. Within five days, each employee will be notified in writing of the test results that represent that employee's exposure. Records of air monitoring and medical evaluation tests shall be kept for five years.
- 2. If any samples show job categories above the 30 ug/m<sup>3</sup> action level but below the 50 ug/m<sup>3</sup> permissible exposure limit (PEL), follow-up samples must be taken at least every six months on each employee classification which has a potential lead exposure.
- 3. Initial medical examinations, including lead and zinc ZPP blood level tests, are required for anyone who must work in an area or activity in which the airborne concentration of lead exceeds the 30 ug/m<sup>3</sup> action limit. If the test results show blood lead concentrations greater than 40 ug/dL, additional blood tests shall be conducted every two months. For employees with exposures above the action level for any thirty days in a twelve month period, tests for lead and ZPP levels in the blood will also be conducted at two month intervals. Samples will be taken under the direction of a licensed physician and analyzed by an approved laboratory. Follow-up blood tests must be conducted within two weeks of notification for employees with blood concentrations greater than 50 ug/dL, and the employee will be removed from any work places with potential lead exposures.
- 4. Training in addition to that described in Section 4 under "Negative Results" will be provided and will include:
  - a. The contents of the lead standard
  - b. Specific nature of operations that could lead to lead overexposures
  - c. Proper use of respirators
  - d. Medical surveillance program Engineering controls
  - e. Lead exposure control program
  - f. Employees' right of access to records
  - g. Suitable work practices

## Exceeding the Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL)

- 1. If initial air test results show that employee exposure concentrations exceed the PEL, a written notice shall be provided to the employee advising him or her that the exposure was above the PEL and giving a description of the corrective action to be taken to bring concentrations within acceptable limits. Additional air tests must be conducted on at least a quarterly basis.
- 2. Engineering and work practice controls will be used to bring employee exposure concentrations below the PEL. When mechanical ventilation is used, the performance of the system shall be evaluated and documented on a daily basis.
- 3. For locations or activities for which respiratory protection is mandatory, the use of respirators will conform to the company's respiratory protection program, including the provisions for selection, medical evaluation, fit testing, maintenance, and training.
- 4. Where employees are subject to airborne lead concentrations in excess of the PEL or where they may come into contact with lead compounds that could cause skin or eye irritation, employees will be required to wear protective clothing such as coveralls, hats, protective footwear, and/or face shields or goggles. Protective clothing shall be cleaned and provided on at least a weekly basis.
- 5. Food, beverage, and tobacco products are not allowed in areas where airborne lead exposures exceed the PEL. Clean change areas are to be provided, including separate lockers for work clothing and street clothing, shower facilities, and lead free eating facilities. Employees are required to wash both hands and face prior to eating, drinking, smoking, or applying cosmetics. No employees from high lead concentration areas may enter an eating facility unless, surface lead dust has been removed by vacuuming or other cleaning method that collects lead dust. Adequate handwashing facilities will be provided.
- 6. The requirements for blood tests and ZPP are the same as in under "Action Level".
- 7. The training requirements are the same as those in under "Action Level".
- 8. Warning signs must be posted in areas where the PEL is being exceeded. The signs will read:

### WARNING! LEAD WORK AREA POISON NO SMOKING OR EATING NO ADMITTANCE WITHOUT AUTHORIZATION

9. Regulated areas will be established and roped off. Non-essential workers will be routed around these areas.

## **Exposure Control**

1. The following controls will be used to keep airborne lead concentrations below the action level of 30 ug/m<sup>3</sup>3:

Activity	<u>Control</u>
Soft demolition / interior walls (lead based paint)	Mist drywall prior to sawing or breaking
Area cleanup lead contaminated dust	HEPA vacuum
Welding or cutting – coatings with lead (enclosed space)	Local exhaust ventilation or clean metal for four inches
Welding or cutting – coatings with lead (open air)	Respiratory protection or clean metal for four inches
Abrasive blasting / lead coatings	Supplied air respirators

- 2. For each activity in which lead is emitted, a description will be provided including:
  - a. The activity
  - b. The nature of the lead source
  - c. Equipment in use
  - d. Engineering and other controls
  - e. Crew size
  - f. Work practices and procedures
  - g. Maintenance practices
  - h. Any engineering plans or studies used to select the controls should also be documented.
- 3. Frequent and regular inspections will be provided at the jobsites by a competent person.
- 4. Copies of all air monitoring tests, which identify airborne lead concentrations will be attached to this program.
- 5. A detailed schedule of equipment procurement, construction contracts, and other plans for implementation of the protection program will also be attached.

# **HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM SAFETY POLICY**

## **Policy Statement**

Hexavalent chromium [Cr(VI)] compounds are widely used in the chemical industry as ingredients and catalysts in pigments, metal plating and chemical synthesis. Hexa-chrom can also be found in the construction industry through welding on stainless steel or on hexachrom painted surfaces. The major health effects include lung cancer, nasal septum and skin ulcerations and contact dermatitis. The purpose of this policy is to prevent employee exposure to hexavalent chromium compounds during construction activities. Each contractor working on a Miller Mechanical project must comply with 29 CFR Part 1926, Construction Industry Regulations, Subpart Z – Section 1126, Chromium (VI), in addition to the following guidelines.

## Procedures

- 1. Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL)
  - a) Since this construction activity is limited to specialty work, Miller Mechanical will direct the Subcontractor to provide specific Job Hazard Analysis (JHA's) and Pre-Task Planning (PTP) meetings to address potential exposure.
  - b) The Employer must ensure that no employee is exposed to an airborne concentration Cr(VI) in excess of 5 micrograms per cubic meter of air (5 ug/m3) calculated as an 8-hour time-weighted average (TWA).
  - c) Engineering controls will be the preferred method to achieve the Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL).
- 2. Exposure Determination
  - a) The subcontractor must determine the 8-hour TWA exposure for each employee exposed to Cr(VI). This may be accomplished using two options; scheduled or performance-oriented monitoring.
  - b) Scheduled Monitoring
    - The subcontractor must perform initial monitoring to determine the 8hour TWA for each employee on the basis of a sufficient number of personal breathing zone samples.
    - If the subcontractor does representative sampling, it must be conducted on the employee(s) expected to receive the highest exposure.
    - If the monitoring indicates that employee exposures are below the action level (1/2 the PEL or 2.5 ug/m3) and this is confirmed by another monitoring seven days later the employer may discontinue monitoring.
    - If the monitoring indicates that employee exposures are at or above the action level, the subcontractor
      must perform periodic monitoring at least every six months or above the PEL must repeat every three
      months.
  - c) Performance Option
    - The employer shall determine a TWA exposure for each employee based on any combination of air monitoring data or objective data sufficient to characterize employee exposure.
- 3. Methods of Compliance
  - As stated previously, engineering and work practice controls must be used to reduce and maintain employee exposure to Cr(VI) to or below the PEL.
  - If feasible engineering and work practice controls are insufficient to reduce exposure below the PEL, then respiratory protection must be used.
  - The subcontractor will not be allowed to rotate employees to different jobs to achieve compliance with the PEL.
- 4. Respiratory Protection
  - a) Respiratory protection use must comply with Miller Mechanical Respiratory Protection Program.
  - b) The subcontractor must provide respiratory protection in the following circumstances:
    - Periods necessary to install or implement feasible engineering or work practice controls.
    - Work operations where an employer has implemented all feasible engineering and work practice controls and such controls are not sufficient to reduce the PEL.
    - Emergencies

- 5. Protective Work Clothing and Equipment
  - Where there may be a hazard to the skin or eyes from exposure to Cr(VI) the subcontractor must provide, at no cost, protective clothing or equipment to the employee.
  - The subcontractor must ensure that the employees remove all clothing and equipment that may be contaminated with Cr(VI) when the work is complete or at the end of the shift.
  - The subcontractor must ensure that chromium-contaminated clothing is not removed from the workplace.
  - When contaminated protective clothing or equipment is removed for laundering or cleaning, the subcontractor must ensure that it is stored and transported in impermeable bags or containers.
  - The subcontractor must inform any person who launders or cleans clothing or equipment of the potential effects of exposure to Cr(VI) and that the clothing or equipment should be laundered or cleaned in a manner that minimizes skin or eye contact.
- 6. Hygiene Areas and Practices
  - Where protective clothing and equipment is required, the subcontractor must provide change rooms that comply with 29 CFR 1926.51.
  - Where skin contact may occur, the subcontractor must provide hand washing facilities that comply with 29 CFR 1926.51
- 7. Medical Surveillance

The subcontractor must make medical surveillance available, at no cost, to employees who meet the following criteria:

- Those who are or may be occupationally exposed to Cr(VI) at or above the action level for 30 or more days a year.
- Those who are experiencing signs or symptoms of adverse health effects associated with Cr(VI) exposure.
- Those exposed in an emergency.
- 8. Communication of Chromium
  - Must follow the same communication of hazardous chemicals highlighted in Miller Mechanical Hazard Communication Program.

### 9. Recordkeeping

a) The subcontractor must maintain the following data records;

- Air monitoring
- Historical monitoring
- Objective data
- Medical surveillance

## **Roles and Responsibilities**

Miller Mechanical management conducts inspections of the workplace for compliance with this policy.

- 1. Discuss policy applications during project orientations and pre-planning meetings with subcontractors.
- 2. Conduct pre-planning meetings and require the use of Job Hazard Analysis (JHA) and Pre-Task Planning (PTP) meetings.

Subcontractor Management will comply with and furnish materials necessary to meet the requirements of Miller Mechanical policy.

- Attend and participate in any and all project orientations, pre-planning meetings, JHA discussions and PTP meetings.
- Subcontractors' employees attend and participate in any and all project orientations, pre-planning meetings, JHA discussions and PTP meetings.
- Subcontractors' employees will comply with this policy.

# SILICA SAFETY POLICY

## **Policy Statement**

Exposure to silica can lead to silicosis, a serious and sometimes fatal respiratory disease. Silicosis develops from being exposed to and breathing in silica dust. Excessive amounts of silica dust may be generated during activities such as: sandblasting, rock drilling, roof bolting, foundry work, stonecutting, drilling, quarrying, brick / block / concrete cutting, gunite operations, lead-based paint encapsulate applications, asphalt paving, cement products manufacturing, demolition operations, hammering, and chipping and sweeping concrete or masonry.

The following policy is designed to protect employees who may come into contact with silica during the course of their work.

This policy is designed for Miller Mechanical Construction Employees. Subcontractors must be required to submit and have approved by Miller Mechanical, their company's Silica Exposure Prevention Program prior to start of work.

## Procedures

In order to determine whether a product contains silica, the SDS must be obtained and evaluated. In the event silica is present in products on-site, the following safe working procedures shall be followed to eliminate or control silica dust exposure:

- 1. Always wet the dry materials and surfaces before cutting, chipping, grinding, sanding, sweeping or cleaning. This engineering control shall be used to the greatest extent feasible, so that airborne concentrations of silica are minimized.
- 2. Engineering controls must be considered as a primary means to eliminate the hazard, whenever feasible.
- 3. Industrial hygiene exposure monitoring must be conducted in order to confirm that the engineering and administrative controls in place are effective and whether personal protective equipment (PPE) is or is not required.
- 4. If PPE is required, refer to Miller Mechanical Respiratory Protection Program for specific guidelines.
- 5. After working with products that contain silica, each individual will be required to thoroughly wash their hands before eating, drinking or smoking. Eating, drinking or smoking near silica or in a silica-regulated areas is strictly prohibited.
- 6. The Project Safety Orientation should include information on potential areas for exposure and the hazards of silica exposure.
- 7. Use power tools with built-in high-efficient particulate air (HEPA) dust extraction units to capture the dust before it is released into the exhausted air.
- 8. Miller Mechanical will not allow the use of any compound used for abrasive cleaning that contains more than 1% silica. Employee sampling must be conducted to verify that concentrations released from the media being finished does not exceed allowable OHSA PEL's. For abrasive blasting, replace silica sand with less toxic materials. The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health highly discourages the use of sand or any abrasive with more that 1% crystalline silica in it. As an alternative, garnet, slag and steel grit and shot may be suitable substitutes.

All subcontractors are to supply any exposure monitoring, testing, or engineering information regarding silica exposure in their operations prior to beginning work. An example may be the masonry contractor using brick / block saws and associated experience data that the subcontractor has obtained.

# NUISANCE DUST POLICY

Nuisance dust is generally created by normal construction activities and should be controlled or contained within the construction area.

- When working within an office / public environment, special precautions need to be taken to protect the quality of air by all possible means. Some examples are increasing the outside air flow to the Air Handlers, adding additional filters on return air diffusers, creating negative pressure environments, using HEPA vacuums and negative pressure fans to filter the environment.
- When working with cleaners and solvents needed for cleanup, always read all SDS before using in a controlled air environment, which could affect surrounding personnel.
- Always contact the employer of surrounding employees with a schedule of work activities and coordinate any special activities that may affect the quality of air near them.
- Always ask surrounding employers if any of their employees have medical conditions, which may be triggered by nuisance dust, fumes, mist, etc. from construction activity. These employees need to be relocated as far away from construction activities as possible. Asthma, allergies or bronchitis type medical conditions may be affected with even the smallest amount of dust or fumes entered into the environment.
- Always contact Miller Mechanical when nuisance dust conditions may occur around the general public, prior to beginning construction.
- Workers required to work around nuisance dust environments may be given NIOSH HEPA 95+ respirators or required to wear proper respirators per company policy and respirator program.

# Miller Mechanical VEHICLE SAFETY POLICY

Employees of Miller Mechanical are required to adhere to the following guidelines when operating any vehicle leased, rented, borrowed or owned by Miller Mechanical or when operating a personal vehicle for company business.

- All drivers will be held accountable for safe operation and maintenance of company vehicles and for the safe operation of a personal vehicle for company business.
- Only approved drivers may operate company vehicles. Drivers of personal vehicles on company business must also be approved by Miller Mechanical
- All drivers must submit a copy of their driver's license to the Miller Mechanical so that a driver's Motor Vehicle Record may be reviewed for motor vehicle history.
- Motor vehicle records will be reviewed 2-times each year. If at this time, there are excessive violations or accidents found, driving privileges of company vehicles may be revoked for a period of time to be determined by Miller Mechanical.
- The driver of a company vehicle must maintain a maintenance logbook. The logbook should include the date, work performed on the vehicle, and the mileage shown on the odometer at the time the work was performed. This includes oil and filter changes, tire rotations / replacements, brake replacement, body and engine work etc.
- Any vehicle repair or maintenance expense in excess of \$500.00 for any single expenditure or in the aggregate for any quarter must be approved in advance by your supervisor.
- Only qualified company vehicle mechanics or approved service facilities are permitted to perform maintenance on company vehicles.
- The Safety Officer of Miller Mechanical will perform a vehicle inspection twice per year. This inspection will include a review of the maintenance logbook and a visual inspection of the vehicle.
- A Supervisor's Report of Accident for Vehicles must be completed and sent to the main office whenever an accident has occurred involving any company vehicle. This report is to be completed by the supervisor responsible for the vehicle no matter who is at fault. A copy of the police report should be attached, along with the estimates from the repair shop.
- Company vehicles driven for business use ONLY. No personal use of company vehicles unless authorized by CEO.
- Operating a company vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, drugs, etc. is prohibited and shall result in immediate termination of employment.
- Employees who use the auto allowance and/or mileage reimbursement in lieu of a company provided vehicle shall provide proof of auto insurance and limits for review and approval by Miller Mechanical.
- Employees who are charged with moving traffic violations while driving will be solely responsible for all penalties that result from such actions.
- Failure to follow any of the policies listed above may be grounds for termination of driving privileges or dismissal from employment.

# Miller Mechanical CELL PHONE AND ELECTRONIC DEVICE POLICY

## **Policy Statement**

All employees of Miller Mechanical are required to adhere to the following guidelines while using a personal mobile phone or company mobile phone while at work or conducting any company business. For purposes of this policy, the term "cell phone" or "mobile phone" is defined as any handheld electronic device with the ability to receive and/or transmit voice, text or data messages without a cable connection.

## Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the use of cell phones or data devices for company business. In addition, this policy is designed to provide guidance to employees regarding the proper use of cellular devices (phones, PDA's, etc.) for voice or data communication; to ensure that the use of cellular technology for company business is correctly authorized and appropriate.

## **Management Responsibility**

- Supervisors are responsible for educating subordinates about appropriate cellular telephone procedures and monitoring their usage.
- The Manager will review this policy with any employee that is issued a cell phone.
- Management will review monthly cellular telephone bills of responsible employees to determine appropriate usage.
- Management will ensure employees are aware of the importance of protecting confidential and sensitive information held while using a cell phone.

## **Employee Responsibility**

- Employees assigned company supplied cell phones are responsible for compliance with all regulations and policies.
- Employees using company cell phones are responsible for securing them. Losses shall be reported immediately to the appropriate Supervisor.
- Employees may be held liable for lost, stolen, or damaged cell phone equipment or accessories.
- Employees will not store any customer or confidential information on their cell phones.
- Non-exempt employees must have prior approval before using their cell phones for wireless handheld devices for business purposes after regularly schedules work hours.
- Misuse or abuse of this policy may result in disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal from service.

### **General Use at Work**

While at work, employees should limit mobile phone use to company business. Employees should restrict personal calls, regardless of the phone being used to while at lunch or while on scheduled breaks. Excessive personal phone calls are counterproductive and distracting to other workers.

## **Construction Sites**

Mobile phones shall not be used while on constructions sites if the use of the mobile phone creates an unsafe condition. Examples include but are not limited to:

- Working from heights
- Working near heavy equipment
- Working in roadways

## While Driving

It is illegal in most states and against Miller Mechanical policy to use a hand held mobile phone while driving if you are a novice driver, a bus driver or if you are driving a vehicle which requires a CDL.

It is illegal in most states and against Miller Mechanical policy to text while driving ANY vehicle.

It is against Federal Law and against Miller Mechanical policy to use any mobile or cellular device while driving a vehicle which requires a CDL unless the device is 100% hand free.

## Safe Use Guidelines

Employees must follow the guidelines outlined below to insure the safe use of all cell phone equipment.

- Employees should refrain from using of cell phones when driving.
- Allow incoming calls to go to voice mail whenever possible.
- Check voice mail and return calls only when the vehicle is off the road.
- Do not text message while driving a vehicle.
- Pull off the road to a safe place such as a parking lot to make necessary calls or use computer.
- Always dial the phone when the vehicle is not moving.
- Suspend cell phone usage during hazardous driving situations, such as heavy traffic or bad weather.
- Never take notes while driving.
- Keep any necessary conversations as brief as possible while on the road.
- Use speed dialing or voice dialing as much as possible.
- Use the phone with hands-free equipment.
- Never look up phone number or other information while driving.
- Refrain from conducting stressful conversations while driving.
- Employees are prohibited from texting while operating a vehicle on company business.
- Safe driving is always important, and must take priority over cell phone conversations.
- Employees who are charged with traffic violations resulting from the use of their cell phones while driving will be solely responsible for all penalties that result from such actions.

## **Other Restrictions**

Employees must adhere to all federal, state, or local rules and regulations regarding the use of cell phones while driving. Accordingly, employees must not use cell phones if such conduct is prohibited by federal, state, or local laws, regulations or other ordinances.

The use of personal cell phones while at work may present a hazard or distraction to the user and or coworkers. This policy is meant to ensure that cell phone use while at work is both safe and does not disrupt business operations. Unless otherwise authorized, employees many only use personal cell phones for emergency purposes, while at work.



November 1, 2004

### To: All employees

The illegal use of drugs and the abuse of alcohol are problems that invade the workplace, endangering the health and safety of the abusers and those who work around them. Miller Mechanical Contractors and Engineers, LLC is committed to creating and maintaining a workplace free of substance abuse without jeopardizing valued employees' job security.

R MECHANICAL

Contractors & Engineers, LLC

To address this problem, MMC&E has developed a policy regarding the illegal use of drugs and the abuse of alcohol that we believe best serves the interests of all employees. Our policy formally and clearly states that the illegal use of drugs or abuse of alcohol or prescription drugs will not be tolerated. As a means of maintaining our policy, we are implementing pre-employment and active employee drug testing. This testing will begin 60 days from the date of this notice. This policy was designed with two basic objectives in mind: (1) employees deserve a work environment that is free from the effects of illegal drug use or alcohol abuse and the problems associated with such, and (2) MMC&E has a responsibility to maintain a healthy and safe workplace.

To assist us in providing a safe and healthy workplace, we maintain a resources file of information of various means of employee assistance in our community, including but not limited to drug and alcohol abuse programs. Employees are encouraged to use this resource file, which is located in the Human Resource Department. In addition, as requested, we will distribute this information to employees for their confidential use.

An employee whose conduct violates MMC&E's Substance Abuse Policy will be disciplined up to and including termination.

I believe it is important that we all work together to make MMC&E a drug-free workplace and a safe, rewarding place to work.

Sincerely,

Joseph E. (Eddie) Miller President

1976 Airport Industrial Park Drive, Marietta GA 30060-9203 \* Phone 770-952-3864 \* Toll Free (800) 446-6583 \* Fax 770-952-0299



MILLER MECHANICAL Contractors & Engineers, LLC

# MILLER MECHANICAL CONTRACTORS AND ENGINEERS, LLC

# DRUG FREE WORKPLACE PROGRAM

1976 Airport Industrial Park Drive, Marietta GA 30060-9203 \* Phone 770-952-3864 \* Toll Free (800) 446-6583 \* Fax 770-952-0299

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## MILLER MECHANICAL CONTRACTORS & ENGINEERS, LLC DRUG FREE WORKPLACE PROGRAM

### I. POLICY STATEMENT

Miller Mechanical Contractors and Engineers, LLC (MMC&E) encourages a drug free workplace. It is our desire to minimize the opportunity for abuse, on the job of controlled substances, illegal drugs and over the counter medications that may affect the work we perform or the safety of our employees.

The MMC&E drug-free workplace program is certified by the Georgia Workers' Compensation Board in accordance with Title 34, Chapter 9, Article 11 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated.

This Drug Free Workplace program outlines MMC&E's policy for use and possession of drugs on company property while on the job. Clear communication of and strict adherence to the program's guidelines and procedures are essential.

### **II. PROGRAM GOALS**

The primary goal of this program is to maintain a safe workplace by maintaining a commitment to a drug free work environment.

MMC&E in general will adhere to the Department of Transportation; Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations regarding drug and alcohol use by/for commercial drivers. This program is designed to conform closely to these standards. MMC&E may at its sole discretion, implement components to its program that exceeds DOT regulations. (See DOT Regulations in 49CFR parts 40)

All employees must follow the requirements of this program. Violations of this program may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

## III. PROGRAM RESPONSIBILITIES

Everyone shares in the responsibility to make MMC&E a safe and drug free workplace. To avoid confusion or misunderstanding, specific program responsibilities are outlined as follows:

### A. Employees

Employees are required to:

- 1. Read, understand and follow the requirements contained in this program;
- 2. Participate in organization-sponsored activities or programs designed to minimize the likelihood of use of controlled substances while employed or engaged in activities on behalf of MMC&E.
  - Submit-to-periodic and post accident drug/alcohol testing

4. Sign the drug/alcohol testing consent form and acknowledgement of receipt and understanding of this program.

### **B.** Managers

Managers are responsible:

- 1. Read, understand and enforce the requirements of this program.
- 2. Demonstrate commitment to the program through participation in company driven initiatives.
- 3. Educate employees on the provisions of this plan.

#### IV. DEFINITIONS

Alcohol:

• Any alcohol product or substance including beer, wine, liquors and medications containing alcohol in concentrations capable of producing intoxication or which may inhibit reaction time, response time, or cause drowsiness to a degree which creates an unsafe condition when performing a safety sensitive function.

Applicant:

• An applicant who has participated in the interview process and is/has participated in a pre-employment drug screening.

Controlled substances:

• Any drug requiring a physician prescription or is defined as an illegal controlled substance by federal law enforcement. An illegal controlled substance includes: Cannabis, cocaine, crack, PCP, methamphetamines, ecstasy, opiates, LSD, peyote, or other illegally obtained medication requiring a physician prescription for which the user is not the patient or intended recipient of the drug.

Drug Screening Thresholds:

- The following tables detail the laboratory testing limits for specific illegal drugs.
- Applicants who test at or above the levels for <u>(Cannabis only, THC)</u> in the underlying tables are banned from employment with MMC&E in any capacity, for a minimum of 30 days. Applicants may re-test at anytime after 30 days at their own expense. Applicants who re-test at or above the thresholds in the tables below are banned from employment with MMC&E in any capacity for a minimum of 1 year. These applicants may reapply after one year and resubmit to drug testing at their own expense.
- Applicants who test at or above the thresholds in the tables below for any substance other than Cannabis/marijuana are banned from employment with MMC&E in any capacity for a minimum of 1 year. These applicants may reapply after one year and resubmit to drug testing at their own expense.

	INITIAL TEST CUTOFF LEVELS (ng/ml)
Marijuana metabolites	50
Cocaine metabolites	300
Opiate metabolites	2000
Phencyclidine	25
Amphetamines	1000
Ecstasy	trace

• Confirmatory tests: All positive tests will be confirmed as positive using gas chromatography/mass spectrometry. (GC/MS) procedures. The confirmatory test cutoff levels are:

	Confirmatory test cutoff levels (ng/ml)
Marijuana metabolites	15
Cocaine metabolites (Benzoylecgonine)	150
Opiates: Morphine, Codeine	2000
· ·	2000
6-Acetylmorphine (test for 6-AM when morphine concentration exceeds 2,000	10

ng/ml)	
Phencyclidine	25
Amphetamines:	500
Amphetamine	500
Methamphetamine (Specimen must also contain amphetamine at a concentration greater than or equal to 200 ng/ml	··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Employees:

• Any person, who is employed by MMC&E in a capacity other than contractually.

Medical Review Officer (MRO):

An independent third party medical professional, competent and knowledgeable of the procedures and protocols for drug sample collection, analysis, and results reporting. The MRO monitors and administers the results of positive tests for candidates and employees.

Over the Counter Medications:

Any non-prescription medication including holistic medications that may alter alertness, or reaction times of individuals.

Pre-employment testing:

Initial drug testing protocol for candidates. All pre-employment tests shall conform to the DOT protocol for pre-employment testing. (See above thresholds.)

Post Accident testing:

- All employees, regardless of employment status or position must submit to a post accident drug test whenever he/she is involved in a work related accident event. All post accident drug tests will include at a minimum, the screening protocols outlined by the DOT for post accident drug testing.
- Employees engaged in an auto accident that involves any of the following events are also required to submit to a post accident alcohol test.
  - > Fatality
  - > Serious injuring requiring ambulatory transport from the scene
  - > Tow away of any vehicle because its operation is not possible
  - > Receipt of citation for serious moving violation

Behavioral observations may include:

- The odor of alcohol on the employee's breath;
- Erratic behavior;
- Unsteady gait, etc.

An employee reporting to work visibly impaired will be deemed unable to properly perform required duties and will not be allowed to work. If possible, the employee's supervisor will first seek another supervisor's opinion to confirm the employee's status. Next the supervisor will consult privately with the employee to determine the cause of the observation, including whether substance abuse has occurred. If, in the opinion of the supervisor, the employee is considered impaired, the employee will be taken or sent to a drug screening facility (accompanied by the supervisor or another employee if

necessary). A drug test will be given. An employee who appears to be impaired will not be allowed to drive

Reasonable Suspicion Testing:

• Management may request employee(s) to submit to drug testing whenever management has reasonable suspicion that drug use is occurring at the workplace. Reasonable suspicion must meet the definitions as defined by the Dept. of Transportation.

### Safety Sensitive Function:

• Performance of a job function which results in exposure to the general public or which may expose others to risk of harm; i.e. operation of a motor vehicle, operation of mechanized construction equipment including power tools, sawzalls, open flame soldering or brazing torches, bobcats, forklifts, high-lifts or other powered equipment.

### Secured Company Collection Site:

- Samples collected at company locations must be done so in a private and secure manner including:
  - Secure site so foreign substances or water may not contaminate samples.
  - > Secure from intrusion by outsiders during the collection process.

### Sub-Contractors:

 Sub-contractors with signed agreements and proof of insurance including workers compensation, general liability and auto liability are not considered MMC&E employees. Sub-contractors may be required to conform to the requirements of this program as a condition of their contractual agreement with MMC&E.

### V. Procedures

### **Applicant Procedures:**

Applicants will be required to submit voluntarily to a urinalysis test at a laboratory chosen by MMC&E, and by signing a consent agreement will release MMC&E from liability.

All applicants will undergo drug testing using DOT approved sample collection procedures prior to reporting for duty. These procedures include:

- Sample collection at a secure site (testing laboratory or medical office, sample collection at a secured company location with collection performed by a qualified individual)
- Maintenance of chain of custody documentation of collected samples

Applicants who have undergone sample collection may report to work on a conditional basis pending results of lab analysis. Results of sampling must be returned to MMC&E within 3 working days or the employee must be suspended without pay until results are returned. The drug testing functions, which may be performed while the applicant is fulfilling a conditional work assignment, are:

- Analysis performed by a certified testing laboratory
- Positive initial tests confirmed by GC/MS
- Confirmation of positive results to the applicant by the company's medical review officer

### **Employee Procedures:**

All employees who undergo drug testing for any reason including post accident testing will undergo drug testing at an approved laboratory collection site which shall use DOT approved sample collection procedures. These procedures include:

- Sample collection at a secure site (testing laboratory or medical office, sample collection at a secured company location with collection performed by a qualified individual)
- Maintenance of chain of custody documentation of collected samples

At Management's discretion employees who have undergone testing and are awaiting the results of the analysis may be allowed to report for duty, but may not return to any function defined as a safety sensitive function (see above) until such time as the results are received by the company and are deemed to be below thresholds as defined in the table above.

- Analysis performed by a certified testing laboratory
- Positive initial tests confirmed by GC/MS
- Confirmation of positive results to the prospective employee by the company's medical review officer.

Employees who have undergone testing and receive a confirmed positive result for any substance in the tables above will be terminated.

It is a violation of company policy for any employee to use prescription drugs illegally, i.e., to use prescription that have not been legally obtained or in a manner or for a purpose other than as prescribed. (However, nothing in this policy precludes the appropriate use of legally prescribed medications.) Employees with CDLs who, post accident, test positive for alcohol at concentrations meeting or exceeding 0.02 but less than 0.04 shall be suspended from driving subject to investigation and shall be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Employees with CDLs who, post accident, test positive for alcohol at concentrations meeting or exceeding 0.04 will be terminated.

Any employees who, post accident, tests positive for alcohol at concentrations meeting or exceeding 0.04 shall be suspended from driving subject to investigation and shall be subject to disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Employees who, post accident, test positive for alcohol at concentrations exceeding 0.08 shall be terminated.

# VI. MILLER MECHANICAL CONTRACTORS AND ENGINEERS, LLC

## Drug and Alcohol Testing Consent and Acknowledgement of Company Policy and Program

I \_\_\_\_\_\_ have read and understand MMC&Es policy and program for achieving and maintaining a drug free workplace.

I consent to submit to drug and/or alcohol testing at my employer's expense, at the dates and times requested by my employer. I acknowledge that giving this consent includes consent for the following testing purpose:

- Periodic
- Post accident
- Position change (transfer or job change)
- Reasonable suspicion
- Random

I understand that my refusal to sign this consent or to adhere to the company's policies, or submit to testing may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Employee Signature\_\_\_\_\_

Date\_\_\_\_\_

Witness\_\_\_\_\_

## VII. <u>Employee Assistance Resource Information</u>

The company offers resource information on various means of employee assistance in our community, including but not limited to drug and alcohol abuse programs. Employees are encouraged to use this resource file, which is located in the Human Resource office. In addition, we will distribute this information to employees (upon request) for their confidential use.

# VI. MILLER MECHANICAL CONTRACTORS AND ENGINEERS, LLC

## Drug and Alcohol Testing Consent and Acknowledgement of Company Policy and Program

I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ have read and understand MMC&Es policy and program for achieving and maintaining a drug free workplace.

I consent to submit to drug and/or alcohol testing at my employer's expense, at the dates and times requested by my employer. I acknowledge that giving this consent includes consent for the following testing purpose:

- Periodic
- Post accident
- Position change (transfer or job change)

- Reasonable suspicion
- Random

I understand that my refusal to sign this consent or to adhere to the company's policies, or submit to testing may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

Employee Signature\_\_\_\_\_

Date

Witness

## FORKLIFT SAFETY

 $\langle \rangle$ 

I.	POLICY STATEMENT	
	Ensure all powered industrial trucks are maintained and operated in such a manner to minimize opportunity of personal injury and/or damage to property or materials.	
II.	PROGRAM GOALS	
	<ul> <li>Only authorized and certified employees are allowed to operate powered industrial trucks.</li> </ul>	
	• Prevent injury or loss of life.	TAD
	<ul> <li>Prevent damage to materials and/or property and equipment.</li> </ul>	<u>TAB</u>
.III.	PROGRAM RESPONSIBILITIES	
Inte	nance of this program is the responsibility of MMCE. Safety and Risk Management.	
he job	site superintendents are responsible for the successful implementation and maintenance program at all jobsites for which he/she is responsible.	
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	<ul> <li>Safety representative will certify all ITO's.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Safety representative will certify all ITO's.</li> <li>Safety representative will ensure all ITO's are re-certified at least every three</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Safety representative will certify all ITO's.</li> <li>Safety representative will ensure all ITO's are re-certified at least every three years or as need arises.</li> <li>Supervisor will ensure only certified employees operate powered industrial trucks</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Safety representative will certify all ITO's.</li> <li>Safety representative will ensure all ITO's are re-certified at least every three years or as need arises.</li> <li>Supervisor will ensure only certified employees operate powered industrial trucks (PIT).</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Safety representative will certify all ITO's.</li> <li>Safety representative will ensure all ITO's are re-certified at least every three years or as need arises.</li> <li>Supervisor will ensure only certified employees operate powered industrial trucks (PIT).</li> <li>Supervisor will ensure all PIT are inspected and maintained.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Safety representative will certify all ITO's.</li> <li>Safety representative will ensure all ITO's are re-certified at least every three years or as need arises.</li> <li>Supervisor will ensure only certified employees operate powered industrial trucks (PIT).</li> <li>Supervisor will ensure all PIT are inspected and maintained.</li> <li>Supervisor will tag out damaged PIT for repair.</li> </ul>	

<u> </u>	PROGRAM RESPONSIBILITIES - (Continued)	
	• CO must follow all safety rules and procedures.	
	<ul> <li>Post accident drug testing is required.</li> </ul>	
IV.	DEFINITIONS	
	<ul> <li>Certified operator – Employee who has been trained through CFE 1910.178 PIT training.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Industrial truck – Any motorized/powered equipment used to lift or transport materials.</li> </ul>	
	• PIT - Powered Industrial Truck	
	• ITO – Industrial Truck Operators	TAB12
. V.	PROCEDURES	
$\bigcirc$	• Operator will document pre use checklist. (Completed daily checklist to be kept on file for one year).	
	• Operator will utilize seat belts at all times when operating PIT.	
	<ul> <li>Before use operator will ensure all protection and back alarm are operational and fire extinguisher present.</li> </ul>	
	• Operator will not lift loads greater than PIT's rated capacity.	
	• Operators will not exceed 5 mph or a "fast walk" during operation or PIT.	
	<ul> <li>Operators shall report all incidents resulting in injury or damage regardless of fault or severity to supervisor and/or safety director who will perform an accident investigation.</li> </ul>	
	• Operators will follow proper battery recharging or refueling Procedure.	
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**TAB12** 

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	Forklift Safety <u>Forklift Daily Checklist</u>	
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### MMC&E, LLC. CUTTING, WELDING, AND BRAZING

### I. POLICY STATEMENT

- Protecting our employees and customers involves proactively pursuing loss prevention including fire prevention at locations where we perform work. (Structural fires caused by soldering of copper pipe and fittings can involve staggering costs as well as damage to our reputation and the potential for people to be injured or killed.)
- In order to minimize our exposure and potential for loss, we have developed the attached policies and procedures to prevent fire on our jobsites.

### II. PROGRAM GOALS

- Protection of people, property and the environment while engaged in soldering or hot-work activities.
- The jobsite superintendents are responsible for the successful implementation and maintenance of this program at all jobsites for which he/she is responsible.
  - All MMC&E LLC. Employees share responsibility for ensuring a safe work environment. Employees engaged directly or indirectly in installation or assembly of plumbing systems at any jobsite are responsible for ensuring the safe and effective performance of soldering operations. These guidelines, site assessment tools and work permits are the minimum guidelines for ensuring a safe work environment.

TAB6

- - Welding/Hot Work Procedures Any activity, which results in sparks, fire, molten slag, or hot material, which has the potential to cause fires or explosions.

TAB6

• Examples of Hot Work - Cutting, brazing, soldering, thawing pipes, grinding and welding.

### V PROCEDURES

MMC&E LLC will ensure that all crews are properly equipped with appropriate tools and materials to assess, prepare and perform hot work. Crews are responsible for daily inspection and replacement of faulty or missing equipment. All crews should insure the proper working condition of all tools prior to leaving the yard location.

- CLASS ABC Fire extinguisher
- Heat Shield- must have at least one 6"x 9" flame and heat resistant pad
- Cool Gel- must have at least two squirt bottles of Cool Gel
- Caulk must have at least one tube of METACAULK, SPECSEAL Firestop Sealant, Fire Temp CI, LCI Firestop or like Sealant, on your truck at all times
- Eye protection
- Hand protection (heat resistant gloves)
- Shop broom/hand broom
- Dustpan or pail

#### Proper Use of Equipment:

- Fire extinguisher- must be in the house and available for use within 5 feet of where you are working.
- Heat Shield- must be placed between joint being soldered and any material that may be scorched or burned during soldering.
- Cool Gel- must be applied to all material near the joint being soldered before soldering begins and again after soldering has been completed.

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• Metacaulk- must be used to fill in cracks and holes through the wall in which you are soldering

TAB6

• Eye protection must be worn and hand protection should be used if desired or appropriate.

Proper Preparation of the worksite:

Each worksite must be inspected and approved for hot work prior to beginning any soldering, cutting or grinding. Foremen, lead-men or journeymen plumbers may inspect and approve an area for work. At a minimum:

- All insulation and loose debris must be removed from the work area. The area within three feet of where the soldering/hot-work activity will take place should be swept clean and all debris, sawdust and loose materials removed. Crews should sweep up loose materials and dispose of them away from the area where work will be performed.
- All holes and cracks should be sealed with <u>METACAULK, SPECSEAL Firestop</u> <u>Sealant, Fire Temp CI, LCI Firestop or like Sealant</u>. Wall board, insulation wrap material and other wall and sub-flooring material should be inspected for loose or free hanging sections, holes, or openings where smoldering material may be present after performing work. These areas should be secured or sealed with <u>METACAULK, SPECSEAL Firestop Sealant, Fire Temp CI, LCI Firestop or like</u> <u>Sealant</u>. (If the area of loose material is too large, greater than 1 foot or a hole larger than 2" in diameter that cannot be filled, crews should notify the site foreman and wait for approval to begin before starting hot work.) See instructions for soldering inside of walls.
- Protect yourself and the work area from fire risk. Portable fire extinguishers and/or fire watch should be posted at the area before lighting your torch. (Extinguishers must be fully charged. Partially charged fire extinguishers are not permitted and should be returned to the shop following use)
- Torch Tip should be the appropriate size for the joint you are soldering. Soldering torches should be inspected and tips clean of debris or foreign material prior to lighting the torch. Inspect your fuel tank and ensure all fittings are tight prior to lighting. Employees should ensure they have a "safe zone" perimeter (1 arm length in all directions) before lighting the torch.
- The whole work area should be sprayed with Cool Gel. When ready to proceed, crews should wet an area with Cool Gel, no smaller than 1 foot in diameter around the area where soldering torches will be used. (Where heat shields are used, the area behind the heat shield and around its perimeter must be wet with Cool Gel.)

- Heat Shield should be placed between the joint being soldered and material that may burn or scorch. Burning or scorching of wood or wallboard around the work area should not occur. If any scorching or burning occurs, work should be stopped and the area inspected for better application of the heat shield and wetting with Cool Gel.
- Heat Shield should be removed after soldering and Cool Gel applied to all material in the work area again. Reapply Cool-Gel to the entire area around where soldering took place. The area should be wet, but not saturated with Cool-Gel. If any smoldering material is observed spray the area directly with Cool-Gel until saturated. Extend the wet area around the smoldering area to form a perimeter barrier to prevent the spread of smoldering material.
- Soldering inside of a wall- the opening must extend 1 foot from the joint you are soldering in all directions. (If the opening does not extend one foot in all directions stop and seek direction from the site foreman.) If the opening extends in all directions, wet the interior of the area with Cool-Gel and install your heat shield behind the joint.
- When work is completed, do not leave the area for at least 30 minutes. Smoldering material and hot spots often will show signs of ignition within 30 minutes of completing work. You must re-inspect the area 30 minutes after finishing work to ensure there is no smoking or smoldering material.
- All workers should be aware of the nearest hose bib or water location on the jobsite.
- In the event that soldering activity results in burning material requiring the use of your fire extinguisher, you must do the following:
  - 1. Sound an alarm alert others in the area that you have burning material requiring extinguishment with fire suppression equipment.
  - 2. If the area is small and fire spread is not yet occurring, follow the directions on your extinguisher and discharge your extinguisher at the base of the burning material and spread outwards until the fire is out. Do not attempt to extinguish a fire that has begun to spread or shows evidence
    - that spreading is about to occur. Vacate the area immediately while sounding an alarm to others to vacate as well. Notify the site foreman and call or instruct them to call 911.

### TAB6

A. Notify others in the area that the fire is out. Do not leave the area. Hot spots may still be present and the fire could re-ignite. Wait a minimum of 30 minutes and sweep up the area around the fire. Re-spray the area of the fire with Cool-Gel until saturated. If the area remains cool and no evidence of fire is present. Notify the site foreman and proceed from the area. Inform your crew leader and complete an incident report immediately.

TAB6

Training:

All employees engaged in hot work or soldering activities are to receive training in proper soldering techniques according to the Copper Piping Institute. Training should be completed prior to performing work unless under the direction and supervision of a qualified licensed journeyman plumber.

• All employees will be trained to perform soldering using the new fire prevention procedures by their safety team leaders, or the designated company trainer.

• All trained employees will receive certification of training and must sign the course completion certificate in order to receive credit for the training.

 Training will be reviewed annually with each employee and documentation retained in their training file, or on hand at the location.

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## Soldering/Hot-work Site Inspection & Permit

This form must be completed and signed by the appropriate site person prior to and following work.

Location Address\_\_\_\_\_ Project Name\_\_\_\_\_

Date\_\_\_\_\_ Pre-inspection by:\_\_\_\_\_

Item number	Description .	Pre-work Initial by foreman, lead-man or journeyman	Post-work Initial by foreman, lead-man or journeyman
1	All safety gear is available and on the truck prior to leaving and prior to returning to the shop.		
2	Area cleaned of debris and foreign material		
3	Insulation material, wall board, sub-floor and wall studs inspected for loose segments, holes or openings. Openings filled with Metacaulk or like caulk product	11 17 166	
4	Soldering torches inspected and appropriate for use for the job.		
5	Fire prevention gear is available in the work area		
6	Heat shields and Cool-gel is available in the work area and is/was used in accordance with procedures		
7	Post work fire inspection performed (minimum of 30 minutes after completion of work)		

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Post Inspection by:\_\_\_\_\_

NUMBER OF STREET, STRE

Date:\_\_\_\_\_

**TAB6** 

### PART 5

### EMPLOYEE SAFETY ORIENTATION PACKAGE

The Employee Safety Orientation Package is used to communicate and train employees to the Company Safety Rules, Regulations, Policies, Programs and Plans.

The Employee Safety Orientation Package is to be reviewed and signed by all employees upon implementation of this Safety and Health Manual.

The Employee Safety Orientation Package is to be reviewed and signed by all NEW employees upon hire, but BEFORE the start of work.

# **Miller Mechanical**

## EMPLOYEE SAFETY ORIENTATION PACKAGE

#### Miller Mechanical SAFETY PROGRAM ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FORM

Miller Mechanical has a moral and business obligation to provide a safe work environment for its employees, subcontractors and the public. It is, therefore, the Company's policy to abide by the Occupational Safety and Health Standards and to initiate and maintain appropriate practices and procedures that promote safety in the work environment.

My signature below certifies that I have this day reviewed the Miller Mechanical Safety Manual.

The Safety Manual and Company Safety Rules were either read by me or reviewed with me by an employee of Miller Mechanical

I agree to be guided by the safety instructions issued by my supervisors and will report to him all unsafe conditions or practices observed on the work site.

I understand that any violation of the safety rules or refusal to comply with an OSHA "Safety and Health Regulation" is grounds for dismissal.

#### Miller Mechanical ACCIDENT REPORTING AND MEDICAL SERVICES

All accidents must be reported to the Safety Officer or the main office within 1 hour.

All eye, neck, back and knee accidents / injuries require immediate medical attention, no matter how minor.

Accident reports must be 100% complete and turned in to Safety Officer within 24 hours of accident.

Miller Mechanical has a current Panel of Physicians for occupational injuries.

There are at least (6) physicians listed for various services.

Except under emergency conditions, I will obtain first aid treatment at the work site for all injuries and will report to the supervisor before leaving to obtain additional medical attention.

A list of physicians and medical facilities for the company are available at the work site and I fully understand that I must choose one of the named physicians or medical facilities for an on the job injury.

I further understand that if I seek medical treatment elsewhere other than the listed physicians or medical facilities for an on the job injury, I shall be responsible for my own medical bills.

#### Miller Mechanical CONSTRUCTION JOBSITE SAFETY RULES

- 1. Use and/or possession of intoxicants, alcohol or drugs are not allowed.
- 2. Hard hats shall be worn by all employees on the jobsite.
- 3. Long pants and shirt with 4" minimum sleeves are required at all times.
- 4. Hard sole shoes are required no tennis shoes.
- 5. Eye protection, ear protection, and respiratory protection devices shall be worn when required.
- 6. Only authorized personnel are permitted to operate equipment / vehicles.
- 7. No riders on machinery or equipment. Seat belt use is required at all times. Riding in the back of trucks is prohibited.
- 8. All machinery must have operable backup alarms at all times. Seat belts shall be used on all vehicles and equipment.
- 9. No one shall enter a trench or excavation unless it is properly sloped, shielded or shored.
- 10. Report all accidents, unsafe conditions / practices and emergencies to your supervisor immediately.

#### Miller Mechanical EMPLOYEE CERTIFICATE OF AGREEMENT WITH SUBSTANCE ABUSE POLICY

I hereby consent to submit to specimen tests as shall be determined by Miller Mechanical in the selection process of applicants for employment, for the purpose of determining the drug content thereof.

I agree that Miller Mechanical may collect these specimens for these tests and may test them or forward them to a testing laboratory designated by the company for analysis.

I further agree to and hereby authorize the release of the results of said tests to the company.

I understand that it is the current use of illegal drugs that would prohibit me from being employed at this company.

I further agree to hold harmless the company and its agents (including the above named physician or clinic) from any liability arising in whole or part, out of the collection of specimens, testing, and use of the information from said testing in connection with the company's consideration of my application of employment.

I further agree that a reproduced copy of this pre-employment consent and release form shall have the same force and effect as the original.

I have carefully read the foregoing and fully understand its contents.

I acknowledge that my signing of this consent and release form is a voluntary act on my part and that I have not been coerced into signing this document by anyone.

I do hereby certify that I have received and read the Miller Mechanical Substance Abuse and Testing Policy.

I understand that if my performance indicates it is necessary, or in the case of random testing, I will submit to a substance abuse test.

I also understand that failure to comply with a substance abuse test request, or a positive result may lead to termination of employment and denial of unemployment benefits.

I understand that failure to submit to a substance abuse test, or a positive test result may affect my right to obtain workers' compensation benefits.

I further agree to and hereby authorize the release of the results of said tests to the company. Nothing in this consent form is to be construed as a contract between the parties.

Print Name

Signature

#### Miller Mechanical HAZARD COMMUNICATION ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FORM

My signature below certifies that I have read and understand this certificate. I know that this company has an active Hazard Communication Safety Program. I understand that my responsibility is to observe and follow safe work guidelines when working with hazardous products. I further understand the following:

Most hazards will fall into five broad categories:

- 1. Flammables and combustibles
- 2. Compressed gases
- 3. Poisons
- 4. Corrosives
- 5. Irritants

A hazardous substance can endanger our well being in four ways:

- 1. Inhaled
- 2. Ingested
- 3. Absorbed
- 4. Injected

Safety Data Sheets (SDS) contain the following information:

- 1. How to properly handle and store
- 2. Outline spill clean up procedures
- 3. Medical and first aid procedures

I know where the SDS, emergency supplies, and emergency phone numbers are located.

I understand how to read, interpret and use the SDS.

I will, when working with hazardous products in containers, follow the guidelines outlined on labels which explain the dangers of the product and the proper way to use this product.

I also understand that the hazardous chemical list, Miller Mechanical Hazard Communication Program, and the SDS are available for my review upon request.

I agree to observe and follow safe work practices while working for Miller Mechanical.

#### Miller Mechanical FIRE EXTINGUISHER SAFETY

- Four things needed to maintain a fire:
  - 1. Fuel
  - 2. Heat
  - 3. Oxygen
  - 4. Chain reaction

Take away any one of the first three and the fire will be out.

- Stay upwind of a fire when using a fire extinguisher.
- Stay back 8 to 10 feet from a grease fire because the force of the pressure / powder from the fire extinguisher may cause the grease to splash.
- The main three classes of fire extinguisher ratings:

Class A	Wood, paper, plastic
Class B	Flammable liquids
Class C	Electrical

• **PASS** is the word used to train people properly to use a fire extinguisher.

Pull the pin.
Aim the extinguisher at base of fire.
Squeeze the handle.
Sweep extinguisher from side to side from outside towards center of fire.

- A 10lb. B.C. rated extinguisher should be within 50'-0" of any 5 gallons of fuel.
- A 20 lb. B.C. rated extinguisher should be within 25'-0" maximum 75'-0" of any Liquefied Petroleum Gas tanks or any other fuel tanks greater than 5 gallons capacity.
- All fires no matter how small must be reported immediately to supervisor.
- Mount fire extinguisher: Minimum of 48" from the floor, but no more than 60" off the floor
- The distance one should stand from the base of the fire is written on the fire extinguisher. For example: (2 ½ lb.) Minimum distance is 6' (20 lb.) minimum distance is 12'.
- Everyone should check the fire extinguisher in work area daily to make sure it has adequate pressure and that the pin is still in the proper place.
- Fire extinguishers shall be serviced at least once a year.
- At each testing, a maintenance tag will be placed on the extinguisher to show the inspection date.

#### Miller Mechanical EMERGENCY PLAN

- 1. An emergency plan is a set of rules or procedures to be followed by all personnel in the event of an emergency.
- 2. The emergency plan is maintained by the company and is implemented by the Supervisor. The emergency plan determines the proper access / egress of emergency equipment and/or personnel into or out of the area, in case of emergency.
- 3. Supervisors will be directed to key locations, to assist in an emergency situation.
- 4. Each employee is expected to follow directions of supervisors and cooperate in any emergency action effort.
- 5. Personnel should evacuate the area in an orderly fashion, when instructed to do so by the supervisor.
- 6. If you become aware of an emergency situation or any injury, notify a supervisor immediately.
- 7. Notify supervisor of the location of emergency so that 911 can be called.
- 8. All personnel shall evacuate the area in an orderly manner and reassemble in the designated location.
- 9. All supervisors are responsible for knowing the location and number of employees at all times.
- 10. All personnel will be accounted for to ensure that everyone has evacuated the area.
- 11. Personnel are strictly forbidden to discuss project conditions, incidents, or emergencies with the owner, client, media, press or any person not associated with the emergency.

#### **Miller Mechanical**

#### 29 CFR 1910.134 Appendix D Information for Employees Using Respirators When Not Required Under the Standard

Respirators are an effective method of protection against designated hazards when properly selected and worn. Respirators use is encouraged, even when exposures are below the exposure limit, to provide an additional level of comfort and protection for workers. However, if a respirator is used improperly or not kept clean, the respirator itself can become a hazard to the worker. Sometimes, workers may wear respirators to avoid exposures to hazards, even if the amount of hazardous substance does not exceed the limits set by OSHA standards. If your employer provides respirators for your voluntary use, or if you provide your own respirator, you need to take certain precautions to be sure that the respirator itself does not present a hazard.

You should do the following:

- Read and heed all instructions provided by the manufacturer on use, maintenance, cleaning and care, and warnings regarding the respirators limitations.
- Choose respirators certified for use to protect against the contaminant of concern. NIOSH, the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, certifies respirators. A label or statement of certification should appear on the respirator or respirator packaging. It will tell you what the respirator is designed for and how much it will protect you.
- Do not wear your respirator into atmospheres containing contaminants for which your respirator is not designed. For example, a respirator designed to filter dust particles will not protect you against gases, vapors, or very small solid particles of fumes or smoke.
- Keep track of your respirator so that you do not mistakenly use someone else's respirator.

## Miller Mechanical LADDER SAFETY

All ladders shall be inspected prior to use.

The use of ladders with broken or missing rungs, broken or split side rails, or other faulty or defective construction is prohibited.

Portable ladder feet shall be placed on a substantial base, on a 4 to 1 pitch and the area around the top and bottom of the ladder should be kept clear and clean at all times.

Ladders shall not be used in a horizontal position as platforms, runways, or scaffolds.

Portable ladders shall be tied, blocked or otherwise secured to prevent movement.

All ladders shall extend 36 inches above the landing.

Avoid the use of metal ladders when the possibility of contact with electrical power exists.

Always clean mud or greasy substances from shoes before climbing up ladder.

Always face the ladder and hold on with both hands, whether climbing up or down.

It is dangerous to reach out too far from a ladder in any direction, keep your "center of gravity" as close to the ladder as possible. Move the ladder, as the work requires. Never "walk" or "scoot" ladders while in use.

Never use the top or the top step of a step ladder.

Never use a step ladder as a straight ladder.

#### Miller Mechanical HOUSEKEEPING / CLEAN UP

No one should create hazards for other workers and employees by leaving objects like pipes, carts, boxes, barrels and other trash / debris in the access path, walkways and work areas.

Housekeeping is an important part of our daily work. With the cooperation of everyone we can keep all areas clean, neat, organized and free from tripping hazards.

A clean workplace reduces fire hazards.

Housekeeping should be part of your continuous and DAILY routine.

Follow these steps to help keep your work areas clean and organized:

- Always check / inspect your workplace DAILY.
- Dispose of wastepaper, cardboard, lunch and/or break trash, shipping material, scrap material, etc. into the appropriate container DAILY.
- Clean up anything that is spilled on the floor as soon as possible.
- Keep all aisles, access paths, walkways clear of obstruction...these areas are for people access, not material storage.
- Store all materials neatly and keep them away from traffic access areas and walkway access areas.
- Use nonflammable containers for disposing of scrap and waste substances.
- Always put tools back in their proper places. Tools left on the floor are a hazard!
- Know all locations of first aid and fire fighting equipment.

Take time to think SAFELY!

## Miller Mechanical ELECTRICAL SAFETY

These regulations apply to electrical installations used on the job, both temporary and permanent installations:

- Extension cords used with portable electrical tools and appliance shall be of three-wire types. Grounds are never to be removed from the extension cords.
- Temporary lights shall be equipped with guards to prevent accidental breakage and/or accidental contact with the bulb.
- Temporary lights shall not be suspended by their electric cords unless cords and lights are designed for this means of suspension.
- Splices of any kind are not allowed. Electrical tape is not an equivalent replacement for the exterior sheathing.
- Electrical and extension cords or cables should not to be laid on floors, in walkways, etc., unless it is impractical to do otherwise. They should be suspended or secured in such a way as not to block or hang in walkways, hallways, doorways, or work areas.
- Panel boxes shall have a cover on them at all times, except when being serviced; and when a temporary cover is in place, it should be marked "DANGER HIGH VOLTAGE" to denote live current.
- Minimum working distances established by OSHA will be followed by unqualified and qualified electricians and workers. The OSHA 1910 Book and OSHA 1926 Book are used and referenced for minimum working distances. De-energized parts not locked or tagged shall be treated as live parts.
- Conductive materials or conductive equipment, such as ducts and pipes shall be avoided. If work is required around conductive material or conductive equipment safe work practices such as those included in this Safety Manual and items listed in Lock-out / Tag-out Program shall be followed.
- Conductive clothing or jewelry shall not be worn when electrical hazards are present, unless the clothing or jewelry is rendered non-conductive by covering, wrapping or other insulation methods.

Use these basic safety procedures when using electrical extension cords:

- Visually inspect the cord for damaged and exposed conductors. If the cord is in damaged condition, don't use it.
- Inspect to make sure the ground prong is in good condition and the cord provides a satisfactory ground for the electrical tools being used.
- Don't drag cords over rough surfaces and don't use them to lift or pull materials. Don't string electrical cords through water or oil and grease. Also, don't hammer nails or staples into cords.
- Disconnect electrical cords at the receptacle. When not in use, the electrical cord should be rolled-up and stored.
- Only round cords that are rated for heavy duty use are allowed on the jobsite. Never use flat power cords on a jobsite.
- Always use GFCI electrical outlets and/or GFCI "pig-tails".

#### Miller Mechanical EXCAVATION & TRENCHING

For any and all trenches more than (5') five feet deep, classify the soil as Class "C", slope sides of trench or excavation 1.5 feet horizontal to 1.0 feet vertical.

If a COMPETENT PERSON classifies the soil as Type "A" or Type "B" other slopes can be used.

Other alternatives are to use shoring and/or trench boxes.

All slopes and/or excavations greater than (20') twenty feet deep, MUST be designed by a registered Professional Engineer.

A COMPETENT PERSON is one who has been trained and is capable of identifying existing and predictable hazards in the surrounding work areas, and/or working conditions that are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous and who has the authority to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate the hazard. Also, the competent person must have the authority to stop work if a hazard exists.

A competent person must inspect / check all trenches, adjacent areas, and any protective systems for possible cave-ins, failure of protective systems, hazardous conditions, etc.

Inspections MUST be performed DAILY before work begins and/or when any worker enters the area.

Inspections must be performed after any rainstorm, any hazard-increasing occurrence and/or any other change in conditions.

In trenches deeper than (4') four feet, locate means of an exit, such as ladders, steps or ramps so that they are no more than (25') twenty-five feet of travel from anyone in the trench.

Supervisors are required to call U-Locate ... to locate utilities prior to excavation / trenching.

#### Miller Mechanical EMPLOYEE SAFETY ORIENTATION

I have been verbally and visually orientated and/or trained to all Miller Mechanical safety rules, regulations and/or policies. I have also been trained to the Miller Mechanical Safety Manual.

These items include, but are not limited to:

- Safety Acknowledgement Form
- Construction Jobsite Safety Rules
- Substance Abuse Policy
- Hazard Communication Program
- Safety Data Sheets
- Regular Safety Training
- Fire Extinguisher Safety
- Fall Protection Safety
- Emergency Plan
- Personal Protection Equipment (PPE)
- Ladder and Stair Safety
- Housekeeping / Clean-Up
- Electrical Safety
- Excavation and Trenching Safety
- Equipment Safety
- Crane and Rigging Safety
- Vehicle Safety
- Cell Phone and Electronic Device Safety
- Accident Reporting
- Safety Violation Warning System

Questions / Comments:



COMPANY SAFETY FORMS

#### Miller Mechanical COMPANY REPORT OF ACCIDENT

This form is to be used in conjunction with OSHA 301 Form

Jobsite:	Jobsite Number:
Date of Injury:	Name of Injured:
Age:	Employed By:
SS#:	Occupation:
Drug / Alcohol Test Performed? Yes	No
Description of Occurrence (Include location, time	of day, related details, and resulting injuries.)
Witness:	
Name:	Employed by:
Drug / Alcohol Test: Yes No	
Comments:	
Did any unsafe conditions exist?	
Did employee contribute to accident?	
Corrective action taken?	

#### Miller Mechanical SUBCONTRACTOR'S REPORT OF ACCIDENT

This form is to be used in conjunction with OSHA 301 Form

Jobsite:	Jobsite Number:
Date of Injury:	Name of Injured:
Age:	Employed By:
SS#:	Occupation:
Drug / Alcohol Test Performed? Yes	No
Description of Occurrence (Include location, time	of day, related details, and resulting injuries.)
Witness:	
Name:	Employed by:
Drug / Alcohol Test: Yes No	
Comments:	
Did any unsafe conditions exist?	
Did employee contribute to accident?	
Corrective action taken?	

# Miller Mechanical VEHICLE ACCIDENT REPORT

Date:	Name:	
State and City Accident Occurr	ed:	
	/ehicle:	
Description of Damage to Mille	r Mechanical Vehicle:	
Description of Damage to Othe	r Vehicles and/or Property:	
Description of Accident:		

#### Miller Mechanical SAFETY WARNING

On this date,	and time,
at this location	
employee (name),	
working for (company)	
failed to comply with the safety rules and/or policies:	
1 <sup>st</sup> Offense - written warning	
2 <sup>nd</sup> Offense - written warning, subject t	o termination
3 <sup>rd</sup> Offense - subject to termination	
Action taken to correct safety warning:	

Employee Signature

Date

#### Miller Mechanical OBSERVED BEHAVIOR / FOR-CAUSE RECORDING FORM

Name of Employee Observed:				
Location / Department:	Date:			
Time of Observation: From: AM To: AM	PM			
OBSERVED PERSONAL B	EHAVIOR (check all appropriate items):			
□ Normal     □ Normal     □       □ Incoherent     □ Confused     □       □ Confused     □ Sleepy     □	BALANCE       4. WALKING         Normal       Normal         Swaying       Stumbling         Staggering       Swaying         Falling       Arms Raised Forward         Falling       Reaching			
<ol> <li>Description of other observed actions or behavior indicative of possible drug use: (Be specific and objective).</li> </ol>				
6. Description of action taken:				
7. Name / Title of Observing Management or With	nesses:			
A. Print Name:	Sign Name:			
Title: Date:				
B. Print Name:	Sign Name:			
	Date:			

THIS FORM MUST BE PREPARED WHEN AN EMPLOYEE IS SUSPECTED OF DRUG USE.

#### Miller Mechanical END OF THE WEEK EMPLOYEE INJURY STATEMENT

Job Na	me / Location			
Superir	ntendent			
Circle	One			
I	have not	or	have	received any injury or been involved in any accident during the course of this week's work.
I	have not	or	have	witnessed any injury or accident during the course of this weeks work.

I am signing this form voluntarily for accident tracking purposes

Print Name

#### CONFINED SPACE PRE-ENTRY CHECKLIST

Date:	Time:			
Jobsite Name:				
Location on Jobsite:				
Purpose of Entry:		 		
Job Supervisor / Entry Supervisor Name:				
First Atmospheric Check:	Ovurgen	0/		
Time	Oxygen Explosive Toxic – H2S Toxic – CO	 % L.F. PPM	.L.	
		N/A	YES	NO
Hazard Source Isolation: Pumps or lines blinded, disconnected, or blocke	ed			
Ventilation: Mechanical Ventilation Natural Ventilation				
Atmospheric Check after Isolation and/or Ventilation:	Oversee	0/		
Time	Oxygen Explosive Toxic – H2S Toxic – CO	 _ % _ % L.F. _ PPM _ PPM	.L.	
Communication Procedures:				
Rescue Procedures:				
		 N/A	YES	NO
Entry, Attendants, and Supervisor persons: Successfully completed required training? Is training current?				
Equipment: Atmospheric gas monitor – pre-tested? Safety harnesses for entry persons / attendants Lifelines and hoisting equipment Communication equipment PPE & protective clothing All electric equipment non-sparking tools				

	YES	NO
Did your survey of the surrounding area show it to be free of hazards such as drifting vapors from tanks, piping or sewers?		
Does your knowledge of other discharges indicate this area is likely to remain free of dangerous air contaminants while occupied?		
Are you trained in operation of the gas monitor to be used?		
Has a gas monitor functional test been performed before monitor is used?		
Was the atmosphere of the confined space tested prior to entry?		
Did the atmosphere check as acceptable (no alarms given)?		
Will the atmosphere be regularly monitored while the space is occupied?		
Has the inside of the space been visually inspected and free of hazards?		
Has the outside of the space been visually inspected and free of hazards?		

If any of the above questions are answered "NO" ... DO NOT enter. Contact your immediate supervisor.

Periodic Atmospheric Test:

Time	Oxygen Explosive Toxic – H2S Toxic – CO	% % L.F.L. PPM PPM
Time	Oxygen Explosive Toxic – H2S Toxic – CO	% % L.F.L. PPM PPM
Time	Oxygen Explosive Toxic – H2S Toxic – CO	% % L.F.L. PPM PPM

I have reviewed the work task authorized by this pre-entry checklist and the information contained in this preentry checklist, is accurate.

Written safety instructions and safety procedures have been reviewed with entry / attendant persons.

Entry cannot be approved if any boxes are marked "NO", page 1 or 2. (If NO, proceed to Entry Permit)

By completing this pre-entry checklist, I have reclassified the entry to a NON-PERMIT required entry.

The checklist is to be kept at the jobsite, during duration of entry. Return job site copy to office following job completion.

Additional Information

#### **CONFINED SPACE ENTRY PERMIT**

ENTRY PERMIT VALID FOR ONLY 8 HOURS.

Date:	Time:
Jobsite Name:	
Location on Jobsite:	
Purpose of Entry:	
Entrants Name:	
Attendant Name:	
Entry Supervisor Name:	
Communication Procedures:	
Rescue Procedures:	
Hazards of the Confined Space:	
Method used to Eliminate Hazards:	
	N/A YES NO
Equipment: Atmospheric gas monitor – pre-tested? Ventilation equipment Back-up power and/or back-up fuel Secure surrounding area Safety harnesses for entry persons / attendants Lifelines and hoisting equipment for rescue Communication equipment PPE & protective clothing Fire extinguishers All electric equipment non-sparking tools Burning and/or welding "Hot" Permit	

Acceptable Entry Conditions:	Oxygen	Above 19.5% Below 23.5%		
	Lower Flammable Limit	Under 10%		
	Carbon Monoxide	Under 35 ppm		
	Hydrogen Sulfide	Under 10 ppm		
First Atmospheric Test: Time Periodic Atmospheric Test: Time	Toxic – H2S Toxic – CO Oxygen	% % L.F.L. PPM % % L.F.L. PPM PPM		
Time	Oxygen	% % L.F.L. PPM PPM		
Time	Oxygen Explosive Toxic – H2S Toxic – CO	% % L.F.L. PPM PPM		
Instrument(s) used	Model / Type	Serial # or Unit #		
Misc. Information / Comments:				
I have reviewed the work task authorize this Confined Space - Entry Permit, is a		Permit and the information contained in		
Written safety instructions and safety pro	ocedures have been reviewed wi	th entry / attendant persons.		
By completing this Entry Permit, I author	rize the work to be conducted in t	this Confined Space.		
The Entry Permit is to be kept at the job completion.	site, during duration of entry. Ret	turn job site copy to office following job		
Additional Information				

#### Miller Mechanical WEEKLY SAFETY TRAINING

DATE:	NUMBER PERSONS ATTENDING:
JOB NAME:	JOB #
NAME OF PERSON CONDUCTING TRAINING	
REGULAR TOPICS INCLUDE: PPE Re	quirements, any job specific topics, incidents, etc.
MAIN TOPICS DISCUSSED:	
ADDITIONAL TOPICS DISCUSSED:	
SUGGESTIONS OFFERED:	
Person Conducting Training Signature	Date
Attendee Printed Name	Attendee Signature

#### Miller Mechanical Fall Protection Training

	Date of Training
Attendee Printed Name	Attendee Signature

#### Miller Mechanical SAFETY INSPECTION REPORT

DATE:			
JOBSITE:			
<ul> <li>RECORD KEEPING</li> <li>A. Safety items posted?</li> <li>B. Safety Manual, Haz Com Program, SDS accessible to everyone?</li> <li>C. Weekly Tool Box Safety Training Session documented?</li> <li>D. All federal, state, local employment notices posted? Easily accessible</li> </ul>	YES YES YES ble? YES	NO NO NO NO	N/A N/A N/A N/A
COMMENTS:			
<ul> <li>PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT</li> <li>A. Hard hats, safety glasses, work clothes / boots - Worn by everyone</li> <li>B. Fall harnesses, guardrails or other fall protection measure used by a</li> </ul>		NO NO	N/A N/A
COMMENTS:			
FLOOR OPENINGS, PLATFORMS, HOLES, RUNWAYS A. Guardrails, in place? In good condition? Properly secured / inspecte B. All floor openings covered correctly and marked? C. All materials safe distance from building perimeter and secured? COMMENTS:	ed? YES YES YES	NO NO NO	N/A N/A N/A
FIRE PREVENTION <ul> <li>A. Fire extinguishers in place? Inspected?</li> <li>B. Fire watch in use at welding operations?</li> <li>C. Flammable gases, liquids stored/used properly?</li> </ul> COMMENTS:	YES YES YES	NO NO NO	N/A N/A N/A
PUBLIC AND PROPERTY PROTECTION A. Barricades, lights, and signs provided? COMMENTS:	YES	NO	 N/A
ELECTRICAL TOOLS         A.       Properly guarded, grounded, GFCI in use?         B.       Extension cords in good condition?         C.       Inspected frequently? .         D.       Path to ground permanent and continuous?	YES YES YES YES	NO NO NO	N/A N/A N/A N/A

HOUSEKEEPING			
<ul> <li>A. Work areas clean and materials stacked?</li> <li>B. Nails removed? Site free of trash and debris?</li> </ul>	YES	NO NO	N/A N/A
B. Nails removed? Site free of trash and debris?	YES	NO	N/A
COMMENTS:			
FIRST AID			
A. Sufficient supplies? Easily accessible? Protected from dust and weather?	YES	NO	N/A
COMMENTS:			
LADDERS AND SCAFFOLDS			
<ul><li>A. Erected properly? Guardrails / toeboards in use?</li><li>B. Work platforms fully decked? Secured?</li></ul>	YES YES	NO NO	N/A N/A
B. Work platforms fully decked? Secured?	TES	NO	IN/A
COMMENTS:			
CRANES AND HOISTS			
<ul><li>A. Is the equipment in good condition, brakes, cables, etc.?</li><li>B. Are the hoistway and swing radius areas adequately protected?</li></ul>	YES YES	NO NO	N/A N/A
C. Is the wire rope in good condition?	YES	NO	N/A
<ul> <li>D. Are the operating and signaling rules posted and followed?</li> <li>E. Are the load capacities posted? Log books up-to-date?</li> </ul>	YES YES	NO NO	N/A N/A
	TES	NO	IN/A
COMMENTS:			
TRENCHES AND EXCAVATIONS			
A. Easily accessible ladders or ramps?	YES YES	NO	N/A
<ul><li>B. Sides properly shored, braced, or sloped?</li><li>C. Spoils and equipment kept back safe distance from sides?</li></ul>	YES	NO NO	N/A N/A
D. Perimeter barricades in use and maintained?	YES	NO	N/A
COMMENTS:			
HAND TOOLS			
A. Are tools free of obvious physical damage?	YES	NO	N/A
B. Are handles on tools in a good condition?	YES	NO	N/A
<ul><li>C. Are tools cleaned and stored properly?</li><li>D. Are meters in good condition and operating properly?</li></ul>	YES YES	NO NO	N/A N/A
COMMENTS:			

#### Miller Mechanical SAFETY INSPECTION REPORT

Are employees wearing hard hats?	YES	NO	N/A
Do employees have safety glasses available?	YES	NO	N/A
Are first aid kits available?	YES	NO	N/A
Are all employees aware of the emergency action plan?	YES	NO	N/A
Are all fall protection devices in order?	YES	NO	N/A
Is the walking / working area free from trip and fall hazards?	YES	NO	N/A
Are all SDS's available?	YES	NO	N/A
Is the work area's free of trash and debris?	YES	NO	N/A
Are fire extinguishers available in work areas?	YES	NO	N/A
Are all power tools maintained and in proper working order?	YES	NO	N/A
Is the OSHA poster available?	YES	NO	N/A
Are ladders set up and used properly?	YES	NO	N/A
Do all workers know where the Haz Com / SDS book is?	YES	NO	N/A
Are subcontractors following safety requirements?	YES	NO	N/A
Are all hand tools free from splits and cracks?	YES	NO	N/A
Are all employees trained in the use of special equipment?	YES	NO	N/A
Is all temporary power protected by an adequate GFCI?	YES	NO	N/A
Are extension cords in good condition?	YES	NO	N/A
Is the Lock Out / Tag Out program being utilized?	YES	NO	N/A

Additional Comments

#### Miller Mechanical COMPETENT PERSON EXCAVATION DAILY INSPECTION

Date:	Time:		
Jobsite Name:			
Location on Jobsite:			
Type of weather:	Temperature: AM	PM	
Is the excavation less than 5 feet in depth?		YES	NO
Is 1.5 to 1 sloping of trench walls being used? Have all open excavations and trenches been inspected	d?	YES YES	NO NO
Is an Engineered report being used? Has the soil been classified (Types A, B, or C_	)?	YES YES	NO NO
Are the slopes at proper angles (1.5 to 1, etc.)? Is a trench box in use (the rated capacity is		YES	NO NO
Is a shoring system in use (aluminum, or wo	ood)	YES	NO
Have utility companies been notified by the "One-Call"? Are ladders, stairways, or ramps in use		YES YES	NO NO

If any of the above answers are "NO", a possible hazardous condition exists and the minimum OSHA Standards must be used and complied with in full (unless a slope of 1.5 to 1 is excavated for the trench walls) in all cases.

Are spoil piles located too close to the trench?	YES	NO
Are surcharge loads too close to the trench?	YES	NO
Are there tension cracks along the trench?	YES	NO
Are there shrinkage cracks in the trench walls?	YES	NO
Has water accumulated in the trench?	YES	NO
Has any soil sloughed off or caved in since yesterday?	YES	NO
Is backfilling of the trench being delayed?	YES	NO
Is there a layered soil condition present?	YES	NO
Are other construction activities near the trench?	YES	NO
Is there any vehicular traffic near the trench?	YES	NO
Are there any trees, boulders, signs, poles, etc. in area?	YES	NO
Are subsurface conditions different than was anticipated?	YES	NO
Are there other utility lines near the trench?	YES	NO
Any fluid leakage detected in the aluminum shoring?	YES	NO
Do wood shores need to be tightened?	YES	NO
Can the trench be classified as a "confined space"?	YES	NO

If any of the above answers is "YES", there is a changed condition which affects the soil classification and thereby affects employee safety. All work must cease until corrective action is taken and soil is reclassified.

Corrective Action Taken:

Comments:

Signature\_\_\_\_\_

#### Miller Mechanical SAFETY PROGRAM SUBCONTRACTOR ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FORM

My signature below certifies that I understand OSHA Safety & Health Regulations and that I understand Miller Mechanical has an active Safety Program and that I agree to follow these rules, regulations and programs while on Miller Mechanical work sites. I will report all unsafe conditions or practices observed on the work site.

I understand that any violation of the Miller Mechanical Safety Program or refusal to comply with the OSHA Safety & Health Regulations are grounds for removal from Miller Mechanical work site.

I understand that all Subcontractor employees, vendors, etc are required to follow OSHA Safety & Health Regulations and Miller Mechanical Safety Program as a minimum, at all times on the work site.

- Report all injuries, accidents and/or incidents to Miller Mechanical immediately.
- All Subcontractor employees must wear appropriate safe, construction clothing while on work site. (Hard soled shoes, long pants, full shirts with a minimum 4" sleeve, etc.)
- The proper Personal Protective Equipment, must be provided and used when required. Hard hats are required at all times on Miller Mechanical work sites.
- The work site, work area, storage areas, etc. will be kept clean and organized at all times. Subcontractors are responsible for continuous clean-up, daily clean-up, end of the activity clean-up, final clean-up, lunch / break area clean-up, etc.
- All tools (power and hand) and all equipment / vehicles must be in a good, clean, well maintained, safe condition to be on Miller Mechanical work sites.
- All electrical cords must be maintained in a good, safe condition.
- All employees on Miller Mechanical work sites must attend safety training at least once per week. Notes from safety training and attendance must be documented.
- Subcontractors must provide First Aid kits, medical services and emergency procedures for all its employees.
- Fresh, clean water and drinking cups must be provided for employees.
- Subcontractors must assure employee knowledge of the location of SDS sheets.
- Each Subcontractor must have a "Competent Person" onsite during construction activities. "Proof" of safety training and competency must be available at the work site.

Print Name of Subcontractor

Print Person's Name

Person's Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

#### Miller Mechanical Guide to Address Fall Hazards Construction Jobsites

Jobsite Name				
Jobsite Location				
Today's Date:				
Plan Effective Dates:	from	 to		
Name of Competent Person preparing this Plan (print):				

Criteria used to determine Fall Hazards as per Subpart M of CFR 29 Part 1926 (Construction):

		YES	NO
1.	Unprotected sides and edges over 6' above a lower level		
2.	Leading edge over 6' above a lower level		
3.	Hoist area over 6' above a lower level		
4.	Holes and/or skylights over 6' above a lower level		
5.	Work on formwork / reinforcing steel over 6' above lower level		
6.	Ramps, runways, other walkways over 6' above lower level		
7.	Working at edge or crossing over excavation over 6' deep		
8.	Working above dangerous equipment less than 6' below		
9.	Performing overhand brick laying or related work above 6'		
10.	Roofing work on Low slope roof over 6' above lower level		
11.	Roofing work on Steep roof over 6' above lower level		
12.	Engaged in precast concrete erection work above 6'		
13.	Engaged in residential work over 6' above a lower level		
14.	Working on, at, above, or near wall opening over 6' above LL		
15.	Any other walking / working surface above 6'		

List any area where there was a "YES" response:

1.

How do we address this hazard?\_\_\_\_\_

How do we address this hazard?   How do we address this hazard?	_	
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How do we address this hazard?	-	
	I	How do we address this hazard?

NOTE: Guardrail systems, safety net systems, or personal fall arrest systems <u>must</u> be considered first. Employees engaged in "leading edge activities", "precast concrete erection activities" or "residential construction activities" ... <u>after proving</u> it would be infeasible or more dangerous to consider one of those conventional three fall protection measures, may devise a fall protection plan that is adequate in preventing fall hazards.

Company policies:

Ladders:	In addition to the rules covered in Subpart X and our Company Safety Manual, Miller Mechanical also requires personal fall protection for employees working on a stepladder or supported ladder within 10' of an unprotected side, edge, or hoist area which is over 6' above a lower level. A second employee will hold and steady the ladder until the personal fall arrest system is installed for the employee using the ladder, and likewise when the same is removed.
Scaffolds:	In addition to the rules covered in Subpart L, Miller Mechanical also requires guard rail on all scaffolds on working surfaces over 10 <sup>4</sup> above a lower level.
Boom lifts:	Any and all employees in a boom lift will wear the proper personal fall protection devices which will be properly attached to a point in the basket so designated by the manufacturer.

- Hoist areas: Where guardrail has to be taken down temporarily, it is the strict policy of Miller Mechanical to establish a controlled access zone with a safety monitor and with working personnel attached to either a tether or a retractable lifeline. When the guardrail system is reinstalled, either the superintendent or site safety person will inspect before removing the CAZ and safety monitor. Should any of this occur after or before the working hours of the superintendent or safety person, the CAZ will remain until clearance is given to remove it.
- Holes: Holes over 2" in their least dimension must be covered, secured from moving, color coded and/or identified as a hole cover ("Hole Cover"). We will do this on any hole we create, and will inform the controlling contractor when our employees are exposed to such holes created by others and not properly covered, marked or guardrailed and toeboarded.
- Harnesses: Only full body harnesses are allowed; no safety belts. Lanyards shall be 6' or less in length and shall be made of synthetic fibers only. When using lanyards, a "shock absorber" shall be installed between the anchorage and the lanyard. When attaching the body harness to an anchorage using a retractable device, no shock absorber shall be used. Double locking snap hooks shall be utilized at all times. Snap hooks can only be attached to body harnesses or anchorages; never to another snap hook and never back to the same lanyard they are attached to.
- Anchorages: Anchorage points for most applications will have a capacity of at least 5000# and 3000# for retractables. Most scaffold manufacturers are on record as saying the scaffold shall not be used as an anchorage for fall protection; we concur. All anchorages shall be inspected by a competent person before utilizing, and such inspection shall be documented. Manufacturer's anchorages such as in an aerial lift need only be inspected at delivery and the before each use.

# Miller Mechanical Site Specific Safety Plan Construction Jobsites

Date Submitted:	 	
Name of Project:		
Project Address:	 	 

General

Our company safety manual has been written specifically for and tailored to Miller Mechanical. The Miller Mechanical safety manual addresses most of the hazards anticipated on this project.

A copy of our current Safety Manual and Safety Data Sheets will be provided upon request.

Site Specific Safety

1. Miller Mechanical's "Site Specific Safety Plan" and general safety rules and regulations are implemented by our Project Managers

Project Manager for this project

2. Identification of safety hazards, plan to address safety hazards and enforcement of safety rules and regulations will be conducted by our designated Supervisors / Competent Persons.

Name of Supervisor / Competent Person for this project

3. Weekly Safety Training Sessions are conducted. These weekly safety training sessions will address specific safety rules and/or site specific safety issues on the project. Weekly safety training sessions are documented and available upon request.

- 4. Miller Mechanical personnel and Miller Mechanical subcontractors are required to attend and participate in weekly safety training sessions.
- 5. The use of the necessary and required PPE and the inspection of the necessary and required PPE will be conducted by the supervisors and workers on the project.
- 6. First Aid kits will be available to Miller Mechanical personnel.
- 7. On site accidents and injuries are reported within one hour to the Miller Mechanical.
- 8. Required posters and safety signage will be available at general contractor office and at Miller Mechanical branch office and Miller Mechanical main office.
- 9. General SDS, company safety manual and site specific plan will be available at GC field office and company job truck.
- 10. Miller Mechanical has an active substance abuse policy in effect.
- 11. Safety violations are issued based on company enforcement disciplinary policy.
- 12. Miller Mechanical subcontractors are required to follow Miller Mechanical Safety Manual and Miller Mechanical site specific safety plans, as a minimum.
- 13. Please see attached list of "hazard assessment" and "hazard abatement".

Please contact me if you have any questions or additional needs.

Thank You,

Signature of Miller Mechanical Manager

Printed Name of Miller Mechanical Manager

Date

# **Miller Mechanical**

# Project Name:

# **Project Address:**

# Plan Prepared By:

Note: This plan is a reasonable effort to identify possible hazards and risks associated with this site. It is not comprehensive in nature and does not encompass all hazards, preventions or remedies for listed hazards. In the event the information contained in this Hazard Assessment and Abatement plan conflicts with OSHA 1926 code, then the OSHA 1926 code will prevail.

Hazard / Risk	Assessment	Abatement
Head Injury	Impact, falling / flying objects and electrical can cause injuries to the head	Personnel will wear hard hats when required by hazard and/or when client requires the use of hard hats
Eye / Face Injury	Flying or falling foreign objects can cause eye and/or face injuries	Personnel shall wear eye and/or face protection during drilling, cutting, chipping, sanding, grinding and scraping type of activities
Hearing Injury	Personnel can be subjected to loud noises from tools, equipment and activities	Personnel shall wear hearing protection anytime sound levels are above 90 decibels or long term exposure to loud noises
Hand Injury	Hands can be injured, cut or punctured when handling tools and/or materials	Personnel shall wear gloves or other hand protection when handling abrasive, heavy or sharp materials
Back Injury	Improper lifting techniques or attempting to lift too much can cause back injury	Personnel should lift items while bending at the knees. Also, personnel should get assistance when lifting large or heavy items
Foot Injury	Foot injury can result from exposed nails, falling objects and uneven surfaces	Personnel should wear work boots with a good sole and ankle support. Steel toe work boots should be worn when required
General Body Injury	Bodily injury can result from operations, activities, environment and other personnel	Personnel shall wear appropriate PPE. Personnel shall wear good clothing, work boots, long pants and shirt with a 4" minimum sleeve
Respiratory Injury	Dust, gases and vapors can result in injuries to the respiratory system	Personnel are required to wear respiratory protection when required. Ventilation, wet cutting, etc. shall be used, if possible
Chemical Hazards	Chemical hazards are present on jobsites and can be created with incorrect handling or usage	Safety Data Sheets will be available at client facilities, in company truck or a company offices

# **Miller Mechanical**

# **Project Name:**

# **Project Address:**

# Plan Prepared By:

Note: This plan is a reasonable effort to identify possible hazards and risks associated with this site. It is not comprehensive in nature and does not encompass all hazards, preventions or remedies for listed hazards. In the event the information contained in this Hazard Assessment and Abatement plan conflicts with OSHA 1926 code, then the OSHA 1926 code will prevail.

Hazard / Risk	Assessment	Abatement
Slip / Trip / Falls	Slip, Trips and Falls usually result from lack of traction, poor housekeeping and improper storage	Works areas will be kept clean and clear of obstructions. Storage areas should be stacked neatly and with adequate access
Tool Hazards	Tools can create hazards with missing or damaged guards, cords or switches	Tools will be inspected to assure in safe operating condition, guards are in place, cords are in good shape, including ground prongs
Ladder Hazards	· · · · ·	Personnel are required to be trained on ladder use and use proper ladders and proper ladder use techniques.
Fall from Elevations	Personnel can be injured from falls from elevations are a major source of accidents and injuries	Personnel shall never work from unprotected heights. Ladders, scissors lifts or aerial lifts shall be utilized.
Electrical Hazards		Personnel are reminded to wear appropriate PPE, not to work in proximity of energized electrical circuits or utilize Lock Out / Tag Out
Struck By Hazards	Personnel can be injured by being struck by falling, flying or moving objects, tools or equipment	Personnel are reminded to wear PPE, not work under suspended loads and to be aware of workplace surroundings
Caught In Between Hazards		Personnel are reminded to wear appropriate PPE, not to work in "pinch points" and to be aware of workplace surroundings

PART 7



# SAFETY DATA SHEET (SDS)

A Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is a fact sheet for a chemical which poses a physical or health hazard at you work site. SDS must be in English and contain the following information:

- Identity of the chemical (as used on the label)
- Physical hazards
- Health hazards
- Primary routes of entry
- Whether it is a carcinogen
- Precautions for safe handling and use
- Emergency and first aid procedures
- Date of preparation of last revision
- Name, address, and telephone number of manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party

If relevant information in one of the categories was unavailable at the time of preparation, the SDS must indicate that no information was found. Blank spaces are not permitted. If you find a blank space on a SDS, contact your supervisor.

Your company must have a SDS for each hazardous chemical it uses. Copies must be made readily available at your work sites. When you travel between work sites during the day, the SDS may be kept at a central location.

If there are workers from other companies at your work site, they must be made aware of the chemicals you use and the location of your SDS. They must do the same for you. All SDS can be at a central location and managed by the general contractor.

#### Labels and Labeling Requirements

Containers of hazardous chemicals must be labeled in English. Information may also be presented in other languages for non-English speaking employees, but English is required. It is required that labels contain the following information:

- Identity of the hazardous chemical
- Appropriate hazard warnings
- Name and address of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party
- Pictograms

On individual stationary containers you may use signs, placards, batch tickets, or printed operating procedures in place of labels.

Where the chemical is intended only for the use of the employee marking the transfer during his or her work shift, the company is not required to label portable transfer vessels. If, however, that vessel or container is transferred for use on another work shift, it has to carry a label.

#### How to Read an SDS

An SDS must precede or accompany the initial shipment but does not have to be physically attached to it. If you receive subsequent shipments of the same item, a new SDS is not required to be sent to you unless the chemical make-up of the product changes.

To ensure proper record keeping and maintenance of SDS, you should:

- Make sure any employee who purchases supplies for your company is on the lookout for SDS.
- Include a request for a SDS and a label that meets the requirements of the Hazard Communications Standard on all purchase orders.
- Ask for a SDS for any material bearing a label indicating it is a hazard unless a SDS is already on file.
- To deal with the multi-employer situation, you may request information from other contractors on the site about hazardous substances and chemicals known to be at the site.

While SDS will appear in many different formats, they will contain essentially the same information. The information on a SDS is extremely technical in nature and should be used as a reference or as a backup to information on a label. A SDS tracking OSHA Form 174 would offer the following information:

#### SECTION 1 – IDENTIFICATION

- 1. Chemical name, as it appears on the label.
- 2. Manufacturer's name and address.
- 3. Emergency telephone number in the event of an emergency involving the substance.
- 4. Date prepared and the signature of the preparer.

#### SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS / IDENTITY INFORMATION

- 1. Hazardous Components: Contains the specific chemical identity, its formula, and any common names it is known by.
- 2. OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL): PEL is the permissible maximum amount of the chemical a person may be safely exposed to without harm.
- 3. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists Threshold Limit Value (TLV): TLV is the concentration of a chemical in the air that can be breathed for five consecutive eight-hour workdays by most persons without harmful effects. It is generally expressed in parts per million.
- 4. Other limits recommended: Any other recommended limitation on the use of the chemical by any agency, scientific group, or organization should be included.

#### SECTION III – PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

- 1. Boiling Point: The temperature at which a liquid boils.
- 2. Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): Vapor pressure measures a liquid's tendency to evaporate. The higher the pressure, the faster it will evaporate.
- 3. Vapor Density: Indicates the weight of an equal volume of air. If a vapor is heavier than air (vapor density greater than 1), it will sink to the ground. If it is lighter than air (vapor density less than 1), it will rise.
- 4. Solubility in Water: Indicates whether the chemical can mix with water in any ratio without separating.
- 5. Appearance and Odor: A brief description of the chemical's color and smell.
- 6. Specific Gravity: Ratio of the weight of the material to the weight of an equal volume of water. The specific gravity determines whether the material floats or sinks in water. Specific gravity values less than or equal to 1 indicate that water should not be used to extinguish a fire involving the substance unless the water comes from automatic sprinklers.
- 7. Melting Point: Indicates the temperature at which a solid changes to a liquid.
- 8. Evaporation Point (Butyl Acetate 1): Indicates the temperature at which a substance evaporates.

#### SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

- 1. Flash Point: Indicates the lowest temperature at which a liquid gives off enough vapor to ignite in air when exposed to a flame.
- 2. Flammable Limits: Indicates the range of vapor concentrations which will explode when an ignition source is present.
- 3. Extinguishing Media: Materials suitable for putting out a fire involving the identified chemical. These fire fighting agents are: water fog, foam, alcohol foam, carbon dioxide, and dry chemical. The four classes of fire are:
  - Class A paper, wood, straw, cloth
  - Class B flammable and combustible liquids
  - Class C fire involving energized electrical equipment
  - Class D combustible metals
- 4. Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Indicates the chemical's special characteristics when it comes in contact with fire.
- 5. Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Indicates any special types of hazards requiring attention. The description will indicate whether the chemical is difficult to extinguish, will re-ignite spontaneously, and how it reacts with water and other extinguishing agents.

- 1. Stability: Indicates conditions that contribute to the stability or instability of a chemical when it is exposed to heat, pressure, or excessive shock during storage, use, misuse, or transport. Look to this section to identify specific conditions to be avoided.
- 2. Incompatibility (materials to avoid): Indicates various materials or conditions you must keep the chemical away from to avoid adverse reactions.
- 3. Hazardous Decomposition or By-products: Indicates gases or vapors which are released when the chemical is burned or decomposes.
- 4. Hazardous Polymerization: Polymerization is a chemical reaction when molecules of the chemical combine with molecules of another chemical to form a larger, different material. This reaction is accompanied by the release of large amounts of energy which can produce fire or other hazards. Polymerization can occur when the chemical comes in contact with certain plastics, rubber, or coatings.

#### SECTION VI – HEALTH HAZARD DATA

- 1. Route(s) of Entry: A chemical may enter the body either through inhalation, by contact with the skin or eyes, or by being swallowed.
- 2. Health Hazards: Indicates any long-term (chronic) or short-term (acute) effects on the human body.
- 3. Carcinogenetic: Indicates whether the chemical causes cancer.
- 4. Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: Indicates and describes the effects of exposure to the chemical and the most common resulting sensations.
- 5. Medical Conditions Severely Aggravated by Exposure: Indicates how the chemical will affect any preexisting medical conditions.
- 6. Emergency and First Aid Procedures: Indicates first aid procedures to use in order to reduce the hazardous effects of the chemical. The techniques covered will deal only with inhalation of the chemical, and skin or eye contact with it.

#### SECTION VII - PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

- 1. Steps to be taken in case Material is Released or Spilled: Indicates precautions such as avoid breathing gases and vapors; avoid contact with liquids. This section also gives recommended techniques to use in controlling land or water spills.
- 2. Waste Disposal Methods: Indicates proper disposal of the chemical and contaminated materials.
- 3. Precautions to Take in Handling and Storage: Indicates safe handling and storage procedures to be taken to avoid hazardous reactions.
- 4. Other Precautions: Indicates special precautions to use in handling or disposing of the chemical.

#### SECTION VIII - CONTROL MEASURES

- 1. The measures indicates in this section should be taken whenever the chemical is handled or disposed of during normal use. They are not measures to be used solely during emergencies or accidental spills.
- 2. Respiratory Protection: If needed, specifies type of respirators required by OSHA when the chemical is used, even as a precautionary measure in non-emergency situations.
- 3. Ventilation: Indicates ventilating systems needed to prevent over-exposure to the chemical. "Local exhaust" ventilation is a system with high speed and low volume. "Mechanical (general) ventilation" is the regular ventilation system used to heat / cool an enclosed area in a permanent facility.
- 4. Protective Gloves: Indicates whether or not gloves must be worn when the chemical is handled. If gloves are required for skin protection, the type of material they should be made of will be indicated.
- 5. Eye Protection: Indicates appropriate eye protection, such as face shields, safety goggles or glasses.
- 6. Other Protective Clothing: Indicates protective equipment and the materials they should be made of to effectively prevent skin contact.

SECTION IX – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES SECTION X – REACTIVITY AND STABILITY SECTION XI – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION SECTION XII – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION SECTION XIII – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS SECTION XIV – TRANSPORT INFORMATION SECTION XV – REGULATORY INFORMATION SECTION XV – OTHER INFORMATION [X] Insert SDS here ... OR ... separate manual ?

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# Caulk & Sealants

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# **Section A**

# **Section A** #1





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CALCULATION STATES		
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AND SECONDENSIT		
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Product name:	FS-ONE High Performance Intumescent Firestop Sealant
Description:	One-part acrylic-based sealant
Supplier:	Hilti, Inc. P.O. Box 21148, Tulsa, OK 74121
Emergency # (Chem-Trec.):	1 800 424 9300 (USA, PR, Virgin Islands, Canada); 001 703 527 3887 (other countries)

#### INGREDIENTS AND EXPOSURE LIMITS

Ingredients:	CAS Number:	PEL:	TLV:	STEL:
Polyacrylate dispersion	Mixture	NE	NE	NE
Calcium carbonate	001317-65-3	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (T)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (T)	NE
Zinc borate	138265-88-0	NE	NE	NE
Ammonium polyphosphate	068333-79-9	NE	NE	NE
Talc	014807-96-6	20 mppcf	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NE
Expandable graphite	012777-87-6	$5 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (T)	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (T)	NE
Ethylene glycol	000107-21-1	NE	C:100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (A)	NE
Polybutene	009003-29-6	NE	NE	NE
Iron oxide	001309-37-1	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NE
Glass filament	065997-17-3	NE	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (T)	NE
Silicon dioxide	014808-60-7	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (T)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (T)	NE
Water	007732-18-5	NE	NE	NE

Abbreviations: PEL = OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit. TLV = ACGIH Threshold Limit Value. C = Ceiling. STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit. NE = None Established. NA = Not Applicable. (T) indicates "as total dust". (R) indicates "as respirable fraction". (A) indicates "as an aerosol". mppcf = million particles per cubic foot.

	PHY	SICAL DATA	
Appearance:	Red paste.	Odor:	Odorless.
Vapor Density: (air = 1)	Not determined.	Vapor Pressure:	23mbar @ 20C / 68F
Boiling Point:	Not applicable.	VOC Content:	75.0 g/L.
Evaporation Rate:	Not applicable.	Solubility in Water:	Soluble.
Specific Gravity:	1.5	<b>pH:</b>	Not determined.
	FIRE AND EXP	LOSION HAZARD DATA	
Flash Point:	Non-flammable.	Flammable Limits:	Not applicable.
Extinguishing Media:	Not applicable. Use extin	guishing media as appropriate for surround	ding fire.
Special Fire Fighting Procedures:	None known. Use a self-c	ontained breathing apparatus when fighting	g fires involving chemicals.
1.1000441001			
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	None known. Thermal d and phosphorous.	ecomposition products can be formed suc	ch as oxides of carbon, sulfur
Unusual Fire and Explosion	and phosphorous.	ecomposition products can be formed suc	h as oxides of carbon, sulfur
Unusual Fire and Explosion	and phosphorous.	n An an an an an Anna Anna An Thài trainn an Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna An	h as oxides of carbon, sulfur Will not occur.
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	and phosphorous.	CTIVITY DATA Hazardous Polymerization:	
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Stability:	and phosphorous. REA	CTIVITY DATA Hazardous Polymerization: and oxidizing agents.	
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Stability: Incompatibility:	and phosphorous. REA Stable. Strong acids, peroxides, a	CTIVITY DATA Hazardous Polymerization: and oxidizing agents.	
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Stability: Incompatibility: Decomposition Products:	and phosphorous. REA Stable. Strong acids, peroxides, a Thermal decomposition c None known.	CTIVITY DATA Hazardous Polymerization: and oxidizing agents.	
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Stability: Incompatibility: Decomposition Products:	and phosphorous. REA Stable. Strong acids, peroxides, a Thermal decomposition c None known.	CTIVITY DATA Hazardous Polymerization: and oxidizing agents. an yield CO and CO <sub>2</sub> .	
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Stability: Incompatibility: Decomposition Products: Conditions to Avoid:	and phosphorous. REA Stable. Strong acids, peroxides, a Thermal decomposition c None known. HEALT None known.	CTIVITY DATA Hazardous Polymerization: and oxidizing agents. an yield CO and CO <sub>2</sub> .	Will not occur.
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Stability: Incompatibility: Decomposition Products: Conditions to Avoid: Known Hazards: Signs and Symptoms of	and phosphorous. REA Stable. Strong acids, peroxides, a Thermal decomposition c None known. HEALT None known.	CTIVITY DATA Hazardous Polymerization: and oxidizing agents. an yield CO and CO <sub>2</sub> . H HAZARD DATA	Will not occur.

HILTI ® is a registered trademark of Hilti Corp.

MSDS No.: Revision No.: Revision Date:

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#1

Carcinogenicity:	IARC classifies crystalline silica (quartz sand) as Group I based upon evidence among workers i industries where there has been long-term and chronic exposure (via inhalation) to silica dus e.g. mining, quarry, stone crushing, refractory brick and pottery workers. This product does no pose a dust hazard; therefore, this classification is not relevant. Based upon the nature an intended use of this product, it does not pose an increased cancer risk to workers.			
	EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES			
Eyes:	Immediately flush with plenty of water. Call a physician if symptoms occur.			
Skin:	Immediately wipe off material and wash with soap and water. Material can adhere to the skin. I material has adhered to the skin, use an abrasive containing hand cleaner. If material does not come off, buff with a pumice stone.			
Inhalation:	Move victim to fresh air if discomfort develops. Call a physician if symptoms persist.			
Ingestion:	Seek medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by a physician. If a large quantit was ingested, give 1 to 2 glasses of water to dilute. <u>Never</u> give anything by mouth to a unconscious person.			
Other:	Referral to a physician is recommended if there is any question about the seriousness of the injury/exposure.			
CON	NTROL MEASURES AND PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT			
Ventilation:	General (natural or mechanically induced fresh air movements).			
Eye Protection:	Not required, however, safety glasses should be worn in most industrial settings.			
Skin Protection:	Avoid skin contact. Cloth gloves are suitable for hand protection.			
Respiratory Protection:	None normally required. Where ventilation is inadequate to control vapors, use a NIOSH- approved respirator with organic vapor cartridges. Never enter a confined space without an appropriate air-supplied respirator.			
·	PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE			
Handling and Storing Precautions:	Store in a cool, dry area preferably between 40° and 77° F. Keep from freezing. Do not store in direct sunlight. Avoid contact with the eyes or skin. Practice good hygiene; i.e. always wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking. For industrial use only. Keep out o reach of children. Follow label/use instructions.			
Spill Procedures:	Immediately wipe away spilled material before it hardens. Place in a container for proper disposal in accordance with all applicable local, state, or federal requirements.			
	REGULATORY INFORMATION			
Hazard Communication:	This MSDS has been prepared in accordance with the federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.			
HMIS Codes:	Health 1, Flammability 0, Reactivity 0, PPE B			
DOT Shipping Name:	Not regulated.			
IATA / ICAO Shipping Name:	Not regulated.			
TSCA Inventory Status:	Chemical components listed on TSCA inventory.			
SARA Title III, Section 313:	This product contains < 3% ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1) and < 15% zinc borate (re: zinc compounds) which are subject to reporting under Section 313 of SARA Title III (40 CFR Par 372).			
EPA Waste Code(s):	Not regulated by EPA as a hazardous waste.			
Waste Disposal Methods:	Consult with regulatory agencies or your corporate personnel for disposal methods that comply with local, state, and federal safety, health and environmental regulations.			
	CONTACTS			
Customer Service:	1 800 879 8000 Technical Service: 1 800 879 8000			
Health / Safety:	1 800 879 6000 Jerry Metcalf (x6704)			
	1 800 424 9300 (USA, PR, Virgin Islands, Canada); 001 703 527 3887 (other countries)			

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct; however, no guarantee or warranty of any kind expressed or implied is made with respect to the information provided.





# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

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## **SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

**PRODUCT NAME:**3M FireBarrier™ Sealant IC 15 WB+**MANUFACTURER:**3M**DIVISION:**Building & Commercial Services Division

ADDRESS: 3M Center, St. Paul, MN 55144-1000

#### EMERGENCY PHONE: 1-800-364-3577 or (651) 737-6501 (24 hours)

<b>Issue Date:</b>	07/11/12
Supercedes Date:	09/16/11

Document Group: 19-9776-6

#### **Product Use:**

Specific Use: Intended Use: Fire Barrier Sealant Sealant

#### **SECTION 2: INGREDIENTS**

Ingredient	<u>C.A.S. No.</u>	<u>% by Wt</u>
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	30 - 60
Water	7732-18-5	10 - 30
Polymer	Trade Secret	10 - 30
ZINC BORATE 2335	138265-88-0	3 - 7
Sodium Silicate	1344-09-8	3 - 7
Fiberglass	65997-17-3	0.5 - 1.5
POLYOXYETHYLENE MONOOCTYLPHENYL ETHER	9036-19-5	0.1 - 1
SODIUM NONYLPHENYL POLYETHOXY ETHER SULFATE	9014-90-8	< 1
Quartz Silica	14808-60-7	< 0.5

# **SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 3.1 EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Specific Physical Form: Paste

Odor, Color, Grade: Light yellow viscous paste with a mild odor General Physical Form: Solid

Immediate health, physical, and environmental hazards: May cause target organ effects. Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

# 3.2 POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

#### Eye Contact:

Moderate Eye Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

#### Skin Contact:

Mild Skin Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching.

#### Inhalation:

Respiratory Tract Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include cough, sneezing, nasal discharge, headache, hoarseness, and nose and throat pain.

#### **Ingestion:**

Gastrointestinal Irritation: Signs/symptoms may include abdominal pain, stomach upset, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

May be absorbed following ingestion and cause target organ effects.

#### **Target Organ Effects:**

Prolonged or repeated exposure by ingestion may cause:

Kidney/Bladder Effects: Signs/symptoms may include changes in urine production, abdominal or lower back pain, increased protein in urine, increased blood urea nitrogen (BUN), blood in urine, and painful urination.

#### Carcinogenicity:

Contains a chemical or chemicals which can cause cancer.

<u>Ingredient</u> Quartz Silica <u>C.A.S. No.</u> 14808-60-7

<u>Class Description</u> Grp. 1: Carcinogenic to humans Regulation International Agency for Research on Cancer

# **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1 FIRST AID PROCEDURES

The following first aid recommendations are based on an assumption that appropriate personal and industrial hygiene practices are followed.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.
Skin Contact: Wash affected area with soap and water. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.
Inhalation: Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.
If Swallowed: Do not induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by medical personnel. Give victim two glasses of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention.

# **SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

# 5.1 FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

Autoignition temperature Flash Point Flammable Limits(LEL) Flammable Limits(UEL) No Data Available Flash point > 93 °C (200 °F) Not Applicable Not Applicable

OSHA Flammability Classification: Not Applicable

#### 5.2 EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Non-combustible. Choose material suitable for surrounding fire.

#### **5.3 PROTECTION OF FIRE FIGHTERS**

**Special Fire Fighting Procedures:** Wear full protective equipment (Bunker Gear) and a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: No unusual fire or explosion hazards are anticipated.

Note: See STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (SECTION 10) for hazardous combustion and thermal decomposition information.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate unprotected and untrained personnel from hazard area. The spill should be cleaned up by qualified personnel. Ventilate the area with fresh air. For large spill, or spills in confined spaces, provide mechanical ventilation to disperse or exhaust vapors, in accordance with good industrial hygiene practice. Warning! A motor could be an ignition source and could cause flammable gases or vapors in the spill area to burn or explode.

#### **6.2.** Environmental precautions

Place in a closed container approved for transportation by appropriate authorities. Dispose of collected material as soon as possible.

#### **Clean-up methods**

Observe precautions from other sections. Call 3M- HELPS line (1-800-364-3577) for more information on handling and managing the spill. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible. Clean up residue.

In the event of a release of this material, the user should determine if the release qualifies as reportable according to local, state, and federal regulations.

# **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### 7.1 HANDLING

Keep out of the reach of children. For industrial or professional use only. Avoid eye contact with dust or airborne particles. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water.

#### 7.2 STORAGE

Store under normal warehouse conditions.

#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Use in a well-ventilated area.

#### **8.2 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)**

#### 8.2.1 Eye/Face Protection

Avoid eye contact. The following eye protection(s) are recommended: Safety Glasses with side shields Indirect Vented Goggles

#### 8.2.2 Skin Protection

Avoid skin contact.

Select and use gloves and/or protective clothing to prevent skin contact based on the results of an exposure assessment. Consult with your glove and/or protective clothing manufacturer for selection of appropriate compatible materials. Gloves made from the following material(s) are recommended: Butyl Rubber Nitrile Rubber

#### 8.2.3 Respiratory Protection

Under normal use conditions, airborne exposures are not expected to be significant enough to require respiratory protection.

#### 8.2.4 Prevention of Swallowing

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash exposed areas thoroughly with soap and water.

#### 8.3 EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>Authority</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Limit</u>	Additional Information
Calcium Carbonate	OSHA	TWA, respirable	5 mg/m3	
		fraction		
Calcium Carbonate	OSHA	TWA, as total dust	15 mg/m3	
Fiberglass	Manufacturer	TWA, as dust	10 mg/m3	
	determined			
Quartz Silica	ACGIH	TWA, respirable	0.025 mg/m3	
		fraction		
Quartz Silica	OSHA	TWA concentration,	0.1 mg/m3	
		respirable		
Quartz Silica	OSHA	TWA concentration,	0.3 mg/m3	
		as total dust		

SOURCE OF EXPOSURE LIMIT DATA: ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists CMRG: Chemical Manufacturer Recommended Guideline OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration AIHA: American Industrial Hygiene Association Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL)

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Specific Physical Form: Odor, Color, Grade: General Physical Form: Autoignition temperature Flash Point Flammable Limits(LEL) Flammable Limits(UEL) Boiling Point

Paste Light yellow viscous paste with a mild odor Solid No Data Available Flash point > 93 °C (200 °F) Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable

**Specific Gravity** 

Melting point

Solubility in Water Volatile Organic Compounds VOC Less H2O & Exempt Solvents 1.4 [*Ref Std:* WATER=1]

No Data Available

Moderate < 2 g/l< 2 g/l

# SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.

Materials and Conditions to Avoid: 10.1 Conditions to avoid None known

**10.2 Materials to avoid** None known

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### Hazardous Decomposition or By-Products

<u>Substance</u> Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide <u>Condition</u> Not Specified Not Specified

# **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Please contact the address listed on the first page of the MSDS for Toxicological Information on this material and/or its components.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Not determined.

#### **CHEMICAL FATE INFORMATION**

Not determined.

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Waste Disposal Method:** For quantities <100 lbs. (50kg): dispose of waste product in a sanitary landfill. For larger quantities: Dispose of waste product in a facility permitted to accept chemical waste.

#### EPA Hazardous Waste Number (RCRA): Not regulated

Since regulations vary, consult applicable regulations or authorities before disposal.

# **SECTION 14:TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### **ID** Number(s):

42-0016-4768-6, 42-0016-4769-4, 42-0016-4770-2, 98-0400-5509-1, 98-0400-5510-9, 98-0400-5511-7, 98-0400-5512-5, 98-0400-5530-5

For Transport Information, please visit http://3M.com/Transportinfo or call 1-800-364-3577 or 651-737-6501.

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **US FEDERAL REGULATIONS**

Contact 3M for more information.

#### Section 313 Toxic Chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of that section and 40 CFR part 372 (EPCRA):

Ingredient	C.A.S. No	<u>% by Wt</u>
ZINC BORATE 2335 (ZINC COMPOUNDS)	138265-88-0	3 - 7

#### STATE REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

#### CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

Ingredient	<u>C.A.S. No.</u>	<b>Classification</b>
SILICA, CRYSTALLINE (AIRBORNE	SEQ677	**Carcinogen
PARTICLES OF RESPIRABLE SIZE)		-

\*\* WARNING: contains a chemical which can cause cancer.

# **CHEMICAL INVENTORIES**

The components of this product are in compliance with the chemical notification requirements of TSCA.

All applicable chemical ingredients in this material are listed on the European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (EINECS), or are exempt polymers whose monomers are listed on EINECS. This product complies with the New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act (1996).

Contact 3M for more information.

# INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS

Contact 3M for more information.

This MSDS has been prepared to meet the U.S. OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

# **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### NFPA Hazard Classification

Health: 2 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0 Special Hazards: None

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) hazard ratings are designed for use by emergency response personnel to address the hazards that are presented by short-term, acute exposure to a material under conditions of fire, spill, or similar emergencies. Hazard ratings are primarily based on the inherent physical and toxic properties of the material but also include the toxic properties of combustion or decomposition products that are known to be generated in significant quantities.

#### **Revision Changes:**

Section 1: Product name was modified.

Section 3: Potential effects from skin contact information was modified.

Section 3: Potential effects from ingestion information was modified.

Section 7: Handling information was modified.

Section 4: First aid for skin contact - decontamination - was modified.

Section 4: First aid for skin contact - medical assistance - was modified.

Section 3: Immediate other hazard(s) was modified.

Page Heading: Product name was modified.

Section 15: Inventories information was modified.

Section 5: Flash point information was modified.

Section 9: Flash point information was modified.

Section 14: ID Number(s) Template 1 was modified.

Section 2: Ingredient table was modified.

Section 8: Exposure guidelines ingredient information was modified.

Section 6: Personal precautions information was modified.

Copyright was modified.

Section 3: Other potential health effects heading was added.

Section 3: Other health effects information was added.

Section 15: California proposition 65 ingredient information was added.

Section 15: California proposition 65 heading was added.

Section 15: California proposition 65 cancer warning was added.

Section 3: Carcinogenicity comment was deleted.

Section 4: First aid for skin contact - termination of exposure - was deleted.

Section 4: First aid for skin contact - handling - was deleted.

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MSDS Name: POLYSEAMSEAL(R) ALL-PURPOSE ADHESIVE CAULK MSDS Number: 1151099 Version Number 4 Revision Date: October 23, 2009 Page Number: 1

#### SECTION I - PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION

Product Name:	POLYSEAMSEAL (R)	ALL-PURPOSE 2	ADHESIVE
	CAULK		
HMIS Hazard Rating:	Health: 1 Fire:	0 Reactivity:	0 PPE: B

Company Identification: HENKEL CORPORATION 7405 PRODUCTION DRIVE MENTOR OH 44060

Contact (24 hour): Customer Affairs (800)624-7767 Information phone/Fax: CHEMTREC Emergency (24 hour) (800) 424-9300

Product Class CAULK
Trade Name POLYSEAMSEAL
Product Code

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SECTION II - INGREDIENT AND HAZARD INFORMATION Hazardous Ingredient Name	CAS Number	Percent	TSCA
N-Butyl Acetate	0123-86-4	< 5.0	Y
Titanium Dioxide **	13463-67-7	< 5.0	Y
Ethylene Glycol	107-21-1	< 5.0	Y

#### Ingredient Notes:

Remaining ingredients are not considered OSHA hazardous. \*\*The main hazard for Titanium Dioxide is dust inhalation. Because of its incorporation into the caulk, exposure by inhalation is unlikely.

------SECTION III - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES High viscosity caulk Form: White & colors Appearance/Color: Banana odor Odor: yes Solubility (in water): 7.5 pH Value, +/-.3: 212.°F (100.°C) Boiling Range: 15.0 68.°F (20.°C) Vapor Pressure (mmHg): 0.5 times Slower than n-Butyl Acetate Evaporation Rate:

Section A

Section A

#3

MSDS Name: POLYSEAMSEAL(R) ALL-PURPOSE ADHESIVE CAULK MSDS Number: 1151099 Version Number 4 Revision Date: October 23, 2009 Page Number: 2 \_\_\_\_\_ Heavier than air Vapor Density: % Volatile, Weight approx. 30.% approx. 45.% % Volatile, Volume Specific Gravity: 1.245 VOC (less H20 or exempt) 72 Gr/L, 3.9% NOTE: Freeze Point : 32 Deg F SECTION IV - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES Flammability Class N/A 119.°F (48.33°C) Flash Point: Tag Closed Cup Explosive Range (LEL/UEL): Not Available EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Dry chemical -- Carbon Dioxide -- Foam -- Water Fog Will not burn in wet state. SPECIAL FIRE-FIGHTING PROCEDURES: Water may be used to cool and protect exposed containers. Caution should be taken because uncured material is water soluble. UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Any closed container may burst when exposed to extreme heat or fire. \_\_\_\_\_ SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA Exposure and Dose Species Route ROUTES OF ENTRY: ENTRY THROUGH... Inhalation and skin most likely CARCINOGENICITY... NO IARC Monographs? N/E OHSA? NTP? N/E EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE Inhalation: May cause nose or throat irritation. Skin/Eye Contact: May cause irritation. Ingestion: Swallowing large amounts may cause nausea, ( an unlikelyroute of entry ) vomiting. FIRST AID MEASURES If affected by inhalation, remove to fresh air. Inhalation: Eye Contact: Flush with water for at least 15 minutes, and get prompt medical attention.

MSDS Name: POLYSEAMSEAL(R) ALL-PURPOSE ADHESIVE CAULK MSDS Number: 1151099 Version Number 4 Revision Date: October 23, 2009 Page Number: 3

Skin Contact: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Ingestion: Drink water, and get medical attention.

N/A= Not applicable N/AV=Not available N/E, N/est=Not established

#### CHRONIC HAZARDS

\*\*\*\*\*\*

Swallowing ETHYLENE GLYCOL may cause gastrointestinal irritation. Butyl Acetate: Vapor harmful. May affect brain and nervous system causing dizziness, headaches or nausea. May cause severe eye irritation upon eye contact. NOTICE: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain, nervous system, liver or kidney damage or may cause cardiac arrhythmia. INTENTIONAL misuse of this product by deliberately inhaling its vapors may be harmful or fatal. \_\_\_\_\_ SECTION VI - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY Product is stable under normal storage conditions Stability: Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions INCOMPATABILITY: None CONDITIONS TO AVOID: None HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: May produce oxides of carbon and oxides of nitrogen when burned. \_\_\_\_\_ SECTION VII - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE AND DISPOSAL MEASURES: STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE OF SPILL: Wear appropriate protective clothing. Add dry absorbent and shovel or sweep up. Place in an appropriate container and seal. WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State, and Local regulations. \_\_\_\_\_ SECTION VIII - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION Occupational Exposure Limits ACGIH TLV ACGIH TLV-C ACGIH STEL OSHA STEL OSHA PEL N-Butyl Acetate 150.00 PPM N/est 200.00 PPM 200.00 PPM 150.00 PPM Titanium Dioxide \*\* 10.00 mg/F3 N/est

N/est

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Section A

15.00 mg/F3

N/est

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET MSDS Name: POLYSEAMSEAL(R) ALL-PURPOSE ADHESIVE CAULK MSDS Number: 1151099 Version Number 4 Revision Date: October 23, 2009 4 Page Number: Ethylene Glycol N/est 100.00 mg/M3 N/est N/est 50.00 PPM RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: NIOSH respirators recommended if vapors and mists are generated. VENTILATION: Local exhaust is recommended for safe practice. PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: Gloves and clothing should be worn to prevent repeated skin contact. EYE PROTECTION: Eye protection should be worn. HANDLING AND STORAGE PRECAUTIONS: Keep away from heat. Keep from freezing. Keep containers closed when not in use. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Keep out of the reach of children. -----SECTION IX - TRANSPORT INFORMATION: (not all sizes available) GROUND TRANSPORT (DOT) - DOMESTIC Caulking compound, Non Regulated AIR TRANSPORT (DOT) - DOMESTIC Caulking compound, Non Regulated AIR TRANSPORT ( IATA ) - INTERNATIONAL Caulking compound, Non Regulated MARINE - OCEAN TRANSPORT ( IMDG ) Caulking compound, Non Regulated \_\_\_\_\_ SECTION X - REGULATORY INFORMATION: SARA TITLE III SECTION 313: This product contains the following toxic chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right to Know Act of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372: CAS Number Percent Ingredient Name 107-21-1 < 5.0 Ethylene Glycol

Section A

#3

All chemical substances are TSCA listed.

MSDS Name: POLYSEAMSEAL(R) ALL-PURPOSE ADHESIVE CAULK MSDS Number: 1151099 Version Number 4 Revision Date: October 23, 2009 Page Number: 5 California PROP.65 Chemicals: none known

#### DISCLAIMER:

The information contained herein is based on data available as of the date of preparation of this MSDS and which we believe to be reliable. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of the data. We shall not be responsible for the use of this information, or of any product, method, apparatus mentioned, and user must make his own investigation to determine the suitability of the information or products for his particular purpose, for the protection of the environment, and the health & safety of the users of this material.

# PFC500 Series



# 100% Silicone Sealant

#### DESCRIPTION

PROFLO 100% SILICONE SEALANTS are one-part sealants that offer excellent adhesion, weatherability and elasticity for general glazing and sealing applications. Available in translucent and white. Cured sealant is mildew resistant. Meets Specifications: TT-S-00230C: TT-S-001543A/ASTM C-920.

#### **MODEL NUMBERS**

PFC500ALU 10.1 oz cartridge, Aluminum PFC500CLR 10.1 oz cartridge, Clear PFC500WHT 10.1 oz cartridge, White

#### **PROMINENT FEATURES**

- Excellent adhesion with lasting flexibility
- Easy Soap and water clean-up
- Interior/Exterior
- Cured sealant is mildew resistant.

#### **BASIC USES**

Indoor/Outdoor, Sealing: Glass, metal, granite and plastic. General Sealing: Sheet metal, skylights, ventilators, air conditioning, metal/plastic signs, glass block structures, bedding of marine hardware, PROFLO 100% SILICONE SEALANTS exhibit typical silicone sealant resistance to the environments encountered in general purpose glazing and sealing applications. These environments include ultraviolet radiation, ozone, high and low temperature extremes and hydrolytic stability (high temperature and humidity).

#### **COVERAGE**

A 1/8" X 1/4" bead will yield approximately 50 linear feet of sealant per 10.1 oz cartridge.

Made in U.S.A.

#### SURFACE PREPARATION

All surfaces must be firm and free of dirt, oil, Areas adjacent to joints should be grease, efflorescence, mildew and all loose material. Wire brush unsound masonry for a firm surface. Apply only when sealant and surface temperatures are above 50°F (10°C). To remove mildew, scrub with a solution of 3 heaping teaspoonful of Trisodium Phosphate (TSP), 1 quart of Hypochlorite Household bleach and 3 quarts of warm water (wear protective goggles and impervious gloves. Follow manufacturer's directions when working with cleaning solutions). Rinse thoroughly and allow to dry.

#### JOINT DESIGN AND DIMENSIONS

Silicone sealants should be no thicker than 3/8' and no thinner than 1/8'. The use of a bond breaker prevents three-sided adhesion. Polyethylene or polyurethane foam rods are recommended as back-up materials. If the joint is too shallow to allow foam rod, use a bond breaker tape. The width of building expansion joints varies because of seasonal and daily changes in temperature. The designed joint width must be at least four times the expected thermal movement.

#### **INSTALLATION**

SURFACE PREPARATION: Sealant bonding PACKAGING surfaces should be sound, clean, dry and free of contamination. Use isopropyl alcohol wipe to clean surface.

#### PRIMERS

On glass and glazed surfaces, primers are not required. Appropriate primer may be required on plastics and other construction materials for maximum adhesion. It is recommended that a bead of sealant be applied to the substrate material to test adhesion prior to general job use.

#### MASKING

masked, preferably before priming, if it is necessary to obtain a neat sealant line.

#### **METHOD OF APPLICATION**

**PROFLO 100% SILICONE SEALANTS** can be applied directly from plastic caulking cartridges with handgun or pressure equipment. PRO FLO 100% SILICONE SEALANT is supplied as a ready-to-use, onepart sealant with a lightweight consistency. This consistency remains relatively unchanged over a temperature range of -35°F to 140°F (-37°C to 60°C), allowing the sealant to be easily gunned in any season, to clean, dry, frostfree surfaces. While PROFLO 100% SILICONE SEALANT is gunnable at temperatures as low as -35°F, the



cure rate will be very slow below 40°F. Additionally, the sealant may not cure to its design properties if cured at temperatures over 100°F.

**PROFLO 100% SILICONE SEALANTS sealant is** available in 10.1 oz. cartridges. When solvents are used, proper safety precautions must be observed. Maximum recommended pressure for air-operated guns with caulking cartridges is 45 psi (3.2 kgs/ cm2).

#### STORAGE

Do not stock containers below 40°F. Warm to above 50°F prior to use. Storage in direct sunlight or excessive heat will reduce working time and shelf life.

> CAUTION! DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. KEEP FROM FREEZING.

# **PFC500 Series**

Section A #4 **PROFLO** 

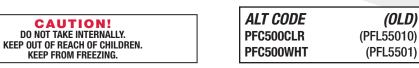
# 100% Silicone Sealant

#### LIMITATIONS

- 100% silicone is not paintable
- Not For: Structural Glazing
- Not For: Concrete, Marble, Limestone, Lead, Zinc, or Below Water
- Should not be applied to reflecting, high gloss, or light-colored surfaces where aesthetics are critical, until adequate on-site sealant, surface and ambient atmospheric tests simulating building design are conducted to ascertain material compatibility and migration to adjacent surfaces under actual use conditions.
- Not recommended for mirror installations without the approval of the mirror manufacturer. Typical product data values should not be used as specifications. The use of these adhesive sealants is subject to the following conditions:
- The adhesive sealant is applied in accordance with Good Manufacturing Practice at a thickness not to exceed 6 mm (¼ in.) from an exposed edge.
- As a continuous film between joints acting as a functional barrier between the food and the substrate (area underneath the joint).
- The adhesive sealant must be cured for a minimum of 14 days at 25°C (77°F) and 50% R.H.
- The operating temperature of the adhesive sealant after cure must not exceed 177°C (350°F). All previously mentioned adhesive sealants must be evaluated to determine bond strength for each specific application. If greater adhesion is required, the evaluation of appropriate primer is recommended.

Typical Properties - Supplied	Test method	PFC500
Tooling time	Lab value	15 min.
% solids by weight	Lab value +/- 1%	100
% solids by volume	Lab value	100
Viscosity	Semco - 1/8" orifice	500 grams/min.
Specific Gravity (water = 1)		1.00
Physical Form	Observation	Paste
Color	Observation	White Clear
Odor	Subjective	Acetic acid
Tack free time in minutes	ASTM D2377	30 min.
Paint Over Time		Not Paintable
Full Cure Time		24 hours
Freeze/Thaw Stability	C731	Will Not Freeze
Temperature Application Range		40F to 120F
Volatile Organic Content Weight %	Calculated	CARB Non-chem curing (n.a) < 3.0%
VOC excl. H20 (G/L):		36.00
Flash Point	Estimated	> 93 °C; 199 °F
Shelf life		24 month
<b>Typical Properties - Cured</b>		
Joint Movement Capability		+/-25%
Temperature Service Range (after cure)		-60F to 400F
Slump inch.	ASTM D2202	NONE
Durometer hardness	ASTM D2240	25
Paintable		NO
Cleanup		Mineral Spirits
Typical Properties (Silicone Only) - Cured		
Tensile Strength		213
Elongation		328





Made in U.S.A.	



# XIAMETER(R) Material Safety Data Sheet

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## DAP(R) KITCHEN & BATH MILDEW RESISTANT SILICONE SEALANT WHITE, 8640

#### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE AND OF THE COMPANY

Dow Corning Corporation South Saginaw Road Midland, Michigan 48686 
 24 Hour Emergency Telephone:
 (989) 496-5900

 Customer Service:
 (989) 496-6000

 Product Disposal Information:
 (989) 496-6315

 CHEMTREC:
 (800) 424-9300

MSDS No.: 04061388

Revision Date: 2006/01/24

Generic Description: Silicone elastomer Physical Form: Paste Color: See product name Odor: Acetic acid odor

NFPA Profile: Health 2 Flammability 1 Instability/Reactivity 0

Note: NFPA = National Fire Protection Association

#### 2. OSHA HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS CAS Number Wt % **Component Name** PMN871176 Dimethyl siloxane, trimethoxysilyl-terminated <=7.0 64742-46-7 5.0 - 10.0 Hydrotreated middle petroleum distillates 17689-77-9 1.0 - 5.0 Ethyltriacetoxysilane 1.0 - 5.0 Methyltriacetoxysilane 4253-34-3 7429-90-5 Aluminum <=1.4 The above components are hazardous as defined in 29 CFR 1910.1200.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Acute Effects

Eye: Direct contact may cause moderate irritation.

Skin: May cause moderate irritation.

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# XIAMETER(R) Material Safety Data Sheet

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# DAP(R) KITCHEN & BATH MILDEW RESISTANT SILICONE SEALANT WHITE, 8640

Inhalation: Material is not likely to present an inhalation hazard at ambient conditions. However, if material is heated or high vapor/aerosol concentrations are attained, central nervous system depression may occur, which is characterized by drowsiness, dizziness, confusion or loss of coordination.

Oral: May cause vomiting.

Prolonged/Repeated Exposure Effects

Skin: No known applicable information.

Inhalation: No known applicable information.

Oral: No known applicable information.

Signs and Symptoms of Overexposure

No known applicable information.

Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

No known applicable information.

The above listed potential effects of overexposure are based on actual data, results of studies performed upon similar compositions, component data and/or expert review of the product. Please refer to Section 11 for the detailed toxicology information.

4. FIRST AID MEA	SURES
Eye:	Immediately flush with water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
Skin:	Remove from skin and wash thoroughly with soap and water or waterless cleanser. Get medical attention if irritation or other ill effects develop or persist.
Inhalation:	Material is not likely to present an inhalation hazard at ambient conditions. If material is heated or vapor/mist/dust/fumes are generated, care should be taken to prevent inhalation. In case of exposure to vapor/mist/dust/fumes, move to fresh air.
Oral:	Get medical attention. Do not induce vomiting.
Comments:	Treat according to person's condition and specifics of exposure.

#### **5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Flash Point:Not applicable.Autoignition Temperature:Not determined.Flammability Limits in Air:Not determined.

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# XIAMETER(R) **Material Safety Data Sheet**

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Section A

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# DAP(R) KITCHEN & BATH MILDEW RESISTANT SILICONE SEALANT WHITE, 8640

Extinguishing Media: On large fires use dry chemical, foam or water spray. On small fires use carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical or water spray. Water can be used to cool fire exposed containers.

Fire Fighting Measures: Self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing should be worn in fighting large fires involving chemicals. Determine the need to evacuate or isolate the area according to your local emergency plan. Use water spray to keep fire exposed containers cool.

Unusual Fire Hazards: None.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal breakdown of this product during fire or very high heat conditions may evolve the following hazardous decomposition products: Carbon oxides and traces of incompletely burned carbon compounds. Silicon dioxide. Formaldehyde. lodine compounds. Sulfur oxides. Metal oxides. Nitrogen oxides.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Observe all personal protection equipment recommendations described in Sections 5 and 8. Containment/Clean up: Wipe up or scrape up and contain for salvage or disposal. Clean area as appropriate since spilled materials, even in small quantities, may present a slip hazard. Final cleaning may require use of steam, solvents or detergents. Dispose of saturated absorbant or cleaning materials appropriately, since spontaneous heating may occur. Local, state and federal laws and regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which federal, state and local laws and regulations are applicable. Sections 13 and 15 of this MSDS provide information regarding certain federal and state requirements.

Note: See section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment for Spills. Call (989) 496-5900, if additional information is required.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Use with adequate ventilation. Product evolves acetic acid (HOAc) when exposed to water or humid air. Provide ventilation during use to control HOAc within exposure guidelines or use respiratory protection. Avoid eye contact. Avoid skin contact. Do not take internally. Avoid breathing vapor. Keep container closed.

Use reasonable care and store away from oxidizing materials. Keep container closed and store away from water or moisture.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

**Component Exposure Limits** 

CAS Number Component Name Exposure Limits

64742-46-7

Hydrotreated middle petroleum distillates OSHA PEL (final rule) and ACGIH TLV for oil mists: TWA 5

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# XIAMETER(R) Material Safety Data Sheet

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# DAP(R) KITCHEN & BATH MILDEW RESISTANT SILICONE SEALANT WHITE, 8640

	•			
		mg/m3.		
17689-77-9	Ethyltriacetoxysilane	See acetic acid comments.		
4253-34-3	Methyltriacetoxysilane	See acetic acid comments.		
7429-90-5	Aluminum	OSHA PEL (final rule): TWA 15 mg/m3 total dust, 5 mg/3 respirable dust. ACGIH TLV: TWA 10 mg/m3.		
	formed upon contact with water or humid OSHA PEL: TWA 10 ppm and ACGIH TL	air. Provide adequate ventilation to control exposures within V: TWA 10 ppm, STEL 15 ppm.		
Engineering Co	ontrols			
Local Ventilation General Ventilati				
Personal Protect	ctive Equipment for Routine Handling			
Eyes:	Use proper protection - safety	glasses as a minimum.		
Skin:		shift. Contaminated clothing and shoes should be removed as hly cleaned before reuse. Chemical protective gloves are		
Suitable Gloves:	Butyl Rubber. Nitrile Rubber.			
Inhalation:	assessment demonstrates that	ess adequate local exhaust ventilation is provided or exposure t exposures are within recommended exposure guidelines. IH g the adequacy of existing engineering controls.		
Suitable Respira		Respiratory protection is not needed under ambient conditions. If vapor/mist/dust/fumes are generated when material is heated or handled, the following is advised.		
Personal Prote	ctive Equipment for Spills			
Eyes:	Use full face respirator.			
Skin:		Wash at mealtime and end of shift. Contaminated clothing and shoes should be removed as soon as practical and thoroughly cleaned before reuse. Chemical protective gloves are recommended.		
Inhalation/Suitab Respirator:	1910.134) and use NIOSH/MH respirators against exposure to supplied respirator if there is a	nended. Follow OSHA Respirator Regulations (29 CFR ISA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air ny potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are tance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate		



# XIAMETER(R) Material Safety Data Sheet

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# DAP(R) KITCHEN & BATH MILDEW RESISTANT SILICONE SEALANT WHITE, 8640

# Precautionary Measures: Avoid eye contact. Avoid skin contact. Do not take internally. Avoid breathing vapor. Keep container closed. Use reasonable care.

# Comments: Product evolves acetic acid (HOAc) when exposed to water or humid air. Provide ventilation during use to control HOAc within exposure guidelines or use respiratory protection.

When heated to temperatures above 150 C (300 F) in the presence of air, product may form formaldehyde vapors. Physical and health hazard information is readily available from Dow Corning Corporation and the Material Safety Data Sheet.

Note: These precautions are for room temperature handling. Use at elevated temperature or aerosol/spray applications may require added precautions.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical Form:	Paste
-	See product name
	Acetic acid odor
Specific Gravity @ 25°C:	1.007
Viscosity:	Not determined.
Freezing/Melting Point:	Not determined.
Boiling Point:	Not determined.
Vapor Pressure @ 25°C:	Not determined.
Vapor Density:	Not determined.
Solubility in Water:	Not determined.
pH:	Not determined.
Volatile Content:	Not determined.

Note: The above information is not intended for use in preparing product specifications.

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY Chemical Stability: Stable

Chemical Otability.		
Hazardous Polymerization:	Hazardous polymerization will not occur.	
Conditions to Avoid:	None.	
Materials to Avoid:	Oxidizing material can cause a reaction. Water, moisture, or humid air can cause hazardous vapors to form as described in Section 8.	

#### **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Special Hazard Information on Components**

No known applicable information.

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Section A



# XIAMETER(R) Material Safety Data Sheet

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# DAP(R) KITCHEN & BATH MILDEW RESISTANT SILICONE SEALANT WHITE, 8640

#### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Environmental Fate and Distribution**

Complete information is not yet available.

#### **Environmental Effects**

Complete information is not yet available.

#### Fate and Effects in Waste Water Treatment Plants

Complete information is not yet available.

	Ecotoxicity Cla	assification Criteria		
Hazard Parameters (LC50 or EC50)	High	Medium	Low	
Acute Aquatic Toxicity (mg/L)	<=1	>1 and <=100	>100	
Acute Terrestrial Toxicity	<=100	>100 and <= 2000	>2000	
This table is adapted from "Environmental Toyicale	av and Dick Accord	opt" ACTM CTD 1170 p 24 1002		

This table is adapted from "Environmental Toxicology and Risk Assessment", ASTM STP 1179, p.34, 1993.

This table can be used to classify the ecotoxicity of this product when ecotoxicity data is listed above. Please read the other information presented in the section concerning the overall ecological safety of this material.

#### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### RCRA Hazard Class (40 CFR 261)

When a decision is made to discard this material, as received, is it classified as a hazardous waste? No

State or local laws may impose additional regulatory requirements regarding disposal.

Call (989) 496-6315, if additional information is required.

#### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### DOT Road Shipment Information (49 CFR 172.101)

Not subject to DOT.

#### **Ocean Shipment (IMDG)**

Not subject to IMDG code.

#### Air Shipment (IATA)

Not subject to IATA regulations.

Call Dow Corning Transportation, (989) 496-8577, if additional information is required.



# XIAMETER(R) Material Safety Data Sheet

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# DAP(R) KITCHEN & BATH MILDEW RESISTANT SILICONE SEALANT WHITE, 8640

#### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Contents of this MSDS comply with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Status: All chemical substances in this material are included on or exempted from listing on the TSCA Inventory of Chemical Substances.

#### **EPA SARA Title III Chemical Listings**

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 355): None.

Section 304 CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302):

None.

#### Section 311/312 Hazard Class (40 CFR 370):

Acute: Yes Chronic: No Fire: No Pressure: No Reactive: No

#### Section 313 Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372):

CAS Number	<u>Wt %</u>	<u>Component Name</u>
69991-68-0	<=3.0	Antimony chromium manganese titanium brown rutile

#### **Supplemental State Compliance Information**

#### California

Warning: This product contains the following chemical(s) listed by the State of California under the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65) as being known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

None known.

#### Massachusetts

CAS Number	<u>Wt %</u>	Component Name
7631-86-9	7.0 - 13.0	Silica, amorphous
1333-86-4	<=7.0	Carbon black

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Section A

**Section A** 



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DAP(R) KI	TCHEN &	BATH MILDEW RESISTANT SILICONE SEALANT WHITE, 8640
13463-67-7	<=6.2	Titanium dioxide
1309-37-1	<=3.5	Iron oxide
7429-90-5	<=1.4	Aluminum
New Jersey		
CAS Number	<u>Wt %</u>	Component Name
70131-67-8	> 60.0	Dimethyl siloxane, hydroxy-terminated
7631-86-9	7.0 - 13.0	Silica, amorphous
1333-86-4	<=7.0	Carbon black
PMN871176	<=7.0	Dimethyl siloxane, trimethoxysilyl-terminated
1332-37-2	<=7.0	Iron oxide
147-14-8	<=7.0	Tetrabenzo-5,10,15,20-diazaporphyrinephthalocyanine (Pigment blue 15)
64742-46-7	5.0 - 10.0	Hydrotreated middle petroleum distillates
13463-67-7	<=6.2	Titanium dioxide
1309-37-1	<=3.5	Iron oxide
69991-68-0	<=3.0	Antimony chromium manganese titanium brown rutile
7429-90-5	<=1.4	Aluminum
Pennsylvania		
CAS Number	<u>Wt %</u>	Component Name
70131-67-8	> 60.0	Dimethyl siloxane, hydroxy-terminated
7631-86-9	7.0 - 13.0	Silica, amorphous
1333-86-4	<=7.0	Carbon black

- 1332-37-2 <=7.0 Iron oxide
- PMN871176 <=7.0 Dimethyl siloxane, trimethoxysilyl-terminated

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**Section A** 

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# XIAMETER(R) Material Safety Data Sheet

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# DAP(R) KITCHEN & BATH MILDEW RESISTANT SILICONE SEALANT WHITE, 8640

64742-46-7	5.0 - 10.0	Hydrotreated middle petroleum distillates
13463-67-7	<=6.2	Titanium dioxide
1309-37-1	<=3.5	Iron oxide
1317-61-9	<=3.5	Black iron oxide
57455-37-5	<=3.1	C.I. Pigment Blue 29
69991-68-0	<=3.0	Antimony chromium manganese titanium brown rutile
7429-90-5	<=1.4	Aluminum

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Prepared by: Dow Corning Corporation

These data are offered in good faith as typical values and not as product specifications. No warranty, either expressed or implied, is hereby made. The recommended industrial hygiene and safe handling procedures are believed to be generally applicable. However, each user should review these recommendations in the specific context of the intended use and determine whether they are appropriate.

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http://www.xiameter.com

# Section A #5



Material<br/>Material<br/>Safety<br/>Data<br/>Sheet24 Hour Emergency Phone Numbers:<br/>Medical: 1-800-327-3874<br/>1-513-558-5111<br/>Transportation:<br/>1-800-535-5053<br/>1-352-323-3500NOTE: National Response Center emergency numbers to be used<br/>only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak,<br/>fre, exposure or accident involving chemicals.

**IMPORTANT:** Provide this information to employees, customers, and users of this product. Read this MSDS before handling or disposing of this product. This product is covered by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and this document has been prepared in accordance with requirements of this standard. All abbreviated terms used in this MSDS are further described in Section 16.

# Section 1 - Chemical Product / Company Information

This Material Safety Data Sheet is available in Canadian French and Hispanic American Spanish upon request. Esta hoja de datos de la seguridad de los materiales está disponible en francés canadiense y en español a su solicitud. Los Datos de Serguridad del Producto pueden obtenerse en Espanol si lo riquiere.

Product Name:	KWIK SEAL TUB & TILE ADHESSIVE CAULK - ALL COLORS	Revision Date:	04/27/2005
Product UPC Number:	18001 18002 18006 18012 18013 18014 18032 18034 35026 35028 71018 71023 71040 71050	•	08/27/2002
Product Use/Class:	Latex Caulk	<b>MSDS Number:</b>	00010009001
Manufacturer:	DAP Inc. 2400 Boston Street Suite 200 Baltimore, MD 21224-4723 888-327 -8477 (non-emergency matters)		

Section 2 - Composition / Information On Ingredients									
Chemical Name	CASRN	WT%	ACGIH TWA	ACGIH STEL	ACGIH CEIL	OSHA TWA	OSHA STEL	OSHA CEIL	Skin
Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3	30-60	10 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	5 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	No
Ester Branched & Linear(C7&C9)	PHTHALATE ESTER	1-5	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	No
n-Butyl acetate	123-86-4	0.1-1.0	150 PPM	200 PPM	N.E.	150 PPM	N.E.	N.E.	No
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	0.1-1.0	N.E.	N.E.	100 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	No
Silica, crystalline	14808-60-7	0.1-1.0	0.05 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	(10 ÷ % SiO2) / 2 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	No
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	< 0.02	10 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	15 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	No
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	< 0.03	N.E.	N.E.	0.3 PPM	0.75 PPM	2 PPM	N.E.	No
Ethyl acrylate	140-88-5	< 0.009	5 PPM	15 PPM	N.E.	25 PPM	N.E.	N.E.	Yes
Acetaldehyde	75-07-0	< 0.002	N.E.	N.E.	25 PPM	200 PPM	N.E.	N.E.	No
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	< 0.0003	2 PPM	N.E.	N.E.	2 PPM	10 PPM	N.E.	Yes

#### Exposure Notes:

50-00-0 Formaldehyde is a specially regulated substance for which an OSHA chemical-specific exposure standard exits. Detailed information regarding this substance may be found in 29 CFR 1910.1048. Medical surveillance information regarding this substance may be found in Appendix C to

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29 CFR 1910.1048.

107-13-1 Acrylonitrile is a specially regulated substance for which an OSHA chemical-specific exposure standard exits. Detailed information regarding this substance may be found in 29 CFR 1910.1045. Medical surveillance information regarding this substance may be found in Appendix C to 29 CFR 1910.1045.

**Important:** Listed Permissible Exposure Levels (PEL) are from the U.S. Dept. of Labor OSHA Final Rule Limits (CFR 29 1910.1000); these limits may vary between states.

**Note:** An employee's skin exposure to substances having a "YES" in the "SKIN" column in the table above shall be prevented or reduced to the extent necessary under the circumstances through the use of gloves, coveralls, goggles or other appropriate personal protective equipment, engineering controls or work practices

# Section 3 - Hazards Identification

**Emergency Overview:** A colored paste with a very slight ammonia odor. WARNING! Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. May cause eye, skin, nose, throat and respiratory tract irritation. This product contains ethylene glycol.

Refer to other MSDS sections for other detailed information.

Effects Of Overexposure - Eye Contact: May cause eye irritation.

**Effects Of Overexposure - Skin Contact:** Harmful if absorbed through the skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact. May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

**Effects Of Overexposure - Inhalation:** Harmful if inhaled. Prolonged, repeated, or high exposures may cause weakness and depression of the central nervous system. May cause irritation of respiratory tract. Inhalation of vapors may cause irritation of the nose, throat, lungs and respiratory tract.

Effects Of Overexposure - Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.

**Effects Of Overexposure - Chronic Hazards:** Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause irritation and possibly dermatitis. Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause respiratory system damage. Overexposure may cause kidney, cardiovascular, skin and liver damage.

Formaldehyde vapor is a known animal carcinogen according to OSHA and NTP and is considered possibly carcinogenic to humans by inhalation. The International Agency for Research on Cancer considers formaldehyde to be a human carcinogen.

Ethylene Glycol may cause kidney and liver damage upon prolonged and repeated overexposures. Studies have shown that repeated inhalation of ethylene glycol has produced adverse cardiovascular changes in laboratory animals. Ethylene glycol has been shown to cause birth defects in laboratory animals.

Primary Route(s) Of Entry: Skin Contact, Inhalation, Eye Contact

Medical Conditions which May be Aggravated by Exposure: None known.

### Section 4 - First Aid Measures

**First Aid - Eye Contact:** In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with large quantities of water for at least 15 minutes until irritation subsides. Get medical attention immediately.



**First Aid - Skin Contact:** Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical aid if symptoms persist. Remove and wash contaminated clothing.

**First Aid - Inhalation:** If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued breathing difficulty is experienced, get medical attention immediately.

First Aid - Ingestion: If swallowed, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Get medical attention immediately.

Note to Physician: None.

**COMMENTS:** Call Medical Emergency at 1-800-327-3874 if any irritation or complication arises from any of the above routes of entry.

#### **Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures**

Flash Point, F: > 200 F Method: (Seta Closed Cup) Lower Explosive Limit, %: Not Established Upper Explosive Limit, %: Not Established

Extinguishing Media: Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Fog

Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards: No special protective measures against fire required.

**Special Firefighting Procedures:** Wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Use water spray to cool exposed surfaces.

#### Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

**Steps To Be Taken If Material Is Released Or Spilled:** Wear proper protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Use absorbent material or scrape up dried material and place in container.

## Section 7 - Handling And Storage

**Handling:** KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN! DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. Do not breathe vapors. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing vapor and contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Open all windows and doors or use other means to ensure cross-ventilation and fresh air entry during application and drying. Odor is not an adequate warning for hazardous conditions.

**Storage:** Close container after each use. Store containers away from excessive heat and freezing. Store away from caustics and oxidizers. Do not store at temperatures above 120 degrees F.

#### Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Precautionary Measures: Please refer to other sections and subsections of this MSDS.

**Engineering Controls:** Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Local ventilation of emission sources may be necessary to maintain ambient concentrations below recommended exposure limits.

**Respiratory Protection:** In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. A NIOSHapproved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be necessary under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. A respiratory protection program that meets the OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

Skin Protection: Rubber gloves.

Eye Protection: Goggles or safety glasses with side shields.

Other protective equipment: Not required under normal use.

**Hygienic Practices:** Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

# **Section 9 - Physical And Chemical Properties**

Boiling Range: Odor: Appearance: Solubility in H2O: Freeze Point: Vapor Pressure: Physical State: 210 - 220 F Very Slight Ammonia Colored Not Established Not Established Not Established Paste

Vapor Density: Odor Threshold: Evaporation Rate: Specific Gravity: pH: Viscosity: Heavier Than Air Not Established Slower Than n-Butyl Acetate 1.58 Between 7.0 and 12.0 Not Established

When reported, vapor pressure of this product has been calculated theoretically based on its constituent makeup and has <u>not</u> been determined experimentally.

(See section 16 for abbreviation legend)

# Section 10 - Stability And Reactivity

Conditions To Avoid: Excessive heat and freezing.

Incompatibility: Incompatible with strong bases and oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Normal decomposition products, i.e., COx, NOx.

Hazardous Polymerization: Hazardous polymerization will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: Stable under recommended storage conditions.

# **Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

#### Product LD50: Not Established Product LC50: Not Established

CASRN	Chemical Name	LD50	LC50	WT%
PHTHALATE ESTER	Ester Branched & Linear(C7&C9)	Oral Rat: 10 mg/kg		1-5
123-86-4	n-Butyl acetate	Rat:10768 MG/KG	Rat:2000 P	0.1-1.0
107-21-1	Ethylene glycol	Rat:4700 mg/kg	Rat:10876 mg/kg	0.1-1.0
7664-41-7	Ammonia		Rat:2000 ppm/4H	< 0.05
50-00-0	Formaldehyde		Rat:203 mg/m3	< 0.03
140-88-5	Ethyl acrylate		Rat:1414 ppm/4H	< 0.009
75-07-0	Acetaldehyde		Rat:13300 ppm/4H	< 0.002
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	Oral Rat:78 mg/kg	Rat:425 ppm/4H	< 0.0003

#### Carcinogenicity:

CAS No.	Chemical Name	ACGIH	OSHA	IARC	NTP	WT%
14808-60-7	Silica, crystalline	Suspected human			Known carcinogen.	0.1-1.0



		carcinogen.				
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	Suspected human carcinogen.	Potential cancer hazard.	Human carcinogen.	Anticipated carcinogen.	< 0.03
140-88-5	Ethyl acrylate			Possible carcinogen.		< 0.009
75-07-0	Acetaldehyde	Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.		Possible carcinogen.	Anticipated carcinogen.	< 0.002
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.	Cancer hazard.	Possible carcinogen.	Anticipated carcinogen.	< 0.0003
79-06-1	Acrylamide	Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.		Probable carcinogen.	Anticipated carcinogen.	< 0.0009

Significant Data with Possible Relevance to Humans: This product contains trace amounts of free

formaldehyde. OSHA and NTP identify formaldehyde as a potential carcinogen. IARC identifies formaldehyde as a human carcinogen. Formaldehyde has been shown to cause mutations in a variety of in-vitro test systems, the significance of which to humans is unknown. In a two-year inhalation study, rats showed carcinogenic effects in the respiratory system at 15 ppm of formaldehyde. There should be minimal risk when used with ventilation adequate to keep the atmospheric concentration of formaldehyde below the recommended exposure limits. Maintain adequate ventilation to prevent exposure above current OSHA / ACGIH exposure limits. Workplace monitoring of the air to define formaldehyde exposure levels may be necessary.

This product contains trace amounts of acrylonitrile. It is exempt from the OSHA acrylonitrile standard 29 CFR 1910.1045, paragraph (a) (2) (ii). Acrylonitrile has been classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans, by OSHA as carcinogenic and by NTP as reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

# Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecological Information: Ecological injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

# Section 13 - Disposal Information

**Disposal Information:** Dispose of material in accordance with all federal, state and local regulations. State and Local regulations/restrictions are complex and may differ from Federal regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste.

**EPA Waste Code if Discarded (40 CFR Section 261):** This product does not meet the definition of a hazardous waste according to U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste Management Regulation, 40 CFR Section 261.

# Section 14 - Transportation Information

DOT Proper Shipping Name:	Not Regulated	Packing Group:	N.A.
DOT Technical Name:	N.A.	Hazard Subclass:	N.A.
DOT Hazard Class:	N.A.	DOT UN/NA Number:	None

Note: The shipping information provided is applicable for domestic ground transport only. Different categorization may apply if shipped via other modes of transportation and/or to non-domestic destinations.

# Section 15 - Regulatory Information

#### **CERCLA - SARA Hazard Category:**

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under

applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

Immediate Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

#### SARA Section 313:

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	WT%
Ethylene glycol	107-21-1	0.1-1.0

#### **Toxic Substances Control Act:**

All ingredients in this product are either on TSCA inventory list, or otherwise exempt.

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	WT%
2-Methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one	2682-20-4	Trace
5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothazoli	26172-55-4	Trace

#### U.S. State Regulations

#### New Jersey Right-to-Know:

The following materials are non-hazardous, but are among the top five components in this product:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	WT%
Water	7732-18-5	10-30
Acrylic Polymer (TRRN – 618608-5059P)	Proprietary	10-30

#### Pennsylvania Right-to-Know:

The following non-hazardous ingredients are present in the product at greater than 3%:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	WT%
Water	7732-18-5	10-30
Acrylic Polymer (TRRN – 618608-5059P)	Proprietary	10-30

#### California Proposition 65:

Warning: The following ingredients present in the product are known to the State of California to cause cancer:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Definition	Date Listed	WT%
Silica, crystalline	14808-60-7	Carcinogenic.	Listed: October 1, 1988	0.1-1.0
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Carcinogenic.	Listed: January 1, 1988	< 0.03
Ethyl acrylate	140-88-5	Carcinogenic.	Listed: July 1, 1989	< 0.009



Acetaldehyde	75-07-0	Carcinogenic.	Listed: April 1, 1988	< 0.002
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	Carcinogenic.	Listed: July 1, 1987	< 0.0003
Acrylamide	79-06-1	Carcinogenic.	Listed: January 1, 1990	< 0.0009

Warning: The following ingredients present in the product are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm:

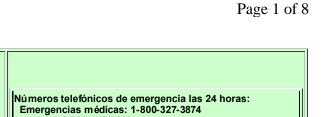
None

# Section 16 - Other Information

HMIS Ratings:			
Health: 1	Flammability: 1	Reactivity: 0	Personal Protection: X
VOLATILE OF	RGANIC COMPOUNDS, GR/LTR: 2	25.1 LB/GAL: 0.2	WT%: 1.04
REASON FOR	<b>REVISION:</b> Periodic Update		
Legend:	N.A. – Not Applicable	ACGIH – Amer	ican Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
	N.E. – Not Established	SARA – Supe	rfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986
	N.D. – Not Determined	NJRTK – Nev	v Jersey Right-to-Know Law
	VOC – Volatile Organic Compound	OSHA – Occu	pational Safety and Health Administration
	PEL – Permissible Exposure Limit	HMIS – Haza	rdous Materials Identification System
	TLV – Threshold Limit Value	NTP – Nationa	al Toxicology Program
	STEL – Short Term Exposure Limit	CEIL – Ceiling	g Exposure Limit
	LD50 – Lethal Dose 50	LC50 – Letha	Concentration 50
	F – Degree Fahrenheit	C – Degree C	elsius
	MSDS – Material Safety Data Sheet	CASRN – The	Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

DAP believes the data and statements contained herein are accurate as of the date hereof. They are offered in good faith as typical values and not as a product specification. NO WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE WITH REGARD TO THE INFORMATION HEREIN PROVIDED OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH THE INFORMATION REFERS. Since this document is intended only as a guide to the appropriate use and precautionary handling of the referenced product by a properly trained person, it is therefore the responsibility of the user to (i) review the recommendations with due consideration for the specific context of the intended use and (ii) determine if they are appropriate.

<End of MSDS>



Section A

#5

# de datos de la seguridad de los materiales

Hoja

1-513-558-5111

Transporte: 1-800-535-5053 1-352-323-3500

NOTA: Los números de emergencia del Centro de Respuesta Nacional s ólo se deben usar en caso de emergencias químicas que involucren un derramamiento, incendio, exposición o accidente que tengan que ver con químicos

IMPORTANTE: Lea esta hoja de datos de la seguridad de los materiales antes de manipular o desechar este producto, y entregue esta información a los empleados, clientes y usuarios de este producto. Este producto está cubierto por la norma de comunicación de riesgos OSHA, y este documento fue preparado de acuerdo con los requisitos de dicha norma. Todos los términos abreviados utilizados en este documento se describen con más detalles en la sección 16.

# Sección 1 - Información del producto químico/ compañía

Esta hoja de datos de la seguridad de los materiales está disponible en francés canadiense y en español a su solicitud. On peut demander cette MSDS a la langue Francaise Canadienne.

Nombre de producto:	SellaCil KWIK SEAL Sellante Adhesivo para Baneras y Azulejos	Fecha de revisión:	05/09/2005
Número de UPC del producto:	18001 18002 18006 18012 18013 18014 18032 18034 35026 35028 71018 71023 71040 71050	Reemplaza a:	08/27/2002
Uso/ clase del producto:	Calafateo de Latex	Número de hoja de datos (MSDS):	00010009001

Fabricante: DAP Inc. 2400 Boston Street Suite 200 Baltimore. MD 21224-4723 888-327-8477 (asuntos de no emergencia)

# Sección 2 - Composición / Información sobre los Ingredientes

	•			J					
Nombre Químico	CASRN	Peso%	ACGIH TWA	ACGIH STEL	ACGIH CEIL	OSHA TWA	OSHA STEL	OSHA CEIL	Piel
Carbonatodecalcio	1317-65-3	30-60	10 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	5 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	No
Di(C7, C9) Ester ramificado & Lineal	PHTHALATE ESTER	1-5	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	No
Ester N - Butilico	123-86-4	0.1-1.0	150 PPM	200 PPM	N.E.	150 PPM	N.E.	N.E.	No
Etilen Glicol	107-21-1	0.1-1.0	N.E.	N.E.	100 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	No
Silicecristalina	14808-60-7	0.1-1.0	0.05 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	(10 ÷ % SiO2) / 2 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	No
Formaldehido	50-00-0	< 0.03	N.E.	N.E.	0.3 PPM	0.75 PPM	2 PPM	N.E.	No
Dioxidodetitanio	13463-67-7	< 0.02	10 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	15 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	No
Ester Etilico Del Acido 2-Propenoico	140-88-5	< 0.009	5 PPM	15 PPM	N.E.	25 PPM	N.E.	N.E.	Sí
Aldehídoac ético	75-07-0	< 0.002	N.E.	N.E.	25 PPM	200 PPM	N.E.	N.E.	No
Cianuro De Vinilo	107-13-1	< 0.0003	2 PPM	N.E.	N.E.	2 PPM	10 PPM	N.E.	Sí

#### Notas sobre la exposición:

50-00-0 Formaldehido es una sustancia especialmente regulada para la cual existe una norma OSHA para la exposición a un químico específico. La información detallada respecto a esta sustancia se encuentra en 29 CFR 1910.1048. La información respecto a la vigilancia médica para esta sustancia se puede encontrar en el apéndice C de 29 CFR 1910.1048.



107-13-1 Acrylonitrile es una sustancia especialmente regulada para la cual existe una norma OSHA para la exposición a un químico específico. La información detallada respecto a esta sustancia se encuentra en 29 CFR 1910.1045. La información respecto a la vigilancia médica para esta sustancia se puede encontrar en el apéndice C de 29 CFR 1910.1045.

Importante: Los niveles de exposición permitidos (PEL) señalados son suministrados por el Dept. del Trabajo de EE.UU., Límites de la norma final OSHA (CFR 29 1910.1000); Estos límites pueden variar de estado a estado.

**Nota:** Se debe evitar o reducir al máximo la exposición de la piel de un empleado a substancias que tengan "S Í" en la columna "PIEL" en la tabla anterior, según lo permitan las circunstancias mediante el uso de guantes, ropa de protección, gafas de seguridad y otros equipos personales de protección, controles de ingeniería o prácticas de trabajo.

# Sección 3 - Identificación de riesgos

**Generalidades sobre las emergencias:** Un coloró pasta con una olor muy leve del amoniaco. ¡ADVERTENCIA! Es da ñino si se traga o absorbe por la piel. Podría causar irritación de los ojos, piel, nariz, garganta y tracto respiratorio. Este producto contiene glicol de etileno.

Consulte otras secciones de la hoja de datos de seguridad de los materiales para más información detallada.

Efectos de la sobre exposición - Contacto visual: Podría causar irritación a los ojos.

**Efectos de la sobre exposición - Contacto de la piel:** Da ñino si se absorbe por la piel. Posibilidad de sensibilización en contacto con la piel. Puede causar irritaciones en la piel y/o dermatitis.

**Efectos de la sobre exposición - Inhalación:** Es dañino si se inhala. Las exposiciones prolongadas, repetidas o elevadas pueden causar debilidad y depresión del sistema nervioso central. Puede producir irritaciones en el sistema respiratorio. La inhalación de vapores puede causar irritación de la nariz, garganta, pulmones y tracto respiratorio.

Efectos de la sobre exposición - Ingestión: Dañino si se traga.

**Efectos de la sobre exposición - Riesgos crónicos:** El contacto prolongado y repetido de la piel podría causar irritación y posiblemente dermatitis. La exposición repetida o prolongada podría causar daños al sistema respiratorio. La sobre exposición podría causar daños cardiovasculares y en los riñones, piel e hígado.

El vapor del formaldehido es un cancerígeno animal conocido según OSHA y NTP y se considera posiblemente cancerígeno a humanos por aspiración. La Agencia Internacional para la Investigación en el Cancer considera formaldehido para ser un cancerígeno humano.

El glicol de etileno puede causar daño al riñón e hígado con la sobre exposición prolongada y repetida. Los estudios han demostrado que la inhalación repetida al glicol de etileno ha producido cambios cardiovasculares adversos en los animales de laboratorio. Se ha demostrado que el glicol de etileno causa defectos de nacimiento en animales de laboratorio.

Ruta(s) principal de entrada: Piel el Contacto, Aspiración, Ojo el Contacto

Condiciones m édicas que se pueden agravar a causa de la exposición: Ninguno conocido.

#### Sección 4 - Medidas de primeros auxilios



**Primeros auxilios - Contacto visual:** En caso de contacto, enjuague los ojos de inmediato con grandes cantidades de agua por al menos 15 minutos hasta que la irritación ceda. Obtenga atención médica de inmediato.

**Primeros auxilios - Contacto de la piel:** Lávese inmediatamente con jabón y agua abundante por lo menos durante 15 minutos. Obtenga ayuda médica si los síntomas persisten. Retire y lave la ropa contaminada.

**Primeros auxilios - Inhalación:** Si se inhala, salga al aire fresco. Si se dificulta la respiración, abandone el área para obtener aire fresco. Si se experimenta dificultad continua para respirar, busque atención médica de inmediato.

**Primeros auxilios - Ingestión:** Si se traga, NO PROVOQUE EL VÓMITO. Obtenga atención médica de inmediato.

Nota para el médico: Sin información

**COMENTARIOS:** Llame para emergencias médicas al 1 -800-327-3874 si surgiera cualquier irritación o complicación de cualquiera de las rutas de entrada anteriores.

#### Sección 5 - Medidas para combatir incendios

Punto de inflamación, F: > 200 F Método: (Seta Cerró Copa) Límite explosivo menor, %: No Establecido Límite explosivo mayor, %: No Establecido

Medios para extinguir: Bióxido de carbono, Seque Sustancia Química, Espuma, Riegue Niebla

**Riesgos inusuales de incendio y explosi ón:** No se requieren medidas de protecci ón especiales contra el fuego.

**Procedimientos especiales para combatir incendios:** Use un aparato para respiración auto-contenida con demanda de presi ón (aprobado por el Instituto NIOSH o equivalente) y equipo completo de protecci ón. Use rociador de agua para enfriar las superficies expuestas.

#### Sección 6 - Medidas en caso de emisión accidental

**Pasos a seguir en el caso de emisión o derramamiento de materiales:** Use el equipo de protección correcto según lo especifica la Sección 8. Use material absorbente o raspe el material seco y coloque en un contenedor.

#### Sección 7 - Manejo y almacenamiento

**Manejo:** ¡MANTENGA LEJOS DEL ALCANCE DE LOS NIÑOS! NO TOME INTERNAMENTE. No respire los vapores. Use únicamente con ventilación adecuada. Lave a fondo después de manipular. Evitar respirar los vapores y el contacto con los ojos, la piel y la ropa. Abra todas las ventanas y puertas o use otro medios para garantizar una ventilación cruzada y la entrada de aire fresco durante la aplicación y el secado. Sentir el olor no es una advertencia adecuada de condiciones peligrosas.

**Almacenamiento:** Cierre el contenedor después de cada uso. Almacene los contenedores lejos del calor y congelamiento excesivos. Almacene lejos de substancias cáusticas y oxidantes. No almacene a temperaturas por encima de 120 grados F.

### Sección 8 - Controles de la exposición/ Protección personal

Medidas de precaución: Refiérase por favor a otras secciones y subdivisiones de este MSDS.



**Controles de ingeniería:** Una buena ventilación general debería ser suficiente para controlar los niveles de transporte por el aire. Asegurarse de una ventilación adecuada, especialmente en locales cerrados. Puede ser necesaria la ventilación local de las fuentes de emisión para mantener las concentraicones ambientales por debajo de los límites de exposición recomendados.

**Protecci ón respiratoria:** En caso de ventilación insuficiente, use equipo respiratorio adecuado. Un respirador para purificar el aire, aprobado por el NIOSH con cartucho de vapor orgánico podría ser necesario bajo ciertas circunstancias donde se espera que las concentraciones de transporte por el aire superen los l ímites de exposición. Se debe seguir un programa de protección respiratoria que cumpla con los requisitos de OSHA 1910.134 y ANSI Z88.2 cada vez que las condiciones del lugar de trabajo exijan el uso de un respirador.

Protecci ón de la piel: guantes de goma

Protección de la visión: Gafas de seguridad con protectores laterales.

Otro equipo de protección: no se precisa en el uso normal.

**Prácticas higiénicas:** Lávense las manos antes de los descansos y después de terminar la jornada laboral. Quitar y lavar la ropa contaminada antes de reutilizar.

# Sección 9 - Propiedades físicas y químicas

Rango de ebullición: Olor: Aspecto:	210 - 220 F Amoniaco muy Leve Coloró	Densidad del vapor: Umbral de olor: Índice de evaporación	Más pesado Que A éreo No Establecido : Más lento Que Acetato de N- butilo
Solubilidad en H2O: Punto de congelamiento Presión del vapor: Estado físico:	No Establecido :No Establecido No Establecido Pasta	Gravedad específica: pH: Viscosidad:	1.579 Entre 7,0 y 12,0 No Establecido

(Ver sección 16 para la leyenda de las abreviaturas)

### Sección 10 - Estabilidad y reactividad

Condiciones a evitar: Calentamiento y congelamiento excesivos.

Incompatibilidad: Incompatible con bases fuertes y agentes oxidantes.

Productos de descomposición peligrosa: Productos de descomposición normal, es decir, COx, NOx.

Polimerización peligrosa: No ocurrirá polimerización peligrosa bajo condiciones normales.

Estabilidad: Estable bajo las condiciones de almacenamiento recomendadas.

# Sección 11 - Información toxicológica

	roducto: No Establecido	LC50 del producto: No Es	labieciuu	
CASRN	Nombre Químico	LD50	LC50	Peso%
PHTHALATE ESTER	Di(C7, C9) Ester ramificado & Lineal	Oral Rat: 10 mg/kg		1-5
123-86-4	Ester N - Butilico	Rat:10768 MG/KG	Rat:2000 P	0.1-1.0
107-21-1	Etilen Glicol	Rat:4700 mg/kg	Rat:10876 mg/kg	0.1-1.0
7664-41-7	Trihidruro De Nitrogeno		Rat:2000 ppm/4H	< 0.05
50-00-0	Formaldehido		Rat:203 mg/m3	< 0.03



140-88-5	Ester Etilico Del Acido 2-Propenoico		Rat:1414 ppm/4H	< 0.009
75-07-0	Aldeh ídoac ético		Rat:13300 ppm/4H	< 0.002
107-13-1	Cianuro De Vinilo	Oral Rat:78 mg/kg	Rat:425 ppm/4H	< 0.0003

#### Carcinogenicidad:

Número CAS	Nombre Químico	ACGIH	OSHA	IARC	NTP	Peso%
14808-60-7	Silicecristalina	Cancerígeno humano sospechado.		Cancerígeno humano.	Cancerígeno conocido.	0.1-1.0
50-00-0	Formaldehido	Cancerígeno humano sospechado.	Peligro potencial de cancer.	Cancerígeno humano.	Cancerígeno anticipado.	< 0.03
140-88-5	Ester Etilico Del Acido 2- Propenoico			Cancerígeno posible.		<0.009
75-07-0	Aldeh ídoac ético	Cancerígeno animal confirmado con la aplicabilidad desconocida a humanos.		Cancerígeno posible.	Cancerígeno anticipado.	<0.002
79-06-1	Acrilamida	Cancerígeno animal confirmado con la aplicabilidad desconocida a humanos.		Cancerígeno probable.	Cancenígeno anticipado.	<0.0009
107-13-1	Cianuro De Vinilo	Cancerígeno animal confirmado con la aplicabilidad desconocida a humanos.	Peligro de cancer.	Cancerígeno posible.	Cancenígeno anticipado.	<0.0003

**Datos significativos con posible relevancia para los humanos:** Este producto contiene las cantidades de la huella de formaldehído libre. OSHA y NTP identifican formaldehído como un cancerígeno potencial. IARC identifica formaldehído como un cancerígeno humano. El formaldehído se ha mostrado para causar mutaciones en una variedad de en-vitros sistemas de la prueba, el significado de que a humanos es desconocido. En un estudio de inhalación con ratas durante dos años se observaron efectos cancerígenos en el sistema respiratorio con una concentración de 15 PPM de formaldehído. El riesgo debe ser mínimo al usarse con ventilación adecuada para mantener la concentración atmosférica del formaldehído por debajo de los límites de exposición recomendados.

Mantenga ventilación adecuada para evitar la exposición por encima de los límites actuales de OSHA / ACGIH. Podría ser necesario el monitoreo en el lugar de trabajo del aire para definir los niveles de exposición al formaldehído. Este producto contiene rastros de acrilonitrilo. Está exento del estándar OSHA acrilonitrilo 29 CFR 1910.1045, parágrafo (a) (2) (ii). El acrilonitrilo está clasificado por la IARC como posiblemente carcinog énico para humanos, por la agencia OSHA como carcinogénico y por la NTP como carcinógeno humano con anticipación razonable.

### Sección 12 - Información ecológica

Información ecológica: No se conocen ni esperan daños ecológicos bajo uso normal.

#### Sección 13 - Información sobre desechos

**Información sobre desechos:** Deseche los materiales de acuerdo con todas las normas federales, estatales y locales. Las normas/ restricciones estatales y locales son complejas y pueden diferir de las normas federales. La responsabilidad de eliminar los desechos correctamente recae en el propietario de los desechos.

**Código de desechos de EPA en caso de desecho (CFR 40 Sección 261):** Este producto no encuentra definición de un desecho peligroso según EE.UU. EPA Regulación Peligrosa del tratamiento de desechos, 40 Sección CFR 261.

# Sección 14 - Información sobre transporte

Section A Page 6 of 8 #r

Nombre correcto para envío a No Regulado DOT: Nombre técnico para DOT: No Aplicable Clase de riesgo para DOT: No Aplicable Grupo de empaque:

No Aplicable

Sub-clase de riesgo: No Aplicable Número UN/NA para DOT: Ninguno

Nota: La información del envío proporcionada es aplicable para el transporte doméstico del suelo sólo. Categorización diferente puede aplicar si enviado vía otros modos del transporte y/o a destino no-domésticos.

# Sección 15 - Información reglamentaria

#### Categoría de riesgo CERCLA - SARA:

Este producto ha sido revisado según las categorías de riesgo de EPA promulgadas según las secciones 311 y 312 de la Ley de enmienda y reautorización de fondos especiales de 1986 (SARA, por sus iniciales en inglés, Título III) y se considera, según las definiciones correspondientes, que cumple con las siguientes categorías:

#### PELIGRO DE SALUD INMEDIATO, PELIGRO DE SALUD CRONICO

#### Sección 313 de la ley SARA:

Este producto contiene las siguientes substancias sujeto a los requisitos de reporte de la sección 313 del título III de la ley SARA de 1986 y 40 CFR parte 372:

Nombre Químico	Número CAS	Peso%
Etilen Glicol	107-21-1	0.1-1.0

#### Ley para el control de substancias tóxicas:

Todos ingredientes en este producto son o en lista de inventario de TSCA, o de otro modo exima.

Este producto contiene las siguientes substancias químicas de acuerdo con los requisitos de reporte de la ley TSCA 12(B) si es exportado desde los Estados Unidos:

Nombre Químico	Número CAS	Peso%
2-Methyl-4-Isothiazolin-3-One	2682-20-4	
5-Chloro-2-Methyl-4-Isothazoli	26172-55-4	

#### Regulaciones estatales de EE.UU.:

#### Ley del Derecho a saberde New Jersey:

Los siguientes materiales no representan peligro, pero están entre los primeros cinco componentes de este producto:

Nombre Químico	Número CAS	Peso%
Agua	7732-18-5	10-30
C.A. De Eth Acr,2Ethhex,Acr, Meth N	Propietario	10-30

#### Ley del Derecho a saber de Pennsylvania:

Los siguientes ingredientes no peligrosos están presentes en el producto en una proporción mayor a 3%:



Nombre Químico	Número CAS	Peso%
Agua	7732-18-5	10-30
C.A. De Eth Acr,2Ethhex,Acr, Meth N	Propietario	10-30

#### Propuesta 65 de California:

Advertencia: Los siguientes ingredientes presentes en el producto son conocidos para el Estado de California por causar cáncer:

Nombre Químico	Número CAS	Definición	Fecha Listó	Peso%
Silicecristalina	14808-60-7	Cancerígeno.	Listed: October 1, 1988	0.1-1.0
Formaldehido	50-00-0	Cancerígeno.	Listed: January 1, 1988	< 0.03
Ester Etilico Del Acido 2-Propenoico	140-88-5	Cancerígeno.	Listed: July 1, 1989	< 0.009
Aldehídoacético	75-07-0	Cancerígeno.	Listed: April 1, 1988	< 0.002
Acrilamida	79-06-1	Cancerígeno.	Listed: January 1, 1990	< 0.0009
Cianuro De Vinilo	107-13-1	Cancerígeno.	Listed: July 1, 1987	< 0.0003

Advertencia: Los siguientes ingredientes presentes en el producto son conocidos para el Estado de California por causar defectos de nacimiento u otros daños reproductivos:

Ninguno

# Sección 16 - Otra información

Inflamabilidad: 1	Reactividad: 0	Prot	tecci ón personal: X	
<b>GÁNICOS VOLÁTILES</b> , GR	/LTR: 25.1	LB/GAL: 0.2	WT%: 1.044	
SIÓN: Periódico Actualiza				
ido	N.A.	- No aplica		
Derecho a saber de New Jersey	N.[	0 No determinado		
ación de la seguridad y salud ocupacio	onal LD50	) - Dosis letal 50		
nitidos de exposición	C	Grados centígrados		
te orgánico volatile	NTP	- Programa nacional	de toxicología	
exposición a corto plazo	CEIL	Límite máximo de e	exposición	
latos de la seguridad de los materiales	s LC5	0 - Concentración leta	al 50	
e identificación de materiales peligroso	os F-C	Grados Fahrenheit		
de registro de servicios de abstractos	químicos TI	V - Valor del límite ur	mbral	
ncia Americana de Higienistas Industria	ales gubernamenta	les		
	GÁNICOS VOLÁTILES, GR SIÓN: Periódico Actualiza ido Derecho a saber de New Jersey ación de la seguridad y salud ocupaci nitidos de exposición te orgánico volatile exposición a corto plazo atos de la seguridad de los materiales e identificación de materiales peligroso de registro de servicios de abstractos acia Americana de Higienistas Industri	GÁNICOS VOLÁTILES, GR/LTR: 25.1         SIÓN: Periódico Actualiza         ido       N.A.         Derecho a saber de New Jersey       N.E         ación de la seguridad y salud ocupacional       LD50         nitidos de exposición       C - 0         te orgánico volatile       NTP         exposición a corto plazo       CEIL         atos de la seguridad de los materiales       LC5         e identificación de materiales peligrosos       F - 0         de registro de servicios de abstractos químicos       TL         acia Americana de Higienistas Industriales gubernamental       D	GÁNICOS VOLÁTILES, GR/LTR: 25.1       LB/GAL: 0.2         SIÓN: Periódico Actualiza       N.A No aplica         ido       N.A No aplica         Derecho a saber de New Jersey       N.D No determinado         ación de la seguridad y salud ocupacional       LD50 - Dosis letal 50         nitidos de exposición       C - Grados centígrados         te orgánico volatile       NTP - Programa nacional         exposición a corto plazo       CEIL - Límite máximo de e         atos de la seguridad de los materiales       LC50 - Concentración leta         a identificación de materiales peligrosos       F - Grados Fahrenheit	GÁNICOS VOLÁTILES, GR/LTR: 25.1       LB/GAL: 0.2       WT%: 1.044         SIÓN: Periódico Actualiza       N.A No aplica         ido       N.A No aplica         berecho a saber de New Jersey       N.D No determinado         ación de la seguridad y salud ocupacional       LD50 - Dosis letal 50         intidos de exposición       C - Grados centígrados         te orgánico volatile       NTP - Programa nacional de toxicología         exposición a corto plazo       CEIL - Límite máximo de exposición         atos de la seguridad de los materiales       LC50 - Concentración letal 50         e identificación de materiales peligrosos       F - Grados Fahrenheit         de registro de servicios de abstractos químicos       TLV - Valor del límite umbral

SARA - Ley Ley de enmienda y reautorización de fondos especiales de 1986 (SARA)

DAP cree que los datos y las declaraciones contenidos en el presente son exactos hasta la fecha. Se ofrecen de buena fe como valores típicos y no como las especificaciones del producto. **NO SE OFRECE NINGUNA GARANT ÍA DE** 



**COMERCIABILIDAD, IDONEIDAD PARA UN PROPÓSITO EN PARTICULAR O CUALQUIER OTRA GARANT ÍA, EXPRESA O IMPLÍCITA, CON RESPECTO A LA INFORMACIÓN SUMINISTRADA EN EL PRESENTE O DEL PRODUCTO AL CUAL LA INFORMACIÓN SE REFIERE.** Dado que este documento tiene la intención de ser una guía únicamente para el uso correcto y el manejo preventivo del producto de la referencia por parte de personas correctamente entrenadas, es responsabilidad del usuario (i) revisar las recomendaciones con especial consideración al contexto específico del uso que se pretende y (ii) determinar si son correctas.

<Final de la hoja de datos de la seguridad de los materiales>

#### 24 heures – Numéros de téléphone en cas d'urgence: Urgence médicale: 1-800-327-3874 **Fiche** 1-513-558-5111 **Urgence transport:** 1-800-535-5053 1-352-323-3500 signalétique •NOTE: Les numéros de téléphone en cas d'urgence doivent être •utilisés uniquement lors de déversement, de fuite, d'incendie, d'exposition ou d'accident impliquant des produits chimiques. IMPORTANT: Lire attentivement cette fiche signalétique avant de manipuler ou de disposer de ce produit. Remettre ces informations aux employés, clients et utilisateurs de ce produit. Ce produit est régit sous la gouverne de l'OSHA, Communication de renseignements à l'égard de matières dangereuses, et ce document a été préparé pour répondre aux exigences de ces standards. Les significations pour toutes les abréviations utilisées dans cette fiche signalétique sont décrites à la Section 16. Section 1 – Identification du produit et de la compagnie This MSDS is offered in English upon request. Los Datos de Serguridad del Producto pueden obtenerse en Espanol si lo riquiere. Nom du produit: SellaCil Banheira, box e Azulejos KWIK SEAL Date de 05/09/2005 - TOUTES COULEU révision: Numéro UPC: 18001 18002 18006 18012 18013 18014 Date 08/27/2002

d'abrogation:

00010009001

Numéro de

fiche:

# Section 2 - Composition / Ingrédients dangereux

2400 Boston Street Suite 200 Baltimore, MD 21224-4723

71040 71050

DAP Inc.

urgente)

Calfeutrant au latex

18032 18034 35026 35028 71018 71023

888-327-8477 (Pour toute information non

Nom Chimique	CASRN	Poids%	ACGIH TWA	ACGIH STEL	ACGIH CEIL	OSHA TWA	OSHA STEL	OSHA CEIL	Peau
Pierre à chaux	1317-65-3	30-60	10 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	5 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	Non
Di(C7, C9) Ester. Britannique & Lin éaire	PHTHALATE ESTER	1-5	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	Non
Acétate de butyle normal	123-86-4	0.1-1.0	150 PPM	200 PPM	N.E.	150 PPM	N.E.	N.E.	Non
Éthylène glycol	107-21-1	0.1-1.0	N.E.	N.E.	100 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	N.E.	Non
Silice cristalline	14808-60-7	0.1-1.0	0.05 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	(10÷% SiO2) / 2 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	Non
Formald éhyde	50-00-0	< 0.03	N.E.	N.E.	0.3 PPM	0.75 PPM	2 PPM	N.E.	Non
Dioxyde de titane	13463-67-7	< 0.02	10 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	15 MGM3	N.E.	N.E.	Non
Acrylate d'éthyle	140-88-5	< 0.009	5 PPM	15 PPM	N.E.	25 PPM	N.E.	N.E.	Oui
Ac étald é hyde	75-07-0	< 0.002	N.E.	N.E.	25 PPM	200 PPM	N.E.	N.E.	Non
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	< 0.0003	2 PPM	N.E.	N.E.	2 PPM	10 PPM	N.E.	Oui

#### Notes concernant l'exposition:

Utilisation du

Fabricant:

produit/Classe:

50-00-0 Formaldéhyde est une substance régie spécialement selon les standards d'exposition à des produits chimiques spécifiques établis par l'OSHA. Pour de plus amples informations concernant cette

#5

Section A

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substance, consulter l'OSHASP 29 CFR 1910.1048. Les informations concernant les problèmes médicaux à surveiller sont à l'Appendice C de l'OSHASP 29 CFR 1910.1048.

107-13-1 Acrylonitrile est une substance régie spécialement selon les standards d'exposition à des produits chimiques spécifiques établis par l'OSHA. Pour de plus amples informations concernant cette substance, consulter l'OSHASP 29 CFR 1910.1045. Les informations concernant les problèmes médicaux à surveiller sont à l'Appendice C de l'OSHASP 29 CFR 1910.1045.

**Important:** Les limites d'exposition permises (LEP) décrites proviennent du Department of Labor des États-Unis, règlement final concernant les valeurs d'exposition moyennes pondérées de l'OSHA (CFR 29 1910.1000); ces limites peuvent varier selon les états.

**Note:** Prendre tous les moyens selon les circonstances afin de prévenir ou réduire toute exposition de la peau des employés aux substances portant la mention «OUI» dans la colonne «PEAU» du tableau ci-dessus. Utiliser des gants, une combinaison, des lunettes étanches, tout autre équipement de protection personnel ad équat, les contrôles techniques et les pratiques appropriées au type de travail.

# Section 3 – Identification des dangers

**Urgences générales:** Un Color é la Pâte avec un l'odeur d'Ammoniaque Très Insignifiante. AVERTISSEMENT ! Nocif si avalé ou absorbé par la peau. Peut causer une irritation des yeux, de la peau, du nez, de la gorge et des voies respiratoires. Ce produit contient du glycol d'éthylène.

Consulter les autres sections de cette fiche signalétique pour des informations plus détaillées.

Effets de surexposition - Contact oculaire: Peut causer une irritation des yeux.

**Effets de surexposition – Contact cutané:** Nocif en cas d'absorption par la peau. Peut entraîner une sensibilisation par contact avec la peau. Peut causer des irritations de la peau et/ou dermatites.

**Effets de surexposition – Inhalation:** Nocif en cas d'ingestion L'exposition prolong ée, ou répétée, ou à de fortes concentrations peut provoquer un affaiblissement et une dépression du système nerveux central. Peut irriter le système respiratoire. L'inhalation des vapeurs peut causer une irritation du nez, de la gorge, des poumons et des voies respiratoires.

Effets de surexposition – Ingestion: Nocif si ingéré.

**Effets de surexposition – Dangers chroniques:** Un contact excessif et répété avec la peau peut causer une irritation et possiblement une dermatite. Une exposition excessive et répétée peut causer des lésions au système respiratoire. Une exposition excessive peut causer des lésions aux reins, au système cardiovasculaire, à la peau et au foie.

La vapeur de formaldéhyde est une substance cancérogène animale connue selon OSHA et NTP et est probablement considérée cancérogène aux humains par l'inhalation. L'Agence Internationale pour la Recherche sur le Cancer considère du formaldéhyde pour être une substance cancérogène humaine.

Une exposition excessive et répétée à l'éthylène glycol peut causer des l ésions aux reins et au foie. Les études en laboratoire menées sur des animaux ont démontré que l'inhalation répétée d'éthylène glycol cause des changements néfastes du système cardiovasculaire. Lors d'études en laboratoire sur les animaux, il a été démontré que l'éthylène glycol cause des anomalies congénitales.

Voie(s) d'absorption: Peau le Contact, Inhalation, Oeil le Contact

Problèmes médicaux aggravés lors d'exposition au produit : Aucune connue.

### Section 4 – Premiers soins

**Premiers soins – Contact oculaire:** En cas de contact avec les yeux, rincer abondamment avec de l'eau pendant au moins 15 minutes ou jusqu'à ce que l'irritation disparaisse. Obtenir des soins médicaux immédiatement.

**Premiers soins – Contact cutané:** Laver immédiatement et abondamment avec de l'eau et du savon à l'eau pendant au moins 15 minutes. Si les symptômes persistent, obtenir se soins médicaux. Enlever et laver les vêtements contaminés.

**Premiers soins – Inhalation:** En cas d'inhalation, transporter la personne exposée à l'air frais. Si elle a de la difficulté à respirer, quitter les lieux afin d'obtenir de l'air frais. Si la difficulté à respirer persiste, obtenir des soins médicaux immédiatement.

**Premiers soins – Ingestion:** En cas d'ingestion, NE PAS FAIRE VOMIR. Obtenir des soins m édicaux immédiatement.

Note au médecin: Pas d'information.

**COMMENTAIRES:** En cas d'apparition d'une irritation ou de complications suite à une exposition au produit, communiquer immédiatement avec l'urgence médicale au 1-800-327-3874.

## Section 5 – Mesures de protection en cas d'incendie

Point d'éclair, ° F ( ° C ): > 200 F Méthode: (Seta A Fermé la Tasse) Limite d'explosibilité inférieure, %: Pas Etabli Limite d'explosibilité supérieure, %: Pas Etabli

Moyens d'extinction: Dioxyde de carbone, Sécher Chimique, Mousse, Arroser le Brouillard

**Risques particuliers d'explosions ou d'ignition:** Pas de mesures spéciales de protection requises pour la lutte contre le feu.

**Procédures spéciales de lutte contre les incendies:** Porter un respirateur autonome à pression d'air (approuvé NIOSH ou équivalent) et un équipement de protection personnel complet. Utiliser une lance-brouillard afin de refroidir les contenants exposés.

#### Section 6 – Mesures en cas de déversement accidentel

**Procédures de nettoyage:** Porter un équipement de protection personnel approprié tel que spécifié à la Section 8. Utiliser un matériau absorbant ou gratter le matériau sec puis le déposer dans un contenant.

### Section 7 – Manutention et entreposage

**Manutention:** TENIR HORS DE LA PORTÉE DES ENFANTS! NE PAS AVALER. Éviter de respirer les vapeurs. Utiliser seulement si la ventilation est adéquate. Laver vigoureusement après la manipulation. Évitez de respirer les vapeurs et ne laissez pas le produit venir en contact avec les yeux, la peau ou les vêtements. Ouvrir toutes les fenêtres et les portes ou utiliser tout autre moyen afin d'assurer une ventilation en croisé et l'entrée d'air frais durant l'application et le temps de s échage. L'odeur n'est pas un critère valable pour d éterminer les conditions de danger.

**Entreposage:** Refermer les contenants après usage. Entreposer les contenants loin de la chaleur excessive ou du froid excessif. Entreposer loin des produits caustiques et des agents oxydants. Ne pas entreposer à des températures supérieures à 120° F (48,8° C).

## Section 8 – Contrôles d'exposition / Protection personnelle

Mesures de précaution: S'il vous plaît se référer aux autres sections et aux autres sous -sections de ce MSDS.

**Contrôles d'ingénierie:** Une bonne ventilation centrale devrait suffire pour contrôler les niveaux de matières en suspension. Assurer une ventilation adéquate, surtout dans les endroits clos. Une ventilation locale près de la source d'émission peut être nécessaire pour maintenir la concentration ambiante au-dessous des niveaux limites recommandés.

**Protection des voies respiratoires:** En cas de ventilation insuffisante, porter un appareil respiratoire approprié. Dans certaines circonstances, lorsque le niveau anticipé de concentrations en suspension est supérieur aux limites d'exposition permises, il est nécessaire de porter un respirateur purificateur d'air muni d'une cartouche ou d'un filtre à cartouche anti-vapeurs organiques. Un programme de protection respiratoire défini selon les normes de l'OSHA 1910.134 et de l'ANSI Z88.2 doit être appliqué à chaque fois que les conditions sur les lieux de travail exigent de porter un respirateur.

Protection de la peau: gants en caoutchouc

Protection des yeux: Lunettes étanches ou lunettes de s écurité avec boucliers latéraux.

Équipements de protection additionnels: inutile dans les conditions normales d'utilisation.

**Pratiques hygiéniques:** Se laver les mains avant les pauses et à la fin de la journée. Enlever et laver les vêtements contaminés avant réutilisation.

Section 9 – Propriétés physiques et chimiques						
Point d'ébullition:	210 - 220 F	Densité de vapeur:	Plus lourd Qu'Aérer			
Odeur:	L'Ammoniaque très Insignifiante	Limite de détection olfactive:	Pas Etabli			
Apparence:	Coloré	Taux d'évaporation:	Plus lent Que Acétate de n- Butyl			
Solubilité dans l'eau (H <sub>2</sub> O):	Pas Etabli	Poids spécifique:	1.579			
Point de congélation: Pression de vapeur: État physique:	Pas Etabli Pas Etabli Pâte	Taux de pH: Viscosité:	Entre 7,0 et 12,0 Pas Etabli			

(Consulter la Section 16 pour conna ître la signification des abréviations))

# Section 10 – Stabilité et réactivité

Conditions à éviter: Chaleur excessive ou froid excessif.

Incompatibilité: Incompatible avec les bases fortes et les oxydants.

**Produits de décomposition dangereux:** Produits de décomposition habituels : oxydes de carbone (COx) et oxydes d'azote (NOx).

**Risque de polym érisation:** Aucune polymérisation dangereuse ne surviendra dans des conditions normales d'utilisation.

Stabilité: Stable dans les conditions recommandées de stockage.

# Section 11 – Propriétés toxicologiques

Produit DL50: Pas Etabli		Produit CL50: Pas Etabli		
CASRN	Nom Chimique	LD50	LC50	Poids%
PHTHALATE ESTER	Di(C7, C9) Ester. Britannique & Lin éaire	Oral Rat: 10 mg/kg		1-5
123-86-4	Ac étate de butyle normal	Rat:10768 MG/KG	Rat:2000 P	0.1-1.0
107-21-1	Éthylène glycol	Rat:4700 mg/kg	Rat:10876 mg/kg	0.1-1.0
7664-41-7	Ammoniac		Rat:2000 ppm/4H	< 0.05
50-00-0	Formald éhyde		Rat:203 mg/m3	< 0.03
140-88-5	Acrylate d'éthyle		Rat:1414 ppm/4H	< 0.009
75-07-0	Ac étald é hyde		Rat:13300 ppm/4H	< 0.002
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	Oral Rat:78 mg/kg	Rat:425 ppm/4H	< 0.0003

#### Effets cancérigènes:

Numéro CAS	Nom Chimique	ACGIH	OSHA	IARC	NTP	Poids%
14808-60-7	Silice cristalline	Présumée cancérogène humaine.		Cancérogène humaine.	Canc érog ène connue.	0.1-1.0
50-00-0	Formald éhyde	Présumée cancérogène humaine.	Le danger potentiel de cancer.	Cancérogène humaine.	Cancérogène prévue.	< 0.03
140-88-5	Acrylate d'éthyle			Cancérogène possible.		< 0.009
75-07-0	Ac étald é hyde	Confirmée cancérogène animale avec le pertinence inconnu aux humains.		Cancérogène possible.	Canc érogène prévue.	< 0.002
79-06-1	Acrylamide	Confirmée cancérogène animale avec le pertinence inconnu aux humains.		Cancérogène probable.	Canc érogène prévue.	<0.0009
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	Confirmée cancérogène animale avec le pertinence inconnu aux humains.	Danger de cancer.	Cancérogène possible.	Canc érogène prévue.	<0.0003

**Données significatives possiblement pertinentes à l'humain:** Ce produit contient les quantités de trace de formaldéhyde libre. OSHA et NTP identifient du formaldéhyde comme une substance cancérogène potentielle. IARC identifie du formaldéhyde comme une substance cancérogène humaine. Le formaldéhyde a été montré pour causer des mutations dans une assortiment de systèmes de test in vitro, la signification dont à l'être humain inconnu. Des études d'inhalation d'une durée de deux ans effectuées sur le rat ont mis en évidence des effets cancérigènes sur le système respiratoire pour des concentrations de 15 ppm de formaldéhyde. Le risque devrait être minime si la ventilation est adéquate et maintient le niveau de concentrations de formaldéhyde en suspension sous les limites d'exposition permises.

Maintenir une ventilation adéquate afin d'abaisser les niveaux d'exposition sous les limites établies par l'OSHA / ACGIH. L'analyse de l'air ambiant sur les lieux de travail peut s'avérer nécessaire afin de déterminer les niveaux d'exposition au formaldéhyde. Ce produit contient des traces d'acrylonitrile. Il ne rencontre pas les standards de l'OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1045, paragraphe (a) (2) (ii) concernant l'acrylonitrile. L'acrylonitrile a été classifiée potentiellement cancérigène pour l'humain par l'AIRC, cancérigène par l'OSHA et cancérigène raisonnablement anticipé pour l'humain par la NTP.

# Section 12 – Information écologique

**Information écologique:** Aucune dégradation de l'environnement n'est connue ou prévisible dans les conditions normales d'utilisation.

# Section 13 – Information sur la mise au rebut

**Information concernant la mise au rebut:** Disposer de ce matériau en respectant les lois fédérales, provinciales et municipales. Les lois et restrictions provinciales et municipales sont complexes et peuvent différer des lois fédérales. La responsabilité de la disposition appropriée des déchets appartient au propriétaire des déchets.

Code de mise au rebut de l'Agence de protection de l'environnement (40 CFR Section 261): Ce produit ne



rencontre pas la définition d'un déchets dangereux selon le Règlement de Direction de Déchets dangereux de EPA américain, 40 CFR Section 261.

# Section 14 – Étiquetage selon le Ministère des Transports

Nom du produit expédié:Pas RégléNom technique:Pas ApplicableClasse de danger:Pas Applicable

Groupe d'emballage: Pas Applicable Classe de transport: Pas Applicable Numéro UN/NA: Aucun

Note : L'information d'expédition fournie est applicable pour le transport de sol domestique seulement. La catégorisation différente peut s'appliquer si expédié via les autres modes de et/ou de transport aux destinations non résidentielles.

### Section 15 – Information sur les règlements

#### CERCLA - Catégories de dangers selon le SARA:

Ce produit a été revu en conformité avec les «Catégories de dangers» établies par l'Agence de protection de l'environnement et promulguées aux Sections 311 et 312 du Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act de 1986 (SARA Titre III). Selon les définitions applicables, il est considéré répondre aux catégories suivantes :

RISQUE DE SANTE IMMEDIAT, RISQUE DE SANTE CHRONIQUE

#### SARA SECTION 313 :

Ce produit contient les substances suivantes assujetties aux normes de déclaration de la Section 313, du Titre III de la Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act de 1986 et du 40 CFR partie 372 :

Nom Chimique	Numéro CAS	Poids%
Éthylène glycol	107-21-1	0.1-1.0

#### LOI SUR LE CONTRÔLE DES SUBSTANCES TOXIQUES:

Tous ingrédients dans ce produit sont ou sur la liste d'inventaire de TSCA, ou autrement exempter.

Ce produit contient les substances chimiques suivantes à déclarer selon les normes TSCA 12(B) si export é à l'extérieur des États-Unis:

Nom Chimique	Numéro CAS	Poids%
2-Methyl-4-Isothiazolin-3-One	2682-20-4	Trace
5-Chloro-2-Methyl-4-Isothazoli	26172-55-4	Trace

#### Lois particulières selon les états aux États-Unis:

#### **NEW JERSEY RIGHT-TO-KNOW :**

Les substances suivantes sont non-dangereuses mais sont comptées parmi les 5 principaux ingrédients composant ce produit:

Nom Chimique	Numéro CAS	Poids%
Eau	7732-18-5	10-30
Eth Acr,2Ethhex,Acr courant alternatif, N-Meth	De propri été	10-30

#### PENSYLVANIA RIGHT-TO-KNOW:

Les substances suivantes sont non-dangereuses mais sont présentes à plus de 3% dans ce produit:

Nom Chimique	Numéro CAS	Poids%
Eau	7732-18-5	10-30
Eth Acr,2Ethhex,Acr courant alternatif, N-Meth	De propri été	10-30

#### **PROPOSITION 65 DE CALIFORNIE:**

AVERTISSEMENT ! Les produits chimiques list és ci-dessous et contenus dans ce produit sont reconnus par l'État de la Californie pour causer le cancer:

Nom Chimique	Numéro CAS	Définition	Dater Enuméré	Poids%
Silice cristalline	14808-60-7	Cancérogène.	Listed: October 1, 1988	0.1-1.0
Formald éhyde	50-00-0	Cancérogène.	Listed: January 1, 1988	< 0.03
Acrylate d'éthyle	140-88-5	Cancérogène.	Listed: July 1, 1989	< 0.009
Ac étald é hyde	75-07-0	Cancérogène.	Listed: April 1, 1988	< 0.002
Acrylamide	79-06-1	Cancérogène.	Listed: January 1, 1990	< 0.0009
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	Cancérogène.	Listed: July 1, 1987	< 0.0003

AVERTISSEMENT ! Les produits chimiques list és ci-dessous et contenus dans ce produit sont reconnus par l'État de la Californie pour causer le cancer, des anomalies congénitales ou d'autres problèmes reliés à la reproduction:

Aucun

# Section 16 – Autres informations

Classification dangers:	des				
Santé: 1	Inflammabilité: 1	Réactivité: 0	Prote	ction personnelle: X	
COMPOSÉ O	<b>PRGANIQUE VOLATIL</b> , G/LITRE: 25	5.1 LB/GA	LLON: 0.2	POIDS %: 1.044	
RAISONS DE	<b>RÉVISION:</b> Mise à jour périodique				
Légende:					
N.A. –	Non applicable	LD50 -	- Dose létale 50		
N.É. –	Non établi	LC50 -	<ul> <li>Concentration létale</li> </ul>	50	
N.D. –	Non déterminé	NJRT	K – New Jersey Right-	to -Know Law	
OSHA -	- Occupational Safety and Health Administration	VOC -	- Composé organique	volatil	
HMIS -	- Hazardous Materials Identification System	PEL	<ul> <li>Limite d'exposition p</li> </ul>	ermise	
TWA –	Valeur d'exposition moyenne pondérée	TLV -	- Limite tol érable d'exp	position	
NTP –	National Toxicology Program	F – De	egré Fahrenheit		
STEL -	- Limite d'exposition à court terme	C – D	egré Celcius		
CASRN	N – Numéro enregistré selon le Chemical Abstrac	ts Service			

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

Section A

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SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act de 1986

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

DAP croit que les données et renseignements stipulés dans cette fiche signal étique sont précis à la date de rédaction de cette fiche. Ces données sont offertes en toute bonne foi et représente des valeurs standard sans toutefois être des spécifications du produit. AUCUNE GARANTIE SUR LA QUALITÉ MARCHANDE, GARANTIE D'APTITUDE POUR AUCUN TYPE D'EMPLOI PARTICULIER OU TOUTE AUTRE FORME DE GARANTIE N'EST EXPRESSÉMENT OU IMPLICITEMENT OFFERTE EN REGARD DES INFORMATIONS FOURNIES DANS CETTE FICHE OU DES INFORMATIONS RELATIVES AU PRODUIT. Cette fiche est produite uniquement à titre de guide pour les personnes formées à cet effet afin qu'elles puissent appliquer les procédures appropri ées de manutention auxquelles le produit réfère. Toutefois, c'est la responsabilité chaque utilisateur de revoir les recommandations selon le contexte spécifique de l'utilisation prévue et de déterminer si ces proc édures sont appropriées.

<Fin de la fiche signal étique>



# Section A

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

**VULKEM 116** Issue Date: 19<sup>th</sup> November 1999 Re-issue date: 1<sup>st</sup> July, 2000 Re-issue date: 1<sup>st</sup> July, 2005 Page 1 of Total 4

#### STATEMENT OF HAZARDOUS NATURE

Not classified as hazardous according to criteria of Worksafe Australia.

#### **COMPANY DETAILS**

Company: Address: Telephone no: Facsimile no: Emergency Telephone no: Tremco Pty Limited Unit 1, 2 Park Rd, RYDALMERE NSW 2116 02 96382755 02 96382955 1800224512 (business hours only)

#### **IDENTIFICATION**

#### **Product Name:**

#### VULKEM 116

UN Number:	None allocated
Dangerous Goods Class/Subsidiary Risk:	None allocated
Hazchem Code:	None allocated
Packaging Group:	None allocated
Correct Shipping Name:	None allocated.
Poisons Schedule:	None allocated

**Use:** For use as general purpose sealant. Applied using a gun. Do not apply over damp or contaminated surfaces and use with adequate ventilation.

#### **Physical Description/Properties**

Appearance:	various coloured paste
Flash point (°C):	65° C
Vapour Pressure:	Not available
Specific Gravity:	1.3
Explosion limits	Not established
Solubility in Water:	Negligible
Other Properties:	
% volatile weight	10.0
Vapour Density:	>1

Material Safety Data Sheet VULKEM 116 Page 2 of Total 4

#### Ingredients

Chemical Name:	CAS Number:	Proportion:
Aromatic polyisocyanate resin	TS	30-60%
Calcium carbonate	1317-65-3	10-20%
Plasticizer	TS	5-10%
Tackifier	TS	5-10%
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	85-68-7	5-10%
Thickener	TS	300-7.0%
Inert Filler	TS	1-5%
Aromatic Petroleum Distillates	64742-95-6	1.0-10%
Trimethyl Benzene	2551-13-7	1.0-5.0%
4.4-methylene Bis (phenyl isocyanate)	101-68-8	0.1-0.5%
Toluene diisocyanate	2671-62-5	0.1-0.53%
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	<1%
Xylene	1330-20-7	0.1-0.5%
Polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate	9016-87-9	0.1-0.5%
Crystalline silica	14808-60-7	0.01-0.4%
Carbon black	1333-86-4	0.0-2.0%
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	0.0-10.0%
Iron oxide	1309-37-1	0.0-7%

# HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION

#### **Health Effects:**

This product contains isocyanates which may result in asthma-like symptoms following inhalation for person who are sensitised to isocyanates.

#### Acute: Swellowed

Acute:	
Swallowed:	Ingestion may result in nausea. Other effects may be described for exposure to vapours.
Eye:	Splashes in the eye are unlikely due to the nature of the product however, the product may cause irritation and reversible local damage.
Skin:	Repeated or prolonged contact with the product may lead to the removal of natural fats from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.
Inhaled:	Sensitiser. Based on the properties of the isocyanate content, respiratory exposure may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of respiratory system resulting in asthmatic symptoms, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Exposure to organic solvent vapours may result in adverse health effects such as irritation of the mucous membranes and the respiratory system. Symptoms include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases loss of consciousness.
Chronic:	Effects of long term exposure not known, short- term exposure is not expected to cause major problems if removed promptly. Repeated or prolonged contact with skin, eyes or respiratory system may cause skin and respiratory sensitisation. Sensitized persons may show asthma like symptoms when exposed to airborne contaminants well below the exposure limits. As a result, individuals who have a history of asthma or respiratory disorders are advised not to work with isocyanates. Carbon Black is an IARC listed animal carcinogen and possible human carcinogen. Fillers are encapsulated and are not expected to be released from the product under normal conditions of use.

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# **Section A**

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#### HEALTH HAZARD INFORMATION First Aid:

Swallowed:	Do <b>NOT</b> induce vomiting without medical advice. Contact the Poisons Information Centre (Phone 13 1126). If any adverse reaction transport to the nearest hospital or doctor. Take a copy of this MSDS.
Eye:	Flush immediately with copious amounts of running water, while holding the eyelids open from time to time, for 15 minutes or until irritation subsides. Obtain medical attention immediately.
Skin:	Remove any contaminated clothing and flush area with water. Use soap and water or proprietary handcleaner if available. If irritation, rash or other disorders develop seek medical attention.
Inhaled:	Remove person to fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist seek medical attention. If breathing stopped, give artificial respiration. Give nothing by mouth. Keep the person calm and obtain medical attention immediately.
First Aid Facilities:	Eye wash and shower.

Note: If ANY signs of distress or adverse reaction to contact with ANY chemical product immediately transport to the nearest hospital or doctor.

#### PRECAUTIONS FOR USE

Exposure Standards:	Exposure limits not determined for the compound. Limits of hazardous component/s		
	Xylene	80 ppm/350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA
	•	150 ppm/655 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL
	Isocyanates	$0.02 \text{mg/m}^3$	TWA
		$0.07 \text{mg/m}^3$	STEL
	Titanium dioxide	$10 \text{mg/m}^3$	TWA
	Ethyl benzene	$100 \text{ppm}/434 \text{mg/m}^3$	TWA
		125 ppm/543 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	STEL
	Calcium oxide	2mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA
	Carbon Black	3mg/m <sup>3</sup>	TWA

Engineering Controls: Local ventilation not normally necessary but should be considered if the product is used in poorly ventilated or confined spaces alternatively use a respiratory mask fitted with a type A1 filter and complying with AS 1716 and used in accordance with AS1715 which describes use and maintenance.

Material Safety Data Sheet VULKEM 116 Page 4 of Total 4

**Section A** 

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Page 4 01 Total 4			
PRECAUTIONS FOR USE			
Personal Protection:	Chemically resistant gloves are recommended if prolonged skin contact likely. Wear chemical splash goggles to avoid eye contact. If used in confined spaces use self-contained breathing apparatus. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in areas of storage and use. In non-emergency situations where inhalation risk of overexposure exists, wear Standards Association of Australia (SM) approved respirator (suitable for hydrocarbon vapours). Correct fit is essential to obtain adequate protection. For confined spaces or emergencies involving very high concentrations use SM approved self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).		
Flammability:	Non-flammable under conditions of use in a well-ventilated area.		
SAFE HANDLING IN			
Transport	This product is not classified as a dangerous good under the provisions of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail".		
Storage	Store under normal warehouse conditions. Keep closed when not in use. Prevent inhalation of vapour, ingestion and contact with the skin. Precautions also apply to empty containers.		
Reactivity Data			
Stability:	Stable		
Materials to Avoid:	Keep away from oxidising agents and strongly alkaline and strongly acidic materials to prevent the possibility of exothermic reaction.		
Spills & Disposal:	Remove all ignition sources. Keep people away. Recover free material. Add absorbent (sand, earth, sawdust etc.) to spill area. Avoid breathing vapours. Ventilate enclosed spaces. Provide barriers to prevent liquid from entering streets, sewers or waterways. Assure conformity with applicable disposal regulations. Dispose of cured material at an approved disposal site or facility. Vapours are heavier than air and spread along the floor. Residues in empty containers should be decontaminated prior to disposal according to local regulations.		
Fire/Explosion Hazard:			
	Use water fog. Use water spray to cool fire exposed personnel and to protect personnel. Product produces oxides of nitrogen, carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide. Hydrogen cyanide gas may be produced under certain conditions. Use self contained air breathing equipment.		
Hazardous Decomposition:	In a fire hazardous products such as smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and oxides of nitrogen may be produced. Hydrogen cyanide may be produced.		

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

If used according to manufacturer's conditions this product is safe to use, however, persons known to be hypersensitive (asthma, chronic bronchitis) should not use this product. **Contact Point:** OHS&E Officer

**Telephone no:** 1800224512

The information provided by TREMCO in relation to TREMCO's goods or their use is given in good faith, which has been compiled from various sources and is believed by TREMCO to be appropriate and reliable. The actual use and application of the goods will vary with application conditions which are beyond our control. TREMCO makes no representation, guarantee or warranty relating to the accuracy or reliability of the information and assumes no obligation or liability in connection with the information.

# **Section B**

# IPS, WELD-ON, Solvents & Cements

**Contents:** 

1. Glue, 717

2. Primer, p-68

3. Cpvc glue, Gold

4. Cpvc glue, Orange

5. Cpvc glue, Orange

6. Clear primer, p-70

# Section B



<b>VELD</b> ×			GHS S/	AFEIYL	DATA SH	IEEI			Date Revised	d: DEC 2011	
		WELD-O	N® 717™ I	_ow VOC (	Cements fo	or PVC Pla	stic Pipe		Supersedes:	FEB_2010	
ECTION I - PRODU	JCT AND (	COMPANY	IDENTIFIC	CATION						-Section	on
RODUCT NAME:		717™ Low VC			ic Pipe						
RODUCT USE:	Low VOC So	lvent Cement f	for PVC Plasti	c Pipe							
SUPPLIER:				MANUF	ACTURER:		Main Street, Ca , Gardena, CA				
MERGENCY: Transportat				48-0585 (Inter	national)	Medical: Tel	800.451.8346,	760.602.8	703 3E Com	pany (International)	
SECTION 2 - HAZA THS CLASSIFICATION:	RDS IDEN	TIFICATIO	N								
	alth			Enviro	nmental			PI	hysical		
Acute Toxicity: Skin Irritation: Skin Sensitization: Eye:	Category 4 Category 3 NO Category 2B		Acute Toxicity Chronic Toxic		None Knowr None Knowr		Flammable Liq	uid	-	Category 2	
GHS LABEL:	<b>()</b>	OR	*	×	Signal Word Danger	:	WHMIS CLASSIF	ICATION:	CLASS B, I	DIVISION 2	
<b>\</b>		Statements					Precautionary				
H225: Highly flammable liquid ar H319: Causes serious eye irritat							arks/open flames/h e/gas/mist/vapors		– No smoking		
H319: Causes senous eye imaa H332: Harmful if inhaled							rotective clothing/		on/face protection	on	
H335: May cause respiratory irri H336: May cause drowsiness or									•	osition comfortable for breathing	
H336: May cause drowsiness or EUH019: May form explosive pe							tilated place. Keep ainer in accordanc				
SECTION 3 - COM	POSITION/	INFORMA									
			CAS#	EINECS #	RE/ Pre-registration	ACH n Number		NCENTRATI 6 by Weight			
Fetrahydrofuran (THF) Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) Cyclohexanone			109-99-9 78-93-3 108-94-1	203-726-8 201-159-0 203-631-1	05-2116297 05-2116297 05-2116297	29-22-0000 28-24-0000	,	25 - 70 5 - 36 10 - 25	_		
All of the constituents of this Indicates this chemical is	subject to the	reporting requi	irements of Se	ection 313 of t	he Emergency	Planning and	I Community Ri	ght-to-Kno	w Act of 198		
<pre># indicates that this chemic SECTION 4 - FIRS1</pre>			's List of cher	nicals known t	to the State of	California to c	ause cancer or	reproductiv	ve toxicity.		
Contact with eyes: Skin contact: Inhalation: Ingestion:	Flush eyes im Remove cont Remove to free	nmediately with taminated cloth resh air. If brea	ning and shoe athing is stopp	s. Wash skin ed, give artific	thoroughly wit	h soap and w If breathing i	e immediately. ater. If irritation s difficult, give c ce vomiting. Se	xygen. Se	ek medical a	advice.	
SECTION 5 - FIREF				ses of water c		Do not indu	e vonnung. Se	ek medica			
Suitable Extinguishing	Media:			on dioxide gas	, foam, Halon	water fog.		HMIS	NFPA	0-Minimal	
Unsuitable Extinguishin Exposure Hazards:	ig Media:	Water spray of Inhalation and		act			Health Flammability	2 3	2 3	1-Slight 2-Moderate	
Combustion Products:		Oxides of carl			smoke		Reactivity	0	0	3-Serious	
Protection for Firefighte	ers:	Self-container	d breathing ap	paratus or ful	l-face positive	oressure airlir	PPE e masks.	В		4-Severe	
SECTION 6 - ACCII	DENTAL R										
Personal precautions:		Keep away fro				st ventilation	equinment or w	ear cuitabl	e respiratory	protective equipment.	-
		Prevent conta	act with skin o	r eyes (see se	ction 8).						
Environmental Precaution Methods for Cleaning up	-					0	ewers, drains, so osable steel ves		water course	9.	
Materials not to be used			Aluminum or								
SECTION 7 - HAND											
Handling: Avoid breathin Keep away fro					ling equipmen	and ensure a	dequate ventila	ation/fume	exhaust hood	ds.	
Do not eat, dr	ink or smoke v	while handling.			• • •						
		shade below 44 urces and inco					chlorinated con	npounds. s	trona oxidize	ers and isocyanates.	
		ormation on cor									
SECTION 8 - PREC							ION				
EXPOSURE LIMITS:	Comp Tetrahydrofur	conent	ACGIH TLV 50 ppm	ACGIH STEL 100 ppm	200 ppm	OSHA STEL:					
		Ketone (MEK)		300 ppm	200 ppm 200 ppm						
	Cyclohexano		20 ppm	50 ppm	50 ppm						
<b>_</b>		naust as neede athing zone airt		trations below	exposure limi	S.					
• •		•		auono DeiUW			<i>,</i>	oo) with hr	ow quarda ar	- d - tale - eleterate	
Engineering Controls: Monitoring: Personal Protective Equ Eye Protection:	ipment (PPE) Avoid contact	t with eyes, we			oggles, face sh	ield, safety gl	asses (spectaci	es) with bro	Jw guarus ar	na side shielas,	
Monitoring: Personal Protective Equ Eye Protection:	ipment (PPE) Avoid contact etc. as may b	t with eyes, we be appropriate	for the exposi	ure.				,		na side snielas,	
Monitoring: Personal Protective Equ	ipment (PPE) Avoid contact etc. as may b Prevent conta Use of solver practices and	t with eyes, we be appropriate act with the ski nt-resistant glov I procedures a	for the exposu in as much as ves or solvent re used for ma	ure. possible. But t-resistant bari aking structura	yl rubber glove rier cream sho al bonds.	s should be u uld provide ad	sed for frequen lequate protecti	t immersion on when no	n. ormal adhesi	ive application	



## **GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET**

В

	WELD-O	N® 717™ Low VOC	Cements for PVC P	lastic Pipe	Supersedes: FEB 2010	
ECTION 9 - PHYS	CAL AND CHEMIC	AL PROPERTIES			Sect	10
Appearance:		r, heavy syrupy liquid				
Odor: pH:	Ketone			Odor Threshold:	0.88 ppm (Cyclohexanone)	
Melting/Freezing Poi	Not Applicat	63.3 ℃) Based on first meltir	a component: THE	Boiling Range:	66℃ (151℉) to 156℃ (313℉)	
Boiling Point:		Based on first boiling comp		Evaporation Rate:	> 1.0 (BUAC = 1)	
Flash Point:		TCC based on THF		Flammability:	Category 2	
Specific Gravity:	0.963 @23 9	C (73°F)		Flammability Limits:	LEL: 1.1% based on Cyclohexand	one
Solubility:		ion soluble in water. Resin p	portion separates out.		UEL: 11.8% based on THF	
Partition Coefficient		Not Available		Vapor Pressure:	129 mm Hg @ 20 ℃ (68 °F)based o	on THI
Auto-ignition Temper Decomposition Temp	(	°F) based on THF		Vapor Density: Other Data: Viscosity:	>2 (Air = 1) Heavy bodied	
VOC Content:			Rule 1168. Test Method 3	316A,VOC content is: < 510 c		
ECTION 10 - STA	BILITY AND REACT	IVITY	,	· _ ·	<u>.</u>	
Stability:		Stable				
Hazardous decompo	sition products:		n forced to burn, this produ	uct gives off oxides of carbon	n, hydrogen chloride and smoke.	
Conditions to avoid:	•	Keep away from heat, spa		•		
Incompatible Materia	ls:	Oxidizers, strong acids and		•		
•	ICOLOGICAL INFOR					
kely Routes of Exposur		ye and Skin Contact				
cute symptoms and effe						
Inhalation:	Severe overexposure may	result in nausea, dizziness,	headache. Can cause dro	owsiness, irritation of eyes ar	nd nasal passages.	
Eye Contact:					ammation on contact with the liquid.	
Skin Contact:		•		may occur with prolonged co	ontact.	
Ingestion:	•	ing, diarrhea and mental slug	ggishness.			
hronic (long-term) effec oxicity:	ts: None known LD <sub>50</sub>	i to numans	LC <sub>50</sub>			
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	Oral: 2842 n	na/ka (rot)		3 hrs. 21,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (rat)		
Vethyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK		ng/kg (rat) ng/kg (rat), Dermal: 6480 mg		8 hrs. 23,500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (rat)		
Cyclohexanone	,	ng/kg (rat), Dermal: 948 mg/l		4 hrs. 8,000 PPM (rat)		
•						
Reproductive Effects	Teratogenicity	Mutagenicity	Embryotoxicity	Sensitization to Product	t Syneraistic Products	
Reproductive Effects Not Established	Teratogenicity Not Established	Mutagenicity Not Established	Embryotoxicity Not Established	Sensitization to Product	t Synergistic Products Not Established	
Not Established	Not Established	Not Established				
Not Established	Not Established	Not Established				
Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	
Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established		Not Established	
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility:	Not Established DLOGICAL INFORMA None Known In normal use, emission of	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	_
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation:	Not Established DEOGICAL INFORMA None Known In normal use, emission of Biodegradable	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS	Not Established <b>LOGICAL INFORMA</b> None Known In normal use, emission of Biodegradable Minimal to none.	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS bollow local and national re	Not Established DIOGICAL INFORMA None Known In normal use, emission of Biodegradable Minimal to none. STE DISPOSAL CON gulations. Consult disposa	Not Established  ATION  f volatile organic compounds  ISIDERATIONS Il expert.	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	
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Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS bollow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name:	Not Established DLOGICAL INFORMA None Known In normal use, emission of Biodegradable Minimal to none. STE DISPOSAL CON gulations. Consult disposa NSPORT INFORMAT	Not Established  ATION  f volatile organic compounds  ISIDERATIONS Il expert.	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS bollow local and national re	Not Established DOGICAL INFORMA None Known In normal use, emission of Biodegradable Minimal to none. TE DISPOSAL CON gulations. Consult disposa NSPORT INFORMAT Adhesives	Not Established ATION f volatile organic compounds ISIDERATIONS I expert. TON	Not Established	Not Established lace, typically at a rate of $\leq$ 5	Not Established	
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS ollow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number:	Not Established DIOGICAL INFORMA None Known In normal use, emission of Biodegradable Minimal to none. STE DISPOSAL CON gulations. Consult disposa NSPORT INFORMAT Adhesives 3 None UN 1133	Not Established ATION f volatile organic compounds ISIDERATIONS I expert. TON DOT Limited	Not Established	Not Established lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5 FION for Ground Shipping ner packaging, 30 kg gross v	Not Established	)" .
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS bollow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group:	Not Established DOGICAL INFORMA None Known In normal use, emission of Biodegradable Minimal to none. STE DISPOSAL CON gulations. Consult disposa NONE NONE UN 1133 PG II	Not Established  ATION  f volatile organic compounds  ISIDERATIONS I expert.  TON  DOT Limited Consumer C	Not Established  (VOC's) to the air takes pl  EXCEPT Quantity: Up to 5L per in Commodity: Depending on	Not Established lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5 <b>FION for Ground Shipping</b> ner packaging, 30 kg gross v packaging, these quantities	Not Established	<u></u>  ) <sup>и</sup> .
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS ollow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required:	Not Established  LOGICAL INFORMA None Known In normal use, emission of Biodegradable Minimal to none.  TE DISPOSAL CON gulations. Consult disposa  NONE UN 1133 PG II Class 3 Flan	Not Established ATION f volatile organic compounds ISIDERATIONS I expert. TON DOT Limited	Not Established  (VOC's) to the air takes pl  (VOC's) to the air takes pl  EXCEP1  A Quantity: Up to 5L per in  Commodity: Depending on  T	Not Established lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5 FION for Ground Shipping ner packaging, 30 kg gross v packaging, these quantities DG INFORMATION	Not Established 10 g/l. weight per package. : may qualify under DOT as "ORM-D	<b>)</b> " .
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS bollow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required:	Not Established DOGICAL INFORMA None Known In normal use, emission of Biodegradable Minimal to none. STE DISPOSAL CON gulations. Consult disposa NONE NONE UN 1133 PG II	Not Established  ATION  f volatile organic compounds  ISIDERATIONS I expert.  TON  DOT Limited Consumer C	Not Established Not Established  (VOC's) to the air takes pl EXCEP Quantity: Up to 5L per in Commodity: Depending on TDG CLASS:	Not Established lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5 TION for Ground Shipping ner packaging, 30 kg gross v n packaging, these quantities DG INFORMATION FLAMMABL	Not Established 10 g/l. weight per package. r may qualify under DOT as "ORM-D E LIQUID 3	) <sup>µ</sup> .
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS Dollow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required:	Not Established  LOGICAL INFORMA None Known In normal use, emission of Biodegradable Minimal to none.  TE DISPOSAL CON gulations. Consult disposa  NONE UN 1133 PG II Class 3 Flan	Not Established  ATION  f volatile organic compounds  ISIDERATIONS I expert.  TON  DOT Limited Consumer C	Not Established  Not Established  (VOC's) to the air takes pl  EXCEP  Quantity: Up to 5L per in Commodity: Depending on TDG CLASS: SHIPPING NAME:	Not Established lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5 FION for Ground Shipping ner packaging, 30 kg gross v a packaging, these quantities DG INFORMATION FLAMMABL ADHESIVES	Not Established 10 g/l. weight per package. may qualify under DOT as "ORM-D E LIQUID 3 S	)" .
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS ollow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required: Marine Pollutant:	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established Not Established  (VOC's) to the air takes pl EXCEP Quantity: Up to 5L per in Commodity: Depending on TDG CLASS:	Not Established lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5 FION for Ground Shipping ner packaging, 30 kg gross v a packaging, these quantities DG INFORMATION FLAMMABL ADHESIVES	Not Established 10 g/l. weight per package. may qualify under DOT as "ORM-D E LIQUID 3 S	
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS ollow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required: Marine Pollutant: ECTION 15 - REG	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established  s (VOC's) to the air takes pl  EXCEP1 d Quantity: Up to 5L per in Commodity: Depending on T TDG CLASS: SHIPPING NAME: UN NUMBER/PACKING	Not Established lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5 TION for Ground Shipping ner packaging, 30 kg gross v a packaging, these quantities DG INFORMATION FLAMMABL ADHESIVES i GROUP: UN 1133, PO	Not Established 10 g/l. weight per package. may qualify under DOT as "ORM-D E LIQUID 3 S G II	
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS bollow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required: Marine Pollutant: ECTION 15 - REG	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5 FION for Ground Shipping ner packaging, 30 kg gross v a packaging, these quantities DG INFORMATION FLAMMABL ADHESIVES	Not Established	
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS ollow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required: Marine Pollutant: ECTION 15 - REG Precautionary Label	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5 FION for Ground Shipping ner packaging, 30 kg gross s packaging, these quantities DG INFORMATION FLAMMABL ADHESIVES i GROUP: UN 1133, PO ATSCA, Europe EINECS, Ca	Not Established	
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS blow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required: Marine Pollutant: ECTION 15 - REG Precautionary Label I Symbols:	Not Established	Not Established	EXCEPT EXCEPT E Quantity: Up to 5L per in Commodity: Depending on T TDG CLASS: SHIPPING NAME: UN NUMBER/PACKING Ingredient Listings: USA AICS, H	Not Established lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5 FION for Ground Shipping ner packaging, 30 kg gross s packaging, these quantities DG INFORMATION FLAMMABL ADHESIVES i GROUP: UN 1133, PO ATSCA, Europe EINECS, Ca	Not Established 10 g/l. weight per package. : may qualify under DOT as "ORM-D E LIQUID 3 S G II anada DSL, Australia TI (ENCS)	
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS blow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required: Marine Pollutant: ECTION 15 - REG Precautionary Label I Symbols:	Not Established	Not Established ATION f volatile organic compounds isiDERATIONS il expert. TON DOT Limited Consumer C nmable Liquid ATION mable, Irritant	EXCEPT COMMODIFY: Up to 5L per in Commodity: Depending on TDG CLASS: SHIPPING NAME: UN NUMBER/PACKING Ingredient Listings: USA AICS, F R66: Repea	Not Established         lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5         lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5         Image: Tion for Ground Shipping         ner packaging, 30 kg gross v         packaging, these quantities         DG INFORMATION         FLAMMABL         ADHESIVES         i GROUP:       UN 1133, PO         ATSCA, Europe EINECS, Ca         Korea ECL/TCCL, Japan MI	Not Established	
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS blow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required: Marine Pollutant: ECTION 15 - REG Precautionary Label I Symbols:	Not Established	Not Established	EXCEP1 EXCEP1 A Quantity: Up to 5L per in Commodity: Depending on T TDG CLASS: SHIPPING NAME: UN NUMBER/PACKING Ingredient Listings: USA AICS, H R66: Repea R67: Vapor	Not Established         Iace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5	Not Established	
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS Dilow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required: Marine Pollutant: ECTION 15 - REG Precautionary Label I Symbols: Risk Phrases:	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established Not Established  (VOC's) to the air takes pl  EXCEPT Quantity: Up to 5L per in Commodity: Depending on T TDG CLASS: SHIPPING NAME: UN NUMBER/PACKING Ingredient Listings: USA AICS, F R66: Repea R67: Vapor: S26: In case of contact wit S33: Take precautionary m	Not Established         lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5         lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5 <b>FION for Ground Shipping</b> ner packaging, 30 kg gross i         packaging, these quantities <b>DG INFORMATION</b> FLAMMABL         ADHESIVES         i GROUP:       UN 1133, Pd         A TSCA, Europe EINECS, Ca         Korea ECL/TCCL, Japan MIT         ited exposure may cause skin d         h eyes, rinse immediately with         reasures against static dischard	Not Established	
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS office the second	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established         Iace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5         Iace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5         Iace, typically at a rate of ≤ 6         Iace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5         Iace, typically at a rate of ≤ 6         Iace, typically at a	Not Established	
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS ollow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required: Marine Pollutant: ECTION 15 - REG Precautionary Label I Symbols: Risk Phrases: Safety Phrases:	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established         lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5         lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5 <b>FION for Ground Shipping</b> ner packaging, 30 kg gross i         packaging, these quantities <b>DG INFORMATION</b> FLAMMABL         ADHESIVES         i GROUP:       UN 1133, Pd         A TSCA, Europe EINECS, Ca         Korea ECL/TCCL, Japan MIT         ited exposure may cause skin d         h eyes, rinse immediately with         reasures against static dischard	Not Established	
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS ollow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required: Marine Pollutant: ECTION 15 - REG Precautionary Label I Symbols: Risk Phrases: Safety Phrases:	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established         lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5         lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5 <b>FION for Ground Shipping</b> ner packaging, 30 kg gross i         packaging, these quantities <b>DG INFORMATION</b> FLAMMABL         ADHESIVES         i GROUP:       UN 1133, Pd         A TSCA, Europe EINECS, Ca         Korea ECL/TCCL, Japan MIT         ited exposure may cause skin d         h eyes, rinse immediately with         reasures against static dischard	Not Established	
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS blow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required: Marine Pollutant: ECTION 15 - REG Precautionary Label I Symbols: Risk Phrases: Safety Phrases: ECTION 16 - OTH Specification Informa Department issuing of	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5 FION for Ground Shipping ner packaging, 30 kg gross v packaging, these quantities DG INFORMATION FLAMMABL ADHESIVES i GROUP: UN 1133, PC ATSCA, Europe EINECS, Ca Korea ECL/TCCL, Japan MIT ted exposure may cause skin of s may cause drowsiness and d h eyes, rinse immediately with reasures against static dischargedical advise immediately and a All ingredients are complia	Not Established	e.
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS ollow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required: Marine Pollutant: ECTION 15 - REC Precautionary Label I Symbols: Risk Phrases: Safety Phrases: ECTION 16 - OTH Specification Informatic	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5 FION for Ground Shipping ner packaging, 30 kg gross v packaging, these quantities DG INFORMATION FLAMMABL ADHESIVES i GROUP: UN 1133, PC ATSCA, Europe EINECS, Ca Korea ECL/TCCL, Japan MIT ted exposure may cause skin of s may cause drowsiness and d h eyes, rinse immediately with reasures against static dischargedical advise immediately and a All ingredients are complia	Not Established	e.
Not Established ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS ollow local and national re ECTION 14 - TRAI Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required: Marine Pollutant: ECTION 15 - REG Precautionary Label I Symbols: Risk Phrases: Safety Phrases: ECTION 16 - OTH Specification Informa Department issuing of	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established  Not Established  EXCEPT Quantity: Up to 5L per in Commodity: Depending on TDG CLASS: SHIPPING NAME: UN NUMBER/PACKING Ingredient Listings: USA AICS, F R66: Repeat R67: Vapors S26: In case of contact wit S33: Take precautionary m S46: If swallowed, seek m onmental Affairs	Not Established         lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5         lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5 <b>FION for Ground Shipping</b> ner packaging, 30 kg gross v         packaging, these quantities <b>DG INFORMATION</b> FLAMMABL         ADHESIVES         i GROUP:       UN 1133, Pr         ATSCA, Europe EINECS, Ca         Korea ECL/TCCL, Japan MIT         tted exposure may cause skin o         s may cause drowsiness and d         h eyes, rinse immediately with         reasures against static dischar         edical advise immediately and a         All ingredients are complia         Directive on RoHS (Restri	Not Established	e.
Not Established         ECTION 12 - ECO         Ecotoxicity:         Mobility:         Degradability:         Bioaccumulation:         ECTION 13 - WAS         blow local and national re         ECTION 14 - TRAI         Proper Shipping Name:         Hazard Class:         Secondary Risk:         Identification Number:         Packing Group:         Label Required:         Marine Pollutant:         ECTION 15 - REG         Precautionary Label I         Symbols:         Risk Phrases:         Safety Phrases:         Safety Phrases:         ECTION 16 - OTH         Specification Information         Department issuing Ge-mail address:	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established Not Established  (VOC's) to the air takes pl  EXCEP  Quantity: Up to 5L per in Commodity: Depending on T TDG CLASS: SHIPPING NAME: UN NUMBER/PACKING Ingredient Listings: USA AICS, F R66: Repea R67: Vapor S26: In case of contact wit S33: Take precautionary m S46: If swallowed, seek mm onmental Affairs nd procedures contained in S Standard Format	Not Established         lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5         lace, typically at a rate of ≤ 5 <b>FION for Ground Shipping</b> ner packaging, 30 kg gross v         packaging, these quantities <b>DG INFORMATION</b> FLAMMABL         ADHESIVES         i GROUP:       UN 1133, Pr         ATSCA, Europe EINECS, Ca         Korea ECL/TCCL, Japan MIT         tted exposure may cause skin o         s may cause drowsiness and d         h eyes, rinse immediately with         reasures against static dischar         edical advise immediately and a         All ingredients are complia         Directive on RoHS (Restri	Not Established	е.

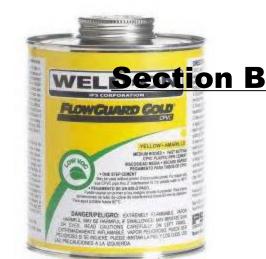


WELD	ON		GHS S	AFETY	DATA S	HEET			Date Revise	H. DEC 2011		
	WE	LD-ON® P-	68™ Low	VOC Prim	er for PVC	C and CPV	C Plastic	Pipe		OCT 2010		
SECTION I - PROD										5	ecti	on
PRODUCT NAME:		P-68™ Low \			PVC Plastic	Pipe						£
PRODUCT USE: SUPPLIER:	LOW VOC Pr	rimer for PVC a	nd CPVC Pla		ACTURER:	IPS Corpora	tion					T
SUFFLIEN.				MANUF	ACTUREN.	17109 South	ı Main Street, 0 9, Gardena, C					
EMERGENCY: Transporta	tion: CHEMTE	EL Tel. 800.255	-3924, 813-24	18-0585 (Interi	national)			6, 760.602.8	703 3E Com	pany (Internation	ial)	
SECTION 2 - HAZA	ARDS IDEN	NTIFICATIO	N									
GHS CLASSIFICATION:	ealth			Enviro	nmental			D	hvsical		]	
Acute Toxicity:	Category 4		Acute Toxicit		None Knowr	ı	Flammable L		nysicai	Category 2		
Skin Irritation:	Category 3		Chronic Toxi	city:	None Knowr	ı						
Skin Sensitization: Eye:	NO Category 2B	1										
GHS LABEL:		, 	4		Signal Word	d:	WHMIS CLAS	SIFICATION:	CLASS B,	DIVISION 2		
		OR	<b>*</b>	×	Danger							
H225: Highly flommobile liquid		Statements			P210: Koop ov	vov from boot/or		ary Statemer				
H225: Highly flammable liquid a H319: Causes serious eye irrita							oarks/open flame ne/gas/mist/vap		ino amoning			
H332: Harmful if inhaled							protective clothin					
H335: May cause respiratory in H336: May cause drowsiness o							nove victim to fr ntilated place. K			osition comfortable	for breathing	
EUH019: May form explosive p							tainer in accorda					
SECTION 3 - COM	POSITION	/INFORMA										
			CAS#	EINECS #	RE. Pre-registration	ACH on Number	c	ONCENTRAT % by Weight				
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)			109-99-9	203-726-8	05-2116297			20 - 35	_			
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) Cyclohexanone	1		78-93-3 108-94-1	201-159-0 203-631-1	05-21162977			15 - 25 10 - 30				
Acetone			67-64-1		05-2116297			25 - 40				
All of the constituents of thi * Indicates this chemical is # indicates that this chemic	subject to the	reporting requi	rements of Se	ection 313 of th	he Emergency	Planning and	Community F	Right-to-Knov	v Act of 1986			
SECTION 4 - FIRS		· ·	S LIST OF CHER		o the State of		ause cancer c		re toxicity.			
Contact with eyes:		mmediately with	n plenty of wa	ter for 15 minu	utes and seek	medical advid	e immediately					
Skin contact:		ntaminated cloth										
Inhalation: Ingestion:		resh air. If brea with water. Gi										
SECTION 5 - FIRE	FIGHTING	MEASURE	S									
Suitable Extinguishing				on dioxide gas	s, foam, Halon	, water fog.	1.1 141-	HMIS	NFPA	0-Minimal		
Unsuitable Extinguishir Exposure Hazards:	ig media:	Water spray of Inhalation and		act			Health Flammability	2 3	2 3	1-Slight 2-Moderate		
Combustion Products:		Oxides of car	bon and smok	ke			Reactivity	0	0	3-Serious		
Protection for Firefighte	ers:	Self-contained	d breathing ap	paratus or ful	I-face positive	pressure airli	PPE ne masks.	В		4-Severe		
SECTION 6 - ACCI			• 1									
Personal precautions:		Keep away fro	om heat, spar	ks and open f								
		Provide suffic Prevent conta				ust ventilatior	equipment or	wear suitabl	e respiratory	protective equip	ment.	
Environmental Precaution		Prevent produ	uct or liquids o	ontaminated	with product fr	0	ewers, drains,		water course	э.		
Methods for Cleaning up Materials not to be used		Clean up with		r inert absorbe plastic contai		Fransfer to a c	losable steel v	essel.				
SECTION 7 - HANI				plastic contai								
Handling: Avoid breathi	ng of vapor, av	void contact wit	th eyes, skin a									
		urces, use only while handling.	electrically gr	rounded hand	ling equipment	t and ensure a	adequate venti	lation/fume e	exhaust hood	s.		
		shade below 44	4℃ (110°F) a	nd away from	direct sunlight	t.						
	0				, ,	0		ompounds, s	trong oxidize	rs and isocyanat	.es.	
		ormation on cor										
SECTION 8 - PREC EXPOSURE LIMITS:	T	ponent	ACGIH TLV		1	OSHA STEL:	1					
	Tetrahydrofu	iran (THF)	50 ppm	100 ppm	200 ppm		]					
	Methyl Ethyl Cyclohexand	Ketone (MEK)	200 ppm 20 ppm	300 ppm 50 ppm	200 ppm 50 ppm							
	Acetone		500 ppm	750 ppm	1000 ppm							
Engineering Controls:		haust as neede					-					
Monitoring: Personal Protective Equ		athing zone airl	borne concent	trations below	exposure limi	its.						
Eye Protection:	Avoid contac	ct with eyes, we			oggles, face sl	hield, safety g	lasses (specta	cles) with br	ow guards a	nd side shields,		
Skin Brotostian		be appropriate			vi rubbor els		upped for free	nt immers!-	2			
Skin Protection:		tact with the ski ent-resistant glo								ve application		
<b>.</b>	practices and	d procedures a	re used for ma	aking structura	al bonds.							
Respiratory Protection:	exhaust vent	tilation to remov	ve airborne co	ontaminants fr	om employee	breathing zor	e and to keep	contaminant	s below leve		al	
	vvitn normal	use, the Expos	ure Limit Valu	ie will not usu	ally de reache	a. vvnen limit	approached,	use respirat	ory protection	i equipment.		

**WELD**×ON GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET Date Revised: DEC 2011 WELD-ON® P-68<sup>™</sup> Low VOC Primer for PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe Supersedes: OCT 2010 <del>Secti</del>on B SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES Appearance: Odor: Clear or purple, thin liquid Ethereal Odor Threshold: 0.88 ppm (Cyclohexanone) ¥7 pH: Melting/Freezing Point: Not Applicable -108.5℃ (-163.3°F) Based on first melting component: THF Boiling Range: 56 ℃ (133 °F) to 156 °C (313 °F) Boiling Point: 56 °C (133 °F) Based on first boiling component: Acetone > 1.0 (BUAC = 1) Evaporation Rate: Flash Point: -20 °C (-4 °F) TCC based on Acetone . Flammability: Category 2 Specific Gravity: 0.842 @23 °C (73 °F) Flammability Limits: LEL: 1.1% based on Cyclohexanone UEL: 12.8% based on Acetone Solubility: Solvent portion soluble in water. Resin portion separates out. Partition Coefficient n-octanol/water: Not Available Vapor Pressure: 190 mm Hg @ 20 ℃ (68 °F) Acetone Auto-ignition Temperature: 321 °C (610 °F) based on THF Vapor Density: >2.0 (Air = 1) Decomposition Temperature: Not Applicable Other Data: Viscosity: Water-thin When applied as directed, per SCAQMD Rule 1168, Test Method 316A, VOC content is: < 550 g/l. VOC Content: SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY Stability: Stable Hazardous decomposition products: None in normal use. When forced to burn, this product gives off oxides of carbon and smoke. Conditions to avoid: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and other ignition sources. Incompatible Materials: Oxidizers, strong acids and bases, amines, ammonia SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION Likely Routes of Exposure: Inhalation, Eve and Skin Contact Acute symptoms and effects Inhalation: Severe overexposure may result in nausea, dizziness, headache. Can cause drowsiness, irritation of eyes and nasal passages. Eye Contact: Vapors slightly uncomfortable. Overexposure may result in severe eye injury with corneal or conjunctival inflammation on contact with the liquid. Skin Contact: Liquid contact may remove natural skin oils resulting in skin irritation. Dermatitis may occur with prolonged contact May cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and mental sluggishness. Indestion: None known to humans Chronic (long-term) effects: LD50 LC50 Toxicity: Inhalation 3 hrs. 21,000 mg/m3 (rat) Tetrahydrofuran (THF) Oral: 2842 mg/kg (rat) Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) Oral: 2737 mg/kg (rat), Dermal: 6480 mg/kg (rabbit) Inhalation 8 hrs. 23,500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (rat) Cyclohexanone Oral: 1535 mg/kg (rat), Dermal: 948 mg/kg (rabbit) Inhalation 4 hrs. 8,000 PPM (rat) Inhalation 50,100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (rat) Acetone Oral: 5800 mg/kg (rat) Reproductive Effects Teratogenicity Mutagenicity Embryotoxicity Sensitization to Product Synergistic Products Not Established Not Established Not Established Not Established Not Established Not Established SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION Ecotoxicity: None Known Mobility: In normal use, emission of volatile organic compounds (VOC's) to the air takes place, typically at a rate of < 550 g/l. Degradability: Biodegradable Bioaccumulation: Minimal to none SECTION 13 - WASTE DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS Follow local and national regulations. Consult disposal expert. SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Flammable Liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone, Tetrahydrofuran) 3 **EXCEPTION for Ground Shipping** Secondary Risk: None DOT Limited Quantity: Up to 1L per inner packaging, 30 kg gross weight per package. UN 1993 Identification Number: Packing Group: PG II Consumer Commodity: Depending on packaging, these quantities may qualify under DOT as "ORM-D" Label Required: Class 3 Flammable Liquid Marine Pollutant: NO TDG INFORMATION TDG CLASS: FLAMMABLE LIQUID 3 SHIPPING NAME: Flammable Liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone, Tetrahydrofuran) UN NUMBER/PACKING GROUP UN 1993, PG II **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION** Precautionary Label Information: Highly Flammable, Irritant Ingredient Listings: USA TSCA, Europe EINECS, Canada DSL, Australia Symbols: F, Xi AICS, Korea ECL/TCCL, Japan MITI (ENCS) R11: Highly flammable **Risk Phrases** R20: Harmful by inhalation. R66: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking R36/37: Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. R67: Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness Safety Phrases: S9: Keep container in a well-ventilated place S26: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice S16: Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. S33: Take precautionary measures against static discharges S25: Avoid contact with eyes. S46: If swallowed, seek medical advise immediately and show this container or label. SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION Specification Information: Department issuing data sheet: IPS, Safety Health & Environmental Affairs All ingredients are compliant with the requirements of the European E-mail address: <EHSinfo@ipscorp.com> Directive on RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances). Training necessary: Yes, training in practices and procedures contained in product literature. 12/14/2011 / Updated GHS Standard Format Reissue date / reason for reissue: Intended Use of Product:

Primer for PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe

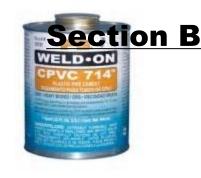
This product is intended for use by skilled individuals at their own risk. The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate based on current state of knowledge and experience. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof.



SECTION I - PRODU			DATA SHEET		Date Revised:	DEC 2011	
SECTION I - PRODU	WELD-ON FLO	DWGUARD GOLD <sup>®</sup> Low	w VOC Cement for	CPVC Plastic Pipe		FEB 2010	
	JCT AND COMPAN	Y IDENTIFICATION				Secti	on
PRODUCT NAME:	WELD-ON FLOWGUAR	D GOLD <sup>®</sup> Low VOC Cement	for CPVC Plastic Pipe				,
PRODUCT USE:	Low VOC Solvent Cemer	nt for CPVC Plastic Pipe					#
SUPPLIER:		MANUF	ACTURER: IPS Corpo				
				uth Main Street, Carson, CA 379, Gardena, CA 90247-03 -898-3300			
EMERGENCY: Transportati	ion: CHEMTEL Tel. 800.2	255-3924, 813-248-0585 (Interr	national) Medical:	Tel. 800.451.8346, 760.602.8	703 3E Compa	any (International)	
SECTION 2 - HAZA GHS CLASSIFICATION:	RDS IDENTIFICAT	ION					
Hea	alth	Enviro	onmental	P	hysical		
	Category 4	Acute Toxicity:	None Known	Flammable Liquid	,	Category 2	
	Category 3	Chronic Toxicity:	None Known				
	NO Category 2B						
GHS LABEL:			Signal Word:	WHMIS CLASSIFICATION:	CLASS B. DI	VISION 2	
	OR OR	<b>*</b>	Danger		01100 0, 01		
	Hazard Statements			Precautionary Statemer			
H225: Highly flammable liquid an H319: Causes serious eye irritati	•			t/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray	– No smoking		
H226: Flammable liquid and vap			-	es/protective clothing/eye protect	on/face protectio	n	
H332: Harmful if inhaled				Remove victim to fresh air and ke	ep at rest in a pos	sition comfortable for breathing	
H335: May cause respiratory irrit H336: May cause drowsiness or			P337+P313: Get medical a P403+P233: Store in a well	dvice/attention ventilated place. Keep container	tightly closed		
EUH019: May form explosive pe				container in accordance with local			
EUH066: Repeated exposure ma	ay cause skin dryness or cracl				-		
SECTION 3 - COMP	OSITION/INFORM	IATION ON INGREDIEI CAS# EINECS #	NTS REACH	CONCENTRAT	ION		
			Pre-registration Number	% by Weigh			
Tetrahydrofuran (THF) Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)		109-99-9 203-726-8 78-93-3 201-159-0					
Cyclohexanone			05-2116297718-25-000				
All of the constituents of this	adhesive product are list	ted on the TSCA inventory of c	chemical substances maint	ained by the US EPA, or are	exempt from th	nat listing.	
		equirements of Section 313 of the 65's List of chemicals known to				0CFR372).	
SECTION 4 - FIRST	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
		with plenty of water for 15 minu	ites and seek medical adv	ce immediately.			
		lothing and shoes. Wash skin					
		reathing is stopped, give artific Give 1 or 2 glasses of water o					
SECTION 5 - FIREF	IGHTING MEASUF	RES		-			
Suitable Extinguishing N		cal powder, carbon dioxide gas	s, foam, Halon, water fog.	HMIS		0-Minimal	
Unsuitable Extinguishing Exposure Hazards:		ay or stream. and dermal contact		Health 2 Flammability 3	2 3	1-Slight 2-Moderate	
Combustion Products:		carbon, hydrogen chloride and	smoke	Reactivity 0	0	3-Serious	
Ducto stien for Firefickte	Oolf oontoi		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	PPE B		4-Severe	
Protection for Firefighter SECTION 6 - ACCIE		ned breathing apparatus or full	-face positive pressure air	ine masks.			
OLUNIO - AUUI		/ from heat, sparks and open fl	ame.				
Personal precautions:		fficient ventilation, use explosio		n equipment or wear suitable	respiratory pro	tective equipment.	
	Prevent cor	ontact with skin or eyes (see se oduct or liquids contaminated v	,	sewers drains soil or open v	vater course.		
Personal precautions: Environmental Precaution Methods for Cleaning up	rs: Prevent pro	vith sand or other inert absorbe					
Personal precautions: Environmental Precaution Methods for Cleaning up Materials not to be used	ns: Prevent pro : Clean up w for clean up:	Aluminum or plastic contair					
Personal precautions: Environmental Precaution Methods for Cleaning up Materials not to be used SECTION 7 - HAND	ns: Prevent pro Clean up w for clean up:	Aluminum or plastic contair					
Personal precautions: Environmental Precaution Methods for Cleaning up Materials not to be used SECTION 7 - HAND Handling: Avoid breathin	ns: Prevent pro Clean up w for clean up: DLING AND STORA ng of vapor, avoid contact	Aluminum or plastic contair	ners	closable steel vessel.	khaust hoods.		
Personal precautions: Environmental Precaution Methods for Cleaning up Materials not to be used in SECTION 7 - HAND Handling: Avoid breathin Keep away fro Do not eat, dri	ns: Prevent pro Clean up w for clean up: DLING AND STORA ng of vapor, avoid contact m ignition sources, use or ink or smoke while handlin	Aluminum or plastic contain AGE with eyes, skin and clothing. nly electrically grounded handl ng.	ners ling equipment and ensure	closable steel vessel.	haust hoods.		
Personal precautions: Environmental Precaution Methods for Cleaning up Materials not to be used SECTION 7 - HAND Handling: Avoid breathin Keep away fro Do not eat, dri Storage: Store in ventila	ns: Prevent pro Clean up w for clean up: DLING AND STORA go f vapor, avoid contact om ignition sources, use or ink or smoke while handlin ated room or shade below	Aluminum or plastic contain AGE :with eyes, skin and clothing. Inly electrically grounded handling. ng. v33°C (90°F) and away from d	ners ling equipment and ensure lirect sunlight.	closable steel vessel.		and isocvanates.	
Personal precautions: Environmental Precaution Methods for Cleaning up Materials not to be used SECTION 7 - HAND Handling: Avoid breathin Keep away fro Do not eat, dri Storage: Store in ventile Keep away fro	ns: Prevent pro Clean up w for clean up: DLING AND STORA go f vapor, avoid contact m ignition sources, use or ink or smoke while handlin ated room or shade below om ignition sources and inc	Aluminum or plastic contain AGE with eyes, skin and clothing. nly electrically grounded handl ng.	ing equipment and ensure lirect sunlight.	adequate ventilation/fume es		and isocyanates.	
Personal precautions: Environmental Precaution Methods for Cleaning up Materials not to be used for SECTION 7 - HAND Handling: Avoid breathin Keep away fro Do not eat, dri Storage: Store in ventila Keep away for Follow all prec SECTION 8 - PREC	ns: Prevent pro Clean up w for clean up: DLING AND STORA go f vapor, avoid contact om ignition sources, use or ink or smoke while handlin ated room or shade below om ignition sources and inc cautionary information on CAUTIONS TO CON	Aluminum or plastic contain AGE with eyes, skin and clothing. nly electrically grounded handling. v 33 °C (90 °F) and away from di compatible materials: caustics container label, product bulletin ITROL EXPOSURE / P	Iing equipment and ensure lirect sunlight. a, ammonia, inorganic acid ns and solvent cementing ERSONAL PROTEC	adequate ventilation/fume es s, chlorinated compounds, st iterature.		and isocyanates.	
Personal precautions: Environmental Precaution Methods for Cleaning up Materials not to be used SECTION 7 - HAND Handling: Avoid breathin Keep away fro Do not eat, dri Storage: Store in ventilia Keep away fro Follow all prec	ns: Prevent pro Clean up w for clean up: DLING AND STORA ng of vapor, avoid contact m ignition sources, use or ink or smoke while handlin ated room or shade below m ignition sources and inco m ignitor sources and inco m ignition sources and inco m igniti	Aluminum or plastic contair AGE with eyes, skin and clothing. nly electrically grounded handl ng. v 33 °C (90 °F) and away from di compatible materials: caustics container label, product bulletin ITROL EXPOSURE / P ACGIH TLV ACGIH STEI	Iing equipment and ensure lirect sunlight. , ammonia, inorganic acid ns and solvent cementing ERSONAL PROTEC L OSHA PEL OSHA STE	adequate ventilation/fume es s, chlorinated compounds, st iterature.		and isocyanates.	
Personal precautions: Environmental Precaution Methods for Cleaning up Materials not to be used for SECTION 7 - HAND Handling: Avoid breathin Keep away fro Do not eat, dri Storage: Store in ventila Keep away for Follow all prec SECTION 8 - PREC	ns: Prevent pro Clean up w for clean up: DLING AND STORA go f vapor, avoid contact om ignition sources, use or ink or smoke while handlin ated room or shade below om ignition sources and inc cautionary information on CAUTIONS TO CON	Aluminum or plastic contain AGE with eyes, skin and clothing. only electrically grounded handl ng. v 33 °C (90 °F) and away from d iccompatible materials: caustics container label, product bulletin ITROL EXPOSURE / P ACGIH TLV ACGIH STEI 50 ppm 100 ppm	Ing equipment and ensure lirect sunlight. , ammonia, inorganic acid ns and solvent cementing I ERSONAL PROTEC L OSHA PEL OSHA STE 200 ppm	adequate ventilation/fume es s, chlorinated compounds, st iterature.		and isocyanates.	
Personal precautions: Environmental Precaution Methods for Cleaning up Materials not to be used if SECTION 7 - HAND Handling: Avoid breathin Keep away fro Do not eat, dri Storage: Store in ventila Keep away fro Follow all prec SECTION 8 - PREC EXPOSURE LIMITS:	ns: Prevent pro Clean up w for clean up: DLING AND STORA ng of vapor, avoid contact m ignition sources, use or ink or smoke while handlin ated room or shade below pm ignition sources and ino cautionary information on or cautions TO CON Component Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	Aluminum or plastic contain AGE with eyes, skin and clothing. only electrically grounded handl ng. v33°C (90°F) and away from d iccompatible materials: caustics container label, product bulletin ITROL EXPOSURE / P ACGIH TLV ACGIH STEI 50 ppm 100 ppm	Iing equipment and ensure lirect sunlight. , ammonia, inorganic acid ns and solvent cementing ERSONAL PROTEC L OSHA PEL OSHA STE	adequate ventilation/fume es s, chlorinated compounds, st iterature.		and isocyanates.	
Personal precautions: Environmental Precaution Methods for Cleaning up Materials not to be used f SECTION 7 - HAND Handling: Avoid breathin Keep away fro Do not eat, dri Storage: Store in ventile Keep away fro Follow all prec SECTION 8 - PREC EXPOSURE LIMITS: Engineering Controls:	ns: Prevent pro Clean up w for clean up: DLING AND STORA ng of vapor, avoid contact m ignition sources, use or ink or smoke while handlin ated room or shade below m ignition sources and ind mignition sources and ind sources and ind component Tetrahydrofuran (THF) Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEH Cyclohexanone Use local exhaust as nee	Aluminum or plastic contain AGE with eyes, skin and clothing. Inly electrically grounded handling. V33°C (90°F) and away from discompatible materials: caustics container label, product bulleting ITROL EXPOSURE / P ACGIH TLV ACGIH STEP S0 ppm 100 ppm 20 ppm 300 ppm 20 ppm 50 ppm eled.	Ing equipment and ensure lirect sunlight. e, ammonia, inorganic acid ns and solvent cementing I ERSONAL PROTEC L OSHA PEL OSHA STE 200 ppm 200 ppm 50 ppm	adequate ventilation/fume es s, chlorinated compounds, st iterature.		and isocyanates.	
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Personal precautions: Environmental Precaution Methods for Cleaning up Materials not to be used if SECTION 7 - HAND Handling: Avoid breathin Keep away fro Do not eat, dri Storage: Store in ventila Keep away fro Follow all prec SECTION 8 - PREC EXPOSURE LIMITS: Engineering Controls: Monitoring: Personal Protective Equi Eye Protection:	ns: Prevent pro Clean up w for clean up: DLING AND STORA go f vapor, avoid contact m ignition sources, use or ink or smoke while handlin ated room or shade below m ignition sources and inc cautionary information on co CAUTIONS TO CON Component Tetrahydrofuran (THF) Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEH Cyclohexanone Use local exhaust as nee Maintain breathing zone a ipment (PPE):	Aluminum or plastic contain AGE with eyes, skin and clothing. Inly electrically grounded handling. W 33 °C (90 °F) and away from discompatible materials: caustics container label, product bulletin ITROL EXPOSURE / P ACGIH TLV ACGIH STE 50 ppm 100 ppm 20 ppm 50 ppm aded. airborne concentrations below wear splash-proof chemical go	Ing equipment and ensure lirect sunlight. , ammonia, inorganic acid ss and solvent cementing I ERSONAL PROTEC L OSHA PEL OSHA STE 200 ppm 200 ppm 50 ppm sol ppm	adequate ventilation/fume ex s, chlorinated compounds, st iterature. <b>CTION</b>	rong oxidizers a		
Personal precautions: Environmental Precaution Methods for Cleaning up Materials not to be used 1 SECTION 7 - HAND Handling: Avoid breathin Keep away fro Do not eat, dri Storage: Store in ventili Keep away fro Follow all prec SECTION 8 - PREC EXPOSURE LIMITS: Engineering Controls: Monitoring: Personal Protective Equi Eye Protection:	ns: Prevent pro Clean up w for clean up: DLING AND STORA ng of vapor, avoid contact m ignition sources, use or ink or smoke while handlin ated room or shade below mignition sources and ind autionary information on of Component Tetrahydrofuran (THF) Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEH Cyclohexanone Use local exhaust as nee Maintain breathing zone a ipment (PPE). Avoid contact with eyes, etc. as may be appropriat	Aluminum or plastic contain	Ing equipment and ensure lirect sunlight. Ins and solvent cementing in ERSONAL PROTEC L OSHA PEL OSHA STE 200 ppm 50 ppm sposure limits.	adequate ventilation/fume e: s, chlorinated compounds, st iterature. CTION	rong oxidizers a		
Personal precautions: Environmental Precaution Methods for Cleaning up Materials not to be used if SECTION 7 - HAND Handling: Avoid breathin Keep away fro Do not eat, dri Storage: Store in ventila Keep away fro Follow all prec SECTION 8 - PREC EXPOSURE LIMITS: Engineering Controls: Monitoring: Personal Protective Equi Eye Protection: Skin Protection:	ns: Prevent pro Clean up w for clean up: DLING AND STORA ng of vapor, avoid contact m ignition sources, use or ink or smoke while handlin ated room or shade below om ignition sources and inc cautionary information on or AUTIONS TO CON Component Tetrahydrofuran (THF) Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEH Cyclohexanone Use local exhaust as nee Maintain breathing zone a pomt (PPE): Avoid contact with eyes, y etc. as may be appropriat Prevent contact with the se	Aluminum or plastic contain AGE with eyes, skin and clothing. only electrically grounded handl ng. v 33 °C (90 °F) and away from d iccompatible materials: caustics container label, product bulletin ITROL EXPOSURE / P ACGIH TLV ACGIH STEI 50 ppm 100 ppm 20 ppm 300 ppm 20 ppm 50 ppm aded. airborne concentrations below wear splash-proof chemical go te for the exposure. skin as much as possible. Buty	Ing equipment and ensure lirect sunlight. , ammonia, inorganic acid ns and solvent cementing I ERSONAL PROTEC L OSHA PEL OSHA STE 200 ppm 200 ppm 50 ppm exposure limits. oggles, face shield, safety of yl rubber gloves should be	adequate ventilation/fume e: a, chlorinated compounds, st iterature. CTION IL: glasses (spectacles) with bro used for frequent immersion	rong oxidizers a	side shields,	
Personal precautions: Environmental Precaution Methods for Cleaning up Materials not to be used i SECTION 7 - HAND Handling: Avoid breathin Keep away fro Do not eat, dri Storage: Store in ventila Keep away fro Follow all prec SECTION 8 - PREC EXPOSURE LIMITS: Engineering Controls: Monitoring: Personal Protective Equi Eye Protection: Skin Protection:	ns: Prevent pro Clean up w for clean up: DLING AND STORA ng of vapor, avoid contact m ignition sources, use or ink or smoke while handlin ated room or shade below m ignition sources and inc cautionary information on co CAUTIONS TO CON Component Tetrahydrofuran (THF) Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEH Cyclohexanone Use local exhaust as nee Maintain breathing zone a spment (PPE): Avoid contact with eyes, v etc. as may be appropriat Prevent contact with the s Use of solvent-resistant g practices and procedures	Aluminum or plastic contain AGE with eyes, skin and clothing. Inity electrically grounded handling. v 33 °C (90 °F) and away from discompatible materials: caustics container label, product bulletir ITROL EXPOSURE / P ACGIH TLV ACGIH STEL 50 ppm 100 ppm 20 ppm 50 ppm aded. airborne concentrations below wear splash-proof chemical go the free exposure. Skin as much as possible. Buth gloves or solvent-resistant barris are used for making structura	Ing equipment and ensure lirect sunlight. a ammonia, inorganic acids and solvent cementing i ERSONAL PROTEC 200 ppm 200 ppm 50 ppm exposure limits. bggles, face shield, safety of yl rubber gloves should be rier cream should provide a al bonds.	adequate ventilation/fume ex s, chlorinated compounds, st iterature. <b>TION</b> glasses (spectacles) with bro used for frequent immersion adequate protection when no	w guards and s	side shields,	
Personal precautions: Environmental Precaution Methods for Cleaning up Materials not to be used i SECTION 7 - HAND Handling: Avoid breathin Keep away fro Do not eat, dri Storage: Store in ventile Keep away fro Do not eat, dri Storage: Store in ventile Keep away fro Follow all prec SECTION 8 - PREC EXPOSURE LIMITS: Engineering Controls: Monitoring: Personal Protective Equi Eye Protection: Skin Protection: Respiratory Protection:	ns: Prevent pro Clean up w for clean up: DLING AND STORA ng of vapor, avoid contact m ignition sources, use or ink or smoke while handlin ated room or shade below m ignition sources and indo m ignition sources and indo component Component Tetrahydrofuran (THF) Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEH Cyclohexanone Use local exhaust as nee Maintain breathing zone a ignent (PPE): Avoid contact with eyes, n etc. as may be appropriat Prevent inhalation of the s	Aluminum or plastic contain AGE with eyes, skin and clothing. Inly electrically grounded handling. W 33 °C (90 °F) and away from di compatible materials: caustics container label, product bulletin ITROL EXPOSURE / P ACGIH TLV ACGIH STEI 50 ppm 100 ppm 20 ppm 50 ppm aded. airborne concentrations below wear splash-proof chemical go te for the exposure. Skin as much as possible. Buty gloves or solvent-resistant barr	Ing equipment and ensure lirect sunlight. In ammonia, inorganic acid as and solvent cementing in ERSONAL PROTEC DO DATA PEL OSHA STE 200 ppm 50 ppm exposure limits. Deggles, face shield, safety of yl rubber gloves should be rier cream should provide a al bonds.	adequate ventilation/fume e: a, chlorinated compounds, st iterature. CTION I: glasses (spectacles) with bro used for frequent immersion adequate protection when no d/or windows to ensure airflo	w guards and s mal adhesive w and air chang	side shields, application ges. Use local	

WELD	<b>ON</b> ,	GHS S	AFETY [	DATA SHEET		Date Revised: DEC 2011	]
	WELD-ON FLO	WGUARD	GOLD <sup>®</sup> Low	VOC Cement for	CPVC Plastic Pipe	Supersedes: FEB 2010	<b>P</b>
SECTION 9 - PHY	SICAL AND CHEMIC	AL PROPE	RTIES			Secti	ion B
Appearance:		ium syrupy liqu					
Odor:	Ketone				Odor Threshold:	0.88 ppm (Cyclohexanone)	#3
pH: Melting/Freezing Po	Not Applicat		on first melting	component: THF	Boiling Range:	66℃ (151℉) to 156℃ (313℉)	
Boiling Point:			t boiling compo		Evaporation Rate:	> 1.0 (BUAC = 1)	
Flash Point:		TCC based or	THF		Flammability:	Category 2	
Specific Gravity:	0.986 @23°				Flammability Limits:	LEL: 1.1% based on Cyclohexanone	
Solubility: Partition Coefficient		Not Available		ortion separates out.	Vapor Pressure:	UEL: 11.8% based on THF 129 mm Hg @ 20℃ (68 ℃)based on THF	
Auto-ignition Tempe		F) based on Tl			Vapor Density:	>2 (Air = 1)	
Decomposition Terr					Other Data: Viscosity:	Medium bodied	
VOC Content:	When applie	d as directed,	per SCAQMD F	Rule 1168, Test Method 3	16A,VOC content is: < 490 g	/l.	
SECTION 10 - ST	ABILITY AND REACT	IVITY					
Stability:		Stable					-
Hazardous decomp						hydrogen chloride and smoke.	
Conditions to avoid				s, open flame and other i	*		
Incompatible Materi			rong acids and	bases, amines, ammonia			1
	XICOLOGICAL INFO						
Likely Routes of Exposu		ye and Skin C	ontact				
Acute symptoms and eff Inhalation:		rocult in nous	oo dizzinoss h	oadacho. Can causo dro	wsiness, irritation of eyes and		
Eve Contact:						nmation on contact with the liquid.	
Skin Contact:	1 0 7				may occur with prolonged cor	•	
Ingestion:	May cause nausea, vomit	ng, diarrhea ar	nd mental slugg	jishness.	, , ,		
Chronic (long-term) effect		to humans					
Toxicity:	LD50			LC50	ol of ooo ( <sup>3</sup> / 1)		
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	Oral: 2842 n		mal: 6490 mg/k		n 3 hrs. 21,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (rat) n 8 hrs. 23,500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (rat)		
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (ME Cyclohexanone	,		mal: 6480 mg/k mal: 948 mg/kg	• ( )	1 4 hrs. 8,000 PPM (rat)		
-						t Cuncumintia Duaduata	
Reproductive Effects Not Established	Teratogenicity Not Established		genicity stablished	Embryotoxicity Not Established	Sensitization to Produce Not Established	t Synergistic Products Not Established	
SECTION 12 - EC	OLOGICAL INFORM						1
Ecotoxicity:	None Known						1
Mobility:	In normal use, emission of	volatile organi	c compounds (	VOC's) to the air takes pl	ace, typically at a rate of $\leq$ 49	0 g/l.	
Degradability:	Biodegradable						
Bioaccumulation:	Minimal to none						-
	STE DISPOSAL CON		ONS				
Follow local and national r	egulations. Consult disposa	l expert.					_
	NSPORT INFORMAT	TION					
Proper Shipping Name							7
Hazard Class: Secondary Risk:	3 None		DOT Limited		PTION for Ground Shipping nner packaging, 30 kg gross v	veight per package	_
Identification Number:	UN 1133					may qualify under DOT as "ORM-D".	
Packing Group:	PG II				parag. 3,		1
Label Required:		nmable Liquid			TDG INFORMATION		
Marine Pollutant:	NO			TDG CLASS:	FLAMMABL		
				SHIPPING NAME: UN NUMBER/PACKING	ADHESIVE G GROUP: UN 1133, P		
	GULATORY INFORM			orritoniberarritorart			1
	Information: Highly Flam			Ingredient Listings: LIS	A TSCA, Europe EINECS, Ca	anada DSI Australia	
Symbols:	F, Xi	nable, initant			Korea ECL/TCCL, Japan MI		
Risk Phrases:	R11: Highly flammable.			R36/37: Irritating to eyes	and respiratory system.	. ,	
	R19: May form explosive pe	roxide			e may cause skin dryness or cra	acking	
	R20: Harmful by inhalation.			R67: Vapors may cause	drowsiness and dizziness		
Safety Phrases:	S2: Keep out of the reach o					n plenty of water and seek medical advice.	
	S9: Keep container in a wel			S29: Do not empty into d			
	S16: Keep away from source S25: Avoid contact with eye		vo smoking.		measures against static dischange nedical advise immediately and		
	,			C 70. II SWAIIOWEU, SEEK I			1
SECTION 16 - OTT Specification Inform	HER INFORMATION						1
Department issuing		IPS, Safety F	ealth & Enviro	nmental Affairs	All ingredients are compli	ant with the requirements of the European	
E-mail address:	=		oscorp.com>			iction of Hazardous Substances).	
Training necessary:		-	•	d procedures contained ir			
Reissue date / reaso	on for reissue:	12/14/2011 /	Updated GHS	Standard Format			
Intended Use of Pro	duct:	Solvent Cerr	ent for CPVC F	Plastic Pipe			

This product is intended for use by skilled individuals at their own risk. The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate based on current state of knowledge and experience. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof.



								d: DEC 2011
		D-ON® 729™ Low V(		CPVC Plas	stic Pipe		Supersedes:	Sect
		NY IDENTIFICATION						
PRODUCT NAME:		w VOC Cement for CPVC F	Plastic Pipe					
PRODUCT USE:	Low VOC Solvent Cen	nent for CPVC Plastic Pipe						
SUPPLIER:		MA	NUFACTURER:	P.O. Box 379	Main Street, Ca , Gardena, CA			
				Tel. 1-310-89				<i></i>
		).255-3924, 813-248-0585 (I	International)	Medical: Tel.	800.451.8346	, 760.602.8	3703 3E Com	pany (International)
SECTION 2 - HAZA SHS CLASSIFICATION:	ARDS IDENTIFICA	TION						
	ealth	E	nvironmental			Р	hysical	
Acute Toxicity:	Category 4	Acute Toxicity:	None Know	vn	Flammable Liq		nyoloa.	Category 2
Skin Irritation:	Category 3	Chronic Toxicity:	None Know	vn				
Skin Sensitization:	NO Catagony 2P							
	Category 2B							
GHS LABEL:	OR OR	★ ×	Signal Wor Danger	rd:	WHMIS CLASSIF	-ICATION:	CLASS B, I	DIVISION 2
•	Hazard Statemer	its			Precautionary	y Statemer	nts	
H225: Highly flammable liquid a				away from heat/spa			<ul> <li>No smoking</li> </ul>	
H319: Causes serious eye irrita H335: May cause respiratory irr				breathing dust/fum protective gloves/p			on/face protection	on
H335: May cause respiratory irr H336: May cause drowsiness o				Get medical advic	-	eye protectio	simace protecti	
EUH019: May form explosive p				Store in a well ven		p container t	ightly closed	
				e of contents/cont	ainer in accordan	ce with local	regulation	
SECTION 3 - COM	POSITION/INFOR	MATION ON INGRED		EACH				
		CAS# EINECS	F# RI Pre-registrat	EACH tion Number		NCENTRAT		
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)		109-99-9 203-7		7729-22-0000		50 - 70		
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) Cyclohexanone	)	78-93-3 201-1 108-94-1 203-6		7728-24-0000 7718-25-0000		2 - 10 5 - 15		
•	is adhesive product are	listed on the TSCA inventory				5 15		
			/ of chemical subst	ances maintaine	ed by the LIS FI	PA, or are	exempt from	that listing
Indicates this chemical is	subject to the reporting	requirements of Section 313						
# indicates that this chemic	cal is found on Proposition	requirements of Section 313 on 65's List of chemicals kno	3 of the Emergency	Planning and C	Community Righ	nt-to-Know	Act of 1986 (	
# indicates that this chemic SECTION 4 - FIRS	cal is found on Proposition	requirements of Section 313 on 65's List of chemicals kno	3 of the Emergency own to the State of 0	Planning and C California to cau	Community Rightse cancer or re	nt-to-Know	Act of 1986 (	
# indicates that this chemic SECTION 4 - FIRS Contact with eyes:	cal is found on Proposition <b>T AID MEASURES</b> Flush eyes immediatel	requirements of Section 313 on 65's List of chemicals kno y with plenty of water for 15 i	3 of the Emergency own to the State of ( minutes and seek n	Planning and C California to cau nedical advice i	Community Right use cancer or re mmediately.	nt-to-Know productive	Act of 1986 ( toxicity.	(40CFR372).
# indicates that this chemic SECTION 4 - FIRS	cal is found on Proposition <b>T AID MEASURES</b> Flush eyes immediatel Remove contaminated	requirements of Section 313 on 65's List of chemicals kno y with plenty of water for 15 l clothing and shoes. Wash	3 of the Emergency own to the State of C minutes and seek n skin thoroughly with	Planning and C California to cau nedical advice i n soap and wate	Community Right lise cancer or re mmediately. er. If irritation d	evelops, se	Act of 1986 ( e toxicity.	(40CFR372).
# indicates that this chemic SECTION 4 - FIRS Contact with eyes: Skin contact:	cal is found on Proposition <b>T AID MEASURES</b> Flush eyes immediatel Remove contaminated Remove to fresh air.	requirements of Section 313 on 65's List of chemicals kno y with plenty of water for 15 i	B of the Emergency own to the State of ( minutes and seek n skin thoroughly with artificial respiration.	Planning and C California to cau nedical advice i n soap and wate If breathing is c	community Rightse cancer or re mmediately. er. If irritation d difficult, give oxy	evelops, se	Act of 1986 ( toxicity. eek medical a k medical adv	(40CFR372). advice. vice.
# indicates that this chemic SECTION 4 - FIRS Contact with eyes: Skin contact: Inhalation: Ingestion: SECTION 5 - FIRE	cal is found on Proposition <b>T AID MEASURES</b> Flush eyes immediatel Remove contaminated Remove to fresh air. If Rinse mouth with wate <b>FIGHTING MEASU</b>	requirements of Section 313 on 65's List of chemicals kno y with plenty of water for 15 i clothing and shoes. Wash f breathing is stopped, give a r. Give 1 or 2 glasses of wa	B of the Emergency own to the State of ( minutes and seek n skin thoroughly with artificial respiration.	Planning and C California to cau nedical advice i n soap and wate If breathing is c	community Rightse cancer or re mmediately. er. If irritation d difficult, give oxy	nt-to-Know productive evelops, se ygen. See k medical a	Act of 1986 ( e toxicity. eek medical ad k medical ad advice immed	(40CFR372). advice. vice.
# indicates that this chemic SECTION 4 - FIRS Contact with eyes: Skin contact: Inhalation: Ingestion: SECTION 5 - FIRE Suitable Extinguishing	cal is found on Proposition <b>T AID MEASURES</b> Flush eyes immediated Remove contaminated Remove to fresh air. In Rinse mouth with wate <b>FIGHTING MEASU</b> Media: Dry chem	requirements of Section 313 on 65's List of chemicals kno y with plenty of water for 15 f clothing and shoes. Wash f breathing is stopped, give a r. Give 1 or 2 glasses of wa JRES nical powder, carbon dioxide	B of the Emergency own to the State of C minutes and seek n skin thoroughly with artificial respiration. ter or milk to dilute.	Planning and C California to cau nedical advice i n soap and wate If breathing is o Do not induce	Community Rightse cancer or re mmediately. er. If irritation d difficult, give oxy vomiting. Seel	evelops, se ygen. See k medical a HMIS	Act of 1986 ( e toxicity. eek medical at k medical ad advice immed NFPA	(40CFR372). advice. vice. Jiately. 0-Minimal
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B



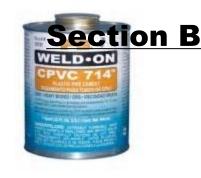
## **GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET**

WELD-ON® 729<sup>™</sup> Low VOC Cement for CPVC Plastic Pipe

Date Revised: DEC 2011 Supersedes: NOV 2010

В

SECTION 9 - PHYS	ICAL AND	CHEIMICA		TIE5					
Appearance:			eavy syrupy liqu	uid					
Odor:		Ketone				Odor Threshold:	0.88 ppm (Cyclo	hexanone)	
pH:		Not Applicable							
Melting/Freezing Poir					component: THF	Boiling Range:	66℃ (151°F) to		
Boiling Point:			Based on first		ent: THF	Evaporation Rate:	> 1.0 (BUAC = 1	1)	
Flash Point:		( /	FCC based on <sup>-</sup>	IHF		Flammability:	Category 2		
Specific Gravity:		1.0 @23℃ (7		tor Dooin port	ion concretes out	Flammability Limits:	LEL: 1.1% base		anone
Solubility:			Not Available	ller. Resin port	ion separates out.		<b>UEL:</b> 11.8% ba		nd on T
Partition Coefficient r Auto-ignition Temper			based on TH	E		Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density:	129 mm Hg @ 2 >2 (Air = 1)	20 °C (00 °F)base	
Decomposition Temp		Not Applicable		F		Other Data: Viscosity:		lied	
VOC Content:				er SCAOMD BI	ile 1168. Test Method 3	16A,VOC content is: <a></a> 490		licu	
SECTION 10 - STAN							g/1.		
Stability:			Stable			at all and off available of a sub-sub-	hudua a a a a a la la viala		
Hazardous decompos	sition produc	ts:				ct gives off oxides of carbon	, nyarogen chioriae	and smoke.	
Conditions to avoid:	-				, open flame and other	gnition sources.			
Incompatible Material				ng acids and b	ases, amines, ammonia				
SECTION 11 - TOX	ICOLOGIC	AL INFOR	MATION						
ikely Routes of Exposure		Inhalation, Ey	e and Skin Cor	ntact					
cute symptoms and effe	cts:								
Inhalation:	Severe overe	xposure may i	result in nausea	a, dizziness, he	adache. Can cause dr	wsiness, irritation of eyes ar	d nasal passages.		
Eye Contact:	Vapors slightl	y uncomfortab	ole. Overexpos	sure may result	in severe eye injury with	corneal or conjunctival infla	mmation on contac	t with the liquid.	
Skin Contact:	Liquid contact	t may remove	natural skin oils	s resulting in sk	in irritation. Dermatitis	nay occur with prolonged co	ntact.		
Ingestion:	May cause na	ausea, vomitin	g, diarrhea and	d mental sluggis	shness.				
hronic (long-term) effect	s:	None known t	to humans						
oxicity:		LD50			LC50				
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)		Oral: 2842 mg	g/kg (rat)		Inhalatio	n 3 hrs. 21,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (rat)			
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)			g/kg (rat), Derm	nal: 6480 mg/kc	(rabbit) Inhalatio	n 8 hrs. 23,500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (rat)			
Cyclohexanone	,		g/kg (rat), Derm			n 4 hrs. 8,000 PPM (rat)			
,	1					Consitization to Dradu	ot Synoraiotic	Droducto	
Reproductive Effects	Teratog	genicity	Mutag	Ienicity	Embryotoxicity	Sensitization to Produ	ct Synergistic	Products	
Not Established	Not Eat	abliabad	Net Eat					lichod	
Ecotoxicity:	None Known	INFORMA	TION	ablished	Not Established	Not Established	Not Estab	blished	
ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation:	LOGICAL None Known In normal use Biodegradabl Minimal to no	INFORMA <sup>®</sup> , emission of v e ne.	TION volatile organic	compounds (V	Not Established	Not Established	Not Estab	blished	
ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS	LOGICAL None Known In normal use Biodegradabl Minimal to no TE DISPO	INFORMA , emission of v e ne. SAL CONS	VOIATILE Organic	compounds (V	Not Established	Not Established	Not Estab	blished	
ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS follow local and national reg	LOGICAL None Known In normal use Biodegradabl Minimal to no TE DISPO gulations. Cor	INFORMA , emission of v e ne. SAL CONS nsult disposal	Volatile organic SIDERATIO expert.	compounds (V	Not Established	Not Established	Not Estab	blished	
ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS	LOGICAL None Known In normal use Biodegradabl Minimal to no TE DISPO gulations. Cor	INFORMA , emission of v e ne. SAL CONS nsult disposal	Volatile organic SIDERATIO expert.	compounds (V	Not Established	Not Established	Not Estab	blished	
SECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: SECTION 13 - WAS follow local and national reg SECTION 14 - TRAN Proper Shipping Name:	LOGICAL None Known In normal use Biodegradabl Minimal to no TE DISPO gulations. Cor	INFORMA , emission of we ne. SAL CONS ISAL CONS IFORMATI Adhesives	Volatile organic SIDERATIO expert.	compounds (V	Not Established	Not Established	Not Estab	blished	
SECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: SECTION 13 - WAS follow local and national reg SECTION 14 - TRAN Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class:	LOGICAL None Known In normal use Biodegradabl Minimal to no TE DISPO gulations. Cor	INFORMA , emission of v e ne. SAL CONS ISUIT disposal IFORMATI	volatile organic SIDERATIO expert. ON	ablished compounds (V NS	OC's) to the air takes p	Not Established ace, typically at a rate of ≤ 4 PTION for Ground Shipping	0 g/l.		
SECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: SECTION 13 - WAS ollow local and national reg SECTION 14 - TRAN Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk:	LOGICAL None Known In normal use Biodegradabl Minimal to no TE DISPO gulations. Con SPORT IN	INFORMA , emission of v e ne. SAL CONS sult disposal IFORMATI Adhesives 3 None	Volatile organic SIDERATIO expert. ON	compounds (V NS DOT Limited (	OC's) to the air takes p	Not Established ace, typically at a rate of <u>&lt;</u> 4 PTION for Ground Shipping nner packaging, 30 kg gross	Not Estab	e.	
ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS ollow local and national reg ECTION 14 - TRAM Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number:	LOGICAL None Known In normal use Biodegradabl Minimal to no TE DISPO gulations. Con SPORT IN	INFORMAT e ne. SAL CONS SAL CONS IFORMATI Adhesives 3 None UN 1133	Volatile organic SIDERATIO expert. ON	compounds (V NS DOT Limited (	OC's) to the air takes p	Not Established ace, typically at a rate of ≤ 4 PTION for Ground Shipping	Not Estab	e.	-D" .
ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS Collow local and national reg ECTION 14 - TRAN Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group:	LOGICAL None Known In normal use Biodegradabl Minimal to no <b>TE DISPO</b> gulations. Con <b>ISPORT IN</b>	INFORMA , emission of v e ne. SAL CONS SAL CONS IFORMATI Adhesives 3 None UN 1133 PG II	TION volatile organic SIDERATIO expert. ON	compounds (V NS DOT Limited (	OC's) to the air takes p	Not Established ace, typically at a rate of <u>&lt;</u> 4 PTION for Ground Shipping inner packaging, 30 kg gross n packaging, these quantitie	Not Estab	e.	-D" .
SECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: SECTION 13 - WAS follow local and national reg SECTION 14 - TRAN Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required:	LOGICAL None Known In normal use Biodegradabl Minimal to no TE DISPO gulations. Con ISPORT IN	INFORMA , emission of v e ne. SAL CONS ISUIT disposal IFORMATI Adhesives 3 None UN 1133 PG II Class 3 Flami	TION volatile organic SIDERATIO expert. ON	compounds (V NS DOT Limited (	Not Established         OC's) to the air takes p         EXCE         Quantity: Up to 5L per immodity: Depending of	Not Established ace, typically at a rate of ≤ 4 <b>TION for Ground Shipping</b> nner packaging, 30 kg gross n packaging, these quantitie <b>TDG INFORMATION</b>	Not Estab 00 g/l. weight per packag s may qualify under	e.	-D" .
ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS ollow local and national reg ECTION 14 - TRAN Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group:	LOGICAL None Known In normal use Biodegradabl Minimal to no TE DISPO gulations. Con ISPORT IN	INFORMA , emission of v e ne. SAL CONS SAL CONS IFORMATI Adhesives 3 None UN 1133 PG II	TION volatile organic SIDERATIO expert. ON	compounds (V NS DOT Limited (	Not Established         OC's) to the air takes p         EXCE         Quantity: Up to 5L per immodity: Depending of         TDG CLASS:	Not Established ace, typically at a rate of ≤ 4 TION for Ground Shipping mer packaging, 30 kg gross n packaging, these quantitie TDG INFORMATION FLAMMAE	Not Estab 00 g/l. weight per packag s may qualify under	e.	-D" .
ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS ollow local and national reg ECTION 14 - TRAN Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required:	LOGICAL None Known In normal use Biodegradabl Minimal to no TE DISPO gulations. Con ISPORT IN	INFORMA , emission of v e ne. SAL CONS ISUIT disposal IFORMATI Adhesives 3 None UN 1133 PG II Class 3 Flami	TION volatile organic SIDERATIO expert. ON	compounds (V NS DOT Limited (	Not Established         OC's) to the air takes p         EXCE         Quantity: Up to 5L per         mmodity: Depending of         TDG CLASS:         SHIPPING NAME:	Not Established ace, typically at a rate of <u>&lt;</u> 4 PTION for Ground Shipping mer packaging, 30 kg gross n packaging, these quantitie TDG INFORMATION FLAMMAE ADHESIV	Not Estab 0 g/l. weight per packag s may qualify under ELE LIQUID 3 ES	e.	-D" .
ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS bollow local and national reg ECTION 14 - TRAN Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required:	LOGICAL None Known In normal use Biodegradabl Minimal to no TE DISPO gulations. Con ISPORT IN	INFORMA , emission of v e ne. SAL CONS ISUIT disposal IFORMATI Adhesives 3 None UN 1133 PG II Class 3 Flami	TION volatile organic SIDERATIO expert. ON	compounds (V NS DOT Limited (	Not Established         OC's) to the air takes p         EXCE         Quantity: Up to 5L per immodity: Depending of         TDG CLASS:	Not Established ace, typically at a rate of <u>&lt;</u> 4 PTION for Ground Shipping mer packaging, 30 kg gross n packaging, these quantitie TDG INFORMATION FLAMMAE ADHESIV	Not Estab 0 g/l. weight per packag s may qualify under ELE LIQUID 3 ES	e.	-D" .
ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS ollow local and national reg ECTION 14 - TRAN Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required: Marine Pollutant:	LOGICAL None Known In normal use Biodegradabl Minimal to no TE DISPO gulations. Cor ISPORT IN	INFORMA , emission of v e ns. SAL CONS SAL CONS IFORMATI Adhesives 3 None UN 1133 PG II Class 3 Flamn NO	volatile organic SIDERATIO expert. ON	compounds (V NS DOT Limited (	Not Established         OC's) to the air takes p         EXCE         Quantity: Up to 5L per         mmodity: Depending of         TDG CLASS:         SHIPPING NAME:	Not Established ace, typically at a rate of <u>&lt;</u> 4 PTION for Ground Shipping mer packaging, 30 kg gross n packaging, these quantitie TDG INFORMATION FLAMMAE ADHESIV	Not Estab 0 g/l. weight per packag s may qualify under ELE LIQUID 3 ES	e.	-D" .
ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS ollow local and national reg ECTION 14 - TRAN Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required: Marine Pollutant:	LOGICAL None Known In normal use Biodegradabl Minimal to no TE DISPO gulations. Cor ISPORT IN	INFORMA , emission of ve e ne. SAL CONS ISUIT disposal - IFORMATI Adhesives 3 None UN 1133 PG II Class 3 Flamn NO INFORMA	TION volatile organic SIDERATIO expert. ON mable Liquid	compounds (V NS DOT Limited (	Not Established         OC's) to the air takes p         EXCE         Quantity: Up to 5L per         mmodity: Depending c         TDG CLASS:         SHIPPING NAME:         UN NUMBER/PACKIN	Not Established ace, typically at a rate of <u>&lt;</u> 4 PTION for Ground Shipping mer packaging, 30 kg gross n packaging, these quantitie TDG INFORMATION FLAMMAE ADHESIV	Not Estab 00 g/l. weight per packag s may qualify under sLE LIQUID 3 ES PG II	e. r DOT as "ORM	-D" .
ECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: ECTION 13 - WAS ollow local and national reg ECTION 14 - TRAN Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required: Marine Pollutant:	LOGICAL None Known In normal use Biodegradabl Minimal to no TE DISPO gulations. Con ISPORT IN	INFORMA , emission of ve e ne. SAL CONS ISUIT disposal - IFORMATI Adhesives 3 None UN 1133 PG II Class 3 Flamn NO INFORMA	TION volatile organic SIDERATIO expert. ON mable Liquid	compounds (V NS DOT Limited (	Not Established         OC's) to the air takes p         EXCE         Quantity: Up to 5L per         immodity: Depending c         TDG CLASS:         SHIPPING NAME:         UN NUMBER/PACKIN         Ingredient Listings: US	Not Established ace, typically at a rate of $\leq$ 43 PTION for Ground Shipping mer packaging, 30 kg gross n packaging, these quantitie TDG INFORMATION FLAMMAE ADHESIV G GROUP: UN 1133,	Not Estab 00 g/l. weight per packag s may qualify under iLE LIQUID 3 ES PG II	e. r DOT as "ORM	-D" .
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## **GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET**

WELD-ON® 713<sup>™</sup> Low VOC Cement for CPVC Plastic Pipe

Date Revised: DEC 2011

#5

#### Supersedes: FEB 2010 <del>Sectio</del>n B SECTION I - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION WELD-ON® 713<sup>™</sup> Low VOC Cement for CPVC Plastic Pipe PRODUCT NAME: PRODUCT USE: Low VOC Solvent Cement for CPVC Plastic Pipe SUPPLIER: MANUFACTURER: **IPS** Corporation 17109 South Main Street, Carson, CA 90248-3127 P.O. Box 379, Gardena, CA 90247-0379 Tel. 1-310-898-3300 EMERGENCY: Transportation: CHEMTEL Tel. 800.255-3924, 813-248-0585 (International) Medical: Tel. 800.451.8346, 760.602.8703 3E Company (International) SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION GHS CLASSIFICATION: Health Environmental Physical Acute Toxicity: None Known Flammable Liquid Category 4 Acute Toxicity: Category 2 Skin Irritation: Category 3 Chronic Toxicity: None Known Skin Sensitization: NO Category 2B Eye: GHS LABEL: Signal Word: WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: CLASS B. DIVISION 2 OR Danger Hazard Statements Precautionary Statements H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapor P210: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - No smoking P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray H319: Causes serious eye irritation H332: Harmful if inhaled P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection H335: May cause respiratory irritation P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness P403+P233: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed EUH019: May form explosive peroxides P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS CONCENTRATION CAS# EINECS # REACH Pre-registration Number % by Weight Tetrahydrofuran (THF) 109-99-9 203-726-8 05-2116297729-22-0000 40 - 55 Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) 78-93-3 201-159-0 05-2116297728-24-0000 10 - 25 108-94-1 05-2116297718-25-0000 10 - 25 Cyclohexanone 203-631-1 Acetone 67-64-1 200-662-2 05-2116297713-35-0000 5 - 15 All of the constituents of this adhesive product are listed on the TSCA inventory of chemical substances maintained by the US EPA, or are exempt from that listing. \* Indicates this chemical is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (40CFR372). # indicates that this chemical is found on Proposition 65's List of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity. SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES Contact with eyes: Flush eyes immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes and seek medical advice immediately. Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops, seek medical advice. Remove to fresh air. If breathing is stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical advice. Inhalation: Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. Give 1 or 2 glasses of water or milk to dilute. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical advice immediately **SECTION 5 - FIREFIGHTING MEASURES** Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide gas, foam, Halon, water fog. HMIS NFPA 0-Minimal Suitable Extinguishing Media: Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray or stream. Health 2 2 1-Slight 3 3 Exposure Hazards: Inhalation and dermal contact Flammability 2-Moderate Oxides of carbon, hydrogen chloride and smoke 0 Combustion Products: Reactivity 0 3-Serious PPE в 4-Severe Protection for Firefighters: Self-contained breathing apparatus or full-face positive pressure airline masks. SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Personal precautions: Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Provide sufficient ventilation, use explosion-proof exhaust ventilation equipment or wear suitable respiratory protective equipment. Prevent contact with skin or eyes (see section 8). **Environmental Precautions:** Prevent product or liquids contaminated with product from entering sewers, drains, soil or open water course. Methods for Cleaning up: Clean up with sand or other inert absorbent material. Transfer to a closable steel vessel. Materials not to be used for clean up: Aluminum or plastic containers SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE Handling: Avoid breathing of vapor, avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep away from ignition sources, use only electrically grounded handling equipment and ensure adequate ventilation/fume exhaust hoods. Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling. Storage: Store in ventilated room or shade below 33 °C (90 °F) and away from direct sunlight. Keep away from ignition sources and incompatible materials: caustics, ammonia, inorganic acids, chlorinated compounds, strong oxidizers and isocyanates. Follow all precautionary information on container label, product bulletins and solvent cementing literature. SECTION 8 - PRECAUTIONS TO CONTROL EXPOSURE / PERSONAL PROTECTION EXPOSURE LIMITS: ACGIH TLV ACGIH STEL OSHA PEL OSHA STEL: Component Tetrahydrofuran (THF 200 ppm 50 ppm 100 ppm Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) 200 ppm 300 ppm 200 ppm 50 ppm Cyclohexanone 20 ppm 50 ppm Acetone 500 ppm 750 ppm 1000 ppm **Engineering Controls:** Use local exhaust as needed. Maintain breathing zone airborne concentrations below exposure limits. Monitorina: Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Eye Protection: Avoid contact with eyes, wear splash-proof chemical goggles, face shield, safety glasses (spectacles) with brow guards and side shields, etc. as may be appropriate for the exposure. Prevent contact with the skin as much as possible. Butyl rubber gloves should be used for frequent immersion. Skin Protection: Use of solvent-resistant gloves or solvent-resistant barrier cream should provide adequate protection when normal adhesive application

practices and procedures are used for making structural bonds. **Respiratory Protection:** Prevent inhalation of the solvents. Use in a well-ventilated room. Open doors and/or windows to ensure airflow and air changes. Use local exhaust ventilation to remove airborne contaminants from employee breathing zone and to keep contaminants below levels listed above. With normal use, the Exposure Limit Value will not usually be reached. When limits approached, use respiratory protection equipment.



## **GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET**

WELD-ON® 713<sup>™</sup> Low VOC Cement for CPVC Plastic Pipe

Date Revised: DEC 2011 Supersedes: FEB 2010

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SECTION 9 - PHYS					<u>Sections</u>
Appearance:		egular syrupy liquid			
Odor:	Ketone			Odor Threshold:	0.88 ppm (Cyclohexanone)
pH:	Not Applic	able		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Melting/Freezing Poi		(-163.3 °F) Based on first melting	component: THF	Boiling Range:	56 ℃ (133 ℉) to 156 ℃ (313 ℉)
Boiling Point:		F) Based on first boiling compo		Evaporation Rate:	> 1.0 (BUAC = 1)
Flash Point:	-20 °C (-4	F) TCC based on Acetone		Flammability:	Category 2
Specific Gravity:		3 <sup>°</sup> ℃ (73°F)		Flammability Limits:	LEL: 1.1% based on Cyclohexanone
Solubility:	Solvent po	ortion soluble in water. Resin por	rtion separates out.	-	UEL: 12.8% based on Acetone
Partition Coefficient	n-octanol/water:	Not Available	-	Vapor Pressure:	190 mm Hg @ 20 °C (68 °F) Acetone
Auto-ignition Tempe	rature: 321 ℃ (61	0°F) based on THF		Vapor Density:	>2.0 (Air = 1)
Decomposition Tem	perature: Not Applic	able		Other Data: Viscosity:	Regular bodied
VOC Content:	When app	lied as directed, per SCAQMD F	Rule 1168, Test Method 316	SA,VOC content is: <u>&lt;</u> 490 g	Л.
SECTION 10 - STA	BILITY AND REAC	TIVITY			
Stability:		Stable			
Hazardous decompo	sition products:	None in normal use. When t	forced to burn, this product	gives off oxides of carbon.	hydrogen chloride and smoke.
Conditions to avoid:	•	Keep away from heat, spark		-	
Incompatible Materia		Oxidizers, strong acids and b			
•					
SECTION 11 - TOX					
ikely Routes of Exposur		, Eye and Skin Contact			
Acute symptoms and effe					
Inhalation:		ay result in nausea, dizziness, h			
Eye Contact:					mmation on contact with the liquid.
Skin Contact:		ove natural skin oils resulting in s		ay occur with prolonged cor	ntact.
Ingestion:		niting, diarrhea and mental slugg	ishness.		
Chronic (long-term) effec		wn to humans			
Foxicity:	LD50		LC50		
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)	Oral: 2842	2 mg/kg (rat)		3 hrs. 21,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (rat)	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK		7 mg/kg (rat), Dermal: 6480 mg/k		3 hrs. 23,500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (rat)	
Cyclohexanone	Oral: 1535	5 mg/kg (rat), Dermal: 948 mg/kg	(rabbit) Inhalation	4 hrs. 8,000 PPM (rat)	
Acetone	Oral: 5800	) mg/kg (rat)	Inhalation !	50,100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (rat)	
Reproductive Effects	Teratogenicity	Mutagenicity	Embryotoxicity	Sensitization to Produc	ct Synergistic Products
Reproductive Effects Not Established	Teratogenicity Not Established	Mutagenicity Not Established	Embryotoxicity Not Established	Sensitization to Produce Not Established	t Synergistic Products Not Established
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This product is intended for use by skilled individuals at their own risk. The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate based on current state of knowledge and experience. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof.

# **Section B**



PRIMER

DEPENDENCE CONTRACTOR

TM.

						Date Revise	d: DEC 2011	
	WELD-ON®	P-70™ Low VOC	C Primer for PV	C and CPV	C Plastic Pipe	Supersedes:	OCT 2010	
SECTION I - PRODU	CT AND COMPAN	<b>IY IDENTIFICATI</b>	ON				<u>Section</u>	<b>7</b> 1
	WELD-ON® P-70™ Lov			Pipe				:
	Low VOC Primer for PV			100.0				
SUPPLIER:			MANUFACTURER:	IPS Corporat	tion Main Street, Carson	CA 90248-3127		
					9, Gardena, CA 9024			
				Tel. 1-310-89	98-3300			
EMERGENCY: Transportatio	on: CHEMTEL Tel. 800.2	255-3924, 813-248-05	85 (International)	Medical: Tel	. 800.451.8346, 760.	602.8703 3E Con	npany (International)	
SECTION 2 - HAZAF	<b>IDENTIFICAT</b>	ION						
GHS CLASSIFICATION:					1			
Heal Acute Toxicity: C	lth Category 4	Acute Toxicity:	Environmental None Know	<i>i</i> n	Flammable Liquid	Physical	Category 2	
	Category 3	Chronic Toxicity:	None Know				Calegory 2	
	O							
Eye: C	Category 2B							
GHS LABEL:		<u>.</u>	Signal Wor	rd:	WHMIS CLASSIFICATI	ON: CLASS B,	DIVISION 2	
	OR OR	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Danger					
🗙	Hazard Statements				Precautionary State	amonte		
H225: Highly flammable liquid and			P210: Keep a	wav from heat/spa	arks/open flames/hot sur			
H319: Causes serious eye irritatio					ne/gas/mist/vapors/spray			
H332: Harmful if inhaled			P280: Wear p	protective gloves/p	protective clothing/eye pr	otection/face protect	ion	
H335: May cause respiratory irrita							osition comfortable for breathing	
H336: May cause drowsiness or d EUH019: May form explosive perc					ntilated place. Keep conta tainer in accordance with			
SECTION 3 - COMP				e or contents/com	tainer in accordance with	local regulation		
SECTION 5 - COMP				EACH	CONCEN	RATION		
			Pre-registrat		% by W			
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)				7729-22-0000	45 -			
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) Cyclohexanone			1-159-0 05-2116297 3-631-1 05-2116297	7728-24-0000 7718-25-0000	19 - 5 -			
Acetone			0-662-2 05-2116297		5 -			
All of the constituents of this	adhesive product are lis	sted on the TSCA inver	ntory of chemical sub	stances mainta	ined by the US EPA,	or are exempt fro	om that listing.	
* Indicates this chemical is su							36 (40CFR372).	
# indicates that this chemical		1 65's List of chemicals	known to the State o	of California to c	ause cancer or repro	ductive toxicity.		
SECTION 4 - FIRST	AID MEASURES							
	Flush eyes immediately					long, gook modia	al advice	
Skin contact: F	Remove contaminated c	clothing and shoes. Wa	ash skin thoroughly w	vith soap and w	ater. If irritation deve			
Skin contact: F Inhalation: F		clothing and shoes. Wa preathing is stopped, gi	ash skin thoroughly w ive artificial respiratior	vith soap and w n. If breathing i	ater. If irritation deventis difficult, give oxyge	n. Seek medical	advice.	
Skin contact: F Inhalation: F	Remove contaminated c Remove to fresh air. If b Rinse mouth with water.	clothing and shoes. Wa preathing is stopped, gi Give 1 or 2 glasses of	ash skin thoroughly w ive artificial respiratior	vith soap and w n. If breathing i	ater. If irritation deventis difficult, give oxyge	n. Seek medical	advice.	
Skin contact:       F         Inhalation:       F         Ingestion:       F         SECTION 5 - FIREFI         Suitable Extinguishing M	Remove contaminated c Remove to fresh air. If b Rinse mouth with water. Refring MEASUF Redia: Dry chemic	clothing and shoes. Wa preathing is stopped, gi Give 1 or 2 glasses of <b>RES</b> ical powder, carbon dio	ash skin thoroughly w ive artificial respiratior f water or milk to dilut	vith soap and w n. If breathing i e. Do not indu	rater. If irritation deve is difficult, give oxyge ce vomiting. Seek m HM	n. Seek medical edical advice imm IS NFPA	advice. nediately. 0-Minimal	
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## GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Revised: DEC 2011 Supersedes: OCT 2010

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	WELD-O	N® P-70™ Low VOC Prim	er for PVC and CPV	o riastic ripe			
SECTION 9 - PHYS	SICAL AND CHEI	MICAL PROPERTIES			<u>Sec</u>		
Appearance:	Clear o	r purple, thin liquid					
Odor:	Etherea			Odor Threshold:	0.88 ppm (Cyclohexanone)		
pH:		plicable					
Melting/Freezing Poin		C (-163.3 °F) Based on first melting		Boiling Range:	56 ℃ (133 °F) to 156 °C (313	°F)	
Boiling Point:	,	33 °F) Based on first boiling comp	onent: Acetone	Evaporation Rate:	> 1.0 (BUAC = 1)		
Flash Point: Specific Gravity:		-4 ℉) TCC based on Acetone ⊉23 ℃ ( 73 ℉)		Flammability: Flammability Limits:	Category 2 LEL: 1.1% based on Cyclohexanone		
Solubility:		t portion soluble in water. Resin p	ortion congrates out	Flammability Limits:			
Partition Coefficient		Not Available	onion separates out.	Vapor Pressure:	UEL: 12.8% based on Acetone 190 mm Hg @ 20 ℃ (68 °F) Aceton		
Auto-ignition Temper		(610°F) based on THF		>2.0 (Air = 1)	10010110		
Decomposition Temp		plicable		Vapor Density: Other Data: Viscosity:	Water-thin		
VOC Content:		applied as directed, per SCAQMD	Rule 1168, Test Method 3		ŋ/l.		
SECTION 10 - STA	BILITY AND REA	ACTIVITY					
Stability:		Stable					
Hazardous decompo	sition products.		n forced to burn this produ	ict gives off oxides of carbon	and smoke		
Conditions to avoid:	Sitton products.	Keep away from heat, spar			and shield.		
Incompatible Materia	le.	Oxidizers, strong acids and		-			
•							
SECTION 11 - TOX							
ikely Routes of Exposur		on, Eye and Skin Contact					
cute symptoms and effe							
Inhalation:		e may result in nausea, dizziness,					
Eye Contact:		nfortable. Overexposure may resu		,		iquid.	
Skin Contact:		emove natural skin oils resulting in		nay occur with prolonged co	ntact.		
Ingestion:		omiting, diarrhea and mental slug	gishness.				
Chronic (long-term) effect		nown to humans					
Toxicity:	LD		LC50				
Tetrahydrofuran (THF)		342 mg/kg (rat)		3 hrs. 21,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (rat)			
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK	/	737 mg/kg (rat), Dermal: 6480 mg/	. ,	8 hrs. 23,500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (rat)			
Cyclohexanone		535 mg/kg (rat), Dermal: 948 mg/k		4 hrs. 8,000 PPM (rat)			
Acetone		300 mg/kg (rat)	Inhalation	50,100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (rat)			
Reproductive Effects	Oral: 50	<u>Mutagenicity</u>	Embryotoxicity	Sensitization to Product		]	
Reproductive Effects Not Established	Oral: 55 Teratogenicity Not Established	Mutagenicity Not Established			Synergistic Products Not Established	]	
	Oral: 50 Teratogenicity Not Established DLOGICAL INFO None Known	Mutagenicity Not Established	Embryotoxicity Not Established	Sensitization to Product Not Established	Not Established	]	
Reproductive Effects Not Established SECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility:	Oral: 50 Teratogenicity Not Established DLOGICAL INFO None Known In normal use, emiss	Mutagenicity Not Established	Embryotoxicity Not Established	Sensitization to Product Not Established	Not Established	]	
Reproductive Effects Not Established SECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation:	Oral: 50 Teratogenicity Not Established DLOGICAL INFO None Known In normal use, emiss Biodegradable Minimal to none.	Mutagenicity           Not Established   RMATION ion of volatile organic compounds	Embryotoxicity Not Established	Sensitization to Product Not Established	Not Established	]	
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Reproductive Effects Not Established           SECTION 12 - ECO           Ecotoxicity:           Mobility:           Degradability:           Bioaccumulation:           SECTION 13 - WAS           Follow local and national re           SECTION 14 - TRAI           Proper Shipping Name:	Oral: 50 Teratogenicity Not Established DLOGICAL INFO None Known In normal use, emiss Biodegradable Minimal to none. STE DISPOSAL ( gulations. Consult dis NSPORT INFOR Flamm	Mutagenicity           Not Established           RMATION           ion of volatile organic compounds           CONSIDERATIONS           posal expert.	Embryotoxicity Not Established (VOC's) to the air takes pl	Sensitization to Product Not Established	Not Established	]	
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Reproductive Effects Not Established           SECTION 12 - ECO           Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation:           SECTION 13 - WAS           Follow local and national re           SECTION 14 - TRAN           Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class:           Secondary Risk: Identification Number:	Oral: 50 Teratogenicity Not Established DLOGICAL INFOI None Known In normal use, emiss Biodegradable Minimal to none. STE DISPOSAL ( gulations. Consult dis NSPORT INFORI 3 None UN 195	Mutagenicity Not Established       RMATION       ion of volatile organic compounds       CONSIDERATIONS       iposal expert.       MATION       able Liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone, Tetral       03     DOT Limited	Embryotoxicity Not Established (VOC's) to the air takes pl hydrofuran) EX	Sensitization to Product Not Established ace, typically at a rate of ≤ 58 CEPTION for Ground Ship ner packaging, 30 kg gross i	Not Established 50 g/l. pping weight per package.		
Reproductive Effects Not Established SECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation: SECTION 13 - WAS follow local and national re SECTION 14 - TRAN Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group:	Oral: 50 Teratogenicity Not Established DLOGICAL INFOI None Known In normal use, emiss Biodegradable Minimal to none. STE DISPOSAL ( gulations. Consult dis NSPORT INFOR Flamm 3 None UN 199 PG II	Mutagenicity Not Established         RMATION         ion of volatile organic compounds         CONSIDERATIONS         ioposal expert.         MATION         able Liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone, Tetral         DOT Limited Consumer C	Embryotoxicity Not Established (VOC's) to the air takes pl hydrofuran) EX	Sensitization to Product Not Established ace, typically at a rate of ≤ 58 CEPTION for Ground Ship ner packaging, 30 kg gross i	Not Established	) 	
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Reproductive Effects Not Established           SECTION 12 - ECO           Ecotoxicity:           Mobility:           Degradability:           Bioaccumulation:           SECTION 13 - WAS           Follow local and national re           SECTION 14 - TRAI           Proper Shipping Name:           Hazard Class:           Secondary Risk:           Identification Number:           Packing Group:           Label Required:	Oral: 50 Teratogenicity Not Established DLOGICAL INFOI None Known In normal use, emiss Biodegradable Minimal to none. STE DISPOSAL ( SUBORT INFOR Flamm 3 None UN 199 PG II Class 3	Mutagenicity Not Established         RMATION         ion of volatile organic compounds         CONSIDERATIONS         uposal expert.         MATION         able Liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone, Tetral         03         B Flammable Liquid	Embryotoxicity Not Established (VOC's) to the air takes pl hydrofuran) EX	Sensitization to Product Not Established ace, typically at a rate of ≤ 53 (CEPTION for Ground Ship ner packaging, 30 kg gross of packaging, these quantities	Not Established 50 g/l. pping weight per package.	] 	
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Reproductive Effects Not Established           SECTION 12 - ECO           Ecotoxicity:           Mobility:           Degradability:           Bioaccumulation:           SECTION 13 - WAS           Follow local and national re           SECTION 14 - TRAN           Proper Shipping Name:           Hazard Class:           Secondary Risk:           Identification Number:           Packing Group:           Label Required:           Marine Pollutant:           SECTION 15 - REG           Precautionary Label I           Symbols:           Risk Phrases:           Safety Phrases:           SECTION 16 - OTH	Oral: 54  Teratogenicity Not Established  LOGICAL INFOI  None Known In normal use, emiss Biodegradable Minimal to none.  TE DISPOSAL ( gulations. Consult dia  None UN 199 PG II Class 3 NO  TDG C SHIPP UN NU  CULATORY INFO  Information: Highly F, Xi R11: Highly flammable R20: Harmful by inhala R36/37: Irritating to eye S9: Keep contaicer in a S16: Keep away from s S25: Avoid contact witt  ER INFORMATIC  ation:	Mutagenicity Not Established         RMATION         ion of volatile organic compounds         ion of volatile organic compounds         CONSIDERATIONS         ion of volatile organic compounds         DOT Limited Consumer C         ion of volatile Liquid         LASS:         NG NAME:         MBER/PACKING GROUP:         RMATION         Flammable, Irritant	Embryotoxicity Not Established (VOC's) to the air takes pl hydrofuran) ED I Quantity: Up to 1L per in commodity: Depending or TDG INFORM/ FLAMMABLE LIQUID 3 Flammable Liquid, n.o.s. UN 1993, PG II Ingredient Listings: USA AICS, k R66: Repeat R67: Vapors S26: In case of contact witt S33: Take precautionary m S46: If swallowed, seek me	Sensitization to Product Not Established         ace, typically at a rate of ≤ 53         ace, typically at a rate of ≤ 53         ace, typically at a rate of ≤ 53         (CEPTION for Ground Ship ner packaging, 30 kg gross of packaging, these quantities         ATION         (Acetone, Tetrahydrofuran)         TSCA, Europe EINECS, Ca Corea ECL/TCCL, Japan MIT         ted exposure may cause skin d in eyes, rinse immediately with p easures against static dischargedical advise immediately and s         All ingredients are complia	Not Established 50 g/l. 50 g	l advice.	
Reproductive Effects Not Established           SECTION 12 - ECO Ecotoxicity: Mobility: Degradability: Bioaccumulation:           SECTION 13 - WAS Follow local and national re SECTION 13 - WAS Follow local and national re SECTION 14 - TRAN Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class: Secondary Risk: Identification Number: Packing Group: Label Required: Marine Pollutant:           SECTION 15 - REG Precautionary Label I Symbols: Risk Phrases:           Safety Phrases:           Safety Phrases:           SecTION 16 - OTH Specification Informat Department issuing of E-mail address: Training necessary:	Oral: 54 Teratogenicity Not Established DIOGICAL INFOO None Known In normal use, emiss Biodegradable Minimal to none. STE DISPOSAL ( gulations. Consult dis None UN 199 PG II Class 3 None UN 199 PG II Class 3 NO TDG C SHIPP UN NU CULATORY INFOC Information: Highly F, xi R11: Highly flammable R20: Harmful by inhala R36/37: Irritating to eye S9: Keep container in a S16: Keep away from s S25: Avoid contact with IER INFORMATION atton: data sheet:	Mutagenicity Not Established         RMATION         ion of volatile organic compounds         CONSIDERATIONS iposal expert.         MATION able Liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone, Tetral able Liquid, n.o.s. (Acetone, Tetral b)         DOT Limited Consumer C         B         Plammable Liquid         LASS: ING NAME: MBER/PACKING GROUP:         RMATION Flammable, Irritant <td>Embryotoxicity Not Established (VOC's) to the air takes pl hydrofuran) ED I Quantity: Up to 1L per in commodity: Depending or TDG INFORM/ FLAMMABLE LIQUID 3 Flammable Liquid, n.o.s. UN 1993, PG II Ingredient Listings: USA AICS, k R66: Repeat R67: Vapors S26: In case of contact witt S33: Take precautionary m S46: If swallowed, seek me onmental Affairs</td> <td>Sensitization to Product Not Established         Acception for Stablished         Acception for Ground Ship ner packaging, 30 kg gross of packaging, these quantities         ATION         (Acetone, Tetrahydrofuran)         TSCA, Europe EINECS, Ca Corea ECL/TCCL, Japan MIT         ted exposure may cause skin d in eyes, rinse immediately with p easures against static discharged advise immediately and s         All ingredients are complia Directive on RoHS (Restrict)</td> <td>Not Established</td> <td>l advice.</td>	Embryotoxicity Not Established (VOC's) to the air takes pl hydrofuran) ED I Quantity: Up to 1L per in commodity: Depending or TDG INFORM/ FLAMMABLE LIQUID 3 Flammable Liquid, n.o.s. UN 1993, PG II Ingredient Listings: USA AICS, k R66: Repeat R67: Vapors S26: In case of contact witt S33: Take precautionary m S46: If swallowed, seek me onmental Affairs	Sensitization to Product Not Established         Acception for Stablished         Acception for Ground Ship ner packaging, 30 kg gross of packaging, these quantities         ATION         (Acetone, Tetrahydrofuran)         TSCA, Europe EINECS, Ca Corea ECL/TCCL, Japan MIT         ted exposure may cause skin d in eyes, rinse immediately with p easures against static discharged advise immediately and s         All ingredients are complia Directive on RoHS (Restrict)	Not Established	l advice.	
Reproductive Effects Not Established         SECTION 12 - ECO         Ecotoxicity:         Mobility:         Degradability:         Bioaccumulation:         SECTION 13 - WAS         Follow local and national re         SECTION 14 - TRAI         Proper Shipping Name:         Hazard Class:         Secondary Risk:         Identification Number:         Packing Group:         Label Required:         Marine Pollutant:         SECTION 15 - REG         Precautionary Label I         Symbols:         Risk Phrases:         Safety Phrases:         SECTION 16 - OTH         Specification Informator         Department issuing of E-mail address:	Oral: 54 Teratogenicity Not Established DOGICAL INFOO None Known In normal use, emiss Biodegradable Minimal to none. STE DISPOSAL ( gulations. Consult dis NSPORT INFORI Flamm 3 None UN 198 PG II Class 3 NO TDG C SHIPP UN NU SULATORY INFO Information: Highly F, Xi R11: Highly flammable R20: Harmful by inhala R36/37: Irritating to eye S9: Keep container in a S16: Keep away from s S25: Avoid contact with IER INFORMATIC attion: data sheet: n for reissue:	Mutagenicity Not Established         RMATION         ion of volatile organic compounds         considerations         ion of volatile organic compounds         considerations         considerations         ion of volatile organic compounds         considerations         considerations         ion of volatile organic compounds         considerations         considerations         ion of volatile organic compounds         ion of volatile organic compounds         ion of volatile organic compounds         ion of volatile compounds         ion of volatile compounds         ion.         is and respiratory system.         a well-ventilated place.         iources of ignition - No smoking.         i reyes.         ON         IPS, Safety Health & Enviro         IPS, Safety Health & Enviro	Embryotoxicity Not Established (VOC's) to the air takes pl hydrofuran) ED I Quantity: Up to 1L per in commodity: Depending or TDG INFORM/ FLAMMABLE LIQUID 3 Flammable Liquid, n.o.s. UN 1993, PG II Ingredient Listings: USA AICS, k R66: Repeat R67: Vapors S26: In case of contact with S33: Take precautionary m S46: If swallowed, seek me onmental Affairs nd procedures contained in S Standard Format	Sensitization to Product Not Established         Acception for Stablished         Acception for Ground Ship ner packaging, 30 kg gross of packaging, these quantities         ATION         (Acetone, Tetrahydrofuran)         TSCA, Europe EINECS, Ca Corea ECL/TCCL, Japan MIT         ted exposure may cause skin d in eyes, rinse immediately with p easures against static discharged advise immediately and s         All ingredients are complia Directive on RoHS (Restrict)	Not Established	l advice.	

This product is intended for use by skilled individuals at their own risk. The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate based on current state of knowledge and experience. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof.

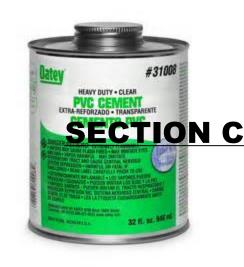
# **SECTION C**

# Oatey, Solvents & Cements

**Contents:** 

1. HD PVC CEMENT 2. REG,. PVC CEMENT 3. PURPLE PRIMER 4. CPVC CEMENT. GOLD 5. HD ORANGE CEMENT 6. CLEAR PRIMER 7. PURPLE PRIMER W/CLEANER 8. RAIN OR SHINE CEMENT 9. ALL PURPOSE CEMENT

# SECTION C







MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION C

#1

MSDS Number: 1102C Section 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION Trade Name: OATEY CANADIAN PVC HEAVY DUTY CLEAR or GREY CEMENT Clear 31011, 31476, 31477, 31478, 31479 Grey 31510, 31511, 31512, 31513, Product Nos.: 31514 Cement for PVC Plastic Pipe Product Use: PVC Resin in Solvent Solution Formula: PVC Plastic Pipe Cement Synonyms: Oatey Company 4700 West 160th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 44135 Firm Name & Address: www.oatey.com Firm Phone No: (216) 267-7100 For Emergency First Aid call 1-877-740-5015. For chemical transportation Emergency Phone Nos.: emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887. Prepared by: Technical Department Preparation Date: 09/11/2012

#### Section 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview: Clear or Gray

liquid with an ether-like odor. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire. May cause eye and skin irritation. Inhalation of vapors or mist may cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects. Swallowing may cause irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and kidney or liver disorders. Aspiration hazard. May be fatal if swallowed. Symptoms may be delayed.

### Section 3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<u>INGREDIENTS:</u> Tetrahydrofuran	<u>%wt/wt :</u> 30 - 60%	<u>CAS NUMBER:</u> 109-99-9	ACGIH TLV TWA: 50 ppm(skin)	<u>OSHA PEL TWA</u> 200 ppm	OTHER: 25 ppm (Mfg)
-			100 ppm STEL	1 1	11 . 5.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	7 - 13%	78-93-3	200 ppm	200 ppm	None
			300 ppm		
Acetone	10 - 20%	67-64-1	500 ppm	1000 ppm	None
			750 ppm STEL		
PVC Resin (Non-hazardous)	10 - 20%	9002-86-2	10 mg/m3	15 mg/m3	None
Cyclohexanone	10 - 30%	108-94-1	20 ppm(skin)	mag 02	None
Cycronexanone	10 - 30%	100-94-1	50 ppm STEL	50 ppm	None
Amorphous Fumed Silica	1 - 5%	112945-52-5	10 mg/m3	None	None
(Non-hazardous)				Established	

OSHA Hazard Classification: Flammable, irritant, organ effects

#### Section 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops. Remove dried cement with Oatey Plumber's Hand Cleaner or baby oil.
Eyes: If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital. SECTION C

#### Section 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#1 14 - 23 Degrees F. (-10 to -5 Degrees C) / CCCFP Flashpoint / Method: Flammability: LEL = 1.8 % Volume, UEL = 11.8 % Volume Extinguishing Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire exposed container Media: with water. Water may be ineffective as an extinguishing agent. Special Fire Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in areas where chemicals are used or Fighting Procedure: stored Extremely flammable liquid. Keep away from heat and all sources of ignition Unusual Fire And Explosion including sparks, flames, lighted cigarettes and pilot lights. Containers may rupture or explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may Hazards: travel to a remote ignition source and flash back. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age. Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, Hazardous Decomposition carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

Products:

#### Section 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill or Leak Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Stop leak if it can be done Procedures: without risk. Personnel cleaning up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including respirators if vapor concentrations are high. Soak up spill with an inert absorbent such as sand, earth or other noncombusting material. Put absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers. Prevent liquid from entering watercourses, sewers and natural waterways. Report releases to authorities as required. See Section 13 for disposal information.

#### Section 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Handling: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use with adequate ventilation (equivalent to outdoors). Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep containers closed when not in use.
- Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Keep containers closed when not in use.
- Other: "Empty" containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Follow all MSDS precautions in handling empty containers. Do not cut or weld on or near empty or full containers.

#### Section 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

- Ventilation: Open doors & windows. Provide ventilation capable of maintaining emissions at the point of use below recommended exposure limits. If used in enclosed area, use exhaust fans. Exhaust fans should be explosion-proof or set up in a way that flammable concentrations of solvent vapors are not exposed to electrical fixtures or hot surfaces.
- Respiratory For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus.

Skin Rubber gloves are suitable for normal use of the product. For long exposures chemical resistant gloves may be required such as 4H(tm) or Silver Shield(tm)

to avoid prolonged skin contact. Eye Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles. Protection:

#### Section 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: Melting Point: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Volatile Components: Solubility In Water: pH: Specific Gravity: Evaporation Rate: Appearance: Odor: Will Dissolve In: Material Is: 151 Degrees F / 66 Degrees C
Not applicable
145 mmHg @ 20 Degrees C
(Air = 1) 2.5
80-84%
Negligible
Not applicable
0.94 +/- 0.02 @ 20 Degrees C
(BUAC = 1) = 5.5 - 8.0
Clear or Gray Liquid
Ether-Like
Tetrahydrofuran
Liquid

#### Section 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Conditions To	Stable. Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition.
Avoid:	nvola heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition.
Hazardous	Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon
Decomposition	monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.
Products:	
Incompatibility/	Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds,
Materials To	chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and
Avoid:	hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber.
Hazardous	Will not occur.
Polymerization:	

#### Section 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Inhalation:	Vapors or mists may cause mucous membrane and respiratory irritation, coughing, headache, dizziness, dullness, nausea, shortness of breath and vomiting. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.				
Skin:	May cause irritation with redness, itching and pain. Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone may be absorbed through the skin causing effects similar to those listed under inhalation.				
Eye:	Vapors may cause irrita	tion. Direct contact may cause irritation with			
	redness, stinging and t	earing of the eyes. May cause eye damage.			
Ingestion:	Swallowing may cause ab	dominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.			
	Aspiration during swall	owing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and			
	lung damage. May cause	kidney and liver damage.			
Chronic	Prolonged or repeated overexposure cause dermatitis and damage to the				
Toxicity:	kidney, liver, lungs and	d central nervous system.			
Toxicity Data:	Acetone:	Oral rat LD50: 5,800 mg/kg			
		Inhalation rat LC50: 50,100 mg/m3/8 hours			
	Cyclohexanone:	Oral rat LD50: 1,620 mg/kg			
		Inhalation rat LC50: 8,000 ppm/4 hours			
		Skin rabbit LD50: 1 mL/kg			
	Tetrahydrofuran:	Oral rat LD50: 1,650 mg/kg			
		Inhalation rat LC50: 21,000 ppm/3 hours			
	Methyl Ethyl Ketone:	Oral rat LD50: 2,737 mg/kg			
		Inhalation rat LC50: 23,500 mg/m3/8 hours			
		Skin rabbit LD50: 6,480 mg/kg			
Sensitization:	None of the components	are known to cause sensitization.			
Carcinogenicity:	None of the components	are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by			
	NTP, IARC or OSHA. The	National Toxicology Program has reported that			

# **SECTION C**

Mutagenicity: Reproductive Toxicity:	mutagenic. Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone have been shown to cause embryofetal toxicity and birth defects in laboratory animals. Acetone and	
Medical Conditions Aggravated By Exposure:	tetrahydrofuran has been found to cause adverse developmental effects only when exposure levels cause other toxic effects to the mother. Persons with pre-existing skin, lung, kidney or liver disorders may be at increased risk from exposure to this product.	
Section 12	ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION This product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. Cyclohexanone: 96 hour LC50 values for fish is over 100 mg/l.	

Tetrahydrofuran: 96 hour LC50 fathead minnow: 2160 mg/L. Acetone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L. Methyl Ethyl Ketone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L. VOC This product emits VOC's (volatile organic compounds) in its use. Make sure Information: that use of this product complies with local VOC emission regulations, where they exist. VOC Level: Maximum 510 g/L per SCAQMD Test Method 316A.

#### Section 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with current local, state and federal regulations. RCRA Hazardous Waste U002, U057, U159, U213 Number: EPA Hazardous Waste D001, D035, F003, F0005 ID Number: EPA Hazard Waste Ignitable Waste. Toxic Waste (Methyl Ethyl Ketone content) Number:

#### Section 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT	<u>Less than 1 Liter (0.3</u> gal)	Greater than 1 Liter (0.3 gal)
UN/NA Number: Proper Shipping Name:	None Consumer Commodity	UN1133 Adhesives
Hazard Class:	ORM-D	3
Packing Group: Hazard Labels:	None None	PGII Flammable Liquid
IMDG UN Number:	UN1133	UN1133
Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class:	Adhesives 3	Adhesives 3
Packing Group:	II	II
Label:	None (Limited Quantities are expected from labeling)	Class 3 (Flammable Liquid)
Flashpoint (deg C)	-10 to -5 Degrees C	-10 to -5 Degrees C

2008 North American Emercency Response Guidebook Number: 127

#### Section 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazard Category for Acute Health, Chronic Health, Flammable Section 311/312:

Section 302	This product does not contain chemicals regulated under SARA Section 302.
Extremely Hazardous	
Substances (TPQ):	0 IANTADO
Section 313 Toxic	This product does not contain chemicals subject to SARASECTION C
Chemicals:	313 Reporting requirements.
CERCLA 103	Spills of this product over the RQ (reportable quantity) must be reported $\#1$
Reportable	to the National Response Center. The RQ for the product, based on the RQ
Quantity:	for Tetrahydrofuran (60% maximum) of 1,000 lbs, is 1,667 lbs. Many states have more stringent release reporting requirements. Report spills required under federal, state and local regulations.
California	This product contains trace amounts of chemicals known to the State of
Proposition 65:	California to cause cancer. Under normal use conditions, exposure to these chemicals at levels above the State of California "No Significant Risk Level" (NSRL) are unlikely. The use of proper personal protective equipment (PPE) and ventilation guidelines noted in Section 8 will minimize exposure to these chemicals.
TSCA Inventory Canadian WHIMS Classification:	All of the components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory. Class B, Division 2; Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B; Class D, Division 2, Subdivision A. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

#### Section 16 OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Special: None HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 2\* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 PPE: G

Disclaimer:

NFPA and HMIS:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, up-to-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, we cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly do not make warranties, nor assume any liability for its use.

Template: tmpl-cn-e1



MSDS No: CEM060E5 Issue Date: 20 May 2005 Page: 1 of 5

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1	PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION	SECTION (
Trade Name:	OATEY PVC REGULAR CLEAR CEMENT	
Product Use:	Cement for PVC Plastic Pipe	#2
Formula:	PVC Resin in Solvent Solution	
Synonyms:	PVC Plastic Pipe Cement	
Firm Name &	OATEY CO. 4700 West 160th Street P.O. Box 35906 (	Cleveland,
Mailing Address:	Ohio 44135, U.S.A. http://www.oatey.com	
	(216) 267-7100 or (800) 321-9532	
Emergency Phone	For Emergency First Aid call 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT.	. For
Numbers:	chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemt	trec at
	1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.	
Prepared By:	Corporate Director - Safety and Environmental Comple	iance
Preparation Date:	May 20, 2005	

SECTION 2	COMPOSITION	/INFORMATION	ON INGREDIENTS		
INGREDIENTS:	%wt∕wt:	CAS NUMBER:	ACGIH TLV TWA:	OSHA PEL	TWA: OTHER:
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	10 - 60%	78-93-3	200 ppm	200 ppm	None
	,		300 ppm STEL		
Tetrahydrofuran	20 - 50%	109-99-9	50 ppm(skin)	200 ppm	25 ppm (Mfg)
			100 ppm STEL		
Acetone	0 - 20%	67-64-1	500 ppm	1000 ppm	None
			750 ppm STEL		
PVC Resin	10 - 18%	9002-86-2	10 mg/m3	15 mg/m3	None
(Non-hazardous)			-		
Cyclohexanone	2 - 15%	108-94-1	20 ppm(skin)	50 ppm	None
			50 ppm STEL		

OSHA Hazard Classification: Flammable, irritant, organ effects

#### SECTION 3

#### HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

15000

Clear liquid with an ether-like odor. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire. May cause eye and skin irritation. Inhalation of vapors or mist may cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects. Swallowing may cause irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and kidney or liver disorders. Aspiration hazard. May be fatal if swallowed. Symptoms may be delayed.

#### SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

CALL 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT

Skin:Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with<br/>soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops. Remove<br/>dried cement with Oatey Plumber's Hand Cleaner or baby oil.Eyes:If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately

flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

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Flashpoint / Method: Flammability:	TIRE FIGHTING MEASURES 0 - 5 Degrees F. (-1815 Degrees C) / PMCC LEL = 1.8 % Volume, UEL = 11.8 % Volume SECTION	
Extinguishing Media:	Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire exposed container with water. Water may be ineffective as an	47
Media:	exposed container with water. Water may be increasive us an extinguishing agent.	#Z
Special Fire Fighting	Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in areas where chemicals are used or stored	
Procedure: Unusual Fire and	Extremely flammable liquid. Keep away from heat and all	
Explosion	sources of ignition including sparks, flames, lighted	
Hazards:	cigarettes and pilot lights. Containers may rupture or	
	explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a remote ignition source and flash back. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.	
Hazardous Decomposition	Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.	

Products:

#### SECTION 6

Spill or Leak Procedures:

#### ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Personnel cleaning up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including respirators if vapor concentrations are high. Soak up spill with an inert absorbent such as sand, earth or other non-combusting material. Put absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers. Prevent liquid from entering watercourses, sewers and natural waterways. Report releases to authorities as required. See Section 13 for disposal information.

#### SECTION 7

#### HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors Handling: or mists. Use with adequate ventilation (equivalent to outdoors). Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep containers closed when not in use.
- Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible Storage: materials. Keep containers closed when not in use.
- "Empty" containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Other: Follow all MSDS precautions in handling empty containers. Do not cut or weld on or near empty or full containers.

#### EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION SECTION 8 Ventilation: Open doors & windows. Provide ventilation capable of maintaining emissions at the point of use below recommended exposure limits. If used in enclosed area, use exhaust fans. Exhaust fans should be explosion-proof or set up in a way that flammable concentrations of solvent vapors are not exposed to electrical fixtures or hot surfaces. For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH Respiratory approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is Protection: recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and

concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus. Rubber gloves are suitable for normal use of the product. For long Skin exposures chemical resistant gloves may be required such as Protection:

4H(tm) or Silver Shield(tm) to avoid prolonged skin contact.

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SECTION 8 (Continued) Eye Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles. Protection: Other: Eye wash and safety shower should be available.

#### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES SECTION 9 151 Degrees F / 66 Degrees C Boiling Point: Not applicable Melting Point: 145 mmHg @ 20 Degrees C Vapor Pressure: (Air = 1) 2.5Vapor Density: Volatile Components: 86-90% Solubility In Water: Negligible pH: Not applicable 0.89 +/- 0.015 @ 20 Degrees C Specific Gravity: (BUAC = 1) = 5.5 - 8.0Evaporation Rate: Clear Liquid Appearance: Ether-Like Odor: Will Dissolve In: Tetrahydrofuran Material Is: Liquid STABILITY AND REACTIVITY SECTION 10 Stable. Stability: Conditions To Avoid: Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition. Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors Hazardous including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen Decomposition chloride. Products: Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine Incompatibility/ compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and Materials To Avoid: sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber. Will not occur. Hazardous Polymerization: SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION Vapors or mists may cause mucous membrane and respiratory Inhalation: irritation, coughing, headache, dizziness, dullness, nausea, shortness of breath and vomiting. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage. May cause irritation with redness, itching and pain. Methyl Skin: ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone may be absorbed through the skin causing effects similar to those listed under inhalation. Vapors may cause irritation. Direct contact may cause irritation Eye: with redness, stinging and tearing of the eyes. May cause eye damage. Swallowing may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and Ingestion: diarrhea. Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver damage. Prolonged or repeated overexposure cause dermatitis and damage Chronic to the kidney, liver, lungs and central nervous system. Toxicity: Toxicity Data:

Acetone:Oral rat LD50: 5,800 mg/kgAcetone:Oral rat LD50: 50,100 mg/m3/8 hoursCyclohexanone:Oral rat LD50: 1,620 mg/kgInhalation rat LC50: 8,000 ppm/4 hoursSkin rabbit LD50: 1 mL/kgTetrahydrofuran:Oral rat LD50: 1,650 mg/kgInhalation rat LC50: 21,000 ppm/3 hours

#2

**SECTION C** 

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SECTION 11 (Continued)

Methyl Ethyl Ketone: Oral rat LD50: 2,737 mg/kg Inhalation rat LC50: 23,500 mg/SEGTION C Skin rabbit LD50: 6,480 mg/kg

None of the components are known to cause sensitization. Sensitization: None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect Carcinogenicity: carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. The National Toxicology Program has reported that exposure of mice and rats to tetrahydrofuran (THF) vapor levels up to 1800 ppm 6 hr/day, 5 days/week for their lifetime caused an increased incidence of kidney tumors in male rats and liver tumors in female mice. The significance of these findings for human health is unclear at this time, and may be related to "species specific" effects. Elevated incidences of tumors in humans have not been reported for THF. ACGIH has classified cyclohexanone (CYH) and tetrahydrofuran as "A3," Confirmed Animal Carcinogens with Unknown Relevance to Humans. Cyclohexanone has been positive in bacterial and mammalian Mutagenicity: assays. Acetone, methyl ethyl ketone and tetrahydrofuran are generally thought not to be mutagenic. Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone have been shown to cause Reproductive embryofetal toxicity and birth defects in laboratory animals. Toxicity: Acetone and tetrahydrofuran have been found to cause adverse developmental effects only when exposure levels cause other toxic effects to the mother. Persons with pre-existing skin, lung, kidney or liver disorders Medical may be at increased risk from exposure to this product. Conditions Aggravated By Exposure:

SECTION 12ECOLOGICAL INFORMATIONThis product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.<br/>Cyclohexanone: 96 hour LC50 values for fish is over 100 mg/l.<br/>Tetrahydrofuran: 96 hour LC50 fathead minnow: 2160 mg/L.<br/>Methyl Ethyl Ketone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L.<br/>Acetone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L.VOCThis product emits VOC's (volatile organic compounds) in its use.<br/>Information:<br/>Make sure that use of this product complies with local VOC emission<br/>regulations, where they exist.VOC Level:550 g/l per SCAQMD Test Method 316A.

SECTION 13DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONSWaste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with current local, state and federal<br/>regulations.RCRA Hazardous Waste Number:U002, U057, U159, U213

EPA Hazardous Waste ID Number: D001, D035, F003, F005 EPA Hazard Waste Class: Ignitable Waste. Toxic Waste (Methyl Ethyl Ketone content)

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SECTION 14 TRANSPORT	INFORMATION	Adhesives SECTION C		
DOT Less t	nan 1 Liter (U.3 gal) Great			
Proper Shipping Name:	Consumer Commodity	3, PGII		
Hazard Class/Packing Group:	ORM-D	UN1133 <b>#2</b>		
UN/NA Number: Hazard Labels:	None None	Flammable Liquid		
IMDG	None	FIANMADIE HIQUIG		
Proper Shipping Name:	Adhesives	Adhesives		
Hazard Class/Packing Group:	3, II	3, II		
UN Number:	UN1133	UN1133		
Label:	None (Limited Quantities	Class 3 (Flammable		
Haber:	are excepted	Liquid)		
	from labeling)	1 ,		
2004 North American Emergency		127 or 128		
SECTION 15 REGULATORY	INFORMATION			
Hazard Category for Section 311/312:	Acute Health, Chronic Heal	th, Flammable		
Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (TPQ):	This product does not cont under SARA Section 302.	ain chemicals regulated		
Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:	This product contains the	following chemicals		
	subject to SARA Title III	Section 313 Reporting		
	requirements:			
	Chemical CAS #	8 by wt.		
	Methyl Ethyl Ketone 78-93-	-3 10-60%		
CERCLA 103 Reportable	Spills of this product ove	er the RQ (reportable		
Quantity:	quantity) must be reported	to the National Response		
	Center. The RQ for the pro	oduct, based on the Ry for		
	Tetranydroiuran (50% maxim	num) of 1,000 lbs, is 2,000		
lbs. Many states have more stringent release reporting requirements. Report spills required under				
	federal, state and local r	constructions		
Galifornia Proposition 65.	This product contains trac	re amounts of chemicals		
California Proposition 65:	known to the State of to c	cause cancer. Under normal		
	Use conditions, exposure t	to these chemicals at levels		
	above the State of Califor	rnia "No Significant Risk		
	Level" (NSRL) are unlikely	7. Oatey strongly		
	encourages the use of prop	per personal protective		
	equipment (PPE) and ventil	Lation guidelines noted in		
	Section 8 to minimize expo	osure to these chemicals.		
TSCA Inventory:	All of the components of t the TSCA inventory.	chis product are listed on		
Canadian WHIMS Classification		Class D, Division 2,		
Canadran wirrib Crassification	Subdivision B; Class D, Di	ivision 2, Subdivision A.		
	This product has been clas	ssified in accordance with		
	the hazard criteria of the	e Controlled Products		
	Regulations (CPR) and the	MSDS contains all the		
	information required by the	ne CPR.		
SECTION 16 OTHER INF	ORMATION			
NFPA and HMIS:				
NFPA Hazard Signal: Health:	2 Flammability: 3 React:	ivity: 1 Special: None		

NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Special: None HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 2\* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 PPE: G Disclaimer: The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, upto-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, Oatey cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly does not make warranties, nor assumes any liability for its use.







SECTION C

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

#3 MSDS Number: 1402C Section 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION Trade Name: OATEY CANADIAN PURPLE OF CLEAR PRIMER NSF LISTED Purple - 30759, 30927, 31480, 31481, 31482, 31483 Clear - 30754, 31485, Product Nos.: 31486, 31487, 31488, 31525, 31526, 31527, 31528 Primer for PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe Product Use: See section 3 Formula: Synonyms: Plastic Pipe Primer Firm Name & Oatey Company 4700 West 160th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 44135 Address: www.oatey.com Firm Phone No: (216) 267-7100 For Emergency First Aid call 1-877-740-5015. For chemical transportation Emergency Phone Nos.: emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887. Technical Department Prepared by: 09/11/2012 Preparation Date:

#### Section 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Purple or Clear liquid with an ether-like odor. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire. May cause eye and skin irritation. Inhalation of vapors or mist may cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects. Swallowing may cause irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and kidney or liver disorders. Aspiration hazard. May be fatal if swallowed. Symptoms may be delayed.

#### Section 3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENTS:	%wt/wt :	CAS NUMBER:	ACGIH TLV TWA:	OSHA PEL TWA	OTHER:
Tetrahydrofuran	10 - 30%	109-99-9	50 ppm(skin)	200 ppm	25 ppm (Mfg)
			100 ppm STEL		
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	20 - 40응	78-93-3	200 ppm	200 ppm	None
			300 ppm		
Acetone	20 - 40%	67-64-1	500 ppm	1000 ppm	None
			750 ppm STEL		
Cyclohexanone	15 - 30%	108-94-1	20 ppm(skin)	50 ppm	None
			50 ppm STEL		

OSHA Hazard Classification:

Flammable, irritant, organ effects

#### Section 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops. Remove dried cement with Oatey Plumber's Hand Cleaner or baby oil.

Eyes: If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.

- Inhalation: If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by

calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

#### Section 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

14 - 23 Degrees F. (-10 to -5 Degrees C) / CCCFP Flashpoint / Method: Flammability: LEL = 1.8 % Volume, UEL = 11.8 % Volume Extinguishing Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire SEGTION C Media: with water. Water may be ineffective as an extinguishing agent. #3 Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus Special Fire and full protective clothing for fires in areas where chemicals are used or Fighting Procedure: stored Unusual Fire Extremely flammable liquid. Keep away from heat and all sources of ignition And Explosion including sparks, flames, lighted cigarettes and pilot lights. Containers may Hazards: rupture or explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a remote ignition source and flash back. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age. Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, Hazardous

Decomposition carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride. Products:

#### ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Section 6

Procedures:

Spill or Leak Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Personnel cleaning up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including respirators if vapor concentrations are high. Soak up spill with an inert absorbent such as sand, earth or other noncombusting material. Put absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers. Prevent liquid from entering watercourses, sewers and natural waterways. Report releases to authorities as required. See Section 13 for disposal information.

#### Section 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use with adequate ventilation (equivalent to outdoors). Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep containers closed when not in use.

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Storage: Keep containers closed when not in use.

"Empty" containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Follow all MSDS Other: precautions in handling empty containers. Do not cut or weld on or near empty or full containers.

#### Section 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation: Open doors & windows. Provide ventilation capable of maintaining emissions at the point of use below recommended exposure limits. If used in enclosed area, use exhaust fans. Exhaust fans should be explosion-proof or set up in a way that flammable concentrations of solvent vapors are not exposed to electrical fixtures or hot surfaces.

Respiratory For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment Protection: selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus.

Rubber gloves are suitable for normal use of the product. For long exposures Skin chemical resistant gloves may be required such as 4H(tm) or Silver Shield(tm) Protection: to avoid prolonged skin contact.

Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles. Eve Protection:

Section 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: Melting Point: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Volatile Components: Solubility In Water: pH: Specific Gravity: Evaporation Rate: Appearance: Odor: Will Dissolve In: Material Is: 151 Degrees F / 66 Degrees C
Not applicable
145 mmHg @ 20 Degrees C
(Air = 1) 2.5
99.96%
Negligible
Not applicable
0.84 +/- 0.02 @ 20 Degrees C
(BUAC = 1) = 5.5 - 8.0
Purple or Clear Liquid
Ether-Like
Tetrahydrofuran
Liquid



#3

#### Section 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable. Conditions To Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition. Avoid: Hazardous Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon Decomposition monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride. Products: Incompatibility/ Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds, Materials To chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and Avoid: hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber. Hazardous Will not occur. Polymerization:

#### Section 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Section II I	ONICOHOGICAH INFORMATION	
Inhalation:	Vapors or mists may car	use mucous membrane and respiratory irritation,
	coughing, headache, di	zziness, dullness, nausea, shortness of breath and
	vomiting. High concent:	rations may cause central nervous system depression,
	narcosis and unconsciou	usness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.
Skin:	May cause irritation w	ith redness, itching and pain. Methyl ethyl ketone and
	cyclohexanone may be al	osorbed through the skin causing effects similar to
	those listed under inha	alation.
Eye:	Vapors may cause irrita	ation. Direct contact may cause irritation with
	redness, stinging and	tearing of the eyes. May cause eye damage.
Ingestion:	Swallowing may cause al	odominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.
	Aspiration during swall	lowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and
	lung damage. May cause	kidney and liver damage.
Chronic	Prolonged or repeated of	overexposure cause dermatitis and damage to the
Toxicity:	kidney, liver, lungs a	nd central nervous system.
Toxicity Data:	Acetone:	Oral rat LD50: 5,800 mg/kg
		Inhalation rat LC50: 50,100 mg/m3/8 hours
	Cyclohexanone:	Oral rat LD50: 1,620 mg/kg
		Inhalation rat LC50: 8,000 ppm/4 hours
		Skin rabbit LD50: 1 mL/kg
	Tetrahydrofuran:	Oral rat LD50: 1,650 mg/kg
		Inhalation rat LC50: 21,000 ppm/3 hours
	Methyl Ethyl Ketone:	Oral rat LD50: 2,737 mg/kg
		Inhalation rat LC50: 23,500 mg/m3/8 hours
		Skin rabbit LD50: 6,480 mg/kg
Sensitization:	-	are known to cause sensitization.
Carcinogenicity:		are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by
		National Toxicology Program has reported that
	-	ats to tetrahydrofuran (THF) vapor levels up to 1800
		eek for their lifetime caused an increased incidence
	-	le rats and liver tumors in female mice. The
	significance of these :	findings for human health is unclear at this time, and

may be related to "species specific" effects. Elevated incidences of tumors in humans have not been reported for THF. ACGIH has classified cyclohexanone (CYH) and tetrahydrofuran as "A3," Confirmed Animal Carcinogens with Unknown Relevance to Humans. Cyclohexanone has been positive in bacterial and mammalian assays. Acetone, Mutagenicity: methyl ethyl ketone and tetrahydrofuran are generally thought not to be mutagenic. Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone have been shown to cause other toxicity and birth defects in laboratory animals. Acetone Reproductive Toxicity: tetrahydrofuran has been found to cause adverse developmental effects only #3 when exposure levels cause other toxic effects to the mother. Persons with pre-existing skin, lung, kidney or liver disorders may be at Medical increased risk from exposure to this product. Conditions Aggravated By Exposure: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION Section 12

This product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. Cyclohexanone: 96 hour LC50 values for fish is over 100 mg/l. Tetrahydrofuran: 96 hour LC50 fathead minnow: 2160 mg/L. Acetone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L. Methyl Ethyl Ketone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L. VOC This product emits VOC's (volatile organic compounds) in its use. Make sure Information: that use of this product complies with local VOC emission regulations, where they exist. VOC Level: Maximum 550 g/L per SCAQMD Test Method 316A.

#### Section 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with current local, state and federal regulations. RCRA Hazardous Waste U002, U057, U159, U213 Number: EPA Hazardous Waste D001, D035, F003, F0005 ID Number: EPA Hazard Waste Ignitable Waste. Toxic Waste (Methyl Ethyl Ketone content) Number:

#### Section 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT	<u>Less than 1 Liter (0.3</u> gal)	Greater than 1 Liter (0.3 gal)
UN/NA Number:	None	UN1993
Proper Shipping Name:	Consumer Commodity	Flammable Liquid, NOS (Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Acetone)
Hazard Class:	ORM-D	3
Packing Group:	None	PGII
Hazard Labels: IMDG	None	Flammable Liquid
UN Number:	UN1993	UN1993
Proper Shipping Name:	Flammable Liquid, NOS (Limited Quantity)	Flammable Liquid, NOS (Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Acetone)
Hazard Class:	3	3
Packing Group:	II	II
Label:	None (Limited Quantities are expected from labeling)	Class 3 (Flammable Liquid)
Flashpoint (deg C)	-10 to -5 Degrees C	-10 to -5 Degrees C

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#### Section 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazard Category for Acute Health, Chronic Health, Flammable Section 311/312:

Section 302	This product does not contain chemicals regulated under SARA Section 302.
Extremely Hazardous	
Substances (TPQ):	
Section 313 Toxic	This product does not contain chemicals subject to SARASECTION C
Chemicals:	313 Reporting requirements.
CERCLA 103	Spills of this product over the RQ (reportable quantity) must be reported#3
Reportable	to the National Response Center. The RQ for the product, based on the RQ
Quantity:	for Tetrahydrofuran (30% maximum) of 1,000 lbs, is 3,333 lbs.
	Many states have more stringent release reporting requirements. Report
	spills required under federal, state and local regulations.
California	This product does not contain any chemicals subject to California
Proposition 65:	Proposition 65 regulations.
TSCA Inventory	All of the components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.
Canadian WHIMS	Class B, Division 2; Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B; Class D,
Classification:	Division 2, Subdivision A. This product has been classified in accordance
	with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and
	the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

#### Section 16 OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA and HMIS: NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Special: None HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 2\* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 PPE: G

Disclaimer:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, up-to-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, we cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly do not make warranties, nor assume any liability for its use.

Template: tmpl-cn-e1







#4

## \*\*\* Section 1 - Product and Company Identification \*\*\*

## MSDS #1203E

Part Numbers: 31910(TV), 31911(TV), 31912, 31913, 31914, 31656, 31657, 32200, 32201, 32202, 32203, 31660, 31661, 31662, 31663 UVI - 31917, 31918, 31919

## Manufacturer Information

Oatey Co. 4700 West 160th Street Cleveland, OH 44135 Phone: 216-267-7100

For Emergency First Aid call 1-877-740-5015. For chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.

# \* \* \* Section 2 - Hazards Identification \* \* \*

## GHS Classification:

Flammable Liquids - Category 2 Acute Toxicity Oral - Category 4 Acute Toxicity Dermal - Category 4 Acute Toxicity Inhalation - Category 4 Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A Carcinogenicity - Category 2 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure - Category 3

## GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

## Symbol(s)



# Signal Word

Danger

## **Hazard Statements**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful if swallowed.

Harmful in contact with skin.

Harmful if inhaled.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## **Precautionary Statements**

### Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking.
Keep container tightly closed.
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
Use only non-sparking tools.
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
Wash thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Avoid breathing fume/gas/mist/vapors.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

### Response

If on skin (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire.

## Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

## Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## \*\*\* Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients \*\*

CAS #	Component	Percent
109-99-9	Tetrahydrofuran	30-60
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	10-30
68648-82-8	Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, chlorinated	10-20
67-64-1	Acetone	5-15
108-94-1	Cyclohexanone	5-15
112945-52-5	Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	1-5

# \*\*\* Section 4 - First Aid Measures \*\*\*

## First Aid: Eyes

If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.

**SECTION C** 

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## First Aid: Skin

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with soap and water. SECTION C if irritation develops. Remove dried cement with hand cleaner or baby oil.



#4

## First Aid: Ingestion

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

## First Aid: Inhalation

If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention.

#### \* \* \* Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

## **General Fire Hazards**

See Section 9 for Flammability Properties.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Keep away from heat and all sources of ignition including sparks, flames, lighted cigarettes and pilot lights. Containers may rupture or explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a remote ignition source and flash back. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

## Hazardous Combustion Products

Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

## **Extinguishing Media**

Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire exposed container with water. Water may be ineffective as an extinguishing agent.

## Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None.

## Fire Fighting Equipment/Instructions

Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in areas where chemicals are used or stored.

# \* \* \* Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures \* \* \*

## **Recovery and Neutralization**

Stop leak if it can be done without risk.

## Materials and Methods for Clean-Up

Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Soak up spill with an inert absorbent such as sand, earth or other noncombusting material. Put absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers.

## **Emergency Measures**

Isolate area. Keep unnecessary personnel away.

## **Personal Precautions and Protective Equipment**

Personnel cleaning up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including respirators if vapor concentrations are high.

## **Environmental Precautions**

Prevent liquid from entering watercourses, sewers and natural waterways.

## **Prevention of Secondary Hazards**

None

# \* \* \* Section 7 - Handling and Storage \* \* \*

## **Handling Procedures**

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use with adequate ventilation (equivalent to outdoors). Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep containers closed when not in use. "Empty" containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Follow all SDS precautions in handling empty containers. Do not cut or weld on or near empty or full containers.

## **Storage Procedures**

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Keep containers closed when not in use.

## Incompatibilities

Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber.

## \*\*\* Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection \*\*\*

## Component Exposure Limits

### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

ACGIH: 50 ppm TWA 100 ppm STEL Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route OSHA: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA 250 ppm STEL; 735 mg/m3 STEL

#### Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

ACGIH:	200 ppm TWA
	300 ppm STEL
OSHA:	200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA
NIOSH:	200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA
	300 ppm STEL; 885 mg/m3 STEL

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

 ACGIH:
 500 ppm TWA

 750 ppm STEL

 OSHA:
 1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA

 NIOSH:
 250 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA

#### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

 ACGIH: 20 ppm TWA 50 ppm STEL Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
 OSHA: 50 ppm TWA; 200 mg/m3 TWA
 NIOSH: 25 ppm TWA; 100 mg/m3 TWA

Potential for dermal absorption

#4

SECTIO

## **Engineering Measures**

Open doors & windows. Provide ventilation capable of maintaining emissions at the point of SECTION C recommended exposure limits. If used in enclosed area, use exhaust fans. Exhaust fans should be proved to electrical fixtures or #4 proof or set up in a way that flammable concentrations of solvent vapors are not exposed to electrical fixtures or #4 hot surfaces.

## Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus.

## **Personal Protective Equipment: Hands**

Rubber gloves are suitable for normal use of the product. For long exposures chemical resistant gloves may be required such as 4H(tm) or Silver Shield(tm) to avoid prolonged skin contact.

## Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes

Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.

## Personal Protective Equipment: Skin and Body

No additional protective equipment needed.

## \*\*\* Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties \*\*\*

Appearance:	Yellow/Gold or Orange
Physical State:	Liquid
Vapor Pressure:	145 mmHg @ 20°C
Boiling Point:	151°F (66°C)
Solubility (H2O):	Negligible
Evaporation Rate:	(BUAC = 1) = 5.5 - 8.0
Octanol/H2O Coeff.:	ND
Flash Point Method:	CCCFP
Lower Flammability Limit (LFL):	1.8
Auto Ignition:	ND

Odor:	Ether-like
pH:	NA
Vapor Density:	2.5
Melting Point:	NA
Specific Gravity:	0.94 +/- 0.02 @ 20°C
VOC:	80-84%
Flash Point:	14-23°F (-10 to -5°C)
Upper Flammability Limit	11.8
(UFL):	
Burning Rate:	ND

## \*\*\* Section 10 - Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information \*\*\*

## **Chemical Stability**

This is a stable material.

### Hazardous Reaction Potential

Will not occur.

## Conditions to Avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition.

## Incompatible Products

Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber.

## **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

## \*\*\* Section 11 - Toxicological Information \*\*\*

## **Acute Toxicity**

# SECTION C

## **Component Analysis - LD50/LC50**

### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 53.9 mg/L 4 h; Inhalation LC50 Rat 180 mg/L 1 h; Oral LD50 Rat 1650 mg/kg

### Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

Inhalation LC50 Mouse 32 g/m3 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 2737 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit 6480 mg/kg

## Acetone (67-64-1)

Oral LD50 Rat 5800 mg/kg

### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 10.7 mg/L 4 h; Inhalation LC50 Rat 8000 ppm 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 800 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit 948 mg/kg

## Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)

Oral LD50 Rat 3160 mg/kg

## Potential Health Effects: Skin Corrosion Property/Stimulativeness

May cause irritation with redness, itching and pain. Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone may be absorbed through the skin causing effects similar to those listed under inhalation.

## Potential Health Effects: Eye Critical Damage/ Stimulativeness

Vapors may cause irritation. Direct contact may cause irritation with redness, stinging and tearing of the eyes. May cause eye damage.

## **Potential Health Effects: Ingestion**

Swallowing may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver damage.

## Potential Health Effects: Inhalation

Vapors or mists may cause mucous membrane and respiratory irritation, coughing, headache, dizziness, dullness, nausea, shortness of breath and vomiting. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.

## **Respiratory Organs Sensitization/Skin Sensitization**

This product is not reported to have any skin sensitization effects.

## **Generative Cell Mutagenicity**

Cyclohexanone has been positive in bacterial and mammalian assays. Acetone, methyl ethyl ketone and tetrahydrofuran are generally thought not to be mutagenic.

## Carcinogenicity

## **A: General Product Information**

In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation mictime study on THE conducted by NTP (1009). Mole acts down THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure.

## **B:** Component Carcinogenicity

## Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans

## Acetone (67-64-1)

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

## Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans Monograph 71 [1999]; Monograph 47 [1989] (Group 3 (not classifiable)) IARC:

## Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)

IARC: Monograph 68 [1997] (listed under Amorphous silica) (Group 3 (not classifiable))

## **Reproductive Toxicity**

Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone have been shown to cause embryofetal toxicity and birth defects in laboratory animals. Acetone and tetrahydrofuran has been found to cause adverse developmental effects only when exposure levels cause other toxic effects to the mother.

## Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Single Exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.

## Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Repeated Exposure

This product is not reported to have any specific target organ toxicity repeat exposure effects.

## Aspiration Respiratory Organs Hazard

Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver damage.

Conditions

# Section 12 - Ecological Information

## Ecotoxicity

## A: General Product Information

This product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

## **B:** Component Analysis - Ecotoxicity - Aquatic Toxicity

## Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

#### **Test & Species**

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas 1970-2360 mg/L [flow-through] 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas 2700-3600 mg/L [static] 24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna 5930 mg/L



Test & Species		Conditions	<u>SECTION C</u>
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	3130-3320 mg/L [flow-through]		#4
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	>520 mg/L		
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	5091 mg/L		
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	4025 - 6440 mg/L [Static]		
Acetone (67-64-1)			
Test & Species		Conditions	
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	4.74 - 6.33 mL/L		
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	6210 - 8120 mg/L [static]		
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus	8300 mg/L		
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	10294 - 17704 mg/L [Static]		
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	12600 - 12700 mg/L		
Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)			
Test & Species		Conditions	
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	481-578 mg/L [flow-		
	through]		
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	8.9 mg/L		
96 Hr EC50 Chlorella vulgaris	20 mg/L		
24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	800 mg/L		

## Persistence/Degradability

No information available for the product.

## Bioaccumulation

No information available for the product.

## Mobility in Soil

No information available for the product.

#### \* \* \* Section 13 - Disposal Considerations \* \* \*

## Waste Disposal Instructions

See Section 7 for Handling Procedures. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

## **Disposal of Contaminated Containers or Packaging**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

#### \* \* \* **Section 14 - Transportation Information**

## **DOT Information**

For Greater than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Adhesives UN #: 1133 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II Required Label(s): Flammable Liquid

For Less than 1 liter (0.3 gal):

Shipping Name: Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

## IMDG Information

**SECTION C** 

#Δ

For Greater than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Adhesives UN #: 1133 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II Required Label(s): Flammable Liquid

For Less than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Adhesives UN #: 1133 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II Required Label(s): None (Limited Quantities are expected from labeling)

# \* \* \* Section 15 - Regulatory Information \* \* \*

# Regulatory Information

## **US Federal Regulations**

## **Component Analysis**

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65) and/or CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4).

### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

CERCLA: 1000 lb final RQ; 454 kg final RQ

#### Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

#### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

### State Regulations

#### **Component Analysis - State**

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	CAS	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Acetone	67-64-1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

### **Component Analysis - WHMIS IDL**

The following components are identified under the Canadian Hazardous Products Act Ingredient Disclosure List:

Component	CAS #	Minimum Concent	<u>IUN L</u>
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	1 %	#4
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	1 %	#4
Acetone	67-64-1	1 %	
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.1 %	]

## Additional Regulatory Information

## **A: General Product Information**

This product contains trace amounts of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. Under normal use conditions, exposure to these chemicals at levels above the State of California "No Significant Risk Level" (NSRL) are unlikely. The use of proper personal protective equipment (PPE) and ventilation guidelines noted in Section 8 will minimize exposure to these chemicals.

#### **B: Component Analysis - Inventory**

Component	CAS #	TSCA	CAN	EEC
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, chlorinated	68648-82-8	Yes	DSL	No
Acetone	67-64-1	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	112945-52-5	No	DSL	No

## \*\*\* Section 16 - Other Information \*\*\*

## Key/Legend

EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; TSCA = Toxic Substance Control Act; ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration., NJTSR = New Jersey Trade Secret Registry.

## **Literature References**

None

## **Other Information**

NFPA and HMIS:

NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Special: None HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 2\* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 PPE: G

#### Disclaimer:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, up-to-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, we cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly do not make warranties, nor assume any liability for its use.

End of Sheet







## \*\*\* Section 1 - Product and Company Identification \*\*\*

## MSDS #1202E

Part Numbers: Gray - 31036, 31037 Orange - 31083, 31084

## **Manufacturer Information**

Oatey Co. 4700 West 160th Street Cleveland, OH 44135 Phone: 216-267-7100

For Emergency First Aid call 1-877-740-5015. For chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.

# \*\*\* Section 2 - Hazards Identification \*\*\*

## **GHS Classification:**

Flammable Liquids - Category 2 Acute Toxicity Oral - Category 4 Acute Toxicity Dermal - Category 4 Acute Toxicity Inhalation - Category 4 Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A Carcinogenicity - Category 2 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure - Category 3

## GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

## Symbol(s)



## **Signal Word**

Danger

## Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful if swallowed.

Harmful in contact with skin.

Harmful if inhaled.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## **Precautionary Statements**

## Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing fume/gas/mist/vapors.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

## Response

If on skin (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire.

## Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

## Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## \*\* Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients \*\*\*

CAS #	Component	Percent
109-99-9	Tetrahydrofuran	50-70
68648-82-8	Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, chlorinated	10-20
108-94-1	Cyclohexanone	5-15
67-64-1	Acetone	5-15
112945-52-5	Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	1-5

## \*\*\* Section 4 - First Aid Measures \*\*\*

## First Aid: Eyes

If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.

## First Aid: Skin

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops. Remove dried cement with hand cleaner or baby oil.

**SECTION C** 

## First Aid: Ingestion

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, **SECTION C** emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital. **#5** 

## First Aid: Inhalation

If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention.

## \* \* \* Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures \* \* \*

## **General Fire Hazards**

See Section 9 for Flammability Properties.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Keep away from heat and all sources of ignition including sparks, flames, lighted cigarettes and pilot lights. Containers may rupture or explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a remote ignition source and flash back. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

## **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

## **Extinguishing Media**

Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire exposed container with water. Water may be ineffective as an extinguishing agent.

## Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None.

## Fire Fighting Equipment/Instructions

Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in areas where chemicals are used or stored.

# \*\*\* Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures \*\*\*

## **Recovery and Neutralization**

Stop leak if it can be done without risk.

## Materials and Methods for Clean-Up

Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Soak up spill with an inert absorbent such as sand, earth or other noncombusting material. Put absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers.

## **Emergency Measures**

Isolate area. Keep unnecessary personnel away.

## **Personal Precautions and Protective Equipment**

Personnel cleaning up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including respirators if vapor concentrations are high.

## **Environmental Precautions**

Prevent liquid from entering watercourses, sewers and natural waterways.

## **Prevention of Secondary Hazards**

None

#### \* \* \* Section 7 - Handling and Storage

## Handling Procedures

ECTION Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use with adequate ventilation (equivalent to outdoors). Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep containers closed when not in use. "Empty" containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Follow all SDS precautions in handling empty containers. Do not cut or weld on or near empty or full containers.

## **Storage Procedures**

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Keep containers closed when not in use.

## Incompatibilities

Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber.

#### Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection \* \* \* \* \* \*

## Component Exposure Limits

#### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

ACGIH: 50 ppm TWA 100 ppm STEL Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA OSHA: NIOSH: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA 250 ppm STEL; 735 mg/m3 STEL

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

ACGIH: 500 ppm TWA 750 ppm STEL OSHA: 1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 250 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA

#### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

ACGIH: 20 ppm TWA 50 ppm STEL Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route OSHA: 50 ppm TWA; 200 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 25 ppm TWA; 100 mg/m3 TWA Potential for dermal absorption

## Engineering Measures

Open doors & windows. Provide ventilation capable of maintaining emissions at the point of use below recommended exposure limits. If used in enclosed area, use exhaust fans. Exhaust fans should be explosionproof or set up in a way that flammable concentrations of solvent vapors are not exposed to electrical fixtures or hot surfaces.

## Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use selfcontained breathing apparatus.

## **Personal Protective Equipment: Hands**

Rubber gloves are suitable for normal use of the product. For long exposures chemical resistant gloves may be **SECTION C** 

## Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes

Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.

## Personal Protective Equipment: Skin and Body

No additional protective equipment needed.

#### \* \* \* \* \* \* Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance:	Gray or orange	Odor:	Ether-like
Physical State:	Liquid	pH:	NA
Vapor Pressure:	145 mmHg @ 20°C	Vapor Density:	2.5
Boiling Point:	151°F (66°C)	Melting Point:	NA
Solubility (H2O):	Negligible	Specific Gravity:	0.97 +/- 0.02 @ 20°C
Evaporation Rate:	(BUAC = 1) = 5.5 - 8.0	VOC:	78-82%
Octanol/H2O Coeff.:	ND	Flash Point:	14-23°F (-10 to -5°C)
Flash Point Method:	CCCFP	Upper Flammability Limit	11.8
		(UFL):	
Lower Flammability Limit	1.8	Burning Rate:	ND
(LFL):			
Auto Ignition:	ND		

#### \* \* \* \*\*\* Section 10 - Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information

## **Chemical Stability**

This is a stable material.

## Hazardous Reaction Potential

Will not occur.

## Conditions to Avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition.

## Incompatible Products

Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber.

## **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

# \*\*\* Section 11 - Toxicological Information

## **Acute Toxicity**

## **Component Analysis - LD50/LC50**

### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 53.9 mg/L 4 h; Inhalation LC50 Rat 180 mg/L 1 h; Oral LD50 Rat 1650 mg/kg

## Acetone (67-64-1)

Oral LD50 Rat 5800 mg/kg

#### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 10.7 mg/L 4 h; Inhalation LC50 Rat 8000 ppm 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 800 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit 948 mg/kg SECTION C

## Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)

Oral LD50 Rat 3160 mg/kg

## Potential Health Effects: Skin Corrosion Property/Stimulativeness

May cause irritation with redness, itching and pain. Cyclohexanone may be absorbed through the skin causing effects similar to those listed under inhalation.

## Potential Health Effects: Eye Critical Damage/ Stimulativeness

Vapors may cause irritation. Direct contact may cause irritation with redness, stinging and tearing of the eyes. May cause eye damage.

## Potential Health Effects: Ingestion

Swallowing may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver damage.

## Potential Health Effects: Inhalation

Vapors or mists may cause mucous membrane and respiratory irritation, coughing, headache, dizziness, dullness, nausea, shortness of breath and vomiting. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.

## **Respiratory Organs Sensitization/Skin Sensitization**

This product is not reported to have any skin sensitization effects.

## **Generative Cell Mutagenicity**

Cyclohexanone has been positive in bacterial and mammalian assays. Acetone and tetrahydrofuran are generally thought not to be mutagenic.

## Carcinogenicity

## **A: General Product Information**

In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure.

## **B: Component Carcinogenicity**

## Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

#### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans IARC: Monograph 71 [1999]; Monograph 47 [1989] (Group 3 (not classifiable))

# Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)

IARC: Monograph 68 [1997] (listed under Amorphous silica) (Group 3 (not classifiable))

## **Reproductive Toxicity**

Cyclohexanone has been shown to cause embryofetal toxicity and birth defects in laboratory animals. Acetone and tetrahydrofuran has been found to cause adverse developmental effects only when experies a solution of the toxic effects to the mother. #5

## Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Single Exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.

## Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Repeated Exposure

This product is not reported to have any specific target organ toxicity repeat exposure effects.

## Aspiration Respiratory Organs Hazard

Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver damage.

## \*\*\* Section 12 - Ecological Information \*\*\*

## Ecotoxicity

## **A: General Product Information**

This product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

## **B: Component Analysis - Ecotoxicity - Aquatic Toxicity**

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)		
Test & Species		Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	1970-2360 mg/L [flow-through]	
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	2700-3600 mg/L [static]	
24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	5930 mg/L	
Acetone (67-64-1)		
Test & Species		Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	4.74 - 6.33 mL/L	
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	6210 - 8120 mg/L [static]	
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus	8300 mg/L	
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	10294 - 17704 mg/L [Static]	
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	12600 - 12700 mg/L	
Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)		
Test & Species		Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	481-578 mg/L [flow- through]	
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	8.9 mg/L	
96 Hr EC50 Chlorella vulgaris	20 mg/L	
24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	800 mg/L	

## Persistence/Degradability

No information available for the product.

## Bioaccumulation

No information available for the product.

## Mobility in Soil

No information available for the product.

# \*\*\* Section 13 - Disposal Considerations \*\*\* SECTION

## Waste Disposal Instructions

See Section 7 for Handling Procedures. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

### **Disposal of Contaminated Containers or Packaging**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## \* \* \* Section 14 - Transportation Information \* \*

## **DOT Information**

For Greater than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Adhesives UN #: 1133 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II Required Label(s): Flammable Liquid

For Less than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

## **IMDG** Information

For Greater than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Adhesives UN #: 1133 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II Required Label(s): Flammable Liquid

For Less than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Adhesives UN #: 1133 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II Required Label(s): None (Limited Quantities are expected from labeling)

## \* \* \* Section 15 - Regulatory Information \* \* \*

## **Regulatory Information** US Federal Regulations

#### **Component Analysis**

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65) and/or CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4).

### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

CERCLA: 1000 lb final RQ; 454 kg final RQ

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

#### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

## **State Regulations**

### **Component Analysis - State**

SECTION C The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	CAS	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Acetone	67-64-1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

### **Component Analysis - WHMIS IDL**

The following components are identified under the Canadian Hazardous Products Act Ingredient Disclosure List:

Component	CAS #	Minimum Concentration
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	1 %
Acetone	67-64-1	1 %
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.1 %

## **Additional Regulatory Information**

### A: General Product Information

This product contains trace amounts of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. Under normal use conditions, exposure to these chemicals at levels above the State of California "No Significant Risk Level" (NSRL) are unlikely. The use of proper personal protective equipment (PPE) and ventilation guidelines noted in Section 8 will minimize exposure to these chemicals.

### **B: Component Analysis - Inventory**

Component	CAS #	TSCA	CAN	EEC
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, chlorinated	68648-82-8	Yes	DSL	No
Acetone	67-64-1	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	112945-52-5	No	DSL	No

#### \* \* \* Section 16 - Other Information \* \* \*

## Key/Legend

EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; TSCA = Toxic Substance Control Act; ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration., NJTSR = New Jersey Trade Secret Registry.

## Literature References

None

## Other Information

NFPA and HMIS:

NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Special: None HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 2\* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 PPE: G

### Disclaimer:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, up-to-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, we cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly do not make warranties, nor assume any liability for its use.







**SECTION C** 

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

MSDS Number: 1402C Section 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION Trade Name: OATEY CANADIAN PURPLE OF CLEAR PRIMER NSF LISTED Purple - 30759, 30927, 31480, 31481, 31482, 31483 Clear - 30754, 31485, Product Nos.: 31486, 31487, 31488, 31525, 31526, 31527, 31528 Primer for PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe Product Use: See section 3 Formula: Synonyms: Plastic Pipe Primer Firm Name & Oatey Company 4700 West 160th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 44135 Address: www.oatey.com Firm Phone No: (216) 267-7100 For Emergency First Aid call 1-877-740-5015. For chemical transportation Emergency Phone Nos.: emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887. Technical Department Prepared by: 09/11/2012 Preparation Date:

#### Section 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Purple or Clear liquid with an ether-like odor. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapors may cause flash fire. May cause eye and skin irritation. Inhalation of vapors or mist may cause respiratory irritation and central nervous system effects. Swallowing may cause irritation, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and kidney or liver disorders. Aspiration hazard. May be fatal if swallowed. Symptoms may be delayed.

#### Section 3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENTS:	%wt/wt :	CAS NUMBER:	ACGIH TLV TWA:	OSHA PEL TWA	OTHER:
Tetrahydrofuran	10 - 30%	109-99-9	50 ppm(skin)	200 ppm	25 ppm (Mfg)
			100 ppm STEL		
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	20 - 40%	78-93-3	200 ppm	200 ppm	None
			300 ppm		
Acetone	20 - 40%	67-64-1	500 ppm	1000 ppm	None
			750 ppm STEL		
Cyclohexanone	15 - 30%	108-94-1	20 ppm(skin)	50 ppm	None
			50 ppm STEL		

OSHA Hazard Classification:

Flammable, irritant, organ effects

#### Section 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops. Remove dried cement with Oatey Plumber's Hand Cleaner or baby oil.

Eyes: If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.

- Inhalation: If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by

calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

#### Section 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

14 - 23 Degrees F. (-10 to -5 Degrees C) / CCCFP Flashpoint / Method: Flammability: LEL = 1.8 % Volume, UEL = 11.8 % Volume Extinguishing Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire SEGTION C Media: with water. Water may be ineffective as an extinguishing agent. #6 Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus Special Fire and full protective clothing for fires in areas where chemicals are used or Fighting Procedure: stored Unusual Fire Extremely flammable liquid. Keep away from heat and all sources of ignition And Explosion including sparks, flames, lighted cigarettes and pilot lights. Containers may Hazards: rupture or explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a remote ignition source and flash back. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age. Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, Hazardous

Decomposition carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride. Products:

#### ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Section 6

Procedures:

Spill or Leak Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Personnel cleaning up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including respirators if vapor concentrations are high. Soak up spill with an inert absorbent such as sand, earth or other noncombusting material. Put absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers. Prevent liquid from entering watercourses, sewers and natural waterways. Report releases to authorities as required. See Section 13 for disposal information.

#### Section 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use with adequate ventilation (equivalent to outdoors). Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep containers closed when not in use.

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Storage: Keep containers closed when not in use.

"Empty" containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Follow all MSDS Other: precautions in handling empty containers. Do not cut or weld on or near empty or full containers.

#### Section 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation: Open doors & windows. Provide ventilation capable of maintaining emissions at the point of use below recommended exposure limits. If used in enclosed area, use exhaust fans. Exhaust fans should be explosion-proof or set up in a way that flammable concentrations of solvent vapors are not exposed to electrical fixtures or hot surfaces.

Respiratory For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment Protection: selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus.

Rubber gloves are suitable for normal use of the product. For long exposures Skin chemical resistant gloves may be required such as 4H(tm) or Silver Shield(tm) Protection: to avoid prolonged skin contact.

Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles. Eve Protection:

Section 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point: Melting Point: Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: Volatile Components: Solubility In Water: pH: Specific Gravity: Evaporation Rate: Appearance: Odor: Will Dissolve In: Material Is: 151 Degrees F / 66 Degrees C Not applicable 145 mmHg @ 20 Degrees C (Air = 1) 2.5 99.96% Negligible Not applicable 0.84 +/- 0.02 @ 20 Degrees C (BUAC = 1) = 5.5 - 8.0 Purple or Clear Liquid Ether-Like Tetrahydrofuran Liquid



Section 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable.
Conditions To Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition.
Avoid:
Hazardous Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon
Decomposition monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.
Products:
Incompatibility/ Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds,
Materials To chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and
Avoid: hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber.
Hazardous Will not occur.
Polymerization:

#### Section 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

	IONICOLOGICAL INFORMATION					
Inhalation:	Vapors or mists may car	use mucous membrane and respiratory irritation,				
	coughing, headache, di	zziness, dullness, nausea, shortness of breath and				
	vomiting. High concent:	rations may cause central nervous system depression,				
	narcosis and unconscio	usness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.				
Skin:	May cause irritation w	ith redness, itching and pain. Methyl ethyl ketone and				
	cyclohexanone may be al	osorbed through the skin causing effects similar to				
	those listed under inha					
Eye:	Vapors may cause irrit;	ation. Direct contact may cause irritation with				
1		tearing of the eyes. May cause eye damage.				
Ingestion:		odominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.				
11190001011.		lowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and				
		kidney and liver damage.				
Chronic	<u> </u>	overexposure cause dermatitis and damage to the				
Toxicity:		nd central nervous system.				
Toxicity Data:	Acetone:	Oral rat LD50: 5,800 mg/kg				
101110101 2000.		Inhalation rat LC50: 50,100 mg/m3/8 hours				
	Cyclohexanone:	Oral rat LD50: 1,620 mg/kg				
	ey erementatione.	Inhalation rat LC50: 8,000 ppm/4 hours				
		Skin rabbit LD50: 1 mL/kg				
	Tetrahydrofuran:	Oral rat LD50: 1,650 mg/kg				
	rectanyatoratan.	Inhalation rat LC50: 21,000 ppm/3 hours				
	Methyl Ethyl Ketone:	Oral rat LD50: 2,737 mg/kg				
	Meenyi Eenyi Kecone.	Inhalation rat LC50: 23,500 mg/m3/8 hours				
		Skin rabbit LD50: 6,480 mg/kg				
Sensitization:	None of the components	are known to cause sensitization.				
	-					
Carcinogenicity:		None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. The National Toxicology Program has reported that				
		ats to tetrahydrofuran (THF) vapor levels up to 1800				
		eek for their lifetime caused an increased incidence				
	-	le rats and liver tumors in female mice. The				
	significance of these :	findings for human health is unclear at this time, and				

may be related to "species specific" effects. Elevated incidences of tumors in humans have not been reported for THF. ACGIH has classified cyclohexanone (CYH) and tetrahydrofuran as "A3," Confirmed Animal Carcinogens with Unknown Relevance to Humans. Cyclohexanone has been positive in bacterial and mammalian assays. Acetone, Mutagenicity: methyl ethyl ketone and tetrahydrofuran are generally thought not to be mutagenic. Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone have been shown to cause orbitoxicity and birth defects in laboratory animals. Acetone Reproductive С Toxicity: tetrahydrofuran has been found to cause adverse developmental effects only when exposure levels cause other toxic effects to the mother. #6 Persons with pre-existing skin, lung, kidney or liver disorders may be at Medical increased risk from exposure to this product. Conditions Aggravated By Exposure: Section 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

This product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. Cyclohexanone: 96 hour LC50 values for fish is over 100 mg/l. Tetrahydrofuran: 96 hour LC50 fathead minnow: 2160 mg/L. Acetone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L. Methyl Ethyl Ketone: 96 hour LC50 for fish is greater than 100 mg/L. VOC This product emits VOC's (volatile organic compounds) in its use. Make sure Information: that use of this product complies with local VOC emission regulations, where they exist. VOC Level: Maximum 550 g/L per SCAQMD Test Method 316A.

#### Section 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with current local, state and federal regulations. RCRA Hazardous Waste U002, U057, U159, U213 Number: EPA Hazardous Waste D001, D035, F003, F0005 ID Number: EPA Hazard Waste Ignitable Waste. Toxic Waste (Methyl Ethyl Ketone content) Number:

#### Section 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT	<u>Less than 1 Liter (0.3</u> gal)	<u>Greater than 1 Liter (0.3</u> gal)
UN/NA Number:	None	<u>UN19</u> 93
Proper Shipping Name:	Consumer Commodity	Flammable Liquid, NOS (Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Acetone)
Hazard Class:	ORM-D	3
Packing Group:	None	PGII
Hazard Labels: IMDG	None	Flammable Liquid
UN Number:	UN1993	UN1993
Proper Shipping Name:	Flammable Liquid, NOS (Limited Quantity)	Flammable Liquid, NOS (Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Acetone)
Hazard Class:	3	3
Packing Group:	II	II
Label:	None (Limited Quantities are expected from labeling)	Class 3 (Flammable Liquid)
Flashpoint (deg C)	-10 to -5 Degrees C	-10 to -5 Degrees C

2008 North American Emercency Response Guidebook Number: 127

#### Section 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

Hazard Category for Acute Health, Chronic Health, Flammable Section 311/312:

Section 302	This product does not contain chemicals regulated under SARA Section 302.
Extremely Hazardous	
Substances (TPQ):	
Section 313 Toxic	This product does not contain chemicals subject to SARASECTION C
Chemicals:	212 Depending requirements
CERCLA 103	Spills of this product over the RQ (reportable quantity) must be reported <b>#6</b>
Reportable	to the National Response Center. The RQ for the product, based on the RQ
Quantity:	for Tetrahydrofuran (30% maximum) of 1,000 lbs, is 3,333 lbs.
	Many states have more stringent release reporting requirements. Report
	spills required under federal, state and local regulations.
California	This product does not contain any chemicals subject to California
Proposition 65:	Proposition 65 regulations.
TSCA Inventory	All of the components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.
Canadian WHIMS	Class B, Division 2; Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B; Class D,
Classification:	Division 2, Subdivision A. This product has been classified in accordance
	with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and
	the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

#### Section 16 OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA and HMIS: NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Special: None HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 2\* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 PPE: G

Disclaimer:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, up-to-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, we cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly do not make warranties, nor assume any liability for its use.

Template: tmpl-cn-e1







## \*\*\* Section 1 - Product and Company Identification \*\*\*

## MSDS #1401E

Part Numbers: 30768, 30780, 30783, 30796, 30806, 31966, 31967, 31968, 31969

## **Manufacturer Information**

Oatey Co. 4700 West 160th Street Cleveland, OH 44135 Phone: 216-267-7100

For Emergency First Aid call 1-877-740-5015. For chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.

# \*\*\* Section 2 - Hazards Identification \*\*\*

## **GHS Classification:**

Flammable Liquids - Category 2 Acute Toxicity Oral - Category 4 Acute Toxicity Dermal - Category 4 Acute Toxicity Inhalation - Category 4 Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A Carcinogenicity - Category 2 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure - Category 3

## GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

## Symbol(s)



## **Signal Word**

Danger

## **Hazard Statements**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful if swallowed.

Harmful in contact with skin.

Harmful if inhaled.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

## **Precautionary Statements**

## Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing fume/gas/mist/vapors. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

## Response

If on skin (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire.

### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

## Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## \*\* Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients \*\*\*

CAS #	Component	Percent
67-64-1	Acetone	60-90
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	10-20
108-94-1	Cyclohexanone	3-10
109-99-9	Tetrahydrofuran	0-10

# \*\*\* Section 4 - First Aid Measures \*\*\*

## First Aid: Eyes

If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.

## First Aid: Skin

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops. Remove dried cement with hand cleaner or baby oil.

## First Aid: Ingestion

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, **SEGUTION** (emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical #7 emergency treatment center or hospital.

## First Aid: Inhalation

If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention.

## \* \* \* Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures \* \* \*

## **General Fire Hazards**

See Section 9 for Flammability Properties.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Keep away from heat and all sources of ignition including sparks, flames, lighted cigarettes and pilot lights. Containers may rupture or explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a remote ignition source and flash back. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

## **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

## **Extinguishing Media**

Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire exposed container with water. Water may be ineffective as an extinguishing agent.

## Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

None.

## Fire Fighting Equipment/Instructions

Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in areas where chemicals are used or stored.

# \*\*\* Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures \*\*\*

## **Recovery and Neutralization**

Stop leak if it can be done without risk.

## Materials and Methods for Clean-Up

Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Soak up spill with an inert absorbent such as sand, earth or other noncombusting material. Put absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers.

#### **Emergency Measures**

Isolate area. Keep unnecessary personnel away.

## **Personal Precautions and Protective Equipment**

Personnel cleaning up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including respirators if vapor concentrations are high.

### **Environmental Precautions**

Prevent liquid from entering watercourses, sewers and natural waterways.

## **Prevention of Secondary Hazards**

None

#### \* \* \* Section 7 - Handling and Storage \* \* \*

## **Handling Procedures**

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use with adequate ventilation ;TION (equivalent to outdoors). Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep containers closed when not in use. "Empty" containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Follow all SDS precautions in handling empty containers. Do not cut or weld on or near empty or full containers.

## **Storage Procedures**

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Keep containers closed when not in use.

## Incompatibilities

Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber.

#### \* \* \* Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection \* \* \*

### Component Exposure Limits

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

ACGIH: 500 ppm TWA 750 ppm STEL OSHA: 1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 250 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA

#### Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

ACGIH: 200 ppm TWA 300 ppm STEL OSHA: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA 300 ppm STEL; 885 mg/m3 STEL

#### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

ACGIH:	20 ppm TWA
	50 ppm STEL
	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
OSHA:	50 ppm TWA; 200 mg/m3 TWA
NIOSH:	25 ppm TWA; 100 mg/m3 TWA
	Potential for dermal absorption

#### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

ACGIH: 50 ppm TWA 100 ppm STEL Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA OSHA: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH:

250 ppm STEL; 735 mg/m3 STEL

Page 4 of 10

## **Engineering Measures**

Open doors & windows. Provide ventilation capable of maintaining emissions at the point of use below recommended exposure limits. If used in enclosed area, use exhaust fans. Exhaust fans shoes a concentration of solvent vapors are not exposed to electrical fixtures or hot surfaces. #7

## Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus.

## **Personal Protective Equipment: Hands**

Rubber gloves are suitable for normal use of the product. For long exposures chemical resistant gloves may be required such as 4H(tm) or Silver Shield(tm) to avoid prolonged skin contact.

## Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes

Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.

## Personal Protective Equipment: Skin and Body

No additional protective equipment needed.

## \*\*\* Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties \*\*\*

Appearance:	Purple	Odor:	Ether-like
Physical State:	Liquid	pH:	NA
Vapor Pressure:	145 mmHg @ 20°C	Vapor Density:	2.5
Boiling Point:	151°F (66°C)	Melting Point:	NA
Solubility (H2O):	Negligible	Specific Gravity:	0.81 +/- 0.02 @ 20°C
Evaporation Rate:	(BUAC = 1) = 5.5 - 8.0	VOC:	99.96%
Octanol/H2O Coeff.:	ND	Flash Point:	14-23°F (-10 to -5°C)
Flash Point Method:	CCCFP	Upper Flammability Limit	11.8
		(UFL):	
Lower Flammability Limit	1.8	Burning Rate:	ND
(LFL):			
Auto Ignition:	ND		

## \*\*\* Section 10 - Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information \*\*

## **Chemical Stability**

This is a stable material.

## Hazardous Reaction Potential

Will not occur.

## Conditions to Avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition.

## Incompatible Products

Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber.

## **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

## \*\*\* Section 11 - Toxicological Information \*\*\*

#### **Acute Toxicity**



**Component Analysis - LD50/LC50** 

Acetone (67-64-1)

Oral LD50 Rat 5800 mg/kg

#### Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

Inhalation LC50 Mouse 32 g/m3 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 2737 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit 6480 mg/kg

#### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 10.7 mg/L 4 h; Inhalation LC50 Rat 8000 ppm 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 800 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit 948 mg/kg

#### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 53.9 mg/L 4 h; Inhalation LC50 Rat 180 mg/L 1 h; Oral LD50 Rat 1650 mg/kg

#### Potential Health Effects: Skin Corrosion Property/Stimulativeness

May cause irritation with redness, itching and pain. Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone may be absorbed through the skin causing effects similar to those listed under inhalation.

#### Potential Health Effects: Eye Critical Damage/ Stimulativeness

Vapors may cause irritation. Direct contact may cause irritation with redness, stinging and tearing of the eyes. May cause eye damage.

#### **Potential Health Effects: Ingestion**

Swallowing may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver damage.

#### Potential Health Effects: Inhalation

Vapors or mists may cause mucous membrane and respiratory irritation, coughing, headache, dizziness, dullness, nausea, shortness of breath and vomiting. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.

#### **Respiratory Organs Sensitization/Skin Sensitization**

This product is not reported to have any skin sensitization effects.

#### **Generative Cell Mutagenicity**

Cyclohexanone has been positive in bacterial and mammalian assays. Acetone, methyl ethyl ketone and tetrahydrofuran are generally thought not to be mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### **A: General Product Information**

In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation lifetime study on THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure.

#### **B:** Component Carcinogenicity

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

#### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans IARC: Monograph 71 [1999]; Monograph 47 [1989] (Group 3 (not classifiable))

#### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans

#### **Reproductive Toxicity**

Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone have been shown to cause embryofetal toxicity and birth defects in laboratory animals. Acetone and tetrahydrofuran has been found to cause adverse developmental effects only when exposure levels cause other toxic effects to the mother.

#### Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Single Exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.

#### Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Repeated Exposure

This product is not reported to have any specific target organ toxicity repeat exposure effects.

#### Aspiration Respiratory Organs Hazard

Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver damage.

## \*\*\* Section 12 - Ecological Information \*\*\*

#### Ecotoxicity

#### A: General Product Information

Acotono (67-64-1)

This product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

#### **B:** Component Analysis - Ecotoxicity - Aquatic Toxicity

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Cyclohexanone (108-94-1) Test & Species		Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	481-578 mg/L [flow- through]	
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	8.9 mg/L	
96 Hr EC50 Chlorella vulgaris	20 mg/L	
24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	800 mg/L	
Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)		
Test & Species		Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	1970-2360 mg/L	
	[flow-through]	
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	[100-3600 mg/L [static]	

#### Persistence/Degradability

No information available for the product.

#### Bioaccumulation

No information available for the product.

#### Mobility in Soil

No information available for the product.

## \*\*\* Section 13 - Disposal Considerations \*\*\*

#### **Waste Disposal Instructions**

See Section 7 for Handling Procedures. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

#### **Disposal of Contaminated Containers or Packaging**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## \* \* \* Section 14 - Transportation Information \* \* \*

#### **DOT Information**

For Greater than 1 liter (0.3 gal):

Shipping Name: Flammable Liquid, n.o.s (Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Acetone) UN #: 1993 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II Required Label(s): Flammable Liquid

For Less than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

#### **IMDG** Information

For Greater than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Flammable Liquid, n.o.s (Methyl Ethyl Ketone, Acetone) UN #: 1993 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II Required Label(s): Flammable Liquid

For Less than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Flammable Liquid, n.o.s (Limited Quantity) UN #: 1993 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II SECTION C

Required Label(s): None (Limited Quantities are expected from labeling)

## \*\*\* Section 15 - Regulatory Information \*\*\* SECTION C

## Regulatory Information

#### US Federal Regulations

#### **Component Analysis**

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65) and/or CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4).

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

#### Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

#### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

#### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

CERCLA: 1000 lb final RQ; 454 kg final RQ

#### **State Regulations**

#### Component Analysis - State

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	CAS	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Acetone	67-64-1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

#### **Component Analysis - WHMIS IDL**

The following components are identified under the Canadian Hazardous Products Act Ingredient Disclosure List:

Component	CAS #	Minimum Concentration
Acetone	67-64-1	1 %
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	1 %
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.1 %
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	1 %

#### Additional Regulatory Information

#### A: General Product Information

This product contains trace amounts of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. Under normal use conditions, exposure to these chemicals at levels above the State of California "No Significant Risk Level" (NSRL) are unlikely. The use of proper personal protective equipment (PPE) and ventilation guidelines noted in Section 8 will minimize exposure to these chemicals.

Component	CAS #	TSCA	CAN	EEC	l
Acetone	67-64-1	Yes	DSL		ION C
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	Yes	DSL	EINECS	
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Yes	DSL	EINECS	#7
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Yes	DSL	EINECS	]

#### **B:** Component Analysis - Inventory

## \* \* \* Section 16 - Other Information \* \* \*

#### Key/Legend

EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; TSCA = Toxic Substance Control Act; ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration., NJTSR = New Jersey Trade Secret Registry.

#### **Literature References**

None

#### **Other Information**

NFPA and HMIS:

NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Special: None HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 2\* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 PPE: G

Disclaimer:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, up-to-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, we cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly do not make warranties, nor assume any liability for its use.

End of Sheet







## \*\*\* Section 1 - Product and Company Identification \*\*\*

#### MSDS #1104E

**Part Numbers:** 30890(TV), 30891(TV), 30893(TV), 30894, 30895, 30896, 31954, 31955, 31956, 31957

#### **Manufacturer Information**

Oatey Co. 4700 West 160th Street Cleveland, OH 44135 Phone: 216-267-7100

For Emergency First Aid call 1-877-740-5015. For chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.

## \*\*\* Section 2 - Hazards Identification \*\*\*

#### GHS Classification:

Flammable Liquids - Category 2 Acute Toxicity Oral - Category 4 Acute Toxicity Dermal - Category 4 Acute Toxicity Inhalation - Category 4 Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A Carcinogenicity - Category 2 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure - Category 3

## GHS LABEL ELEMENTS

#### Symbol(s)



#### Signal Word

Danger

#### **Hazard Statements**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.Harmful if swallowed.Harmful in contact with skin.Harmful if inhaled.Causes serious eye irritation.

Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking.
Keep container tightly closed.
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
Use only non-sparking tools.
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
Wash thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Avoid breathing fume/gas/mist/vapors.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

#### Response

If on skin (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire.

#### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

#### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## \*\*\* Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients \*\*

CAS #	Component	Percent
109-99-9	Tetrahydrofuran	40-60
108-94-1	Cyclohexanone	10-25
67-64-1	Acetone	10-25
9002-86-2	PVC (Chloroethylene, polymer)	12-20
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	5-15
112945-52-5	Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	1-4

## \*\*\* Section 4 - First Aid Measures \*\*\*

#### First Aid: Eyes

If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.

## **SECTION C**

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#### First Aid: Skin

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with soap and water. SECTION C if irritation develops. Remove dried cement with hand cleaner or baby oil.

#### First Aid: Ingestion

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

#### First Aid: Inhalation

If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention.

## \* \* \* Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures \* \* \*

#### **General Fire Hazards**

See Section 9 for Flammability Properties.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Keep away from heat and all sources of ignition including sparks, flames, lighted cigarettes and pilot lights. Containers may rupture or explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a remote ignition source and flash back. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

#### **Extinguishing Media**

Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire exposed container with water. Water may be ineffective as an extinguishing agent.

#### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

None.

#### Fire Fighting Equipment/Instructions

Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in areas where chemicals are used or stored.

## \*\*\* Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures \*\*\*

#### **Recovery and Neutralization**

Stop leak if it can be done without risk.

#### Materials and Methods for Clean-Up

Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Soak up spill with an inert absorbent such as sand, earth or other non-combusting material. Put absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers.

#### **Emergency Measures**

Isolate area. Keep unnecessary personnel away.

#### **Personal Precautions and Protective Equipment**

Personnel cleaning up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including respirators if vapor concentrations are high.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Prevent liquid from entering watercourses, sewers and natural waterways.

### **Prevention of Secondary Hazards**

None

## \* \* \* Section 7 - Handling and Storage \* \* \*

#### **Handling Procedures**

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use with adequate ventilation (equivalent to outdoors). Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep containers closed when not in use. Other: "Empty" containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Follow all SDS precautions in handling empty containers. Do not cut or weld on or near empty or full containers.

#### **Storage Procedures**

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Keep containers closed when not in use.

#### Incompatibilities

Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber.

## \*\*\* Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection \*\*\*

#### Component Exposure Limits

#### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

 ACGIH: 50 ppm TWA 100 ppm STEL Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
 OSHA: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA
 NIOSH: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA 250 ppm STEL; 735 mg/m3 STEL

#### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

ACGIH:	20 ppm TWA
	50 ppm STEL
	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
OSHA:	50 ppm TWA; 200 mg/m3 TWA
NIOSH:	25 ppm TWA; 100 mg/m3 TWA
	Potential for dermal absorption

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

 ACGIH:
 500 ppm TWA

 750 ppm STEL

 OSHA:
 1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA

 NIOSH:
 250 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA

#### PVC (Chloroethylene, polymer) (9002-86-2)

ACGIH: 1 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)

## Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

ACGIH:	200 ppm TWA
	300 ppm STEL
OSHA:	200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA
NIOSH:	200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA
	300 ppm STEL; 885 mg/m3 STEL

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#### **Engineering Measures**

Open doors & windows. Provide ventilation capable of maintaining emissions at the point of SECTION C recommended exposure limits. If used in enclosed area, use exhaust fans. Exhaust fans should be explosion on the proof or set up in a way that flammable concentrations of solvent vapors are not exposed to electrical fixtures or hot surfaces. #8

#### Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment: Hands**

Rubber gloves are suitable for normal use of the product. For long exposures chemical resistant gloves may be required such as 4H(tm) or Silver Shield(tm) to avoid prolonged skin contact.

#### Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes

Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.

#### Personal Protective Equipment: Skin and Body

No additional protective equipment needed.

## \*\*\* Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties \*\*\*

Appearance:	Blue	Odor:	Ether-like
Physical State:	Liquid	pH:	NA
Vapor Pressure:	145 mmHg @ 20°C	Vapor Density:	2.5
Boiling Point:	151°F (66°C)	Melting Point:	NA
Solubility (H2O):	Negligible	Specific Gravity:	0.94 +/- 0.02 @ 20°C
Evaporation Rate:	(BUAC = 1) = 5.5 - 8.0	VOC:	80-84% Maximum 510 g/L per
			SCAQMD Test Method 316A.
Octanol/H2O Coeff.:	ND	Flash Point:	14-23°F (-10 to -5°C)
Flash Point Method:	CCCFP	Upper Flammability Limit	11.8
		(UFL):	
Lower Flammability Limit	1.8	Burning Rate:	ND
(LFL):			
Auto Ignition:	ND		

## \* \* \* Section 10 - Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information \* \*

#### **Chemical Stability**

This is a stable material.

#### Hazardous Reaction Potential

Will not occur.

#### **Conditions to Avoid**

Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition.

#### **Incompatible Products**

Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

## \*\*\* Section 11 - Toxicological Information \*\*\*

#### **Acute Toxicity**

# SECTION C

#8

#### **Component Analysis - LD50/LC50**

#### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 53.9 mg/L 4 h; Inhalation LC50 Rat 180 mg/L 1 h; Oral LD50 Rat 1650 mg/kg

#### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 10.7 mg/L 4 h; Inhalation LC50 Rat 8000 ppm 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 800 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit 948 mg/kg

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

Oral LD50 Rat 5800 mg/kg

#### Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

Inhalation LC50 Mouse 32 g/m3 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 2737 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit 6480 mg/kg

#### Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)

Oral LD50 Rat 3160 mg/kg

#### Potential Health Effects: Skin Corrosion Property/Stimulativeness

May cause irritation with redness, itching and pain. Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone may be absorbed through the skin causing effects similar to those listed under inhalation.

#### Potential Health Effects: Eye Critical Damage/ Stimulativeness

Vapors may cause irritation. Direct contact may cause irritation with redness, stinging and tearing of the eyes. May cause eye damage.

#### **Potential Health Effects: Ingestion**

Swallowing may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver damage.

#### Potential Health Effects: Inhalation

Vapors or mists may cause mucous membrane and respiratory irritation, coughing, headache, dizziness, dullness, nausea, shortness of breath and vomiting. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.

#### **Respiratory Organs Sensitization/Skin Sensitization**

This product is not reported to have any skin sensitization effects.

#### Generative Cell Mutagenicity

Cyclohexanone has been positive in bacterial and mammalian assays. Acetone, methyl ethyl ketone and tetrahydrofuran are generally thought not to be mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### **A: General Product Information**

In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation mictime study on THE conducted by NTP (1999). Mole rate devices THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure.

#### **B:** Component Carcinogenicity

#### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans

#### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans IARC: Monograph 71 [1999]; Monograph 47 [1989] (Group 3 (not classifiable))

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

#### PVC (Chloroethylene, polymer) (9002-86-2)

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

IARC: Supplement 7 [1987]; Monograph 19 [1979] (Group 3 (not classifiable))

#### Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)

IARC: Monograph 68 [1997] (listed under Amorphous silica) (Group 3 (not classifiable))

#### **Reproductive Toxicity**

Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone have been shown to cause embryofetal toxicity and birth defects in laboratory animals. Acetone and tetrahydrofuran has been found to cause adverse developmental effects only when exposure levels cause other toxic effects to the mother.

#### Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Single Exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.

#### Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Repeated Exposure

This product is not reported to have any specific target organ toxicity repeat exposure effects.

#### Aspiration Respiratory Organs Hazard

Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver damage.

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

## **Ecotoxicity**

#### **A: General Product Information**

This product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

#### **B:** Component Analysis - Ecotoxicity - Aquatic Toxicity

#### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

**Test & Species** 

#### Conditions



96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	1970-2360 mg/L [flow-through] 2700-3600 mg/L		SECTION C
24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	[static] 5930 mg/L		<u>========</u> #8
	<u>-</u> -		
Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)		0	
Test & Species		Conditions	
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	481-578 mg/L [flow- through]		
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	8.9 mg/L		
96 Hr EC50 Chlorella vulgaris	20 mg/L		
24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	800 mg/L		
Acetone (67-64-1)			
Test & Species		Conditions	
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	4.74 - 6.33 mL/L		
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	6210 - 8120 mg/L [static]		
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus	8300 mg/L		
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	10294 - 17704 mg/L [Static]		
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	12600 - 12700 mg/L		
Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)			
Test & Species		Conditions	
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	3130-3320 mg/L [flow-through]		
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	>520 mg/L		
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	5091 mg/L		
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	4025 - 6440 mg/L [Static]		

#### Persistence/Degradability

No information available for the product.

#### Bioaccumulation

No information available for the product.

#### Mobility in Soil

No information available for the product.

#### **Section 13 - Disposal Considerations** \* \* \* \* \* \*

#### Waste Disposal Instructions

See Section 7 for Handling Procedures. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

#### **US EPA Waste Number & Descriptions**

#### **Component Waste Numbers**

Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

RCRA: waste number U213 (Ignitable waste)

Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

RCRA: waste number U057 (Ignitable waste)

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

RCRA: waste number U002 (Ignitable waste)

#### Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

RCRA: waste number U159 (Ignitable waste, Toxic waste) 200.0 mg/L regulatory level

#### **Disposal of Contaminated Containers or Packaging**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## \* \* \* Section 14 - Transportation Information \* \* \*

#### **DOT Information**

For Greater than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Adhesives UN #: 1133 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II Required Label(s): Flammable Liquid

For Less than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

#### **IMDG Information**

For Greater than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Adhesives UN #: 1133 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II Required Label(s): Flammable Liquid

For Less than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Adhesives UN #: 1133 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II Required Label(s): None (Limited Quantites are expected from labeling)

## \*\*\* Section 15 - Regulatory Information \*\*\*

#### **Regulatory Information**

**US Federal Regulations** 

**SECTION C** 

#### **Component Analysis**

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SECTION C (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65) and/or CERCLA (40 CFR 30 SECTION C

#### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

CERCLA: 1000 lb final RQ; 454 kg final RQ

#### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

#### Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

#### State Regulations

#### **Component Analysis - State**

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	CAS	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Acetone	67-64-1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
PVC (Chloroethylene, polymer)	9002-86-2	No	No	No	Yes	No	No
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

This product contains trace amounts of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. Under normal use conditions, exposure to these chemicals at levels above the State of California "No Significant Risk Level" (NSRL) are unlikely. The use of proper personal protective equipment (PPE) and ventilation guidelines noted in Section 8 will minimize exposure to these chemicals.

#### **Component Analysis - WHMIS IDL**

The following components are identified under the Canadian Hazardous Products Act Ingredient Disclosure List:

Component	CAS #	Minimum Concentration
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	1 %
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.1 %
Acetone	67-64-1	1 %
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	1 %

#### Additional Regulatory Information

ient Analysis - Inventory				<b>SECT</b>	<b>ION</b>
Component	CAS #	TSCA	CAN	EEC	
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Yes	DSL	EINECS	
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Yes	DSL	EINECS	
Acetone	67-64-1	Yes	DSL	EINECS	
PVC (Chloroethylene, polymer)	9002-86-2	Yes	DSL	ELINCS	
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	Yes	DSL	EINECS	
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	112945-52-5	No	DSL	No	1

## \*\*\* Section 16 - Other Information \*\*\*

#### Key/Legend

EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; TSCA = Toxic Substance Control Act; ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration., NJTSR = New Jersey Trade Secret Registry.

#### **Literature References**

None

#### Other Information

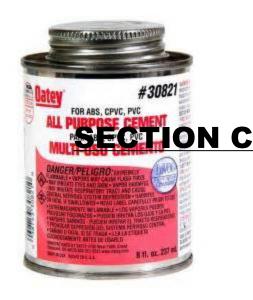
NFPA and HMIS:

NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Special: None HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 2\* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 PPE: G

Disclaimer:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, up-to-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, we cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly do not make warranties, nor assume any liability for its use.

End of Sheet







## \*\*\* Section 1 - Product and Company Identification \*\*\*

#### MSDS #1106E

Part Numbers: Milky – 30818(TV), 30821(TV), 30834(TV), 30847, 30848, 31650, 31651, 32208, 32209

#### **Manufacturer Information**

Oatey Co. 4700 West 160th Street Cleveland, OH 44135 Phone: 216-267-7100

For Emergency First Aid call 1-877-740-5015. For chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.

## \*\*\* Section 2 - Hazards Identification \*\*\*

#### **GHS Classification:**

Flammable Liquids - Category 2 Acute Toxicity Oral - Category 4 Acute Toxicity Dermal - Category 4 Acute Toxicity Inhalation - Category 4 Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2A Carcinogenicity - Category 2 Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure - Category 3

#### **GHS LABEL ELEMENTS**

#### Symbol(s)



#### Signal Word

Danger

#### Hazard Statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Harmful if swallowed.

Harmful in contact with skin.

Harmful if inhaled.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Contains a chemical classified by the US EPA as a suspected possible carcinogen.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking.
Keep container tightly closed.
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
Use only non-sparking tools.
Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.
Wash thoroughly after handling.
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Avoid breathing fume/gas/mist/vapors.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

#### Response

If on skin (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

If inhaled: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

In case of fire: Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire.

#### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

#### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## \* \* \* Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients \* \* \*

CAS #	Component	Percent
109-99-9	Tetrahydrofuran	30-45
108-94-1	Cyclohexanone	10-20
67-64-1	Acetone	10-20
78-93-3	Methyl ethyl ketone	8-18
9002-86-2	PVC (Chloroethylene, polymer)	8-15
68648-82-8	Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, chlorinated	3-7
112945-52-5	Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	1-5

## \* \* \* Section 4 - First Aid Measures \* \* \*

#### First Aid: Eyes

If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.

#### First Aid: Skin

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with soap and water. SECTION C

#### First Aid: Ingestion

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

#### First Aid: Inhalation

If symptoms of exposure develop, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention.

## \* \* \* Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures \* \* \*

#### **General Fire Hazards**

See Section 9 for Flammability Properties.

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Keep away from heat and all sources of ignition including sparks, flames, lighted cigarettes and pilot lights. Containers may rupture or explode in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a remote ignition source and flash back. This product contains tetrahydrofuran that may form explosive organic peroxide when exposed to air or light or with age.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

#### **Extinguishing Media**

Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire exposed container with water. Water may be ineffective as an extinguishing agent.

#### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

None.

#### Fire Fighting Equipment/Instructions

Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in areas where chemicals are used or stored.

## \*\*\* Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures \*\*\*

#### **Recovery and Neutralization**

Stop leak if it can be done without risk.

#### Materials and Methods for Clean-Up

Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Soak up spill with an inert absorbent such as sand, earth or other noncombusting material. Put absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers.

#### **Emergency Measures**

Isolate area. Keep unnecessary personnel away.

#### **Personal Precautions and Protective Equipment**

Personnel cleaning up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective equipment, including respirators if vapor concentrations are high.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Prevent liquid from entering watercourses, sewers and natural waterways.

### Prevention of Secondary Hazards

None

## \*\*\* Section 7 - Handling and Storage \*\*\*

#### Handling Procedures

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use with adequate ventilation (equivalent to outdoors). Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep containers closed when not in use. "Empty" containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Follow all SDS precautions in handling empty containers. Do not cut or weld on or near empty or full containers.

#### **Storage Procedures**

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Keep containers closed when not in use.

#### Incompatibilities

Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber.

## \*\*\* Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection \*\*\*

#### Component Exposure Limits

#### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

 ACGIH: 50 ppm TWA 100 ppm STEL Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
 OSHA: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA
 NIOSH: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA 250 ppm STEL; 735 mg/m3 STEL

#### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

ACGIH:	20 ppm TWA
	50 ppm STEL
	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route
OSHA:	50 ppm TWA; 200 mg/m3 TWA
NIOSH:	25 ppm TWA; 100 mg/m3 TWA
	Potential for dermal absorption

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

 ACGIH:
 500 ppm TWA

 750 ppm STEL

 OSHA:
 1000 ppm TWA; 2400 mg/m3 TWA

 NIOSH:
 250 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA

#### Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

ACGIH:	200 ppm TWA
	300 ppm STEL
OSHA:	200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA
NIOSH:	200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA
	300 ppm STEL; 885 mg/m3 STEL

#### PVC (Chloroethylene, polymer) (9002-86-2)

ACGIH: 1 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)

SECTIO

#### **Engineering Measures**

Open doors & windows. Provide ventilation capable of maintaining emissions at the point of SECTION C recommended exposure limits. If used in enclosed area, use exhaust fans. Exhaust fans should be explosion of set up in a way that flammable concentrations of solvent vapors are not exposed to electrical fixtures or #9 hot surfaces.

#### Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment: Hands**

Rubber gloves are suitable for normal use of the product. For long exposures chemical resistant gloves may be required such as 4H(tm) or Silver Shield(tm) to avoid prolonged skin contact.

#### Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes

Safety glasses with side shields or safety goggles.

#### Personal Protective Equipment: Skin and Body

No additional protective equipment needed.

## \*\*\* Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties \*\*\*

Appearance:	Milky	Odor:	Ether-like
Physical State:	Liquid	pH:	NA
Vapor Pressure:	145 mmHg @ 20°C	Vapor Density:	2.5
Boiling Point:	151°F (66°C)	Melting Point:	NA
Solubility (H2O):	Negligible	Specific Gravity:	0.94 +/- 0.02 @ 20°C
Evaporation Rate:	(BUAC = 1) = 5.5 - 8.0	VOC:	80-84%
Octanol/H2O Coeff.:	ND	Flash Point:	14-23°F (-10 to -5°C)
Flash Point Method:	CCCFP	Upper Flammability Limit	11.8
		(UFL):	
Lower Flammability Limit	1.8	Burning Rate:	ND
(LFL):			
Auto Ignition:	ND		

## \*\*\* Section 10 - Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information \*\*\*

#### **Chemical Stability**

This is a stable material.

#### Hazardous Reaction Potential

Will not occur.

#### Conditions to Avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition.

#### Incompatible Products

Oxidizing agents, alkalis, amines, ammonia, acids, chlorine compounds, chlorinated inorganics (potassium, calcium and sodium hypochlorite) and hydrogen peroxides. May attack plastic, resins and rubber.

#### **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and hydrogen chloride.

## \*\*\* Section 11 - Toxicological Information \*\*\*

#### **Acute Toxicity**

# SECTION C

#### Component Analysis - LD50/LC50

#### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 53.9 mg/L 4 h; Inhalation LC50 Rat 180 mg/L 1 h; Oral LD50 Rat 1650 mg/kg

#### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 10.7 mg/L 4 h; Inhalation LC50 Rat 8000 ppm 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 800 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit 948 mg/kg

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

Oral LD50 Rat 5800 mg/kg

#### Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

Inhalation LC50 Mouse 32 g/m3 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 2737 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit 6480 mg/kg

#### Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)

Oral LD50 Rat 3160 mg/kg

## Potential Health Effects: Skin Corrosion Property/Stimulativeness

May cause irritation with redness, itching and pain. Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone may be absorbed through the skin causing effects similar to those listed under inhalation.

### Potential Health Effects: Eye Critical Damage/ Stimulativeness

Vapors may cause irritation. Direct contact may cause irritation with redness, stinging and tearing of the eyes. May cause eye damage.

#### **Potential Health Effects: Ingestion**

Swallowing may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver damage.

#### Potential Health Effects: Inhalation

Vapors or mists may cause mucous membrane and respiratory irritation, coughing, headache, dizziness, dullness, nausea, shortness of breath and vomiting. High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.

#### **Respiratory Organs Sensitization/Skin Sensitization**

This product is not reported to have any skin sensitization effects.

#### **Generative Cell Mutagenicity**

Cyclohexanone has been positive in bacterial and mammalian assays. Acetone, methyl ethyl ketone and tetrahydrofuran are generally thought not to be mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

#### **A: General Product Information**

In 2012 USEPA Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) reviewed a two species inhalation filetime study on THE conducted by NTP (1999). Mole rate distribution in the study of the study o THF conducted by NTP (1998). Male rats developed renal tumors and female mice developed liver tumors while neither the female rats nor the male mice showed similar results. Because the carcinogenic mechanisms could not be identified clearly in either species for either tumor, the EPA determined that the male rat and female mouse findings are relevant to the assessment of carcinogenic potential in humans. Therefore, the IRIS review concludes that these data in aggregate indicate that there is "suggestive evidence of carcinogenic potential" following exposure to THF by all routes of exposure.

#### **B:** Component Carcinogenicity

#### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans

#### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

ACGIH: A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans IARC: Monograph 71 [1999]; Monograph 47 [1989] (Group 3 (not classifiable))

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

#### PVC (Chloroethylene, polymer) (9002-86-2)

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

IARC: Supplement 7 [1987]; Monograph 19 [1979] (Group 3 (not classifiable))

#### Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free (112945-52-5)

IARC: Monograph 68 [1997] (listed under Amorphous silica) (Group 3 (not classifiable))

#### **Reproductive Toxicity**

Methyl ethyl ketone and cyclohexanone have been shown to cause embryofetal toxicity and birth defects in laboratory animals. Acetone and tetrahydrofuran has been found to cause adverse developmental effects only when exposure levels cause other toxic effects to the mother.

#### Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Single Exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation of high concentrations may cause central nervous system depression, narcosis and unconsciousness. May cause kidney, liver and lung damage.

#### Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Repeated Exposure

This product is not reported to have any specific target organ toxicity repeat exposure effects.

#### Aspiration Respiratory Organs Hazard

Aspiration during swallowing or vomiting can cause chemical pneumonia and lung damage. May cause kidney and liver damage.

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

#### **Ecotoxicity**

#### **A: General Product Information**

This product is not expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms.

#### **B:** Component Analysis - Ecotoxicity - Aquatic Toxicity

#### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

**Test & Species** 

#### Conditions



96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas 24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	1970-2360 mg/L [flow-through] 2700-3600 mg/L [static] 5930 mg/L	<u>S</u>
Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)		Openditions
<b>Test &amp; Species</b> 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	481-578 mg/L [flow- through]	Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	8.9 mg/L	
96 Hr EC50 Chlorella vulgaris	20 mg/L	
24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	800 mg/L	
Acetone (67-64-1)		
Test & Species		Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	4.74 - 6.33 mL/L	
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	6210 - 8120 mg/L [static]	
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus	8300 mg/L	
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	10294 - 17704 mg/L [Static]	
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	12600 - 12700 mg/L	
Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)		
Test & Species		Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	3130-3320 mg/L [flow-through]	
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	>520 mg/L	
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	5091 mg/L	
48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	4025 - 6440 mg/L [Static]	

#### Persistence/Degradability

No information available for the product.

#### Bioaccumulation

No information available for the product.

#### Mobility in Soil

No information available for the product.

## \*\*\* Section 13 - Disposal Considerations \*\*\*

#### Waste Disposal Instructions

See Section 7 for Handling Procedures. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations.

## **Disposal of Contaminated Containers or Packaging**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

## \*\*\* Section 14 - Transportation Information \*\*\*

#### **DOT Information**

For Greater than 1 liter (0.3 gal):

## SECTION C #9

Print Date: 9/27/2012

Shipping Name: Adhesives UN #: 1133 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II Required Label(s): Flammable Liquid

For Less than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Consumer Commodity, ORM-D

#### **IMDG** Information

For Greater than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Adhesives UN #: 1133 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II Required Label(s): Flammable Liquid

For Less than 1 liter (0.3 gal): Shipping Name: Adhesives UN #: 1133 Hazard Class: 3 Packing Group: II Required Label(s): None (Limited Quantities are expected from labeling)

## \*\*\* Section 15 - Regulatory Information \*\*\*

#### **Regulatory Information** US Federal Regulations

#### **Component Analysis**

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65) and/or CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4).

#### Tetrahydrofuran (109-99-9)

CERCLA: 1000 lb final RQ; 454 kg final RQ

#### Cyclohexanone (108-94-1)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

#### Acetone (67-64-1)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

#### Methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

#### State Regulations

#### **Component Analysis - State**

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	CAS	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Acetone	67-64-1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
PVC (Chloroethylene, polymer)	9002-86-2	No	No	No	Yes	No	No



#### **Component Analysis - WHMIS IDL**

The following components are identified under the Canadian Hazardous Products Act Ingred SESTELON C

Component	CAS #	Minimum Concentration
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	1 %
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	0.1 %
Acetone	67-64-1	1 %
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	1 %

#### Additional Regulatory Information

#### A: General Product Information

This product contains trace amounts of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. Under normal use conditions, exposure to these chemicals at levels above the State of California "No Significant Risk Level" (NSRL) are unlikely. The use of proper personal protective equipment (PPE) and ventilation guidelines noted in Section 8 will minimize exposure to these chemicals.

#### B: Component Analysis - Inventory

Component	CAS #	TSCA	CAN	EEC
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Acetone	67-64-1	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	Yes	DSL	EINECS
PVC (Chloroethylene, polymer)	9002-86-2	Yes	DSL	ELINCS
Ethene, chloro-, homopolymer, chlorinated	68648-82-8	Yes	DSL	No
Silica, amorphous, fumed, crystalline-free	112945-52-5	No	DSL	No

## \*\*\* Section 16 - Other Information \*\*\*

#### Key/Legend

EPA = Environmental Protection Agency; TSCA = Toxic Substance Control Act; ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; NIOSH = National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health; NTP = National Toxicology Program; OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration., NJTSR = New Jersey Trade Secret Registry.

#### Literature References

None

#### **Other Information**

NFPA and HMIS:

NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Special: None HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 2\* Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 PPE: G

Disclaimer:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, up-to-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, we cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly do not make warranties, nor assume any liability for its use.

End of Sheet

# Thread Sealant, Oils, Lube's

**Contents:** 

1. WHITE PIPE COMPOUND 2. #5 PASTE 3. LEAK DETECTOR 4. CLEAR CUTTING OIL 5. DARK CUTTING OIL

Section D





#### GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date Revised: DEC 2011

WELD-ON<sup>®</sup> White Seal Plus Pipe Joint Compound Supersedes: AUG 2011 SECTION I - PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION WELD-ON® White Seal Plus Pipe Joint Compound PRODUCT NAME: PRODUCT USE: Pipe Thread Sealant SUPPLIER: MANUFACTURER: **IPS** Corporation 17109 South Main Street, Carson, CA 90248-3127 P.O. Box 379, Gardena, CA 90247-0379 Tel. 1-310-898-3300 EMERGENCY: Transportation: CHEMTEL Tel. 800.255-3924, 813-248-0585 (International) Medical: Tel. 800.451.8346, 760.602.8703 3E Company (International) SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION GHS CLASSIFICATION: Health Environmental Physical Acute Toxicity None Known Acute Toxicity None Known None Known Section D Skin Irritation: Category 3 Chronic Toxicity: None Known Skin Sensitization: None Known Eve: Category 2 #1 GHS LABEL: Signal Word: WHMIS CLASSIFICATION: OR Warning Not Regulated Hazard Statements Precautionary Statements H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction P262: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing P233: Keep container tightly closed P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS EINECS # REACH CONCENTRATION Pre-registration Number % by Weight Hydrotreated Parafinic Distallate 64742-55-8 265-158-7 15 - 45 Highly Refined mineral oil 64742-65-0 265-169-7 2 - 10 Calcined Diatomaceous Earth 68855-54-9 272-489-0 10 - 30 Silicate 12001-26-2 215-479-3 8 - 18 Polyethylene Homopolymer Silicon Dioxide, Synthetic 9002-88-4 200-815-3 0.50 - 4 112945-52-2 231-545-4 1 - 7 not available Magnesium Silicate 8 - 18 14807-86-6 Titanium Dioxide 13463-67-7 215-280-1 8 - 16 Borosilicate sphere 65997-17-3 266-046-0 8 - 16 Polytetrafluoroethylene 9002-84-0 204-126-9 8 - 16 No hazardous ingredients as defined by OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 All of the constituents of this adhesive product are listed on the TSCA inventory of chemical substances maintained by the US EPA, or are exempt from that listing. \*Indicates this chemical is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (40CFR372). # indicates that this chemical is found on Proposition 65's List of chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity. SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES Flush eyes immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. If irritation develops, seek medical advice. Contact with eyes: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops, seek medical advice. Skin contact: Remove to fresh air. If breathing is stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical advice. Inhalation: Rinse mouth with water. Give 1 or 2 glasses of water or milk to dilute. Do not induce vomiting. Seek medical advice immediately. Ingestion: SECTION 5 - FIREFIGHTING MEASURES Suitable Extinguishing Media: Carbon dioxide, foam or dry chemical HMIS NFPA 0-Minimal Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: None known Health 1-Slight 1 Irritating organic vapors Exposure Hazards: Flammability 2-Moderate Combustion Products: No information available Reactivity 0 0 3-Serious PPE В 4-Severe Protection for Firefighters: Self-contained breathing apparatus or full-face positive pressure air-supply masks SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Personal precautions: Prevent contact with skin or eyes (see section 8). **Environmental Precautions:** Prevent product or liquids contaminated with product from entering sewers, drains, soil or open water course. Methods for Cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent material. Store in a partly filled, closed container until disposal SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE Handling: Avoid avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke while handling. Store below 54 °C (130 °F) to preserve shelf live. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Storage: Follow all precautionary information on container label and product bulletins SECTION 8 - PRECAUTIONS TO CONTROL EXPOSURE / PERSONAL PROTECTION EXPOSURE LIMITS: ACGIH TLV ACGIH STEL OSHA PEL OSHA STEL: Component 2 mg/m 8 hrs Hydrotreated Parafinic 5 mg/m 8 hrs Highly Refined mineral oil None listed None listed Calcined Diatomaceous None listed None listed Silicate 3 mg/m3 20 mppcf Polyethylene Homopolyme 10 mg/m3 15 mg/m3 Silicon Dioxide, Synthetic 10 mg/m3 .8 mg/m3 Magnesium Silicate 2 mg/m3 30 mppcf Titanium Dioxide 10 mg/m3 15 mg/m3 Borosilicate spere None listed None listed Polytetrafluoroethylene None listed None listed Engineering Controls: Use local exhaust as needed. Monitoring: Maintain breathing zone airborne concentrations below exposure limits. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE): Avoid contact with eyes, wear splashproof chemical goggles. Eve Protection: Prevent contact with the skin as much as possible. Chemical resistant gloves should be used for frequent immersion. Skin Protection: Use of rubber or plastic gloves should provide adequate protection when normal adhesive application practices and procedures are used for making structural bonds Respiratory Protection: None needed for normal use



#### GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET

WELD-ON<sup>®</sup> White Seal Plus Pipe Joint Compound

Date Revised: DEC 2011 Supersedes: AUG 2011

SECTION 9 - PHY	SICAL AND CHEMI						
Appearance:	White past	le					
Odor:	None						
pH:	Not Applica	able		Evaporation Rate:	N/A		
Boiling Point:	Not Applica	able		Flammability:	None Known		
Flash Point:	>232°C (45	50 °F)		Flammability Limits:	LEL: Not Established		
Specific Gravity:	1.28 @26.0	6 ℃ (80 °F)		-	UEL: Not Established		
Solubility:	Neglibible			Vapor Pressure:	< 10mm @ 26.6 °C (80 °F)		
Auto-ignition Temp				Vapor Density:	N/A		
Decomposition Ten	nperature: Not Availat	ble		VOC Content:	0%		
SECTION 10 - STA	<b>ABILITY AND REAC</b>	TIVITY					
Stability:		Stable					
Hazardous decomp	osition products:	None (non-thermal)					
Conditions to avoid							
Incompatible Mater							
					Sec	cion	D
SECTION 11 - TO							
Likely Routes of Exposu		kin Contact					#1
Acute symptoms and eff							
Inhalation:	None Known						
Eye Contact:	May cause eye irritation						
Skin Contact:	May cause skin irritation						
Ingestion:	None Known						
Toxicity:	Chronic (long-term) eff	ects	LD50	LC50			
Hydrotreated Parafinic							
Highly Refined mineral oil							
Calcined Diatomaceous							
Silicate							
Polyethylene Homopolyme	ər	>2000 mg/kg	g (Ora, rat)				
Silicon Dioxide, Synthetic			g (Oral, rat/Dermal, rabbit)	0.139 mg/l (Rat, 4hr)			
Magnesium Silicate			kg (Oral rat, Dermal rabbit)	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			
Titanium Dioxide	IARC 2B		ng (orarrat, Bornarrabbit)				
Borosilicate spere							
Polytetrafluoroethylene				3500 mg/m3 at 626°C			
, ,	Taratagoniaitu	Mutagenicity	Embructovicity	Sensitization to Product	Synergistic Products		
Reproductive Effects Not Established	Teratogenicity Not Established	Not Established	Embryotoxicity Not Established	Not Established	Not Established		
SECTION 12 - EC	OLOGICAL INFORM	MATION	<u>и</u>		<u>.</u>		
Ecotoxicity:	None Known						
Mobility:							
Degradability:	Not Established						
	Not Established Not Established						
	Not Established						
Bioaccumulation:	Not Established Not Established						
Bioaccumulation: SECTION 13 - WA	Not Established Not Established		cal expert				
Bioaccumulation: SECTION 13 - WA Incinerate in accordance	Not Established Not Established STE DISPOSAL CO with local and national reg	gulations. Consult local dispos	sal expert.				
Bioaccumulation: SECTION 13 - WA Incinerate in accordance SECTION 14 - TRA	Not Established Not Established STE DISPOSAL CO e with local and national reg NSPORT INFORMA	gulations. Consult local dispos	sal expert.				
Bioaccumulation: SECTION 13 - WA Incinerate in accordance SECTION 14 - TRA Proper Shipping Name	Not Established Not Established STE DISPOSAL CO e with local and national req INSPORT INFORMA e: None	gulations. Consult local dispos ATION	sal expert.				
Bioaccumulation: SECTION 13 - WA Incinerate in accordance SECTION 14 - TRA	Not Established Not Established STE DISPOSAL CO e with local and national req INSPORT INFORMA e: None	gulations. Consult local dispos	sal expert.				
Bioaccumulation: SECTION 13 - WA Incinerate in accordance SECTION 14 - TRA Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class:	Not Established Not Established STE DISPOSAL CO with local and national reg INSPORT INFORMA : None Not Regula None	gulations. Consult local dispos ATION	sal expert.				
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I his product is intended for use by skilled individuals at their own risk. The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate based on current state of knowledge and experience. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of this data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof.



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#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

<b>SECTION 1</b>	PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
Trade Name:	OATEY #5 PASTE FLUX
Product Use:	Flux for soldering.
Formula:	See Section 2
Synonyms:	Flux for Soldering Copper Pipe
Firm Name & Mailing Address:	OATEY CO. 4700 West 160th Street P.O. Box 35906 Cleveland, Ohio 44135, U.S.A. http://www.oatey.com (216) 267-7100 or (800) 321-9532 Section
Emergency Phone	For Emergency First Aid call 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT. For #2
Numbers:	chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.
Prepared By:	Corporate Director - Safety and Environmental Compliance
Preparation Date:	July 15, 2005

SECTION 2	COMPOSITION/IN	FORMATION ON	INGREDIENTS	
INGREDIENTS:	% wt∕wt:	CAS NUMBER:	ACGIH TLV TWA:	OSHA PEL TWA:
Petrolatum	60 - 100%	8009-03-8	5 mg/m3	5 mg/m3
			(oil mist)	(oil mist)
Zinc Chloride	10 - 30%	7646-85-7	1 mg/m3(fume)	1 mg/m3(fume)
			2 mg/m3 STEL	
Ammonium Chloride	1 - 5%	12125-02-9	10 mg/m3 (fume)	None
			20 mg/m3 STEL	Established

#### SECTION 3 HZ

#### HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview: Yellow paste with a slight odor. May cause burns to the eye and skin. Inhalation of fumes may cause respiratory irritation, metal fume fever, chills, nausea and vomiting. Swallowing may cause burns to the mouth or throat, vomiting, diarrhea and kidney or liver disorders. May be harmful if swallowed. Symptoms may be delayed.

OSHA Hazard Classification:

Corrosive, target organ effects

SECTION 4	FIRST AID MEASURES
	CALL 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT
Skin:	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Call
	a physician or poison control center if irritation persists.
-	Remove contact lenses if any. Rinse eyes with water for 15 minutes. Get
Eyes:	
	immediate medical attention.
	Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not
	and the second s
	breathing, give artificial respiration. Keep victim quiet and warm. Call
	a poison control center or physician immediately.
Traction	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything
	DO NOT INDOCH VONTETING, UTIDO WORGH WEGGET WORGET FOR T

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Kinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

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	Page: 2 OI J	
SECTION 5 Flashpoint / Flammability Extinguishin Media: Special Fire Fighting Procedure: Unusual Fire Explosion Hazards: Hazardous	: LEL = Not determined, UEL = Not determined g Small Fires: Use dry chemical, CO2, water, or foam extinguisher Large Fires: Evacuate area and call Fire Department immediately Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in areas where chemicals are used or stored and None known. Hydrocarbons, hydrogen chloride, zinc fumes, ammonia, smoke, #2	
Decompositio Products:	n carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and nitrogen oxides.	
<b>SECTION 6</b> Spill or Leak Procedures:	ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES Ventilate area. Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Personnel cleaning up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Take up spill with sand, earth or other absorbent material and place into a clean, dry leak-proof container.	
Storage: Other:	HANDLING AND STORAGE Do not get in eyes. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not take internally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed when not in use. Handle with care. Keep out of reach of children. Store in original, labeled container. Containers, even empty will retain residue and may be harmful.	
SECTION 8	EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION	
Ventilation:	Good general ventilation (equivalent to outdoors) should be adequate for normal use. For operations where the TLV may be exceeded, mechanical ventilation such as local exhaust may be needed to maintain exposure levels below applicable limits.	
Respiratory Protection:	For operations where the TLV may be exceeded, a NIOSH approved particulate respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus.	
Skin	Wear rubber gloves.	
Protection: Eye	Safety glasses with sideshields or safety goggles.	
Protection: Other:	Eye wash and safety shower should be available.	

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PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES SECTION 9 638 Degrees F (337 Degrees C) Boiling Point: Melting Point: Not determined Not determined Vapor Pressure: Vapor Density: (Air = 1) Greater than 1 Volatile Components: 7-10% Solubility In Water: Negligible Not applicable pH: Specific Gravity: 1.1 Not applicable Evaporation Rate: Yellow Paste Appearance: Very little odor Odor: Methylene Chloride Will Dissolve In: Paste Material Is:

## **Section D**

#2

SECTION 10 S' Stability:	TABILITY AND REACTIVITY Stable.
Conditions To Avoid: Hazardous	None. Hydrocarbons, hydrogen chloride, zinc fumes, ammonia, smoke,
Decomposition Products:	smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and nitrogen oxides.
Incompatibility/ Materials To Avoid:	Strong oxidizing agents, potassium, cyanides and sulfides.
Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur.

#### SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SECTION II	IONICODOCIONII INCOLUZIZION
Inhalation:	Fumes from heated product may be corrosive to mucous membranes and the respiratory system. Fumes may cause burning sensation, coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, cyanosis, fever, chills, muscular pain, anemia, metallic taste in the mouth, headache, nausea, vomiting, sweating, diarrhea and pulmonary edema. Fumes may cause stannosis, a mild benign pneumoconiosis. Repeated inhalation of fumes may cause occupational asthma. Symptoms may be delayed.
Skin:	Contact may cause irritation, ulcerations, burns or dermatitis. Symptoms may be delayed.
Еуе:	Vapors or fumes may cause redness, pain, blurred vision and corneal damage. Direct contact may cause burns and eye damage with possible blindness. Symptoms may be delayed.
Ingestion:	May cause irritation or burns to the mouth and throat, nausea, vomiting or diarrhea. Death may occur from strictures of the esophagus and pylorus. Symptoms may be delayed.
Toxicity Data:	Petrolatum: No data available Zinc Chloride: Oral rat LD50: 350 mg/kg Ammonium Chloride: Oral rat LD50: 1,650 mg/kg
Sensitization: Carcinogenicity:	None of the components are known to cause sensitization. None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.
Mutagenicity: Reproductive Toxicity: Medical Conditions Aggravated By Exposure:	None of the components have been found to be mutagenic. None of the components are known to cause adverse reproductive effects. Persons with pre-existing skin, lung, kidney or liver disorders may be at increased risk from exposure to this product.

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SECTION	12		ECOI	OGICAL	INFORMATION
		No	data	availa	ble.

#### SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, and local regulations. It is the responsibility of the end-user to determine at the time of disposal of the product.
RCRA Hazardous Waste Number: None
EPA Hazardous Waste ID Number: None
EPA Hazard Waste Class: None

EPA Hazard Waste Class: None		
SECTION 14 TRANSPORT DOT Proper Shipping Name:	INFORMATION Zinc Chloride Mixture	#2
Hazard Class/Packing Group: UN/NA Number: Hazard Labels:		
IMDG		ĺ
Proper Shipping Name: Hazard Class/Packing Group: UN Number:	UN1840	
Label: 2004 North American Emergency	Non-Corrosive Response Guidebook Number: 153 or 154	
SECTION 15 REGULATOR	Y INFORMATION	
Hazard Category for Section 311/312:	Acute Health, Chronic Health	
Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances (TPQ):	This product does not contain chemicals regulated under SARA Section 302.	
Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:	This product contains the following chemicals subject to SARA Title III Section 313 Reporting requirements:	
	Chemical         CAS #         % wt           Zinc Chloride         7646-85-7         10-30%	
CERCLA 103 Reportable Quantity:	Spills of this product over the RQ (reportable quantity) must be reported to the National Response Center. The RQ for the product, based on the RQ for Zinc Chloride (30% max) of 1,000 lbs, is 3,300 lbs.Chemical Zinc ChlorideCAS # 7646-85-7RQ, lbs. 1,000 1,000Ammonium Chloride12125-02-65,000	
	Many states have more stringent release reporting requirements. Report spills required under federal, state and local regulations. This product does not contain chemicals regulated	
California Proposition 65:	under California Proposition 65.	
TSCA Inventory:	All of the components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.	
Canadian WHMIS Classification	1: Class E; Class D, Division 2, Subdivision B This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.	

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#2

#### SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA and HMIS: NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 3 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 Special: None HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 3\* Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0 PPE: B

Disclaimer:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, upto-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, Oatey cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly doe Section D warranties, nor assumes any liability for its use.



MSDS No:	OTH080E5
Issue Date:	10 June 2005
Page:	1 of 4

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1	PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION	
Trade Name:	OATEY ALL PURPOSE LEAK DETECTOR	
Product Use:	Detecting leaks in systems under gas pressure.	
Formula:	See Section 2.	
Synonyms:	Leak detector.	
Firm Name &	OATEY CO. 4700 West 160th Street P.O. Box 35906 Cleveland, ion ohio 44135, U.S.A. http://www.oatey.com	
Mailing Address:	Ohio 44135, U.S.A. http://www.oatey.com <b>Jection</b>	I L
Oatey Phone Number:	(216) 267-7100	
Emergency Phone	For Emergency First Aid call 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT. For	#3
Numbers:	chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at	
	1-800-424-9300	
Prepared By:	Corporate Director - Safety and Environmental Compliance	
Preparation Date:	June 10, 2005	

SECTION 2	COMPOSITION	/INFORMATION	ON INGREDIENTS	3	
INGREDIENTS:	%wt/wt:	CAS NUMBER:	ACGIH TLV TWA:	OSHA PEL TWA:	OTHER:
Ethylene Glycol	<u>40 - 70</u> %	107-21-1	100 mg/m3 (c)	None	None
Water	30 - 60%	7732-18-5	None	None	None

(c) = Celing

OSHA Hazard Classification: Harmful if swallowed. Organ effects.

#### SECTION 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Ice blue liquid, which may cause eye, skin, and respiratory tract irritant. Ingestion can cause CNS and kidney effects and possibly death.

#### SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

CALL 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

- Eyes: If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation: If respiratory irritation develops, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial

respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention. Ingestion: If swallowed, immediately give 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting.

Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

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#### FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES SECTION 5 Flashpoint / Method: Not applicable. Flammability: LEL = Not Applicable, UEL = Not applicable Extinguishing Not applicable. Media: Special Fire None. Fighting Procedure: Section D Unusual Fire and None Explosion #3 Hazards: Hazardous Combustion, after water is boiled off, will produce oxides Decomposition of carbon. Products:

#### SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spill or See Section 8 for required personal protective equipment. Contain
Leak spill, stop source of leak, pump spilled material into salvage
Procedures: container, soak up remaining material with absorbent such as sand or
clay. Prevent product from entering potable or natural water systems.
Determine if reporting is required under CERCLA.

#### SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid prolonged and repeated skin contact. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage: Store away from direct heat source and strong oxidizing agents.
Other: Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, drill, grind or heat empty
containers as some flammable, hazardous or combustible residue may be
present. Avoid breathing mist. For industrial use only.

#### SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation: Recommended to maintain mist below TLV limit. Respiratory For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH protection: approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice.

Skin Protection: Oil/Chemical resistant gloves to minimize skin contact. Eye Goggles or face shield if contact is expected. Protection: Other: Eye wash and safety shower should be available.

#### SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point:	238 °F / 114 °C
Melting Point:	Not determined
Vapor Pressure:	Not determined
Vapor Density:	1.14 (Air = 1)
Volatile Components:	Nil.
Solubility In Water:	100%
pH:	Not determined
Specific Gravity:	1.039
Evaporation Rate:	3.4
Appearance:	Ice blue liquid.
Odor:	Soapy fragrance.
Will Dissolve In:	Water
Material Is:	Liquid

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SECTION 10 Stability: Conditions To Avoid Hazardous Decomposition Products: Incompatibility/ Materials To Avoid: Hazardous	Oxides of carbon. None.	D
Polymerization:		#3
Skin: M C Eye: M Ingestion: M a	TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION Excessive exposure to mist may irritate respiratory tract. May cause irritation. Skin absorption may occur in amounts capable of producing toxic effects. May cause irritation, redness and itching. May cause central nervous system depression, vomiting, drowsiness ataxia, slurred speech and renal damage. Convulsions, coma and death may result from ingestion of large quantities.	
Chronic P Toxicity: i Toxicity Data: E Sensitization: N Carcinogenicity: N C	Prolonged continued skin contact may cause dermatitis, mist may dirritate respiratory tract. Ethylene glycol: Oral LD <sub>50</sub> (rat) 5,000 to 13,000 mg/kg. None of the components are known to cause sensitization. None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.	
Reproductive N Toxicity: c Medical Conditions Aggravated By	None known None anticipated based on product formula. Ethylene glycol may cause birth defects based on tests with laboratory animals. None known.	
SECTION 12	ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
VOC Information: Unkno VOC Level: Unkno		
Waste Disposal: Dis	DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS spose in accordance with current local, state and federal gulations.	
RCRA Hazardous Wast EPA Hazardous Waste EPA Hazard Waste Cl	ce Number: Not applicable e ID Number: Not applicable	
	ANSPORTATION INFORMATION	
DOT Proper Shipping Na Hazard Class/Packi UN/NA Number: Hazard Labels: IMDG Proper Shipping Na Hazard Class/Packi UN Number: Label:	<pre>ing Group: Not applicable    Not applicable    Not applicable ame: Not applicable</pre>	

Issue Date: 10 June 2005 Page: 4 of 4 SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION Hazard Category for Section Acute and chronic health hazards 311/312: Section 302 Extremely This product does not contain chemicals regulated Hazardous Substances (TPQ): under SARA Section 302. Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: 40 - 60% ethylene glycol. 5,000 lbs. (ethylene glycol). CERCLA 103 Reportable This product does not contain any chemicals cubject California Proposition 65: Section D To California Proposition 65 regulation. All of the components of this product are listed on TSCA Inventory: #3 the TSCA inventory. Canadian WHMIS Classification: D-2A. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

MSDS No: OTH080E5

# SECTION 16OTHER INFORMATIONNFPA and HMIS:NFPA Hazard Signal:Health:1Flammability:1Reactivity:0PPE:B

Disclaimer:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, upto-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, Oatey cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly does not make warranties, nor assumes any liability for its use.



MSDS No: OTH111E5 Issue Date: 27 July 2005 Page: 1 of 4

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

<b>SECTION 1</b> Trade Name: Product Use:	<b>PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION</b> OATEY CLEAR THREAD CUTTING OIL Oil for pipe cutting and threading	
Formula:	Petroleum Distillates mixture	
Synonyms:	Thread cutting oil	_
Firm Name &	OATEY CO. 4700 West 160th Street P.O. Box 35906 ClSection	
Mailing Address:	Ohio 44135, U.S.A. http://www.oatey.com	
Oatey Phone Number:	(216) 267-7100 or (800) 321-9532	#4
Emergency Phone	For Emergency First Aid call 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT. For	
Numbers:	chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at	
	1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.	
Prepared By:	Corporate Director - Safety and Environmental Compliance	
Preparation Date:	July 27, 2005	

र :
:
n3
:
n3

OSHA Hazard Classification: Irritant.

#### SECTION 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview: Transparent amber fluid. Mild eye, skin, inhalation and ingestion irritant.

#### SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

CALL 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

Eyes: If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation: If respiratory irritation develops, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial

respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention. Ingestion: **DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.** Never give anything by mouth to a person who is

unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

MSDS No: OTH111E5 Issue Date: 27 July 2005 Page: 2 of 4

SECTION 5	FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES	
Flashpoint / Method:	> 300 Degrees F (149 Degrees C) / C.O.C.	
Flammability:	LEL = Not available, UEL = Not available	
Extinguishing	Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Do not use	
	water as it may be ineffective as an extinguishing agent.	
Media:		
Special Fire	Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained	
Fighting	breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for Section	n D
Procedure:	areas where chemicals are used or stored	<u></u> #Л
Unusual Fire and		#4
Explosion		
Hazards:	None	
Hazardous		
Decomposition		
Products:	Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including	
	oxides of carbon, phosphorus, sulfur, smoke, hydrogen chloride,	
	and hydrogen sulfide.	
SECTION 6	ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	

Spill or Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Contain spill, stop Leak source of leak, pump spilled material into salvage container, soak up Procedures: remaining material with absorbent such as sand or clay. Prevent product from entering potable or natural water systems. Put absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers. Report releases to authorities as required. See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE Handling: Avoid prolonged and repeated skin contact. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep containers closed when not in use. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. Store away from direct heat source and strong oxidizing agents. Keep containers closed when not in use.

Other: Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, drill, grind or heat empty containers as some flammable, hazardous or combustible residue may be present. Avoid breathing mist. For industrial use only.

#### SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation: General mechanical ventilation is usually adequate under normal conditions of use. Use local ventilation if necessary to maintain oil mist below PEL/TLV

Respiratory For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH Protection: approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice.

Skin
Protection: Oil/Chemical resistant gloves such as neoprene or nitrile.
Eye
Protection: Safety glasses with side shields or chemical splash goggles if
necessary.

MSDS No: OTH111E5 Issue Date: 27 July 2005 Page: 3 of 4

SECTION 8: Continued

Other: Eye wash and safety shower should be available. Other such as protective apron as necessary to prevent prolonged skin contact.

#### SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES Section D Boiling Point: > 500 Degrees F / 260 Degrees C Melting Point: Not applicable #4 Vapor Pressure: < 0.1 mm Hg at 20 degrees C Vapor Density: > 1.0 (Air = 1.0) Volatile Components: Negligible Solubility In Water: Negligible Not applicable pH: Specific Gravity: 0.90 - 0.95 (Water = 1.0) Evaporation Rate: Negligible (BUAC = 1.0) Appearance: Transparent amber oily fluid Odor: Mild petroleum Will Dissolve In: Oil and organic solvents Material Is: Liquid STABILITY AND REACTIVITY SECTION 10 Stability: Stable. Conditions To Avoid: Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including oxides of carbon, phosphorus, sulfur, smoke, hydrogen chloride, and hydrogen sulfide. Incompatibility/ Materials To Avoid: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers. Hazardous Will not occur. Polymerization: SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION Inhalation: Excessive exposure to mist may irritate respiratory tract. Skin: May cause irritation. May cause irritation. Eve: May irritate gastrointestinal tract. Ingestion: Chronic Prolonged continued skin contact may cause dermatitis, mist may Toxicity: irritate respiratory tract. Toxicity Data: Not available Sensitization: None of the components are known to cause sensitization. Carcinogenicity: None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. Not available Mutagenicity: Reproductive Toxicity: Not available Medical Conditions Aggravated By Exposure: Persons with pre-existing skin or lung disorders may be at

increased risk from exposure to this product.

MSDS No: OTH111E5 Issue Date: 27 July 2005 Page: 4 of 4

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

VOC Information: None VOC Level: Not established

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with current local, state and federal Section D RCRA Hazardous Waste Number: Not applicable #4 EPA Hazardous Waste ID Number: Not applicable EPA Hazard Waste Class: Not applicable

#### SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT		
Proper Shipping Name:	Not	applicable
Hazard Class/Packing Group:	Not	applicable
UN/NA Number:	Not	applicable
Hazard Labels:	Not	applicable
IMDG		
Proper Shipping Name:	Not	applicable
Hazard Class/Packing Group:	Not	applicable
UN Number:	Not	applicable
Label:	Not	applicable

2004 North American Emergency Response Guidebook Number: None

SECTION 15 REGULAT	TORY INFORMATION
Hazard Category for Sectio	n None
311/312:	
Section 302 Extremely	This product does not contain chemicals regulated
Hazardous Substances (TPQ)	: under SARA Section 302.
Section 313 Toxic Chemical	s: This product contains no chemicals subject to SARA
	Title III Section 313 Reporting requirements.
CERCLA 103 Reportable:	None
California Proposition 65:	This product is not known to contain any chemicals subject to California Proposition 65 regulation.
TSCA Inventory:	All of the components of this product are listed on
	the TSCA inventory.
Canadian WHMIS Classificat	ion: D2B. This product has been classified
	in accordance with the hazard criteria of the
	Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS
	contains all the information required by the CPR.

SECTION 16	OTHER INFORMA	ATION			
NFPA and HMIS:					
NFPA Hazard Signal:	Health: 1	Flammability: 1	Reactivity:	0	Special: None
HMIS Hazard Signal:	Health: 1	Flammability: 1	Reactivity:	0	PPE: B

Disclaimer:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, upto-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, Oatey cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly does not make warranties, nor assumes any liability for its use.



MSDS No: OTH110E5 Issue Date: 27 July 2005 Page: 1 of 4

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

<b>SECTION 1</b> Trade Name:	PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION OATEY DARK THREAD CUTTING OIL	
Product Use:	Oil for pipe cutting and threading	
Formula:	Petroleum Distillates mixture	
Synonyms:	Thread cutting oil	
Firm Name &	OATEY CO. 4700 West 160th Street P.O. Box 35906 ClSection	
Mailing Address:	Ohio 44135, U.S.A. http://www.oatey.com	
Oatey Phone Number:	(216) 267-7100 or (800) 321-9532	#5
Emergency Phone	For Emergency First Aid call 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT. For	
Numbers:	chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at	
	1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.	
Prepared By:	Corporate Director - Safety and Environmental Compliance	
Preparation Date:	July 27, 2005	

MPOSITION/IN	FORMATION ON	INGREDIENTS		
%wt/wt:	CAS NUMBER:	ACGIH TLV TWA:	OSHA PEL TWA:	OTHER:
90%, max.	69029-75-0	5mg/m3	5mg/m3	STEL:
				10mg/m3
25%, max.	69029-75-0	5mg/m3	5mg/m3	STEL:
				10mg/m3
10%, max.	68153-70-8	None	None	None
5%, max.	63449-39-8	None	None	None
	<pre>%wt/wt: 90%, max. 25%, max. 10%, max.</pre>	<pre>%wt/wt: 90%, max. CAS NUMBER: 90%, max. 69029-75-0 25%, max. 69029-75-0 10%, max. 68153-70-8</pre>	90%, max.       69029-75-0       5mg/m3         25%, max.       69029-75-0       5mg/m3         10%, max.       68153-70-8       None	%wt/wt:         CAS NUMBER:         ACGIH TLV TWA:         OSHA PEL TWA:           90%, max.         69029-75-0         5mg/m3         5mg/m3           25%, max.         69029-75-0         5mg/m3         5mg/m3           10%, max.         68153-70-8         None         None

OSHA Hazard Classification: Irritant.

#### SECTION 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview: Transparent dark amber fluid. Mild eye, skin, inhalation and ingestion irritant.

#### SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

CALL 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash all exposed areas with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops.

- Eyes: If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation: If respiratory irritation develops, remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, administer oxygen. Administer artificial
- respiration if breathing has stopped. Seek immediate medical attention. Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is
  - unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

MSDS No: OTH110E5 Issue Date: 27 July 2005 Page: 2 of 4

SECTION 5	FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES	
Flashpoint / Method:	> 300 Degrees F (149 Degrees C) / C.O.C.	
Flammability:	LEL = Not available, UEL = Not available	
Extinguishing	Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Do not use	
	water as it may be ineffective as an extinguishing agent.	
Media:		
Special Fire	Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained	
Fighting	breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for Section	D
Procedure:	areas where chemicals are used or stored	
Unusual Fire and		#5
Explosion		
Hazards:	None	
Hazardous		
Decomposition		
Products:	Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including oxides of carbon, phosphorus, sulfur, smoke, hydrogen chloride, and hydrogen sulfide.	
SECTION 6	ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES	

Spill or Remove all sources of ignition and ventilate area. Contain spill, stop Leak source of leak, pump spilled material into salvage container, soak up Procedures: remaining material with absorbent such as sand or clay. Prevent product from entering potable or natural water systems. Put absorbent material in covered, labeled metal containers. Report releases to authorities as required. See Section 13 for disposal information.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE
Handling: Avoid prolonged and repeated skin contact. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke in the work area. Keep product away from heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition. No smoking in storage or use areas. Keep containers closed when not in use. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.
Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible

materials. Store away from direct heat source and strong oxidizing agents. Keep containers closed when not in use.

Other: Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, drill, grind or heat empty containers as some flammable, hazardous or combustible residue may be present. Avoid breathing mist. For industrial use only.

#### SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation: General mechanical ventilation is usually adequate under normal conditions of use. Use local ventilation if necessary to maintain oil mist below PEL/TLV.

Respiratory For operations where the exposure limit may be exceeded, a NIOSH Protection: approved organic vapor respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice.

Skin
Protection: Oil/Chemical resistant gloves such as neoprene or nitrile.
Eye
Protection: Safety glasses with side shields or chemical splash goggles if
necessary.

MSDS No: OTH110E5 Issue Date: 27 July 2005 Page: 3 of 4

SECTION 8: Continued

Other: Eye wash and safety shower should be available. Other such as protective apron as necessary to prevent prolonged skin contact.

SECTION 9	PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
Boiling Point:	> 500 Degrees F / 260 Degrees C Section D
Melting Point:	Not applicable
Vapor Pressure:	< 0.1 mm Hg at 20 degrees C <b>#5</b>
Vapor Density:	> 1.0 (Air = 1.0)
Volatile Componen	ts: Negligible
Solubility In Wat	er: Negligible
pH:	Not applicable
Specific Gravity:	0.90 - 0.95 (Water = 1.0)
Evaporation Rate:	
Appearance:	Transparent dark amber oily fluid
Odor:	Mild petroleum
Will Dissolve In:	
Material Is:	Liquid
SECTION 10	STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
Stability:	Stable.
Hazardous	id: Avoid heat, sparks, flames and other sources of ignition.
Decomposition	
Products:	Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including
FIGUREES	oxides of carbon, phosphorus, sulfur, smoke, hydrogen
	chloride, and hydrogen sulfide.
Incompatibility/	
Materials To Avoi	d: Avoid contact with strong oxidizers.
Hazardous	Will not occur.
Polymerization:	
SECTION 11	TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Inhalation:	Excessive exposure to mist may irritate respiratory tract.
Skin:	May cause irritation.
Eye:	May cause irritation.
Ingestion:	May irritate gastrointestinal tract.
Chronic	Prolonged continued skin contact may cause dermatitis, mist may
Toxicity: Toxicity Data:	irritate respiratory tract. Not available
Sensitization:	Not available None of the components are known to cause sensitization.
Carcinogenicity:	None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect
care mogeniercy.	carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.
Mutagenicity:	Not available
Reproductive	
Toxicity:	Not available
Medical	
Conditions	
Aggravated By	
Exposure:	Persons with pre-existing skin or lung disorders may be at
	increased risk from exposure to this product.

MSDS No: OTH110E5 Issue Date: 27 July 2005 Page: 4 of 4

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

VOC Information: None VOC Level: Not established

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with current local, state and federal Section D RCRA Hazardous Waste Number: Not applicable EPA Hazardous Waste ID Number: Not applicable #5 EPA Hazard Waste Class: Not applicable

#### SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT	
Proper Shipping Name:	Not applicable
Hazard Class/Packing Group:	Not applicable
UN/NA Number:	Not applicable
Hazard Labels:	Not applicable
IMDG	
Proper Shipping Name:	Not applicable
Hazard Class/Packing Group:	Not applicable
UN Number:	Not applicable
Label:	Not applicable

2004 North American Emergency Response Guidebook Number: None

SECTION 15 REGULATORY	INFORMATION
Hazard Category for Section	None
311/312:	
Section 302 Extremely	This product does not contain chemicals regulated
Hazardous Substances (TPQ):	under SARA Section 302.
Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:	This product contains no chemicals subject to SARA
	Title III Section 313 Reporting requirements.
CERCLA 103 Reportable:	None
California Proposition 65:	This product is not known to contain any chemicals subject to California Proposition 65 regulation.
TSCA Inventory:	All of the components of this product are listed on
	the TSCA inventory.
Canadian WHMIS Classification	: D2B. This product has been classified
	in accordance with the hazard criteria of the
	Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS
	contains all the information required by the CPR.

SECTION 16	OTHER INFORMA	ATION			
NFPA and HMIS:					
NFPA Hazard Signal:	Health: 1	Flammability: 1	Reactivity:	0	Special: None
HMIS Hazard Signal:	Health: 1	Flammability: 1	Reactivity:	0	PPE: B

Disclaimer:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, upto-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, Oatey cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly does not make warranties, nor assumes any liability for its use.

# Solvents & Section E

**Contents:** 

1. Cement

2. PVC Primer

**3. CPVC Cement** 





# **OSHA-Required Health And Safety Information!**

This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) was requested moments ago from Hercules Automated Fax Information System. Please forward it immediately to the person in charge of MSDS's, or retain it at the machine until claimed.

Section 1

#### **MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET #** 62 Hercules PVC & CPVC Purple Primer



ORMATION

MATERIAL

Date Prepared: Meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1		Last Reviewed:	1/26/2009		Hercules Chemical Com 111 South Street Passaic NJ 07055 Phone (800) 221-9330	pany inc.	
					Fax (800) 333-3456		
Section 2 - Haza	rdous Ingre	dients/Identity Info	rmation			Section	on l
Hazardous Compone Common Name(s), C		hemical Identity;	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other Limits	Upper Bound Limit if SARA Reportable	<b>UII  </b> #:
Tetrahydrofuran(?	109-99-9)		200PPM	200PPM			
Methyl Ethyl Keto	ne (78-93-3)		200PPM	200PPM	N/A		
Cyclohexanone (*	108-94-1)		50PPM	20PPM	N/A		
Acetone (67-64-1	)		1000PPM	500PPM	750 STEL		

#### Health: 3 Flammability: 4 Reactivity: 1 Personal Protection: G **HMIS Hazard Rating:**

Section 3 - Physical/	Chemical Characteris	stics					
Boiling Point (°F):			Specific Gravity (H2O = 1):	Vapor De (Air =		•	or Pressure mm Hg):
133° F Based on first	boiling component - A	cetone	$0.820 \pm 0.03$	2.0 to	2.5		04° F Based or ing component-
Melting Point (° F):	Evaporation Raté: (Butyl Acetate = 1)	Solu	ubility in Water:				Acetone
N/A	7-11	50	0% to 75%		VOCI	Level (g/l):	510
Appearance And Color:	Purple Liquid			Odor:	Etherea	al & Acetor	ie-like
Section 4 - Fire And	Explosion Hazard D	ata					
Flash Point:				Flammabl	e Limits:	LEL:	UEL:
0 to -4° F (T.C.C.) (B	ased on Acetone)					2%	13.0%

Extinguishing Media: Foam/Dry Chemical/Carbon Dioxide

#### **Special Firefighting Procedures:**

Handle as flammable liquid. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus & chemical goggles. Water may be ineffective, but should be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

#### Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards:

Vapor is heavier than air and travels considerable distance to source of ignition and flashback. On long standing may form peroxides which may cause violent reaction especially upon evaporation to dryness. Continued on Next Page

#### Page 2

Section 5 - Reac	tivity Data	1					
Stability: Stable	Co	nditions To Avoid:	Keep in d	closed containers	away from s	sparks & open flame.	
Incompatibility (Materials To Avoid		g oxidizing materia sium Hydroxides	als, Lithium	Aluminum Hydri	de, Sodium	Aluminum Hydroxide, Sod	ium &
Hazardous Decomp	osition:	Carbon dioxide a heated to decom		monoxide are for	rmed. Irritati	ing peroxide fumes formed	d when
Hazardous Polymeri	ization:	Avoid excessive e	exposure to	o air and cationic	initiators like	e Lewis Acids.	
Section 6 - Healt	th Hazard	Data					
Routes of Entry:	Inhalation	YES/Primary	Skin	YES/Primary	Ingestion	YES/Secondary	

#### Health Hazards:

Corrosive to eves and skin irritant. Severe overexposure can cause headache, dizziness and narcosis. May cause dermatosis and dermatitis with prolonged repeated contact.

OSHA Regulated NO Carcinogenicity: NTP IARC NO NO

#### Signs And Symptoms of Exposure:

INGESTION: No effects expected from ingestion of small amount. INHALATION: Will cause irritation of mucous membranes, nose, eyes, & throat; coughing, difficulty of breathing. Exposure to high vapor concentration may cause headache, dizziness, nausea, narcosis. SKIN CONTACT: Prolonged skin contact causes common solvent defatting effect. EYE CONTACT: Vapors slightly uncomfortable. Splashes irritating. Will cause painful burning or stinging of eyes & lids, watering of eyes and Conjunctiva.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated By Exposure:

No data found

#### Emergency And First Aid Procedures:

INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. If conscious, dilute by giving 2 glasses of water. Call physician immediately. INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-tomouth. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call physician. SKIN CONTACT: Wash affected area with soapy water. Remove contaminated clothing. EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Consult physician.

Continued on Next Page

### Section E

#1

Hercules PVC & CPVC Purple Primer Page 3

	ecautions For Safe Handling And Use:			
Eliminate source	es of ignition. Absorb with sand or inert absorbing ma ons. Flush spill area with water, avoid flushing into cor			
Waste Disposal M				
	cordance with federal, state and local regulations.			
	e Taken In Handling And Storing:		<b></b>	
	ell-ventilated area. Keep away from open flame and s	sources o	f ignition.	
Other Precautions				
Use normal goo	od personal hygiene.			1
Section 8 - Co	ntrol Measures:			
<b>Respiratory Prote</b>	ction:			
In confined spa	ces, or other circumstances where adequate ventilatio tive-pressure airline mask or SCBA Self-Contained Bre	on cannot eathing A	be assured, use NIOSH approved Secti	on l
In confined spa respirator, posi Ventilation: Loc	ces, or other circumstances where adequate ventilatio	eathing A	When using cements in an area of limited ventilation, use a ventilation device such as a fan or air mover to	
In confined spa respirator, posi Ventilation: Loc	ces, or other circumstances where adequate ventilatio tive-pressure airline mask or SCBA Self-Contained Bre al Exhaust As required chanical All ventilating devices must be located so	eathing A Special	When using cements in an area of limited ventilation, use a ventilation device such as a fan or air mover to maintain a safe air concentration.	<u>on  </u> #:
In confined spa respirator, posi Ventilation: Loc Med	ces, or other circumstances where adequate ventilatio tive-pressure airline mask or SCBA Self-Contained Bre al Exhaust As required chanical All ventilating devices must be located so they do not provide a source of ignition.	eathing A	When using cements in an area of limited ventilation, use a ventilation device such as a fan or air mover to maintain a safe air concentration.	
In confined spa respirator, posi Ventilation: Loc Med Gloves:	ces, or other circumstances where adequate ventilatio tive-pressure airline mask or SCBA Self-Contained Bre al Exhaust As required chanical All ventilating devices must be located so they do not provide a source of ignition. PVA gloves.	eathing A Special	When using cements in an area of limited ventilation, use a ventilation device such as a fan or air mover to maintain a safe air concentration.	



AST!

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	OSHA-Require	ed Health	And Sa	afety Inform	nation!	
■ ASI!	This Material Safety I from Hercules Auton immediately to the	mated Fax Inf person in ch	ormation Sy	vstem. Please fo DS's, or retain it	orward it	
Section 1						
	SAFETY DATA SHEE lercules CPVC Ceme				ATERIAL SAFETY ORMATION JERVICE	
Date Prepared: Meets OSHA 29 CFR 1910.12	3/27/1989 Last Reviewe	<b>d:</b> 8/27/2007		Hercules Chemical Co 111 South Street Passaic NJ 07055 Phone (800) 221-9330 Fax (800) 333-3456	ompany Inc.	
Section 2 - Haza	nrdous Ingredients/Identity In	formation			Secti	on E
Hazardous Compone Common Name(s), C	ents (Specific Chemical Identity; CAS Numbers)	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	Other Limits	Upper Bound Limit if SARA Reportable	#2 #3
Tetrahydrofuran (	(109-99-9)	200PPM	200PPM	N/A		#3
Cyclohexanone (1	108-94-1)	50PPM	20PPM	N/A	an an	
•						•

#### HMIS Hazard Rating: Health: 3 Flammability: 4 Reactivity: 1 Personal Protection: G

Section 3 - Physical	Chemical Characteri	stics			······
Boiling Point (°F): 151° F Based on first boiling component-THF		Specific Gravity (H2O = 1):	Vapor Density (Air = 1):	•	oor Pressure (mm Hg):
		F 0.935 ± 0.03	2.0 to 2.5	143 Based on first boiling	
Melting Point (° F):	Evaporation Rate: (Butyl Acetate = 1)	Solubility in Water:		com	ponent-THF
N/A	7-11	60% to 85%			
Appearance And Color:	Orange Viscous I	Liquid	Odor: Etherea	al & Aceto	ne-like
Section 4 - Fire And	Explosion Hazard D	ata			
Flash Point:			Flammable Limits:	LEL:	UEL:
6.0° F (T.C.C.) (Base	ed on THF)			2%	11.8%

Extinguishing Media: Foam/Dry Chemical/Carbon Dioxide

#### Special Firefighting Procedures:

Handle as flammable liquid. wear self-contained breathing apparatus & chemical goggles. Water may be ineffective, but should be used to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards:

Vapor is heavier than air and travels considerable distance to source of ignition and flashback. On long standing may form peroxides which may cause violent reaction especially upon evaporation to dryness. *Continued on Next Page* 

Section 5 - Reactiv	vity Data
Stability: Stable	Conditions To Avoid: Keep in closed containers away from sparks & open flames.
Incompatability (Materials To Avoid):	Strong oxidizing materials, Lithium Aluminum Hydride, Sodium Aluminum Hydroxide, Sodium & Potassium Hydroxides.
Hazardous Decomposi	ition: Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide are formed. Irritating peroxide fumes formed when heated to decomposition.
Hazardous Polymerizat	tion: Avoid excessive exposure to air and cationic initiators like Lewis Acids.
Section 6 - Health	Hazard Data
Routes of Entry: In	halation YES/Primary Skin YES/Primary Ingestion YES/Secondary

#### Health Hazards:

Corrosive to eyes & skin irritant. Severe overexposure can cause headache, dizziness, & narcosis. May cause dermatosis & dermatitis with prolonged repeated contact.

Carcinogenicity: NTP NO IARC NO OSHA Regulated NO

#### Signs And Symptoms of Exposure:

INGESTION: No effect of exposure expected. INHALATION: Will cause irritation of mucous membranes, nose, eyes, & throat coughing, difficulty of breathing. Exposure to high vapor concentration may cause headache, dizziness, nausea, narcosis. SKIN CONTACT: Prolonged contact causes common solvent defatting effect. EYE CONTACT: Vapors slightly uncomfortable, splashes irritating. Will cause painful burning or stinging of eyes and lids, watering of eyes and inflammation of conjunctiva.

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated By Exposure:

No data found

#### Emergency And First Aid Procedures:

INGESTION: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. If conscious, dilute by giving two glasses of water. Call a physician immediately. INHALATION: Remove to fresh air, if not breathing; give artificial respiration preferably mouth to mouth. If breathing is difficult give oxygen. Call a physician. SKIN CONTACT: Wash affected skin area with soapy water. Remove contaminated clothing. EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Consult a physician.

Continued on Next Page

**Section E** 

#2 #3

Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled:         Eliminate sources of ignition. Absorb with sand or inert absorbing material and dispose of with solid waste according to federal, state and local regulations. Flush spill area with water, avoid flushing into confined areas.         Waste Disposal Method:         Incinerate in accordance with the federal, state and local regulations.         Precautions To Be Taken In Handling And Storing:         Store in cool place, well-ventilated area. Keep away from open flame and sources of ignition.         Other Precautions:         Use normal good personal hygiene         Section 8 - Control Measures:         Respiratory Protection:         In confined spaces or other circumstances where adequate ventilation cannot be assured use NIOSH-approved respirator, positive pressure airline mask, or self contained breathing apparatus.         Ventilation:       Local Exhaust As required Mechanical All ventilating devices must be located so they do not provide a source of ignition.         Gloves:       PVA gloves.         Eye Protection:       Chemical safety goggles.	Section 7 - Precautions For Safe Handling And Use:
according to federal, state and local regulations. Flush spill area with water, avoid flushing into confined areas. Waste Disposal Method: Incinerate in accordance with the federal, state and local regulations. Precautions To Be Taken In Handling And Storing: Store in cool place, well-ventilated area. Keep away from open flame and sources of ignition. Other Precautions: Use normal good personal hygiene Section 8 - Control Measures: Respiratory Protection: In confined spaces or other circumstances where adequate ventilation cannot be assured use NIOSH-approved respirator, positive pressure airline mask, or self contained breathing apparatus. Ventilation: Local Exhaust As required Mechanical All ventilating devices must be located so they do not provide a source of ignition. Gloves: PVA gloves. Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles.	Steps To Be Taken In Case Material Is Released Or Spilled:
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Other Precautions:         Use normal good personal hygiene         Section 8 - Control Measures:         Respiratory Protection:         In confined spaces or other circumstances where adequate ventilation cannot be assured use NIOSH-approved respirator, positive pressure airline mask, or self contained breathing apparatus.         Ventilation:       Local Exhaust As required Mechanical All ventilating devices must be located so they do not provide a source of ignition.         Gloves:       PVA gloves.         Eye Protection:       Chemical safety goggles.	
Use normal good personal hygiene Section 8 - Control Measures: Respiratory Protection: In confined spaces or other circumstances where adequate ventilation cannot be assured use NIOSH-approved respirator, positive pressure airline mask, or self contained breathing apparatus. Ventilation: Local Exhaust As required Mechanical All ventilating devices must be located so they do not provide a source of ignition. Gloves: PVA gloves. Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles. Special When using cements in an area of limited ventilation, use a ventilation device such as a fan or air mover to maintain a safe air concentration. Other: N/A	Store in cool place, well-ventilated area. Keep away from open flame and sources of ignition.
Section 8 - Control Measures:         Respiratory Protection:         In confined spaces or other circumstances where adequate ventilation cannot be assured use NIOSH-approved respirator, positive pressure airline mask, or self contained breathing apparatus.         Ventilation:       Local Exhaust As required Mechanical All ventilating devices must be located so they do not provide a source of ignition.         Gloves:       PVA gloves.         Eye Protection:       Chemical safety goggles.	Other Precautions:
Respiratory Protection:         In confined spaces or other circumstances where adequate ventilation cannot be assured use NIOSH-approved respirator, positive pressure airline mask, or self contained breathing apparatus.         Ventilation:       Local Exhaust As required Mechanical All ventilating devices must be located so they do not provide a source of ignition.         Gloves:       PVA gloves.         Eye Protection:       Chemical safety goggles.	Use normal good personal hygiene
In confined spaces or other circumstances where adequate ventilation cannot be assured use NIOSH-approved respirator, positive pressure airline mask, or self contained breathing apparatus.          Ventilation:       Local Exhaust As required Mechanical All ventilating devices must be located so they do not provide a source of ignition.       Special When using cements in an area of limited ventilation, use a ventilation device such as a fan or air mover to maintain a safe air concentration.         Gloves:       PVA gloves.       Other:       N/A	Section 8 - Control Measures:
respirator, positive pressure airline mask, or self contained breathing apparatus.         Ventilation:       Local Exhaust As required       Special       When using cements in an area of limited ventilation, use a ventilation device such as a fan or air mover to maintain a safe air concentration.         Gloves:       PVA gloves.       Other:       N/A	
Mechanical       All ventilating devices must be located so they do not provide a source of ignition.       limited ventilation, use a ventilation device such as a fan or air mover to maintain a safe air concentration.         Gloves:       PVA gloves.       Other:       N/A	In confined spaces or other circumstances where adequate ventilation cannot be assured use NIOSH-approved respirator, positive pressure airline mask, or self contained breathing apparatus.
Gloves:       PVA gloves.         Eye Protection:       Chemical safety goggles.	
Gloves:       PVA gloves.         Eye Protection:       Chemical safety goggles.	Meenanida Air ventilating devices must be foodted oo
Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles.	maintain a safe air concentration
	Gloves: PVA gloves. Other: N/A
	Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles.
Other Protective Clothing: Apron, boots, eye bath, safety shower.	Other Protective Clothing: Apron, boots, eye bath, safety shower.

Work/Hygienic Practices: Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid ingestion of the cements. Do not eat or drink when using cements or in the vicinity where such cements are being used.





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# Putty, Solder, Flux

Section F

**Contents:** 

1. LEAD FREE SOLDER 2. NO#5 PASTE 3. FLUX 4. PLUMBER PUTTY

# Section F







#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

1600F
<b>DÉTAILS RELATIFS AU PRODUIT ET COORDONNÉES DE LA SOCIÉTÉ</b> OATEY 95/5 LEAD-FREE PLUMBING WIRE SOLDER OATEY 95/5 LEAD-FREE ACID CORE WIRE SOLDER OATEY 95/5 LEAD-FREE ROSIN CORE WIRE SOLDER
95/5 -22004, 22017, 22018, 22025, 53026, 53027, 530181, 53189 95/5 AC - 53170, 53172, 53174, 53176 95/5 RC - 53171, 53173, 53175, 53177, 53190, 29031
Metal d apport
Voir la section 3
Metal d apport, brasure
Oatey Company 4700 West 160th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 44135 www.oatey.com (216) 267-7100
For Emergency First Aid call 1-877-740-5015. For chemical Second on
emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1- 703-527-3887. <b>#1</b>
Technical Department 04/07/13

#### Section 2 RENSEIGNEMENTS RELATIFS AUX RISQUES

Emergency Overview: Situations d'urgence - Aperçu: Fil métallique gris argent. Les émanations peuvent être dangereuses pendant le soudage. Les émanations peuvent irriter les yeux, causer des maux de tête et irriter les voies respiratoires. L'ingestion des alliages métalliques peut être dangereuse.

Classification de risque OSHA: Non dangereux tel quel. Pendant l'utilisation, effet irritant et effets sur les organes.

Section 3 COMP	OSITION/DÉTA	ILS RELATIFS A	UX INGRÉDIENTS	
For 95/5 solid wire				
INGRÉDIENTS:	% poids:	NUMÉRO CAS:	TLV ACHIH MPT:	PEL OSHA MPT
Étain	60 - 100%	7440-31-5	2 mg/m3	2 mg/m3
Antimoine	3 - 7%	7440-36-0	0,5 mg/m3	0,5 mg/m3
For 95/5 flux à l'a	cide			
INGRÉDIENTS:	<pre>% poids:</pre>	NUMÉRO CAS:	TLV ACHIH MPT:	PEL OSHA MPT
		7440-31-5		2 mg/m3
Antimoine	3 - 7%	7440-36-0	0,5 mg/m3	0,5 mg/m3
Flux à l'acide	0,1 - 1%	Non connu	Aucun Établi	Aucun Établi
For 95/5 flux à la colophane				
INGRÉDIENTS:	% poids:	NUMÉRO CAS:	TLV ACHIH MPT:	PEL OSHA MPT
Étain	60 - 100%	7440-31-5	2 mg/m3	2 mg/m3
Antimoine	3 - 7%	7440-36-0	0,5 mg/m3	0,5 mg/m3
Flux à la	0,1 - 1%	Non connu	Aucun Établi	Aucun Établi
colophane				

Section 4	PREMIERS SOINS
Deeue	COMPOSER LE 1-877-740-5015 ou 1-303-623-5716 À FRAIS VIRÉS
Peau:	En cas d'irritation, laver soigneusement avec de l'eau et du savon. Si l'irritation persiste, consulter un médecin.
Yeux:	Si le produit entre en contact avec les yeux, rincer immédiatement les yeux à l'eau en maintenant les paupières ouvertes jusqu'à éliminer tout le produit. Si l'irritation persiste, consulter un médecin.
Inhalation:	Évacuer la personne atteinte à l'air frais. Si la respiration est difficile, administrer de l'oxygène. Si la respiration est arrêtée, pratiquer la respiration artificielle. Calmer la victime et la couvrir chaudement. Contacter immédiatement un centre antipoison ou un médecin.
Ingestion:	NE PAS PROVOQUER LE VOMISSEMENT. L'ingestion ne constitue pas une voie de
	pénétration probable. Ne jamais rien administrer par voie orale à une personne inconsciente ou somnolente. Communiquer avec un centre antipoison ou l'urgence d'un hôpital.
Section 5	MESURES DE LUTTE CONTRE LES INCENDIES
Point d'éclair	Sans objet
/méthode:	: LIE = sans objet, LSE = sans objet
Moyens d'extinction:	Utiliser des moyens d'extinction appropriés pour combattre le feu environnant.
Méthodes	Sans objet
spéciales de lutte contre	Section F
l'incendie: Risques inhabituels de feu et	Aucun connu #1
d'explosion: Produits de décomposition dangereux:	Ce matériau ne se décompose pas dans des conditions normales. S'il est surchauffé, il peut émettre des oxydes d'étain et d'antimoine.
Section 6	MESURES EN CAS DE DÉVERSEMENT ACCIDENTEL
Déversements ou fuites:	Recueillir les solides et les déposer dans des contenants adéquatement identifiés.
Section 7 Manutention:	MANIPULATION ET STOCKAGE Éviter d'inhaler les émanations, les vapeurs ou la poussière. Garder à l'écart des enfants. Se laver soigneusement les mains après avoir manipulé le produit et avant de manger, de boire ou de fumer.
Stockage:	Stocker dans un endroit frais et sec, loin des sources de chaleur et des
Autre:	flammes nues. Aucune
Section 8 Ventilation:	MESURES CONTRE L'EXPOSITION/PROTECTION INDIVIDUELLE Une ventilation générale adéquate (équivalente à la ventilation extérieure) devrait suffire pour l'utilisation normale. Pour les activités où la valeur limite d'exposition peut être dépassée, une ventilation mécanique, par exemple un dispositif de ventilation par aspiration locale, pourrait être requise pour
Protection respiratoire:	maintenir le niveau d'exposition sous les limites prescrites. Pour les activités où la valeur limite d'exposition peut être dépassée, un respirateur ou un respirateur à adduction d'air homologué par NIOSH est recommandé. Le choix de l'appareil dépend du type et de la concentration du contaminant. Se conformer à 29 CFR 1910.134 et appliquer les pratiques d'hygiène industrielle recommandées.
Protection	Porter des gants et des manches longues pour éviter le contact direct avec la

cutanée:	peau.
Protection	Lunettes de sécurité à écrans latéraux ou lunettes étanches.
oculaire:	
Autre:	Il est recommandé d'avoir à proximité une fontaine pour irrigation oculaire et
	une douche d'urgence.

#### Section 9 PROPRIÉTÉS PHYSIQUES ET CHIMIQUES

Point d'ébullition :	Non déterminé
Point de fusion :	232 à 240 °C (450 à 464 °F)
Pression de vapeur :	Non déterminé
Densité de vapeur :	Air = 1) Supérieur à 1
Composantes volatiles :	Aucun
Solubilité à l'eau :	Négligeable
Valeur pH :	Sans objet
Densité spécifique :	9 à 11
Taux d'évaporation :	Sans objet
Aspect :	Fil métallique gris argent
Odeur :	Aucun
Dissolution dans :	Sans objet
État :	Solide

#### STABILITÉ ET RÉACTIVITÉ Section 10

Stabilité: Stable. Ne pas chauffer à plus de 250 °C (480 °F). Conditions à éviter: **Section F** En cas de surchauffe, oxydes d'étain et d'antimoine. Produits de décomposition dangereux: Incompatibilités/ Aucun stances à éviter:

Polymérisation Ne se produira pas. dangereuse:

#### RENSEIGNEMENTS RELATIFS À LA TOXICITÉ Section 11

Inhalation:	Les émanations de soudure peuvent irriter les voies respiratoires. L'exposition prolongée aux émanations peut causer une stannose, une pneumoconiose bénigne. L'inhalation répétée des émanations peut causer de l'asthme professionnel. Les symptômes peuvent être différés.
Peau:	Les émanations peuvent causer de l'irritation.
Yeux:	Les émanations peuvent causer de l'irritation.
Ingestion:	L'ingestion peut causer des douleurs abdominales, de la nausée, des vomissements, de la diarrhée, une gastro-intestinite et des lésions internes. L'ingestion chronique à long terme peut causer des lésions au foie, aux reins, au système nerveux et au système gastro-intestinal.
Toxicité:	Aucune donnée n'est disponible
Sensibilisation:	
Cancérogénicité:	Aucun des composants n'est homologué comme cancérogène connu ou probable par NTP, IARC ou OSHA.
Mutagénicité:	Aucun des composants n'est un mutagène connu.
Toxicité pour la reproduction	Aucun des composants ne produit d'effet connu sur la reproduction.
Problèmes médicaux aggravés par l'exposition:	L'exposition aux émanations de ce produit peut augmenter le risque encouru par les personnes ayant une maladie de la peau, des poumons, des reins ou du foie préexistante.

#### Section 12 RENSEIGNEMENTS RELATIFS AUX EFFETS ÉCOLOGIQUES

#1

Aucune donnée n'est disponible. Garder loin des cours d'eau.

#### Section 13 FACTEURS À PRENDRE EN CONSIDÉRATION LORS DE LA MISE AU REBUT

Élimination des Mettre les déchets au rebut conformément aux règlements fédéraux, déchets: provinciaux et locaux en vigueur. Il revient à l'utilisateur de déterminer le procédé à employer au moment de la mise au rebut. Numéro de déchet Aucun dangereux BCBA:

dangereux RCRA: Numéro Aucun d'identification de déchet dangereux EPA: Classe de Aucun danger EPA:

#### Section 14 RENSEIGNEMENTS RELATIFS AU TRANSPORT

DOT	
Numéro UN/NA:	Aucun
Nom d'expédition:	Non réglementé
Classe de danger:	Aucun
Groupe d'emballage:	Aucun
Étiquettes de danger:	Aucun
IMDG	
Numéro UN:	Aucun
Nom d'expédition:	Non réglementé
Classe de danger:	Aucun
Groupe d'emballage:	Aucun
Étiquette:	Aucun

**Section F** 

#1

Numéro NAERG 2008 - North American Emergency Response Guidebook : Sans objet

#### Section 15 RENSEIGNEMENTS RELATIFS AUX RÈGLEMENTS

Catégorie de danger Risques aigus et chroniques pour la santé. aux fins des sections 311/312:

Section 302 Ce produit ne contient aucun agent chimique réglementé dans SARA, section Substances 302. extrêmement dangereuses (TPQ): Ce produit contient les agents chimiques suivants qui sont assujettis aux Agents chimiques toxiques homologués normes de déclaration de SARA Title III Section 313. Agent chimique N° CAS dans la section % poids 313: 7440-36-0 Antimoine 3 - 7% Quantité à déclarer Ce produit ne contient aucun agent chimique à déclaration obligatoire selon CERCLA 103: selon CERCLA. Proposition 65 Ce produit ne contient aucun agent chimique réglementé en vertu de la (Californie): proposition 65 de la Californie. Inventaire TSCA: Tous les composants de ce produit figurent dans l'inventaire TSCA. Classification Classe D, section 2, sous-section B. SIMDUT: Ce produit a été classé conformément aux critères de risque du Règlement

Section 16RENSEIGNEMENTS COMPLÉMENTAIRESNFPA et HMIS:Classe de dangerSanté : 1Inflammabilité : 0NFPA:Classe de dangerSanté : 1Inflammabilité : 0Réactivité : 0PPE : BHMIS:HMIS:

#### Avertissement :

Les renseignements fournis dans les présentes ont été réunis à partir de sources jugées fiables, à jour et exactes à notre connaissance. Cependant, nous se dégage de toute responsabilité en ce qui concerne les renseignements provenant d'autres sources et décline explicitement toute garantie ni n'assume aucune responsabilité quant à leur emploi.

Template: tmpl-so-f1

**Section F** 

#1



MSDS No: SOL230E6 Issue Date: 03 Nov 2006 Page: 1 of 5

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1	PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
Trade Name:	OATEY #5 HOT WEATHER FLUX
Product Use:	Flux for soldering.
Formula:	See Section 2
Synonyms:	Flux for Soldering Copper Pipe
Firm Name &	OATEY CO. 4700 West 160th Street P.O. Box 35906 Cleveland,
Mailing Address:	Ohio 44135, U.S.A. http://www.oatey.com
Oatey Phone Number:	(216) 267-7100 or (800) 321-9532
Emergency Phone	For Emergency First Aid call 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT. For
Numbers:	chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at
	1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.
Prepared By:	Corporate Director - Safety and Environmental Compliance
Preparation Date:	November 3, 2006

SECTION 2	COMPOSITION/II	NFORMATION ON	INGREDIENTS		
INGREDIENTS:	% wt/wt:	CAS NUMBER:	ACGIH TLV TWA:	OSHA PEL TWA:	
Petrolatum	75 - 85%	8009-03-8	5 mg/m3	5 mg/m3	
			(oil mist)	(oil mist)	
Zinc Chloride	10 - 15%	7646-85-7	1 mg/m3(fume)		
			2 mg/m3 STEL	Section	, F
Ammonium Chloride	1 - 5%	12125-02-9	10 mg/m3 (fume)	None <b>OCCUIUI</b>	
			20 mg/m3 STEL	Established	<b>#</b> 2

#### SECTION 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Yellow paste with a slight odor. May cause burns to the eye and skin. Inhalation of fumes may cause respiratory irritation, metal fume fever, chills, nausea and vomiting. Swallowing may cause burns to the mouth or throat, vomiting, diarrhea and kidney or liver disorders. May be harmful if swallowed. Symptoms may be delayed.

OSHA Hazard Classification: Corrosive, target organ effects

SECTION	4	FIRST	AII

#### FIRST AID MEASURES

CALL 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Call a physician or poison control center if irritation persists.

- Eyes: Remove contact lenses if any. Rinse eyes with water for 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.
- Inhalation: Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Keep victim quiet and warm. Call a poison control center or physician immediately.
- Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

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#2

SECTION 5	FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES
Flashpoint / Method	: 540 Degrees F (282 Degrees C)
Flammability:	LEL = Not determined, UEL = Not determined
Extinguishing	Small Fires: Use dry chemical, CO2, water, or foam extinguisher
Media:	Large Fires: Evacuate area and call Fire Department immediately
Special Fire	Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained
Fighting	breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in
Procedure:	areas where chemicals are used or stored
Unusual Fire and	None known.
Explosion	
Hazards:	
Hazardous	Hydrocarbons, hydrogen chloride, zinc fumes, ammonia, smoke,
Decomposition	carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and nitrogen oxides.
Products:	
SECTION 6	ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### CASE M ACCIDENTAL REL

Ventilate area. Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Personnel Spill or cleaning up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective Leak equipment. Take up spill with sand, earth or other absorbent material Procedures: and place into a clean, dry leak-proof container.

# SECTION 7

Do not get in eyes. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not take Section F internally. Avoid breathing warmers are f Handling: internally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed when not in use. Handle with care. Keep out of reach of children. Store in original, labeled container. Storage: Other: Containers, even empty will retain residue and may be harmful.

#### SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

- Good general ventilation (equivalent to outdoors) should be adequate Ventilation: for normal use. For operations where the TLV may be exceeded, mechanical ventilation such as local exhaust may be needed to maintain exposure levels below applicable limits.
- For operations where the TLV may be exceeded, a NIOSH approved Respiratory particulate respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. Protection: Equipment selection depends on contaminant type and concentration, select in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 and good industrial hygiene practice. For firefighting, use self-contained breathing apparatus. Skin Wear rubber gloves.

Protection:	5
	Safety glasses with sideshields or safety goggles.
Еуе	Salety glasses with sideshields of salety goggles.
Protection:	
Other:	Eye wash and safety shower should be available.

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SECTION 9	PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
Boiling Point:	638 Degrees F (337 Degrees C)
Melting Point:	Not determined
Vapor Pressure:	Not determined
Vapor Density:	(Air = 1) Greater than 1
Volatile Components	: 7-10%
Solubility In Water	: Negligible
pH:	Not applicable
Specific Gravity:	1.1
Evaporation Rate:	Not applicable
Appearance:	Yellow Paste
Odor:	Very little odor
Will Dissolve In:	Methylene Chloride
Material Is:	Paste

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY Stability: Stable. Conditions To Avoid: None. Hydrocarbons, hydrogen chloride, zinc fumes, ammonia, smoke, Hazardous Decomposition smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and nitrogen oxides. Strong oxidizing agents, potassium, cyanides and sulfides. Products: Incompatibility/ Materials To Avoid: #2 Hazardous Will not occur. Polymerization:

SECTION 11	TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Inhalation:	Fumes from heated product may be corrosive to mucous membranes and the respiratory system. Fumes may cause burning sensation,
	coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, cyanosis, fever, chills, muscular pain, anemia, metallic taste in the mouth, headache,
	nausea, vomiting, sweating, diarrhea and pulmonary edema. Fumes may cause stannosis, a mild benign pneumoconiosis. Repeated
	inhalation of fumes may cause occupational asthma. Symptoms may be delayed.
Skin:	Contact may cause irritation, ulcerations, burns or dermatitis. Symptoms may be delayed.
Eye:	Vapors or fumes may cause redness, pain, blurred vision and corneal damage. Direct contact may cause burns and eye damage with possible blindness. Symptoms may be delayed.
Ingestion:	May cause irritation or burns to the mouth and throat, nausea, vomiting or diarrhea. Death may occur from strictures of the
Toxicity Data:	esophagus and pylorus. Symptoms may be delayed. Petrolatum: No data available Zinc Chloride: Oral rat LD50: 350 mg/kg
	Ammonium Chloride: Oral rat LD50: 1,650 mg/kg
Sensitization:	None of the components are known to cause sensitization.
Carcinogenicity:	None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.
Mutagenicity:	None of the components have been found to be mutagenic.
Reproductive	None of the components are known to cause adverse reproductive
Toxicity:	effects.
Medical	Persons with pre-existing skin, lung, kidney or liver disorders
Conditions Aggravated By	may be at increased risk from exposure to this product.
Exposure:	

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SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available.

#### SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT DOT	INFORMATION
Proper Shipping Name:	Not regulated
Hazard Class/Packing Group:	None
UN/NA Number:	None
Hazard Labels:	None
IMDG	
Proper Shipping Name:	Not regulated
Hazard Class/Packing Group:	
UN Number:	
Label:	None Section F
2004 North American Emergency	Response Guidebook Number: None
SECTION 15 REGULATOR	Y INFORMATION <b>HZ</b>
Hazard Category for Section 311/312:	
Section 302 Extremely	This product does not contain chemicals regulated
Hazardous Substances (TPQ):	under SARA Section 302.
Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:	This product contains the following chemicals
	subject to SARA Title III Section 313 Reporting
	requirements:
	Chemical         CAS #         % wt           Zinc Chloride         7646-85-7         10-15%
	Zinc Chloride 7646-85-7 10-15%
CERCLA 103 Reportable	Spills of this product over the RQ (reportable
Quantity:	quantity) must be reported to the National Response
2	Center. The RQ for the product, based on the RQ for
	Zinc Chloride (30% max) of 1,000 lbs, is 3,300 lbs.
	Chemical CAS # RQ, lbs.
	Zinc Chloride 7646-85-7 1,000
	Ammonium Chloride 12125-02-6 5,000
	Many states have more stringent release reporting
	requirements. Report spills required under federal, state and local regulations.
California Proposition 65:	This product does not contain chemicals regulated
carrierina rioposicion 05:	under California Proposition 65.
TSCA Inventory:	All of the components of this product are listed on
	the TSCA inventory.
Canadian WHMIS Classification	
	This product has been classified in accordance with
	the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products
	Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the
	information required by the CPR.

MSDS No: SOL230E6 Issue Date: 03 Nov 2006 Page: 5 of 5

SECTION 16OTHER INFORMATIONNFPA and HMIS:NFPA Hazard Signal:Health:3Flammability:1Reactivity:0PPE:B

Disclaimer:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, upto-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, Oatey cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly does not make warranties, nor assumes any liability for its use.

Section F

MSDS No: FLX100E8 Issue Date: 29 Apr 2008 Page: 1 of 5

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1	PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION
Trade Name:	OATEY H-20-5 <sup>®</sup> WATER SOLUBLE PASTE FLUX
Product No.:	30130, 30131,30132, 30133
Product Use:	Water flushable flux for copper pipe
Formula:	See Section 2
Synonyms:	Flux for Copper Pipe
Firm Name &	OATEY CO. 4700 West 160th Street P.O. Box 35906 Cleveland,
Mailing Address:	Ohio 44135, U.S.A. http://www.oatey.com
Oatey Phone Number:	(216) 267-7100 or (800) 321-9532
Emergency Phone	For Emergency First Aid call 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT. For
Numbers:	chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at
	1-800-424-9300. Outside the U.S. 1-703-527-3887.
Prepared By:	Corporate Director - Safety and Environmental Compliance
Preparation Date:	April 29, 2008

SECTION 2	COMPOSITION/INF	ORMATION ON I	NGREDIENTS		
INGREDIENTS:	%wt/wt∶	CAS NUMBER:	ACGIH TLV TWA:	OSHA PEL TWA:	
Triethanolamine	7 - 13%	637-39-8	None	None	
Hydrochloride			Established	Established	
Zinc Chloride	3 - 7%	7646-85-7	1 mg/m3(fume)		on F
			2 mg/m3 STEL		
Ammonium Chloride	1 - 5%	12125-02-9	10 mg/m3 (fume)	None	#2
			20 mg/m3 STEL	Established	

OSHA Hazard Classification:

Irritant, target organ effects

#### SECTION 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

Yellow paste with a slight odor. May cause severe irritation to the eye and skin. Inhalation of fumes may cause respiratory irritation, fever, chills, nausea or vomiting. Swallowing may cause severe irritation to the mouth or throat, vomiting, diarrhea and kidney or liver disorders. May be harmful if swallowed. Symptoms may be delayed.

#### SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

CALL 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Call a physician or poison control center if irritation persists.

- Eyes: Remove contact lenses if any. Rinse eyes with water for 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.
- Inhalation: Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Keep victim quiet and warm. Call a poison control center or physician immediately.
- Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is unconscious or drowsy. Get immediate medical attention by calling a Poison Control Center, or hospital emergency room. If medical advice cannot be obtained, then take the person and product to the nearest medical emergency treatment center or hospital.

MSDS No: FLX100E8 Issue Date: 29 Apr 2008 Page: 2 of 5

SECTION 5	Page: 2 of 5
DECITOR 5	FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES
Flashpoint / Method	1: Not applicable
Flammability:	LEL = Not applicable, UEL = Not applicable
Extinguishing	Small Fires: Use dry chemical, CO2, water, or foam extinguisher
Media:	Large Fires: Evacuate area and call Fire Department immediately
Special Fire	Firefighters should wear positive pressure self-contained
Fighting	breathing apparatus and full protective clothing for fires in
Procedure:	areas where chemicals are used or stored
Unusual Fire and	None known.
Explosion	
Hazards:	
Hazardous	Hydrogen chloride, zinc fumes, ammonia, smoke, carbon monoxide,
Decomposition	carbon dioxide and nitrogen oxides.
Products:	Sarbon aronide and hierogen onideb.
SECTION 6	ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
Spill or Venti	late area. Stop leak if it can be done without risk. Personnel
Leak clean:	ing up the spill should wear appropriate personal protective
Procedures: equip	ment. Take up spill with sand, earth or other absorbent material
and p	lace into a clean, dry leak-proof container. See Section 13 for
dispos	sal information.
	Section
CHORTON R	HANDLING AND STORAGE
SECTION 7	
Handling: Do not	
Handling: Do not intern	get in eyes. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not take <b>#</b>
Handling: Do not intern venti	get in eyes. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not take #2 nally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequate
Handling: Do not intern vention not in	get in eyes. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not take #2 nally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequate lation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed when
Handling: Do not intern venti not in Storage: Store	t get in eyes. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not take#2hally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequate#2lation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed whenhadle with care. Keep out of reach of children.
Handling: Do not intern venti: not in Storage: Store Other: Conta:	t get in eyes. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not take#2hally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequate#2lation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed whenhouse. Handle with care. Keep out of reach of children.in original, labeled container.iners, even empty will retain residue and may be harmful.
Handling: Do not intern venti: not in Storage: Store Other: Conta: SECTION 8	#2ally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequatebally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only was
Handling: Do not intern ventil not in Storage: Store Other: Conta: SECTION 8 Ventilation: Good	<pre># get in eyes. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not take hally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequate lation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed when h use. Handle with care. Keep out of reach of children. in original, labeled container. iners, even empty will retain residue and may be harmful.  EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION general ventilation (equivalent to outdoors) should be adequate</pre>
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Handling: Do not intern ventil not in Storage: Store Other: Conta: SECTION 8 Ventilation: Good for n mecha	<pre>####################################</pre>
Handling: Do not intern ventil not in Storage: Store Other: Conta: SECTION 8 Ventilation: Good for n mecha expos	<pre>####################################</pre>
Handling: Do not intern ventil not in Storage: Store Other: Conta: SECTION 8 Ventilation: Good for n mecha expos Respiratory For o	<pre>#2 get in eyes. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not take hally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequate lation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed when h use. Handle with care. Keep out of reach of children. in original, labeled container. iners, even empty will retain residue and may be harmful.  EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION general ventilation (equivalent to outdoors) should be adequate hormal use. For operations where the TLV may be exceeded, anical ventilation such as local exhaust may be needed to maintain sure levels below applicable limits. perations where the TLV may be exceeded, a NIOSH/MSHA approved</pre>
Handling: Do not intern venti: not in Storage: Store Other: Conta: SECTION 8 Ventilation: Good for n mecha expos Respiratory For o part:	<pre>#2 get in eyes. Do not get on skin or clothing. Do not take hally. Avoid breathing vapors or fumes. Use only with adequate lation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed when h use. Handle with care. Keep out of reach of children. in original, labeled container. iners, even empty will retain residue and may be harmful.  EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION general ventilation (equivalent to outdoors) should be adequate hormal use. For operations where the TLV may be exceeded, anical ventilation such as local exhaust may be needed to maintain sure levels below applicable limits. perations where the TLV may be exceeded, a NIOSH/MSHA approved iculate respirator or supplied air respirator is recommended. ###################################</pre>
Handling: Do not intern ventil not in Storage: Store Other: Conta: SECTION 8 Ventilation: Good for n mecha expos Respiratory Protection: part: Equip	<pre>####################################</pre>
Handling: Do not intern ventil not in Storage: Store Other: Contain SECTION 8 Ventilation: Good for n mecha expose Respiratory Protection: parts Equip select	<pre>####################################</pre>
Handling: Do not intern ventianot in Storage: Store Other: Container SECTION 8 Ventilation: Good for m mecha expos Respiratory For o Protection: parts Equip selec prace	<pre>####################################</pre>
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Handling: Do not intern venti: not in Storage: Store Other: Conta: SECTION 8 Ventilation: Good for n mecha expos Respiratory Protection: part: Equip selec pract Skin Wear	<pre>####################################</pre>
Handling: Do not intern ventil not in Storage: Store Other: Conta: SECTION 8 Ventilation: Good for n mecha expos Respiratory For o Protection: part: Equip selec pract Skin Wear Protection: Eye Safet	<pre>####################################</pre>
Handling: Do not intern ventil not in Storage: Store Other: Contain SECTION 8 Ventilation: Good for n mecha expose Respiratory For of Protection: Parts Equip select pract Skin Wear Protection: Eye Safet Protection:	<pre>####################################</pre>

**F** #2

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SECTION 9 P	HYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
Boiling Point:	Not applicable
Melting Point:	Not applicable
Vapor Pressure:	Not determined
Vapor Density:	(Air = 1) Greater than 1
Volatile Components:	7-10%
Solubility In Water:	Soluble
pH:	Not determined
Specific Gravity:	Not determined
Evaporation Rate:	Not determined
Appearance:	Yellow Paste
Odor:	Very little odor
Will Dissolve In:	Water
Material Is:	Paste

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY Stability: Stable. Conditions To Avoid: None. Hazardous Hydrogen chloride, zinc fumes, ammonia, smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and nitrogen oxides. Decomposition Strong oxidizing agents, potassium, cyanides and sulfides. Products: Incompatibility/ Materials To Avoid: Hazardous Will not occur. Polymerization:

#### SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION Inhalation: Fumes from heated product may be corrosive to mucous membranes and the respiratory system. Fumes may cause burning sensation, coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, cyanosis, fever, chills, muscular pain, anemia, metallic taste in the mouth, headache, nausea, vomiting, sweating, diarrhea and pulmonary edema. Fumes may cause stannosis, a mild benign pneumoconiosis. Repeated inhalation of fumes may cause occupational asthma. Symptoms may be delayed. Skin: Contact may cause severe irritation, ulcerations, or dermatitis. Symptoms may be delayed. Eye: Vapors or fumes may cause redness, pain, blurred vision and corneal damage. Direct contact may cause severe irritation and eye damage with possible blindness. Symptoms may be delayed. Ingestion: May cause severe irritation to the mouth and throat, nausea, vomiting or diarrhea. Death may occur from strictures of the esophagus and pylorus. Symptoms may be delayed. Toxicity Data: Triethanolmine Hydrochloride: No data available. Zinc Chloride: Oral rat LD50: 350 mg/kg. Ammonium Chloride: Oral rat LD50: 1,650 mg/kg. Sensitization: None of the components are known to cause sensitization. Carcinogenicity: None of the components present at greater than 1% are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. Mutagenicity: None of the components have been found to be mutagenic. Reproductive None of the components are known to cause adverse reproductive Toxicity: effects. Medical Persons with pre-existing skin, lung, kidney or liver disorders Conditions may be at increased risk from exposure to this product. Aggravated By Exposure:

MSDS No: FLX100E8 Issue Date: 29 Apr 2008 Page: 4 of 5

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available.

#### SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

EPA Hazard Waste Class: Corrosive

EFA Hazard Waste Class. Con	
SECTION 14 TRANSPORT DOT	INFORMATION
Proper Shipping Name:	Not regulated
Hazard Class/Packing Group:	Not regulated
UN/NA Number:	Not regulated
Hazard Labels:	Not regulated
IMDG	
Proper Shipping Name:	Not regulated
Hazard Class/Packing Group:	Not regulated
UN Number:	Not regulated
Label:	Not regulated Section F
SECTION 15 REGULATOR	Y INFORMATION #2
Hazard Category for Section 311/312:	Acute Health, Chronic Health
Section 302 Extremely	This product does not contain chemicals regulated
Hazardous Substances (TPQ):	under SARA Section 302.
Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:	1 5
	subject to SARA Title III Section 313 Reporting
	requirements:
	Chemical         CAS #         %wt/wt           Zinc Chloride         7646-85-7         3-7%
	Zinc Chloride 7646-85-7 3-7%
CERCLA 103 Reportable	Spills of this product over the RQ (reportable
Quantity:	quantity) must be reported to the National Response
	Center. The RQ for the product, based on the RQ for
	Zinc Chloride (7% maximum) of 1,000 lbs, is 14,286
	lbs. Many states have more stringent release
	reporting requirements. Report spills required under
	federal, state and local regulations.
California Proposition 65:	This product does not contain chemicals regulated under California Proposition 65.
TSCA Inventory:	All of the components of this product are listed on
	the TSCA inventory.
Canadian WHMIS Classification	
	This product has been classified in accordance with
	the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products
	Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the
	information required by the CPR.

MSDS No: FLX100E8 Issue Date: 29 Apr 2008 Page: 5 of 5

SECTION 16OTHER INFORMATIONNFPA and HMIS:NFPA Hazard Signal:Health:2Flammability:0Reactivity:1PPE:B

Disclaimer:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, upto-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, Oatey cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly does not make warranties, nor assumes any liability for its use.

Section F





MSDS No: OTH050E8 Issue Date: 15 Apr 2008 Page: 1 of 4

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Emergency Phone Numbers: Prepared By:	<pre>PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION OATEY PLUMBER'S PUTTY 31166, 31170, 31174 Stainless fixture setting compound. See SECTION 2 Putty. OATEY CO. 4700 West 160th Street P.O. Box 35906 Cleveland, Ohio 44135, U.S.A. http://www.oatey.com (216) 267-7100 or (800) 321-9532 For Emergency First Aid call 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT. For chemical transportation emergencies ONLY, call Chemtrec at 1-800-424-9300. Outside the US: 1-703-527-3887. Corporate Director - Safety and Environmental Compliance</pre>
Prepared By:	Corporate Director – Safety and Environmental Compliance
Preparation Date:	April 15, 2008

SECTION 2	COMPOSITIO	N/INFORMATIO	N ON INGREDIENTS	5		
INGREDIENTS:	%wt/wt∶	CAS NUMBER:	ACGIH TLV TWA:	OSHA PEL TWA:	OTHER:	
Limestone	60 - 90%	1317-65-3	10 mg/M3	15 mg/M3	None	
				(Total dust)	<b>Sectio</b>	n E
Hydrocarbon oil	10 - 30%	64742-52-5	5 mg/M3	5 mg/M3	NORCLIU	
Talc	1 - 5%	14807-96-6	2 mg/M3	2  mg/M3	None	
Clay	1 - 5%	68953-58-2	10 mg/M3	10 mg/M3	None	#4

OSHA Hazard Classification: Not hazardous

#### SECTION 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview:

White putty with a mild petroleum odor. May cause mechanical irritation of the eyes.

#### SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

CALL 1-303-623-5716 COLLECT

Skin: Wash all exposed areas with soap and water.
Eyes: If material gets into eyes or if fumes cause irritation, immediately
flush eyes with plenty of water until chemical is removed. If
irritation persists, get medical attention immediately.
Inhalation: Not a likely route of entry.

Ingestion: DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth with water. Call a physician.

SECTION 5 Flashpoint / Method:	FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES Not applicable
Flammability:	LEL = ND, UEL = ND
Extinguishing	Use dry chemical, CO2, or foam to extinguish fire. Cool fire
Media:	exposed container with water. Water may be ineffective as an extinguishing agent.
Special Fire Fighting Procedure:	As appropriate for surrounding fire.
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards:	None
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

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Section F

#4

#### ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES SECTION 6

Spill or Sweep up dried material and dispose of with ordinary trash. Leak Procedures:

#### SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: No special handling required. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good hygiene practices. Storage: Store in a cool, dry area. Other: None.

#### SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation: Use with adequate ventilation. Respiratory If putty dries and becomes dusty, wear a dust respirator Protection: during clean-up. Skin Gloves are not normally required. Protection: Eye Safety glasses with side shields are recommended. Protection: Eye wash should be available. Other:

#### SECTION 9

#### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling Point:	Not applicable
Melting Point:	Not applicable
Vapor Pressure:	Not determined
Vapor Density:	Not determined
Volatile Components:	Not determined
Solubility In Water:	Negligible.
pH:	Not applicable
Specific Gravity:	2.0 @ 20 Degree
Evaporation Rate:	Not applicable
Appearance:	White Putty
Odor:	Petroleum odor
Will Dissolve In:	Not determined
Material Is:	Putty

determined determined igible. applicable 20 Degrees C applicable e Putty oleum odor determined

SECTION 10 Stability: Hazardous Decomposition Products: Incompatibility/ Materials To Avoid: Hazardous

#### STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stable. Conditions To Avoid: Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Combustion will produce toxic and irritating vapors including carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Strong oxidizing agents. Will not occur. Polymerization:

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SECTION 11	TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
Inhalation:	Not a likely route of entry.
Skin:	May cause mild irritation. Prolonged and repeated contact may cause dermatitis.
Eye:	Contact may cause irritation.
Ingestion:	Swallowing may cause a laxative effect including cramps and diarrhea.
Chronic Toxicity:	Prolonged or repeated overexposure cause dermatitis.
Toxicity Data:	Not available
Sensitization:	None of the components are known to cause sensitization.
Carcinogenicity:	None of the components are listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.
Mutagenicity:	None of the components are known to be mutagenic.
Reproductive Toxicity:	None of the components are known to be toxic to reproduction.
Medical Conditions	None known.
Aggravated By	
Exposure:	
SECTION 12	ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION Section F

SECTION 12	ECOLOGICAL	INFORMATION
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No ecotoxicological information known. This product has very low VOC level.

VOC Information:

#### SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal: Dispose in accordance with current local, state and federal regulations. RCRA Hazardous Waste Number: Not a hazardous waste. EPA Hazardous Waste ID Number: Not a hazardous waste. EPA Hazard Waste Class: Not a hazardous waste.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT	INFORMATION	
DOT Less	than 1 Liter (0.3 gal)	Greater than 1 Liter (0.3 gal)
Proper Shipping Name:	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
Hazard Class/Packing Group:	None	None
UN/NA Number:	None	None
Hazard Labels:	None	None
IMDG		
Proper Shipping Name:	Not regulated	
Hazard Class/Packing Group:	None	
UN Number:	None	
Label:	None	

2004 North American Emergency Response Guidebook Number: None

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SECTION 15 REGULATORY	( INFORMATION
Hazard Category for Section	Not hazardous.
Section 302 Extremely	This product does not contain chemicals regulated
Hazardous Substances (TPQ):	under SARA Section 302.
Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:	This product does not contain any chemicals regulated
	under SARA Title III Section 313.
CERCLA 103 Reportable	This product does not contain any chemicals regulated
Quantity:	under CERCLA.
California Proposition 65:	This product does not contain any chemicals subject
	To California Proposition 65 regulation.
TSCA Inventory:	All of the components of this product are listed on
	the TSCA inventory.
Canadian WHIMS Classification	: Not a controlled product.
	This product has been classified in accordance with
	the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products
	Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the
	information required by the CPR.

SECTION 16 OTHE	R INFORMATION
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NFPA and HMIS: NFPA Hazard Signal: Health: 0 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0 Special: Some tion F HMIS Hazard Signal: Health: 0 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0 PPE: A Section F

Disclaimer:

The information herein has been compiled from sources believed to be reliable, upto-date, and is accurate to the best of our knowledge. However, Oatey cannot give any guarantees regarding information from other sources, and expressly does not make warranties, nor assumes any liability for its use.

# Equipment Fuel

# Soldering gases

**Contents:** 

1. GASOLINE 2. DIESEL 3. LOW SULFUR DIESEL 4. MAPP GAS 5. PROPANE 6. ACETYLENE Section G

# Section G





# **UNLEADED GASOLINE (ALL GRADES) MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Petrocom Energy Group, LLC 1330 Post Oak Blvd., Suite 2350 Houston, Texas 77056 Phone: 713-418-3000 Fax: 713-418-3001

Revision Date: 03/05/2008

# Section 1: Product Identification

Name: **Unleaded Gasoline** Regular/Midgrade/Premium Gasoline, Motor Fuel, Reformulated Gasoline, RFG, Synonyms: **Section G** Conventional Gasoline. CAS No.: 86290-81-5 MSDS No.: **PEG-UNL** Use: Motor fuel

# **Section 2: Product Composition**

Component	CAS Number	Amount (%)
Gasoline	86290-81-5	0 – 100
Benzene	71-43-2	0 – 5
Toluene	108-88-3	0 – 30
Xylene (all isomers)	1330-20-7	0 – 25
Hexane (other isomers)	Mixture	5 – 25
n-Hexane	110-54-3	0-3
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	0 – 3
Octanes (all isomers)	Mixture	0 – 20
Heptane (all isomers)	142-82-5	0 – 15
Ethanol	64-17-5	0 – 10
Pentanes (all isomers)	Mixture	0 – 20
Trimethylbenzenes (all isomers)	95-63-6	0 – 5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0 – 5
Cumene	98-82-8	0 – 5
Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (MTBE)	1634-04-4	0 – 16
Tertiary Amyl Methyl Ether (TAME)	994-05-8	0-6

# Section 3: Hazards Identification

# Emergency Overview DANGER! Extremely Flammable liquid and vapor Harmful if swallowed Skin Irritant May cause eye and respiratory irritation Cancer Hazard – Contains material which can cause cancer

Physical form:	Liquid
Appearance:	Clear to amber
Odor:	Strong, Gasoline

#### **Potential Health Effects**

Eyes:	Contact with eyes may cause irritation, redness, tearing, stinging, watering and blurred vision.	_
Skin:	Contact with skin may cause irritation, itching, redness and skin <b>Section</b> Prolonged or repeated contact may cause drying and cracking of the skin,	<b>G</b> 1
Inhalation:	and may also cause dermatitis and inflammation. (See also section 11). Breathing high concentration can be harmful. Throat and lung irritation may occur. Central nervous system effects including nausea, euphoria, dizziness, headache, fatigue, drowsiness or unconsciousness may occur	-
Ingestion:	due to long term or high concentration exposure to vapors. Toxic if swallowed. This product may cause nausea, vomiting, dizziness, drowsiness, diarrhea if swallowed. Central nervous system effects may be caused. Swallowing this product can result in severe lung damage	
Signs / Symptoms:	and/or death. When overexposed to this product effects such as nausea, vomiting, blurred vision, respiratory failure, central nervous system depression, unconsciousness, tremor, death may occur.	

#### See toxicological Information (section 11)

# **Section 4: First Aid Measures**

Eye contact:	Flush eyes immediately with fresh, cool water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation or redness or any symptoms persist, seek medical attention.
Skin contact:	Remove contaminated clothes and shoes. Flush affected area with large amounts of water. If skin surface is damaged, apply a clean dressing and seek medical attention. If skin surface is not damaged, wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation or redness develops, seek medical attention.
Inhalation (Breathing):	If inhaled, immediately move person to fresh air. If there is difficulty breathing, give oxygen. If not breathing, immediately give artificial respiration. Seek medical attention.
Ingestion (Swallowing):	This product may be harmful or fatal if swallowed. This product may cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and restlessness. Do not induce vomiting. Do not give anything by mouth because this material can enter the lungs and cause severe lung damage. If victim is unconscious or drowsy, place on the left side with the head down. Seek immediate medical attention.
Notes to Physician:	This material sensitizes the heart to the effects of sympathomimetic amines. Epinephrine and other sympathomimetic drugs may initiate cardiac arrhythmias i <b>Section G</b> individuals exposed to this material. <b>Inhalation overexposure can produce toxic effects.</b> Monitor respiratory distress. If difficulty in breathing evaluate upper respiratory tract inflammation, bronchitis and pneumonitis. Administer supplemental oxygen as required. If ingested, this material presents a significant aspiration and chemical pneumonitis hazard. Cinsuder activated charcoal and/or gastric lavage. If patient is obtunded, protect the airway by cuffed endotracheal intubtion or by placement of the body in a Trendelenburg and left lateral decubitus position.

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# Section 5: Fire Fighting Measures

NFPA Hazard Class: Health = 1 ; Flammability = 3 ; Instability = 0 (0 - Minimal ; 1 - Slight ; 2 - Moderate ; 3 - Serious ; 4 - Severe)		
Auto – ignition temperature : >260 °C (500 °F)		
Flash point	: Closed cup: -43 °C (-45 °F)	
Flammable limits	: Lower: approximately 1.4% Upper: approximately 7.6%	
Products of combustion	: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen and sulfur oxides, smoke, fumes, unburned hydrocarbons and other products of incomplete combustion.	
Special properties	: Flammable liquid! This material can be ignited by heat, sparts, flames or other sources of ignition. Vapors may travel long distances to a source where they can ignite and flash back, or explode. A mixture of vapor and air can create an explosion hazard in confined spaces. If container is not properly cooled, it can rupture n the heat of a fire.	<u>G</u> #1
Extinguishing media	: Use of dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or foam is recommended to extinguish fire. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Water may not extinguish the fire, unless it is used by experienced fire fighters and under favorable conditions.	
Protective Equipment for Fire Fighters	: Fire fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face piece operated in positive pressure mode.	

## **Section 6: Accidental Release Measures**

Personal precautions:	This material is extremely flammable. Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep all hot metal surfaces away from spill/release. All equipment used when handling this material must be grounded.
Spill precautions:	Stay upwind and away from spill. Notify persons down wind of the spill, isolate spill area and keep unauthorized personnel out. If it can be done with minimal risk, try to stop spill. Always wear protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Contact emergency personnel.
Environmental precautions:	Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, drains, soil, and natural waterways. Use foam or spills to minimize vapors (section 5). Spilled material may be absorbed into an appropriate absorbent material.
Methods for cleaning up:	Notify fire authorities and appropriate federal, state and local agencies. Immediate cleanup is recommended.

# **Section 7: Handling and Storage**

Handling: Flammable liquid and vapor. To be used only as a motor fuel. Avoid inhalation of vapors and contact with skin. Wash hands thoroughly after handling this material. Use in a well ventilated area away from all ignition sources. Use product with caution around heat, sparks, static electricity and open flames. Static electricity may ignite vapors and cause fire.

Empty containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks or other ignition sources. The may explode and cause injury and/or death. Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and returned promptly to a drum reconditioner. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations.

**Storage:** Store in approved containers only. Keep in tightly closed containers in cool, dry, well ventilated areas. Keep isolated away from heat, sources of ignition and hot metal surfaces.

#1

Section G

# Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Engineering controls:	Provide ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapor or mists below their occupational exposure limits. Eyewash stations and safety showers should be located near the work-station.
Personal Protection	
Eye Protection:	Keep away from eyes. Safety glasses complying with approved standards should be worn. Chemical type goggles should be worn.
Skin Protection:	Keep away from skin. Skin protection should be worn. Chemical resistant, impervious gloves should be worn. Always follow good personal hygiene practices after handling the material.
Respiratory Protection:	Approved respiratory equipment must be used if a risk assessment indicates it is necessary. If workplace exposure limits for product or components are exceeded, NIOSH approved equipment should be worn.
General Protection:	Use this material in well ventilated areas. Ventilation equipment should be explosion proof also.

**Section G** 

Component	Applicable Workplace Exposure Limits	
Gasoline	ACGIH – TWA: 300 ppm (8 hours)	
	STEL: 500 ppm (15 minutes)	
Benzene	ACGIH – TWA: 0.5 ppm (8 hours)	
	STEL: 2.5 ppm (15 minutes)	
	OSHA – TWA: 1 ppm (8 hours)	
	STEL: 5 ppm (15 minutes)	
Toluene	ACGIH – TWA: 20 ppm (8 hours)	
	OSHA – TWA: 200 ppm (8 hours)	
	CEIL: 300 ppm	
	PEAK: 500 ppm (10 minutes)	
Xylene (all isomers)	ACGIH – TWA: 100 ppm (8 hours) STEL: 150 ppm (15 minutes)	
	OSHA – TWA: 100 ppm (8 hours)	
Hexane (other isomers)	ACGIH – TWA: 500 ppm (8 hours)	
	STEL: 1000 ppm (15 minutes)	
n-Hexane	ACGIH – TWA: 50 ppm (8 hours)	
	OSHA – TWA: 500 ppm (8 hours)	
Cyclohexane	ACGIH – TWA: 100 ppm (8 hours)	
	OSHA – TWA: 300 ppm (8 hours) Sec	tion
Octanes (all isomers)	ACGIH – TWA: 300 ppm (8 hours)	- ·
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	OSHA – TWA: 500 ppm (8 hours)	
Heptane (all isomers)	ACGIH – TWA: 400 ppm (8 hours)	
	STEL: 5000 ppm (15 minutes)	
	OSHA – TWA: 500 ppm (8 hours)	
Ethanol	ACGIH – TWA: 1000 ppm (8 hours)	
	OSHA – TWA: 1000 ppm (8 hours)	
Pentanes (all isomers)	ACGIH – TWA: 600 ppm (8 hours)	
	OSHA – TWA: 1000 ppm (8 hours)	
Trimethylbenzenes (all isomers)	ACGIH – TWA: 25 ppm (8 hours)	
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH – TWA: 100 ppm (8 hours)	_
	STEL: 125 ppm (15 minutes)	
	OSHA – TWA: 100 ppm (8 hours)	
Cumene	ACGIH – TWA: 50 ppm (8 hours)	
	OSHA – TWA: 50 ppm (8 hours)	
Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (MTBE)	ACGIH – TWA: 50 ppm (8 hours)	
Tertiary Amyl Methyl Ether (TAME)	ACGIH – TWA: 20 ppm (8 hours)	

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# **Section 9: Physical and Chemical Properties**

Physical State:Liquid.Color:Transparent, clear to amber liquid.Odor:Strong. Characteristic gasoline odor.pH:Not applicableBoiling Point:>26 °C (>78 °F)Melting Point:Not applicable.Specific gravity:0.66 to 0.75 (Water = 1)Vapor density:3 to 4 (Air = 1)Vapor pressure:220-450 mm Hg at 20°C (68°F) / 6-15 Reid-psia at 37.8°C (Volatility: $720 - 770$ g/l VOC (w/v)Viscosity (at 40 °C):< 1	100°F)
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# Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

Stability:	Stable. Extremely flammable liquid and vapor. Vapor can cause fire.	G
Conditions to avoid:	Keep away from heat, flame and all other possible sources of ignition.	#1
Materials to avoid:	Keep away from strong oxidizing agents such as acids, chlorine, hydrogen peroxide and oxygen.	
Hazardous decomposition products:	Please refer to the combustion products identified in Section 5 of this MSDS.	

Hazardous Polymerization: Not expected to occur.

# Section 11: Toxicological Information

## **Toxicology Information**

Oral toxicity: Dermal toxicity: Inhalation toxicity: Eye irritation: Skin irritation:	Almost non-toxic. LD 50: > 2000 mg/kg (species: rats) Almost non-toxic. LD 50: > 2000 mg/kg (species: rabbits) Almost non-toxic. LD 50: > 5 mg/l (species: rats) Almost non-irritating. Draize score: > 6 and < 15 (species: rabbits) Irritant. Primary irritation index: > 3 and < 5 (species: rabbits)	
Other data:	Inhalation of high concentrations of vapors or mists may cause respiratory system irritation and damage. It may also result in the damage and depression of the central nervous system and may cause death. Prolonged contact with the material may cause severe skin irritation.	
Subchronic toxicity:	Dermal studies resulted in significant irritation but not systematic toxicity (species: rabbits). Inhalation exposures (90 day, approximately 1500 ppm vapor) produced light hydrocarbon nephropathy but no significant systemic toxicity (species: rats).	
Neurotoxicity:	Repeated and prolonged exposures to high concentrations of vapor has been reported to result in central nervous system damage and eventually, death. In a study in which ten human volunteers were exposed for 30 minutes to approximately 200, 500 or 1000 ppm concentrations of gasoline vapor, irritation eyes was the only significant effect observed, based on both subjective and objective assessments. However, no persistent neurotoxic effects were observed in subchronic inhalation studies of gasoline.	<u>n G</u> #1
Reproductive toxicity:	An inhalation study with rats exposed to 0, 400 and 1600 ppm of wholly vaporized unleaded gasoline, 6 hours per day on day 6 through 16 of gestation, showed no teratogenic effects nor indication of toxicity to either the mother or the fetus. Another inhalation study in rats exposed to 3000, 6000, or 9000 ppm of gasoline vapor, 6 hours per day on day 6 through 20 of gestation, also showed no teratogenic effects nor indications of toxicity to either the mother or the fetus.	
Chronic toxicity:	A lifetime mouse skin painting study of unleaded gasoline applied at 50 microliters, three time weekly, resulted in some severe skin irritation and changes, but no statistically significant increase in skin cancer or cancer to any other organ. Lifetime inhalation of wholly vaporized unleaded gasoline over 2000 ppm has caused increased liver tumors in female mice and increased kidney tumors in male rats. The EPA has concluded that mechanism by which wholly vaporzied unleaded gasoline causes kidney damage is unque to the male rat. The effects in that species (kidney damage and cancer) should not be used in human risk assessment.	

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Other toxic effects on humans	Extremely hazardous in case of ingestion. Very hazardous in case of eye contact. Hazardous in case of skin contact. Slightly hazardous in case of inhalation.
Carcinogenic effects:	Contains material that may cause cancer depending on the level and duration of exposure.
Target organs:	Contains material that may cause damage to humans organs such as (but not limited to) blood, kidneys, lungs, liver, eye, skin, nervous system and upper respiratory tract.

# **Section 12: Ecological Information**

Ecotoxicity:	This material may be toxic to aquatic organisms such as algae and daphnia. It has also shown to be toxic to fish.
Environmental fate:	The material is expected to be readily biodegradable. When released into the environment, some of the constituents of gasoline will volatilize and be photo degraded in the atmo <b>Section</b> Following spillage, the more volatile components of gasoline will be rapidly lost, with concurrent dissolution of these and other constituents into the water. Factors such as local environmental conditions, photo-oxidation, biodegradation and adsorption onto suspended sediments, can contribute to the weathering of spilled gasoline.

# **Section 13: Disposal Considerations**

Waste disposal:Avoid disposal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil,<br/>waterways, drains and sewers. Disposal of this product and any of<br/>its by products should always comply with the requirements of<br/>environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any<br/>local authority requirements.<br/>This material would likely be identified as a federally regulated<br/>RCRA hazardous waste. See sections 7 and 8 for further<br/>information on handling, storage and personal protection. See<br/>section 9 for the material's physical and chemical properties.

# **Section 14: Transportation Information**

This material is U.S Department of Transportation (DOT) regulated material.

Shipping name:	Gasoline, 3, UN 1203, PG II
	Gasohol, 3, NA 1203, PG II (for gasoline blended with less
	than 20% ethanol).

Hazard class: 3 DOT Class: Flammable liquid

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- Packing Group:
- **UN / NA Number:** UN1203 / NA1203
- Emergency Response Code: 128

Label:





# Section 15: Regulatory Information

TSCA Inventory:	This product and/or its components are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)
SARA 302 / 304: Emergency planning and notification	The Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Title III requires facilities subject to Subparts 302 and 304 to submit emergency planning and notification information based on Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs) and Reportable Quantities (RQs) for "Extremely Hazardous Substances" listed in 40 CFR 302.4 and CFR 355. No components were identified.
SARA 311 / 312: Hazard identification	SARA Title III requires facilities subject to this subpart to submit aggregate information on chemicals by "Hazard Category" as defined in 40 CFR 370.2. This material would be classified under: Fire, Acute (immediate) Health Hazard, Chronic (Delayed) Health Hazard.

#### CERCLA / SARA 313: Toxic and chemical notification and release reporting

This material contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III and 40 CFR 372

Component	CAS Number	Amount (%)
Benzene	71-43-2	0-5
Toluene	108-88-3	0 – 30
Xylene (o, m, p isomers)	1330-20-7	0 – 25
n-Hexane	110-54-3	0-3
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	0-3
1, 2, 4 Trimethylbenzenes	95-63-6	0 – 5
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0 – 5
Cumene	98-82-8	0 – 5
Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (MTBE)	1634-04-4	0 – 16

**California Proposition 65:** This material may contain detectable quantities of the following chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, and which may be subject to the requirements of California Proposition 65 (CA Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5): Benzene (CAS NO. 71-43-3) Toluene (CAS No. 108-88-3) Ethylbenzene (CAS No. 100-41-4) Section G Naphthalene (CAS No. 91-20-3) Canadian Regulations: WHMIS Hazard Class: B2 – Flammable Liquids D2A – Very Toxic Material

MSDS No: PEG-UNL

# **Section 16: Other Information**

Issue date:	March 5, 2008		
Previous issue date:	No previous date		
Version:	1		
MSDS Code:	PEG-UNL		

#### Legend:

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service Registry CEIL = Ceiling Limit CERCLA = The Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act EPA = Environmental Protection Agency NFPA = National Fire Protection Association OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration SARA = Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit (15 minutes) TWA = Time Weighted Average (8 hours) WHMIS = Worker Hazardous Materials Information System (Canada)

#### Disclaimer:

The information presented in this Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) d on data believed to be accurate as of the issuance date of this MSDS. No warranty is expressed or implied for the accuracy or completeness of the above provided information. Petrocom Energy Group, LLC does not assume any liability for any damage or injury arising out of product use by others. The end user of the product has the responsibility for evaluating the accuracy of the data, an determining the safety, toxicity and suitability of the product under any conditions.



# **Material Safety Data Sheet**



# 1. Product and company identification

Product name	DIESEL FUEL NO. 2
Product name	DIESEL FUEL NO. 2
MSDS #	11155
Code	11155
Product use	Fuel.
Synonyms	Ultra Low Sulfur No. 2 Amoco Premier Diesel Fuel, Ultra Low Sulfur No. 2 Amoco Premier Diesel Fuel – Winterized, Ultra Low Sulfur No. 2 BP Supreme Diesel, Low Sulfur No. 2 BP Diesel Fuel, Ultra Low Sulfur No. 2 BP Diesel Fuel, Ultra Low Sulfur No. 2 BP Diesel Fuel – Winterized
Supplier	BP Products North America Inc. 150 West Warrenville Road Naperville, Illinois 60563-8460 USA
EMERGENCY HEALTH	1 (800) 447-8735
	Outside the US: +1 703-527-3887 (CHEMTREC)
EMERGENCY SPILL INFORMATION:	1 (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC (USA)
OTHER PRODUCT INFORMATION	1 (866) 4 BP - MSDS (866-427-6737 Toll Free - North America) email: bpcares@bp.com

# 2. Hazards identification

Physical state	Liquid.
Color	Colorless. to Various Colors. (May be dyed Red., Light Green., Yellow.)
Emergency overview	WARNING ! #2
	COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. VAPOR MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. ASPIRATION HAZARD. HARMFUL OR FATAL IF LIQUID IS ASPIRATED INTO LUNGS. MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. INHALATION CAUSES HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, DROWSINESS, AND NAUSEA, AND MAY LEAD TO UNCONSCIOUSNESS.
	Combustible liquid. Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If ingested, do not induce vomiting. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Contains material which may cause cancer, based on animal data. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Routes of entry	Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.
Potential health effects	
Eyes	Slightly irritating to the eyes.
Skin	Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.
Inhalation	May cause respiratory tract irritation. Inhalation causes headaches, dizziness, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness. See toxicological information (section 11).

Product name	DIESEL FUEL NO. 2	Product code	11155	Page: 1/8
Version 2	Date of issue 07/20/2010.	Format US-COMP		Language ENGLISH.
		(US-COMP)		(ENGLISH)

Harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. See toxicological information (section 11).

See toxicological information (section 11)

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	CAS #	%
Petroleum distillates (Diesel Fuel No. 2)	68476-34-6	95 - 100
Contains one or more of the following biodiesels: soybean oil, me ester Fatty acids, sunflower-oil, Me esters Fatty acids methyl esters Fatty acids, vegetable-oil, Methyl esters rape oil, me ester Fatty acids, canola-oil, Me esters fatty acids, tallow, me esters	Varies 67784-80-9 68919-54-0 67762-38-3 68990-52-3 73891-99-3 129828-16-6 61788-61-2	0 - 5
Contains: Naphthalene May also contain small quantities of proprietary performance additives.	91-20-3	1 - 3

# 4. First aid measures

5. Fire-fighting	g measures	Section	G
Ingestion	Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediate		
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.	s difficult,	
Skin contact	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoe clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if develops.		
Eye contact	In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Ge attention.	t medical	

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product	Combustible liquid.
Auto-ignition temperature	257°C (494°F)
Flash point	Closed cup: >38°C (>100.4°F) [Pensky-Martens.]
Explosion limits	Lower: 0.6% Upper: 7.5%
<b>Fire/explosion hazards</b> Combustible liquid and vapor. Vapor may cause flash fire. Vapors may accumulate i confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. F sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.	
Unusual fire/explosion hazards	Explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.
Extinguishing media	
Suitable	In case of fire, use water fog, foam, dry chemicals, or carbon dioxide.
Not suitable	Do not use water jet.
Fire-fighting procedures	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Hazardous combustion products	Combustion products may include the following: carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide)
Protective clothing (fire)	

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Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Do not use water jet.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).				
Personal protection in case of a large spill	Chemical splash goggles. Chemical-resistant protective suit. Boots. Chemical-resistant gloves. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Suggested protective clothing might not be adequate. Consult a specialist before handling this product. CAUTION: The protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, if exposure levels are not known, or if concentrations exceed the protection limits of air-purifying respirator.				
Methods for cleaning up					
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Eliminate all ignition sources. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.				
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Eliminate all ignition sources. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.				

#### 7. Handling and storage

Handling	Do not ingest. Never siphon by mouth. If ingested, do not induce vomiting. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilation <b>protection</b> and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.
Storage	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational ex	xposure limits						
Ingredient name	e	C	Occupational exposure limits ACGIH TLV (United States). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as total hydrocarbons) 8 hour(s). Issued/Revised: 1/2002 Form: Total hydrocarbons				
Petroleum distilla	ates						
Naphthalene		A	ACGIH TLV (United States STEL: 79 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute STEL: 15 ppm 15 minute(s TWA: 52 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hour(s). Is DSHA PEL (United States) TWA: 50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).	). (s). Issued/Revise ). Issued/Revised: Issued/Revised: 5/ sued/Revised: 5/	1: 5/1996 5/1996 1996	6	
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#### TWA: 10 ppm 8 hour(s). Issued/Revised: 6/1993

While specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapor or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for guidance only.

#### Some states may enforce more stringent exposure limits. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other Control Measures engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, Hygiene measures smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. **Personal protection** Avoid contact with eyes. Safety glasses with side shields. Eyes Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wear suitable protective clothing. Skin and body Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not breathe vapor or mist. If ventilation is inadequate, use Respiratory a NIOSH-certified respirator with an organic vapor cartridge and P95 particulate filter. CAUTION: The protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, if exposure levels are not known, or if concentrations exceed the protection limits of air-purifying respirator. Hands Wear gloves that cannot be penetrated by chemicals or oil. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the gloves (even the best chemically resistant glove will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Most gloves provide only a short time of protection before they must be discarded and replaced. Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Gloves should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions. Consult your supervisor or Standard Operating Procedure (S.O.P) for special handling instructions.

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Liquid.	
Color	Colorless. to Various Colors. (May be dyed Red., Light Green. , Yellow. )	
Odor	Petroleum	
Flash point	Closed cup: >38°C (>100.4°F) [Pensky-Martens.]	
Explosion limits	Lower: 0.6% Upper: 7.5%	
Auto-ignition temperature	257°C (494°F)	
Specific gravity	<1 [Water = 1]	
Density	820 to 875 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (0.82 to 0.875 g/cm <sup>3</sup> )	
Viscosity	Kinematic: 1.7 to 4.1 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (1.7 to 4.1 cSt) at 40°C	
Solubility	negligible <0.1%	

#### 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatibility with various substances	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials, acids and alkalis. halogenated compounds.

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**Hazardous polymerization** 

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

#### 11. Toxicological information

#### Acute toxicity

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Naphthalene	2B	Possible	-
fuel, diesel no. 2	3	-	

IARC :

2B - Possible carcinogen to human.

Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

#### NTP :

Possible - Reasonably anticipated to be human carcinogens.

Other Toxicity Data

Aspiration of this product into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonia and can be fatal. Aspiration into the lungs can occur while vomiting after ingestion of this product. Do not siphon by mouth.

Middle distillate: From skin-painting studies of petroleum distillates of similar composition and distillate range, it has been shown that these types of materials often possess weak carcinogenic activity in laboratory animals. In these tests, the material is painted on the shaved backs of mice twice a week for their lifetime. The material is not washed off between applications. Therefore, there may be a potential risk of skin cancer from prolonged or repeated skin contact with this product in the absence of good personal hygiene. This particular product has not been tested for carcinogenic activity, but we have chosen to be cautious in light of the findings with other distillate streams.

Occasional skin contact with this product is not expected to have serious effects, but good personal hygiene should be practiced and repeated skin contact avoided. This product can also be expected to produce skin irritation upon prolonged or repeated skin contact. Personal hygiene measures taken to prevent skin irritation are expected to be adequate to prevent risk of skin cancer.

Diesel exhaust particulates have been classified by the National Toxicological Program (NTP) to be a reasonably anticipated human carcinogen. Exposure should be minimized to risk.

Naphthalene has been reported to cause developmental toxicity in mice after oral exposure to relatively high dose levels, but developmental toxicity was not observed in NTP (National Toxicology Program) sponsored studies in rats and rabbits. Ingestion or inhalation of naphthalene can result in hemolysis and other blood abnormalities, and individuals (and infants) deficient in glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase may be especially susceptible to these effects. Inhalation of naphthalene may cause headache and nausea. Airborne exposure can result in eye irritation. Naphthalene exposure has been associated with cataracts in animals and humans.

#### Other information

#### Potential chronic health effects

Carcinogenicity

Contains material which may cause cancer, based on animal data. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

#### 12. Ecological information

#### Ecotoxicity

No testing has been performed by the manufacturer.

Mobility Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.

**Bioaccumulative potential** This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

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#### 13. Disposal considerations

#### Waste information

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

NOTE: The generator of waste has the responsibility for proper waste identification (based on characteristic(s) or listing), transportation and disposal

### 14. Transport information

International transport regulations

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#### 15. Regulatory information

#### U.S. Federal Regulations **United States inventory** All components are listed or exempted. (TSCA 8b) TSCA 12(b) one-time export: Naphthalene SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Naphthalene SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: DIESEL FUEL NO. 2: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard **SARA 313** Product name **CAS** number Concentration Form R - Reporting Naphthalene 91-20-3 1.0035 - 3.0111 requirements 91-20-3 Supplier notification Naphthalene 1.0035 - 3.0111 CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: o-Xylene: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); Naphthalene: 100 lbs. (45.4 kg); **CERCLA Sections** benzo[def]chrysene: 1 lb. (0.454 kg); Ethylbenzene: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); xylene: 100 lbs. (45.4 kg); 102a/103 Hazardous Cumene: 5000 lbs. (2270 kg); Phenol: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); Benzene: 10 lbs. (4.54 kg); Alkylaryl Substances (40 CFR sulfonic acid: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); Toluene: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); Methanol: 5000 lbs. (2270 kg); 2-Part 302.4): Butoxyethanol:

#### State regulations

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Massachusetts Substances	The following components are listed: NAPHTHALENE
New Jersey Hazardous Substances	The following components are listed: DIESEL FUEL; # 2 HEATING OIL; NAPHTHALENE; MOTH FLAKES
Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances	The following components are listed: NAPHTHALENE
California Prop. 65	<b>WARNING:</b> This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. Naphthalene; Ethylbenzene; benzo[def]chrysene
	<b>WARNING:</b> This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. Toluene
	<b>WARNING:</b> This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. Benzene
	Prop 65 chemicals will result under certain conditions from the use of this material. For example, burning fuels produces combustion products including diesel exhaust, a Prop 65 carcinogen, and carbon monoxide, a Prop 65 reproductive toxin.
Inventories	
Canada inventory	Not determined.
Europe inventory	At least one component is not listed.
Australia inventory (AICS)	At least one component is not listed.
China inventory (IECSC)	Not determined.
Japan inventory (ENCS)	At least one component is not listed.
Korea inventory (KECI)	At least one component is not listed.
Philippines inventory (PICCS)	At least one component is not listed.

### 16. Other information

Label requirements	WARNING !			<b>Section</b>
	MAY CAUSE RESPIRATO	ASH FIRE. ED. LIQUID IS ASPIRATED INTO LI DRY TRACT IRRITATION. EADACHES, DIZZINESS, DRO\		#
HMIS® Rating :	Health * 1 Flammability 2 Physical 0 Hazard Personal X protection	National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)	Health	Fire hazard Instability Specific hazard
History				
Date of issue	07/20/2010.			
Date of previous issue	07/20/2010.			
Prepared by	Product Stewardship			
Notice to reader				
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All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure this data sheet and the health, safety and environmental information contained in it is accurate as of the date specified below. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet.

The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from us.

It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The BP Group shall not be responsible for any damage or injury resulting from use, other than the stated product use of the material, from any failure to adhere to recommendations, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material. Purchasers of the product for supply to a third party for use at work, have a duty to take all necessary steps to ensure that any person handling or using the product is provided with the information in this sheet. Employers have a duty to tell employees and others who may be affected of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken.



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# Material Safety Data Sheet Diesel Low Sulfur (LSD) and Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel (ULSD)



### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

Emergency Overview	
Regulatory status	: This material is considered hazardous by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Signal Word	: WARNING
Hazard Summary	: Toxic. Combustible Liquid
Potential Health Effects	
Eyes	: Eye irritation may result from contact with liquid, mists, and/or vapors.
Inhalation	: Vapors or mists from this material can irritate the nose, throat, and lungs, and can cause signs and symptoms of central nervous system depression, depending on the concentration and duration of exposure.
Skin	: Skin irritation leading to dermatitis may occur upon prolonged or repeated contact. Liquid may be absorbed through the skin in toxic amounts if large areas of skin are repeatedly exposed. Long-term, repeated skin contact may cause skin cancer
Ingestion	: Harmful or fatal if swallowed. Do NOT induce vomiting. This material can irritate the mouth, throat, stomach, and cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and restlessness Aspiration hazard if liquid is inhaled into lungs, particularly from vomiting after ingestion. Aspiration may result in chemical pneumonia, severe lung damage, respiratory failure and even death.

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETDiesel Low Sulfur (LSD) and Ultra Low SulfurPage 2 of 10Diesel (ULSD)Page 2 of 10

**Target Organs** 

: Central nervous system, Eyes, Skin, Kidney, Liver

### SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS-No.	Weight %
Fuels, diesel, No 2; Gasoil - unspecified	68476-34-6	100%
Nonane	111-84-2	0 - 5%
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0 - 1%
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	0 - 2%
Xylene	1330-20-7	0 - 2%
Sulfur	7704-34-9	15 ppm maximum

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES		
Inhalation	: Move to fresh air. Give oxygen. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Seek medical attention immediately.	
Skin contact	: Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. If <b>Section</b>	
Eye contact	: Remove contact lenses. Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.	
Ingestion	: Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. If a person vomits when lying on his back, place him in the recovery position. Seek medical attention immediately.	
Notes to physician	: Symptoms: Dizziness, Discomfort, Headache, Nausea, Disorder, Vomiting, Lung edema, Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis, Liver disorders, Kidney disorders.	

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#### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Form	:	Liquid
Flash point	:	38 ℃ Minimum for #1 Diesel, 52 ℃ Minimum for #2 Diesel
Auto Ignition temperature	:	257 ℃ (495 °F)
Lower explosive limit	:	0.6 %(V)
Upper explosive limit	:	4.7 %(V)
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Carbon dioxide (CO2), Water spray, Dry chemical, Foam, Keep containers and surroundings cool with water spray.
Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Fire Hazard Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Use personal protective equipment.
Further information	:	Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health. Isolate area around container involved in fire. Cool tanks, shells, and containers exposed to fire and excessive heat with water. For massive fires the use of unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles may be advantageous to further minimize personnel exposure. Major fires may require withdrawal, allowing the tank to burn. Large storage tank fires typically require specially trained personnel and equipment to extinguish the fire, often including the need for properly applied fire fighting foam.

### SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions	:	Evacuate nonessential personnel and remove or secure all ignition sources. Consider wind direction; stay upwind and uphill, if possible. Evaluate the direction of product travel, diking, sewers, etc. to contain spill areas. Spills may infiltrate subsurface soil and groundwater; professional assistance may be necessary to determine the extent of subsurface impact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment.		
Environmental precautions	:	Carefully contain and stop the source of the spill, if safe to do so. Protect bodies of water by diking, absorbents, or absorbent boom, if possible. Do not flush down sewer or drainage systems, unless system is designed and permitted to handle such material. The use of fire fighting foam may be useful in certain situations to reduce vapors. The proper use of water spray may effectively disperse product vapors or the liquid itself, preventing contact with ignition sources or areas/equipment that require protection. Discharge into the environment effective authorities.	n	<b>(</b> #3
Methods for cleaning up	:	Take up with sand or oil absorbing materials. Carefully shovel, scoop or sweep up into a waste container for reclamation or disposal - caution, flammable vapors may accumulate in closed containers. Response and clean-up crews must be properly trained and must utilize proper protective equipment (see Section 8).		

SECTION 7. HANDLING A	ND	STORAGE
Handling	:	Keep away from fire, sparks and heated surfaces. No smoking near areas where material is stored or handled. The product should only be stored and handled in areas with intrinsically safe electrical classification.
Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	<ul> <li>Hydrocarbon liquids including this product can act as a non-conductive flammable liquid (or static accumulators), and may form ignitable vapor-air mixtures in storage tanks or other containers. Precautions to prevent static-initated fire or explosion during transfer, storage or handling, include but are not limited to these examples:</li> <li>(1) Ground and bond containers during product transfers. Grounding and bonding may not be adequate protection to prevent ignition or explosion of hydrocarbon liquids and vapors that are static accumulators.</li> <li>(2) Special slow load procedures for "switch loading" must be followed to avoid the static ignition hazard that can exist when higher flash point material (such as fuel oil or diesel) is loaded into tanks previously containing low flash point products (such gasoline or naphtha).</li> <li>(3) Storage tank level floats must be effectively bonded.</li> <li>For more information on precautions to prevent static-initated fire or explosion, see NFPA 77, Recommended Practice on Static Electricity (2007), and API</li> </ul>

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		Recommended Practice 2003, Protection Against Ignitions Arising Out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents (2008).
Dust explosion class	:	Not applicable
Requirements for storage areas and containers	:	Keep away from flame, sparks, excessive temperatures and open flame. Use approved containers. Keep containers closed and clearly labeled. Empty or partially full product containers or vessels may contain explosive vapors. Do not pressurize, cut, heat, weld or expose containers to sources of ignition. Store in a well-ventilated area. The storage area should comply with NFPA 30 "Flammable and Combustible Liquid Code". The cleaning of tanks previously containing this product should follow API Recommended Practice (RP) 2013 "Cleaning Mobile Tanks In Flammable and Combustible Liquid Service" and API RP 2015 "Cleaning Petroleum Storage Tanks".
Other data	:	Emergency eye wash capability should be available in the near proximity to operations presenting a potential splash exposure.
Advice on common storage		Keep away from food, drink and animal feed. Incompatible with oxidizing agents. Incompatible with acids.

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# SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Exposure Guidelines**

List	Components		CAS-No.	Туре:	Value	
OSHA Z1	Xylene		1330-20-7	PEL	100 ppm 435 mg/m3	
	Naphthalene		91-20-3	PEL	10 ppm 50 mg/m3	
ACGIH	Diesel Fuel		68476-30-2	TWA	100 mg/m3	
	Xylene		1330-20-7	TWA	100 ppm	
			1330-20-7	STEL	150 ppm	
	Naphthalene		91-20-3	TWA	10 ppm	
			91-20-3	STEL	15 ppm	
	Nonane		111-84-2	TWA	200 ppm	
Engineering measures		below space	occupational ex	posure and flai	and vapor concentrations of this product mmability limits, particularly in confined ectrical equipment approved for use in	
		ty glasses or goggles are recommended where there is a possibility of shing or spraying.				
			oves constructed of nitrile, neoprene, or PVC are recommended. Consult unufacturer specifications for further information.			
Skin and body protection : If need		eded to prevent skin contact, chemical protective clothing such as of DuPont				

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Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>TyChem®, Saranex or equivalent recommended based on degree of exposure. The resistance of specific material may vary from product to product as well as with degree of exposure.</li> <li>A NIOSH/ MSHA-approved air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are or may be expected to exceed exposure limits or for odor or irritation. Protection provided by air-purifying respirators is limited. Refer to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, ANSI Z88.2-1992, NIOSH Respirator Decision Logic, and the manufacturer for additional guidance on respiratory protection selection. Use a NIOSH/ MSHA-approved positive-pressure supplied-air respirator if there is a potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, in oxygen-deficient atmospheres, or any other circumstance where an air-purifying respirator may not provide adequate protection.</li> </ul>
Work / Hygiene practices	: Emergency eye wash capability should be available in the near proximity to operations presenting a potential splash exposure. Use good personal hygiene practices. Avoid repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking, or using toilet facilities. Do not use as a cleaning solvent on the skin. Do not use solvents or harsh abrasive skin cleaners for washing this product from exposed skin areas. Waterless hand cleaners are effective. Promptly remove contaminated clothing and launder before reuse. Use care when laundering to prevent the formation of flammable vapors which could ignite via washer or dryer. Consider the need to discard contaminated leather shoes and gloves.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL	AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES	Section G
Form	: Liquid	#3
Appearance	: Clear, straw colored	
Odor	: Characteristic petroleum (kerosene) odor	
Flash point - typical	: 38 ℃ Minimum for #1 Diesel, 52 ℃ Minimum for #2 Diesel	
Auto Ignition temperature	: 257 ℃ (495 °F)	
Thermal decomposition	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.	
Lower explosive limit	: 0.6 %(V)	
Upper explosive limit	: 4.7 %(V)	
рН	: Not applicable	
Freezing point	: No data available	
Boiling point	: 154 - 372 °C(310° - 702 °F)	
Vapor Pressure	: < 2 mm Hg at 20 ℃	
Density	: <b>0.86</b> g/cm3	
Water solubility	: Negligible	
Viscosity, dynamic	: 1.7 - 40 mPa.s at 37.8 ℃ (100.0 ℉)	

Percent Volatiles	:	100 %		
Conductivity (conductivity can be reduced by environmental factors such as a decrease in temperature		Diesel Fuel Oils at terminal load rack: Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel (ULSD) without conductivity additive: ULSD at terminal load rack with conductivity additive: conductivity may decrease from environmental factors such JP-8 at terminal load rack:	At least 50 pS/m but	

#### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid high temperatures, open flames, sparks, welding, smoking and other ignition sources. Keep away from strong oxidizers. Viton ${ m I}$ ; Fluorel ${ m I}$
Materials to avoid	:	Strong oxidizing agents. Peroxides
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and noncombusted hydrocarbons (smoke). Diesel exhaust particulates may be a lung hazard - see Section 11.
Thermal decomposition	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Hazardous reactions	:	Keep away from oxidizing agents, and acidic or alkaline products.

### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<b>Carcinogenicity</b>		
NTP	: Naphthalene (CAS-No.: 91-20-3)	G
IARC	: Naphthalene (CAS-No.: 91-20-3)	
OSHA	: No component of this product which is present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1 % is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.	#3
CA Prop 65	: WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. naphthalene (CAS-No.: 91-20-3)	
Skin irritation	: Irritating to skin.	
Eye irritation	: Irritating to eyes.	
Further information	<ul> <li>Studies have shown that similar products produce skin cancer or skin tumors in laboratory animals following repeated applications without washing or removal. The significance of this finding to human exposure has not been determined. Other studies with active skin carcinogens have shown that washing the animal's skin with soap and water between applications reduced tumor formation. Positive mutagenicity results have been reported. Repeated over-exposure may cause liver and kidney injury IARC classifies whole diesel fuel exhaust particulates as probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A). NIOSH regards whole diesel fuel exhaust particulates as a potential cause of occupational lung cancer based on animal studies and limited evidence in humans.</li> </ul>	
Component:		
Fuels, diesel, No 2; Gasoil - unspecified	68476-34-6 <u>Acute oral toxicity:</u> LD50 rat Dose: 5,001 mg/kg	
	Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 rabbit	

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETDiesel Low Sulfur (LSD) and Ultra Low SulfurPage 7 of 10Diesel (ULSD)Page 7 of 10

		Dose: 2,001 mg/kg	
		<u>Acute inhalation toxicity: L</u> C50 rat Dose: 7.64 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h	
		<u>Skin irritation:</u> Classification: Irritating to skin. Result: Severe skin irritation	
		Eve irritation: Classification: Irritating to eyes. Result: Mild eye irritation	
Nonane	111-84-2	<u>Acute oral toxicity:</u> LD50 mouse Dose: 218 mg/kg	
		<u>Acute inhalation toxicity:</u> LC50 rat Exposure time: 4 h	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	<u>Acute oral toxicity:</u> LD50 rat Dose: 2,001 mg/kg	
		<u>Acute dermal toxicity:</u> LD50 rat Dose: 2,501 mg/kg	
		<u>Acute inhalation toxicity: L</u> C50 rat Dose: 101 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h	
		<u>Skin irritation:</u> Classification: Irritating to skin. Result: Mild skin irritation	
		Eye irritation: Classification: Irritating to eyes. Result: Mild eye irritation	
		Carcinogenicity: N11.00422130	ng
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	<u>Acute inhalation toxicity:</u> LC50 rat Dose: 18 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h	#3
		<u>Skin irritation:</u> Classification: Irritating to skin. Result: Skin irritation	
		Eve irritation: Classification: Irritating to eyes. Result: Eye irritation	
Xylene	1330-20-7	<u>Acute oral toxicity:</u> LD50 rat Dose: 2,840 mg/kg	
		<u>Acute dermal toxicity:</u> LD50 rabbit Dose: ca. 4,500 mg/kg	
		<u>Acute inhalation toxicity:</u> LC50 rat Dose: 6,350 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h	
		<u>Skin irritation:</u> Classification: Irritating to skin. Result: Mild skin irritation Repeated or prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation and dermatitis, due to degreasing properties of the product. <u>Eye irritation:</u> Classification: Irritating to eyes. Result: Mild eye irritation	

#### SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Additional ecological

: Keep out of sewers, drainage areas, and waterways. Report spills and releases, as

#### Diesel Low Sulfur (LSD) and Ultra Low Sulfur Page 8 of 10 MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET Diesel (ULSD)

information	applicable,	under Federal and State regulations.
Component:		
Naphthalene	91-20-3	<u>Toxicity to algae:</u> EC50 Species: Dose: 33 mg/l Exposure time: 24 h
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	<u>Toxicity to fish:</u> LC50 Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) Dose: 7.72 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h <u>Acute and prolonged toxicity for aquatic invertebrates:</u> EC50 Species: Daphnia Dose: 3.6 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h

#### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal

\_ \_ \_

: In accordance with local and national regulations.

CFR			
	Proper shipping name UN-No. Class Packing group	: DIESEL FUEL : UN1202 (NA 1993) : 3 : III	<u>Section</u>
TDG			
	Proper shipping name UN-No. Class Packing group	: DIESEL FUEL : UN1202 (NA 1993) : 3 : III	
IATA Car	go Transport		
	UN UN-No. Description of the goods Class	: UN1202 (NA 1993) : DIESEL FUEL : 3	
	Packaging group ICAO-Labels Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	: III : 3 : 366 : Y344	
IATA Pas	senger Transport		
	UN UN-No. Description of the goods Class	: UN1202 (NA 1993) : DIESEL FUEL : 3	
	Packaging group	: 111	

	ICAO-Labels Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	3 355 Y344
IMDG-Code			
	UN-No.	:	UN 1202 (NA 1993)
	Description of the goods	:	DIESEL FUEL
	Class	:	3
	Packaging group	:	
	IMDG-Labels	:	3
	EmS Number	:	F-E S-E
	Marine pollutant	:	No

### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

OSHA Hazards	: Combustible Liquid Moderate skin irritant Moderate eye irritant Toxic by ingestion POSSIBLE CANCER HAZARD	
	<b>CERCLA SECTION 103 and SARA SECTION 304 (RELEASE TO THE ENVIROMENT)</b> The CERCLA definition of hazardous substances contains a "petroleum exclusion" clause which exempts crude oil. Fractions of crude oil, and products (both finished and intermedia <b>Stepting</b> oil refining process and any indigenous components of such from the CERCLA Section 105 reporting requirements. However, other federal reporting requirements, including SARA Section 304, as well as the Clean Water Act may still apply.	n G #3
TSCA Status	: On TSCA Inventory	
DSL Status	: All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL list.	
SARA 311/312 Hazards	: Fire Hazard Acute Health Hazard Chronic Health Hazard	
SARA III	US. EPA Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act (EPCRA) SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Chemicals (40 CFR 372.65) - Supplier Notification Required	
<u>Components</u>	CAS-No.	
Xylene	1330-20-7	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	
PENN RTK	US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law (34 Pa. Code Chap. 301-323)	
<u>Components</u>	CAS-No.	
Nonane	111-84-2	

Naphthalene		91-20-3		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzen	e	95-63-6		
xylene		1330-20-7		
Fuels, diesel, No 2; Ga	soil - unspecified	68476-34-6		
MASS RTK	US. Massachusetts Commonwealth's Section 670.000)	Right-to-Know Law (Appendix A to 105 Code of Massachusetts Reg	julations	
Components		CAS-No.		
Xylene		1330-20-7		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzen	e	95-63-6		
Naphthalene		91-20-3		
Nonane		111-84-2		
NJ RTK	US. New Jersey Worker and Commu	ity Right-to-Know Act (New Jersey Statute Annotated Section 34:5A	5)	
<u>Components</u>		CAS-No.		
Nonane		111-84-2		
Naphthalene		91-20-3		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzen	e	95-63-6		
Xylene		1330-20-7	4 -	
Fuels, diesel, No 2; Ga	soil - unspecified	68476-34-6 <b>Se</b>	ection	
California Prop. 65	: WARNING! This pro cause cancer.	duct contains a chemical known to the State of Californ	ia to	
	Naphthalene	91-20-3		

G

#3

#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Further information

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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		12/01/2011

1153, 1250, 1443, 1454, 1814, 1815, 1866, 1925





MAPP GAS (Petroleum Gas, MAPD)

### Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product name	: MAPP GAS (Petroleum Gas, MAPD)
Supplier	: AIRGAS INC., on behalf of its subsidiaries 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
Synonym MSDS #	<ul> <li>MAP,MAPP,Methyacetylene-Propadiene, Mixture of Methylacetylene and Propadiene</li> <li>002015</li> </ul>
Date of Preparation/Revision	: 4/1/2013.
In case of emergency	: 1-866-734-3438

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Physical state	:	Gas.	
Emergency overview	:	DANGER!	
		FLAMMABLE GAS. MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.	
		Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Contains material that can cause target organ damage. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container closed.	G
		Contact with rapidly expanding gases can cause frostbite.	
Target organs	:	Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: the nervous	#4
Devide of ender		system, central nervous system (CNS).	
Routes of entry		Inhalation	
Potential acute health effects			
Eyes		Liquid or cold gas may cause frostbites.	
Skin		Liquid or cold gas may cause frostbites.	
Inhalation		Acts as a simple asphyxiant.	
Ingestion	÷	Ingestion is not a normal route of exposure for gases	
Potential chronic health effec	ts		
Carcinogenicity	1	See ACGIH Carcinogen classification.	
Target organs	:	Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes.	
		Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: the nervous system, central nervous system (CNS).	
Medical conditions aggravated by over- exposure	:	Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.	
See toxicological information	(\$	Section 11)	

### Section 3. Composition, Information on Ingredients

Name Dreputane	CAS number		Exposure limits	
Propylene	115-07-1	40 - 50	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2005).	
Methyl Acetylene	74-99-7	27 - 33	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hour(s). Form: All forms ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 1640 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 1650 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hour(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006). TWA: 1650 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1650 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).	
1,2-Propadiene (Allene)	463-49-0	13 - 15	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). <b>TLV (Philippines, 1/1978).</b> TLV: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TLV: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). <b>Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea, 6/2008).</b> STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 2250 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).	
Isobutane	75-28-5	2 - 5	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/259). TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). TWA: 800 ppm 10 hour(s).	<u>n G</u> #4
N-Butane	106-97-8	2 - 5	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). TWA: 800 ppm 10 hour(s). OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 800 ppm 8 hour(s).	
Propane	74-98-6	1 - 5	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hour(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006). TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).	

### Section 4. First aid measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### **Eye contact**

: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. DO NOT remove contact lenses, if worn. Obtain medical attention without delay, preferably from an ophthalmologist.

MAPP GAS (Petroleum Gas, MAPD)			
Skin contact	<ul> <li>Immediately warm frostbite area with warm water (not to exceed 40.5 C, 105F). Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention.</li> </ul>		
Frostbite	: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.		
Inhalation	<ul> <li>Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.</li> </ul>		
Ingestion	: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.		

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

The second state of the second state of	
Flammability of the product	: Flammable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Lowest known value: 286.85°C (548.3°F) (Butane).
Flash point	: Lowest known value: Closed cup: -108.15°C (-162.7°F). (propylene)
Flammable limits	: Lower: 2% Upper: 13%
Products of combustion	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Fire-fighting media and instructions	: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam or dry chemical.
	In case of fire, allow gas to burn if flow cannot be shut off immediately. Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk.
	Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst or explode. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained preating apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> </ul>

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (section 8). Shut off gas supply if this can be done safely. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Methods for cleaning up	: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Handling	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. High pressure gas. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Keep container closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. To avoid fire, eliminate ignition sources. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
Storage	: Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Segregate from oxidizing materials. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Personal protection		
Eyes	<ul> <li>Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. Monogoggles.</li> </ul>	
Skin	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Neoprene and Nitrile (NBR).</li> </ul>	
Respiratory	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.	
	The applicable standards are (US) 29 CFR 1910.134 and (Canada) Z94.4-93	
Hands	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.	
Personal protection in case of a large spill	: Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used to avoid inhalation of the product.	
Product name		
propylene Propyne	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hour(s). ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2005). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hour(s). Form: All forms ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 1640 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 1640 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).	<u>n G</u> #4
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).</b> TWA: 1650 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hour(s). <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006).</b> TWA: 1650 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). <b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> TWA: 1650 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).	
allene	TLV (Philippines, 1/1978).         TLV: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).         TLV: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).         Ministry of Labor (Republic of Korea, 6/2008).         STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minute(s).         STEL: 2250 mg/m³ 15 minute(s).         TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).         TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).	
Isobutane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). TWA: 800 ppm 10 hour(s).	
Butane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). TWA: 800 ppm 10 hour(s). OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).	

	TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).	
	TWA: 800 ppm 8 hour(s).	
Propane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).	
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).	
	NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).	
	TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s).	
	TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hour(s).	
	OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006).	
	TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).	
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).	
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).	
	TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).	
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).	

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Molecular weight	: 42 g/mol
Melting/freezing point	<ul> <li>-102.8°C (-153°F) This is based on data for the following ingredient: Propyne. Weighted average: -152.56°C (-242.6°F)</li> </ul>
Critical temperature	: Lowest known value: 91.9°C (197.4°F) (propylene).
Vapor density	: Highest known value: 2 (Air = 1) (Isobutane). Weighted average: 1.47 (Air = 1)
Gas Density (lb/ft <sup>3</sup> )	: Weighted average: 0.2

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity	: The product is stable. Conditions to avoid: Stable as mixed; however, contains unstable materials (methylacetylene and propadiene). Weathering off (evaporation of light components) may allow concentration of the methylacetylene and propadiene to reach contraction which would make mixture unstable on heating. Avoid heating of mixture lights that could cause lighter materials to weather off(evaporate).	<b>G</b> #4
Incompatibility with various substances	<ul> <li>Extremely reactive or incompatible with oxidizing agents. Reactive with metals.</li> <li>[Additionally, avoid contact with acetylide-forming metals (copper,silver and mercury). Copper alloys (such as brass) containing sixty six percent (66%) or more of copper should not be exposed to MAPD.</li> </ul>	#4
Hazardous decomposition products	<ul> <li>Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.</li> </ul>	
Hazardous polymerization	: May Occur.	
	Conditions to Avoid: Elevated tempertures and pressures. Polymerization catalysts, such as metal alkyls, can cause uncontrolled polymerization. Contamination with oxygen can cause propadiene to form hazardous peroxides.	
	INHIBITORS/STABILIZERS	
	An ihibitor is added to the MAPD mixture to prevent potential unstable peroxide formation. Butanes (iso and/or normal) are also added to the MAPD mixture to prevent potential concentration of the methylacetylene and propadiene from reaching concentration levels that would render the mixture unstable in case of weathering off (evaporation of light components).	

### Section 11. Toxicological information

<u>Toxicity data</u> Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	

MAPP GAS (Petroleum Gas	, MAPD)				
Isobutane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m3	4 hours	
	LC <sup>5</sup> 0 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	57 pph	15 minutes	
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	570000 ppm	15 minutes	
Butane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m3	4 hours	
Propane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	>800000 ppm	15 minutes	
Chronic effects on humans	: CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS ACGIH [Petroleum Gas, Liqu		•	mans or animals.) by	
Specific effects					
Carcinogenic effects	: See ACGIH Carcinogen clas	sification.			
Mutagenic effects	: No known significant effects	or critical haz	zards.		
Reproduction toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				

### Section 12. Ecological information

Aquatic ecotoxicity	
Not available.	
Products of degradation	: Products of degradation: carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ) and water.
Environmental fate	: Not available.
Environmental hazards	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Toxicity to the environment	: Not available.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

Product removed from the cylinder must be disposed of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State Section G regulation.Return cylinders with residual product to Airgon Inc. Do not fill regulation.Return cylinders with residual product to Airgas, Inc.Do not dispose of locally.

### Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	Packing group	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1060	Methyl Acetylene and Propadiene mixtures, stabilized	2.1	Not applicable (gas).	PLANMARE GAS	-
TDG Classification	UN1060	Methyl Acetylene and Propadiene mixtures, stabilized	2.1	Not applicable (gas).		Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125 ERAP Index 3000 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden
Mexico Classification	UN1060	Methyl Acetylene and Propadiene mixtures, stabilized	2.1	Not applicable (gas).	PLANMARE CAS	-

MAPP GAS (Petroleum Gas, MAPD)

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **United States**

United States								
U.S. Federal regulations	: United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	: All components are listed or	exempted.					
	SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: propylene; Isobutane; Butane; allene;							
	Propyne; Propane	Propyne; Propane						
	SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - propylene: Fire hazard, Sudden relea release of pressure; Butane: Fire haz hazard, Sudden release of pressure; hazard, Sudden release of pressure	ise of pressure; Isobutane: Fire ard, Sudden release of pressu	e hazard, Sudden ıre; allene: Fire					
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No pro	ducts were found.						
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No pro	ducts were found.						
	<b>Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated</b> f Butane; allene; Propyne; Propane	flammable substances: prop	ylene; Isobutane;					
	Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated t	toxic substances: No produc	ts were found.					
<u>SARA 313</u>								
Form R - Reporting requirements	Product name : Propylene	<u>CAS number</u> 115-07-1	<u>Concentration</u> 40 - 50					
Supplier notification	: Propylene	115-07-1	40 - 50					
SARA 313 notifications musi include copying and redistri	st not be detached from the MSDS and an bution of the notice attached to copies of t	y copying and redistribution of he MSDS subsequently redistr	the MS <b>Sectio</b>	n G				
State regulations	: Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting	g: None of the components are	e listed.	#4				
	Florida substances: None of the con Illinois Chemical Safety Act: None of	Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: None of the components are listed. Florida substances: None of the components are listed. Illinois Chemical Safety Act: None of the components are listed.						
	Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosu listed.		the components are					
	Louisiana Reporting: None of the conception Louisiana Spill: None of the compore							
	Massachusetts Spill: None of the co	omponents are listed.						
	Massachusetts Substances: The for (PROPENE); PROPYNE; ISOBUTAN		: PROPYLENE					
	Michigan Critical Material: None of	the components are listed.						
	Minnesota Hazardous Substances New Jersey Hazardous Substances	•						
	PROPYLENE; 1-PROPENE; METHY	L ACETYLENE; 1-PROPYNE	; PROPADIENE; 1,2-					
	PROPADIENE; Isobutane; PROPANI New Jersey Spill: None of the comp		DPANE					
	New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Pre	vention Act: None of the com						
	New York Acutely Hazardous Subs New York Toxic Chemical Release							
	Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Sub PROPENE; 1-PROPYNE; PROPANE	0 1						
	Rhode Island Hazardous Substanc							
<u>Canada</u>								
WHMIS (Canada)	: Class B1: Flammable Gases Class A: Compressed Gas							
	CEPA DSL: Propylene; Isobutane; Bu CPR Compliance: This product has the inform	been classified with a hazard of						
	and the MSDS contains all the inform	Ialion required for CPR.						

### Section 16. Other information

: FLAMMABLE GAS. MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.
: Class B1: Flammable Gases Class A: Compressed Gas
Health
Flammability 4
Physical hazards 1
: Health 1 Instability Special

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abo supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.



Section G

# Material Safety Data Sheet





## Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product name	: Propane
Supplier	: AIRGAS INC., on behalf of its subsidiaries 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
Synonym	<ul> <li>n-Propane; Dimethylmethane; Freon 290; Liquefied petroleum gas; Lpg; Propyl hydride; R 290; C3H8; UN 1075; UN 1978; A-108; Hydrocarbon propellant.</li> </ul>
MSDS #	: 001045
Date of Preparation/Revision	: 4/26/2011.
In case of emergency	: 1-866-734-3438

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Physical state	:	Gas. [COLORLESS LIQUEFIED COMPRESSED GAS; ODORLESS BUT MAY HAVE SKUNK ODOR ADDED.]	
Emergency overview	:	WARNING!	
		FLAMMABLE GAS. MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.	
		Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not puncture or incinerate correction cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container closed.	o <mark>n G</mark> #5
		Contact with rapidly expanding gases can cause frostbite.	
Target organs	1	May cause damage to the following organs: the nervous system, heart, central nervous system (CNS).	
Routes of entry	:	Inhalation	
Potential acute health effects			
Eyes	:	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.	
Skin	:	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.	
Inhalation	:	Acts as a simple asphyxiant.	
Ingestion	:	Ingestion is not a normal route of exposure for gases	
Potential chronic health effec	ts		
Chronic effects	:	May cause target organ damage, based on animal data.	
Target organs	:	May cause damage to the following organs: the nervous system, heart, central nervous system (CNS).	
Medical conditions aggravated by over- exposure	:	Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.	
See toxicological information	(\$	Section 11)	

Propane

### Section 3. Composition, Information on Ingredients

<u>Name</u>	CAS number	<u>% Volume</u>	Exposure limits
Propane	74-98-6	100	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010).
			TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).
			NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).
			TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 10 hour(s).
			TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hour(s).
			OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).
			TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).
			TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).
			OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
			TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).
			TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).

### Section 4. First aid measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.</li> </ul>
Skin contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
Frostbite	: Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
Inhalation	: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular Section G respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention
Ingestion	#5
Indestion	

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product	:	Flammable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	450°C (842°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: -104°C (-155.2°F). Open cup: -104°C (-155.2°F).
Flammable limits	:	Lower: 2.1% Upper: 9.5%
Products of combustion	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Fire hazards in the presence of various substances	1	Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge and oxidizing materials.
Fire-fighting media and instructions	1	In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam or dry chemical.
		In case of fire, allow gas to burn if flow cannot be shut off immediately. Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk.
Special protective		Contains gas under pressure. Flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing
equipment for fire-fighters	1	apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	:	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (section 8). Shut off gas supply if this can be done safely. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Methods for cleaning up	:	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Handling	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. High pressure gas. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Keep container closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. To avoid fire, eliminate ignition sources. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
Storage	: Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Segregate from oxidizing materials. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-problement <b>G</b> equipment.
Personal protection	#5
Eyes	<ul> <li>Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.</li> </ul>
Skin	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory	<ul> <li>Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.</li> </ul>
	The applicable standards are (US) 29 CFR 1910.134 and (Canada) Z94.4-93
Hands	<ul> <li>Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.</li> </ul>
Personal protection in case of a large spill	: Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used to avoid inhalation of the product.
Product name	
Propane	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hour(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s). OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).

#### TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hour(s).

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Molecular weight	: 44.11 g/mole
Molecular formula	: C3-H8
<b>Boiling/condensation point</b>	: -42°C (-43.6°F)
Melting/freezing point	: -189.7°C (-309.5°F)
Critical temperature	: 96.6°C (205.9°F)
Vapor pressure	: 109 (psig)
Vapor density	: 1.6 (Air = 1)
Specific Volume (ft <sup>3</sup> /lb)	: 8.6206
Gas Density (lb/ft 3)	: 0.116

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity	: The product is stable.
Incompatibility with various substances	: Extremely reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Hazardous polymerization	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

<u>Toxicity data</u> Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose		n C
Propane	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	>800000 ppm	15 minutes	#5
IDLH	: 2100 ppm				#J
Chronic effects on humans	: May cause damage to the for system (CNS).	ollowing organs:	the nervous system, h	eart, central nervous	
Other toxic effects on humans	: No specific information is av this material to humans.	ailable in our da	tabase regarding the o	other toxic effects of	
Specific effects					
Carcinogenic effects	: No known significant effects	or critical hazar	ds.		
Mutagenic effects	: No known significant effects	or critical hazar	ds.		
Reproduction toxicity	: No known significant effects	or critical hazar	ds.		

# Section 12. Ecological information

Aquatic ecotoxicity	
Not available.	

Products of degradation	:	Products of degradation: carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ) and water.
Environmental fate	:	Not available.
Environmental hazards	:	This product shows a low bioaccumulation potential.
Toxicity to the environment	1	Not available.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Product removed from the cylinder must be disposed of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation.Return cylinders with residual product to Airgas, Inc.Do not dispose of locally.

### Section 14. Transport information

Section 14. I	ranspor	Information					
Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	Packing group	Label	Additional information	
DOT Classification	UN1978	PROPANE	2.1	Not applicable (gas).	PLANMABLE GAS	<u>Limited</u> <u>quantity</u> Yes.	
						Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden.	
						<b>Cargo aircraft</b> Quantity limitation: 150 kg	
						<u>Special</u> provisions 19, T50 Secti Explosive	on G
TDG Classification	UN1978	PROPANE	2.1	Not applicable (gas).		Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0.125	#5
						ERAP Index 3000	
						Passenger Carrying Ship Index 65	
						<u>Passenger</u> <u>Carrying</u> <u>Road or Rail</u> <u>Index</u> Forbidden	
						<u>Special</u> provisions 29, 42	
Mexico Classification	UN1978	PROPANE	2.1	Not applicable (gas).	PAMMALE GAS	-	

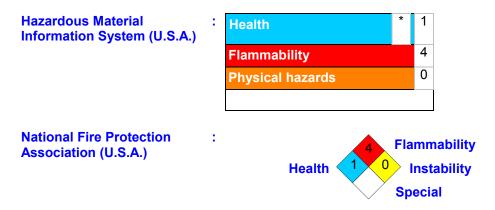
"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

# Section 15. Regulatory information

: TSCA 8(a) IUR: Partial exemption United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.	
SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Propane SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Propane: Fire hazard, Sudden release of pressure	
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention - Flammable Substances: Propane	
Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: Propane	
<ul> <li>Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Florida substances: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Illinois Chemical Safety Act: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Louisiana Reporting: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Louisiana Spill: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Massachusetts Spill: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Michigan Critical Material: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Minnesota Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.</li> <li>New Jersey Spill: This material is not listed.</li> <li>New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: This material is not listed.</li> <li>New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.</li> <li>New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.</li> </ul>	n G #5
Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas.	
CEPA Toxic substances: This material is not listed. Canadian ARET: This material is not listed. Canadian NPRI: This material is listed. Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.	
	<ul> <li>United Štates inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.</li> <li>SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found.</li> <li>SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.</li> <li>SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Propane</li> <li>SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Propane: Fire hazard, Sudden release of pressure</li> <li>Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention - Flammable Substances: Propane</li> <li>Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: Propane</li> <li>Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Florida substances: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Illinois Chemical Safety Act: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Louisiana Reporting: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Massachusetts Spill: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Minnesota Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Minnesota Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.</li> <li>New Jersey Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.</li> <li>New Jersey Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.</li> <li>New Jersey Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.</li> <li>New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: This material is not listed.</li> <li>New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: This material is not listed.</li> <li>New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: This material i</li></ul>

# Section 16. Other information

United States	
Label requirements	: FLAMMABLE GAS. MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.
Canada	
Label requirements	: Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas.



#### Notice to reader

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# Material Safety Data Sheet



Acetylene

### Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product name	: Acetylene
Supplier	: AIRGAS INC., on behalf of its subsidiaries 259 North Radnor-Chester Road Suite 100 Radnor, PA 19087-5283 1-610-687-5253
Product use	: Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.
Synonym MSDS #	<ul> <li>acetylen; acetylene ; ethine; ethyne; narcylen</li> <li>001001</li> </ul>
Date of Preparation/Revision	: 5/11/2011.
In case of emergency	: 1-866-734-3438

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Physical state	1	Gas.	
Emergency overview	:	WARNING!	
		FLAMMABLE GAS. MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.	
		Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not puncture or incinerate container. May cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container closed.	G
		Contact with rapidly expanding gases can cause frostbite.	
Target organs	:	May cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS).	#6
Routes of entry	1	Inhalation	
Potential acute health effects			
Eyes	1	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.	
Skin	1	Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.	
Inhalation	1	Acts as a simple asphyxiant.	
Ingestion	1	Ingestion is not a normal route of exposure for gases	
Potential chronic health effect	ts		
Chronic effects	1	May cause target organ damage, based on animal data.	
Target organs	:	May cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS).	
Medical conditions aggravated by over- exposure	:	Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.	
See toxicological information	) (S	Section 11)	

## Section 3. Composition, Information on Ingredients

<u>Name</u>	CAS number	<u>% Volume</u>	Exposure limits
Acetylene	74-86-2	100	NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). CEIL: 2662 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
			CEIL: 2500 ppm

## Section 4. First aid measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Eye contact	:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	:	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
Frostbite	:	Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	:	As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product	:	Flammable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	305°C (581°F)	
Flash point	:	Closed cup: -18.15°C (-0.7°F).	
Flammable limits	:	Lower: 2.5% Upper: 100%	
Products of combustion	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide <b>Section</b>	n G
Fire hazards in the presence of various substances	1	Extremely flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and oxidizing materials.	#6
Fire-fighting media and instructions	:	In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam or dry chemical.	
		In case of fire, allow gas to burn if flow cannot be shut off immediately. Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk.	
		Contains gas under pressure. Flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.	
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions	:	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (section 8). Shut off gas supply if this can be done safely. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
Methods for cleaning up	:	Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

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## Section 7. Handling and storage

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Handling	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. High pressure gas. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Keep container closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. To avoid fire, eliminate ignition sources. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.
Storage	: Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Segregate

from oxidizing materials. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.	
Personal protection			
Eyes	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.	
Skin	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.	
Respiratory	:	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection and the safe based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.	<u>n G</u> #6
		The applicable standards are (US) 29 CFR 1910.134 and (Canada) Z94.4-93	
Hands	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.	
Personal protection in case of a large spill	;	Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used to avoid inhalation of the product.	
Product name			
Ethyne		NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). CEIL: 2662 mg/m <sup>3</sup> CEIL: 2500 ppm	

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Molecular weight	: 26.04 g/mole
Molecular formula	: C2-H2
Melting/freezing point	: Sublimation temperature: -81.8°C (-115.2 to °F)
Critical temperature	: 35.3°C (95.5°F)
Vapor pressure	: 635 (psig)
Vapor density	: 0.907 (Air = 1)
Specific Volume (ft <sup>3</sup> /lb)	: 14.7058
Gas Density (lb/ft 3)	: 0.0691 (-80°C / -112 to °F)

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity	: The product is stable.
Incompatibility with various substances	: Extremely reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Hazardous polymerization	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Toxicity data	
Chronic effects on humans	: May cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper respiratory tract, central nervous system (CNS).
Other toxic effects on humans	: No specific information is available in our database regarding the other toxic effects of this material to humans.
Specific effects	
Carcinogenic effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenic effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproduction toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 12. Ecological information

Aquatic ecotoxicity Not available.		
Products of degradation	: Products of degradation: carbon oxides (CO, CO <sub>2</sub> ) and water.	
Environmental fate	: Not available.	Continu
Environmental hazards	: This product shows a low bioaccumulation potential.	<u>Section</u>
Toxicity to the environment	: Not available.	:

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

Product removed from the cylinder must be disposed of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation.Return cylinders with residual product to Airgas, Inc.Do not dispose of locally.

# Section 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	Packing group	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1001	ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED	2.1	Not applicable (gas).	A MARKET GA	Limited quantity Yes. Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden. Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 15 kg

<u>) G</u> #6

Acetylene	Acetylene						
TDG Classification	UN1001	ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED	2.1	Not applicable (gas).		Explosive Limit and Quantity Index 0 Passenger Carrying Ship Index 75 Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden Special provisions 38, 42	
Mexico Classification	UN1001	ACETYLENE, DISSOLVED	2.1	Not applicable (gas).	PLANMABLE GAS	-	

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Section 15. Regula	atory information Sectio	n G
United States		
U.S. Federal regulations	<ul> <li>TSCA 8(a) IUR: Partial exemption</li> <li>United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.</li> </ul>	#6
	SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found. SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found. SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: Ethyne	
	SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: Ethyne: Fire hazard, reactive, Sudden release of pressure, Immediate (acute) health hazard	
	Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention - Flammable Substances: Acetylene	
	Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: Ethyne	
State regulations	<ul> <li>Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: This material is not listed.</li> <li>Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: This material is not listed.</li> </ul>	
	Florida substances: This material is not listed.	
	Illinois Chemical Safety Act: This material is not listed. Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: This material is not listed.	
	Louisiana Reporting: This material is not listed.	
	Louisiana Spill: This material is not listed.	
	Massachusetts Spill: This material is not listed.	
	Massachusetts Substances: This material is listed.	
	Michigan Critical Material: This material is not listed. Minnesota Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.	
	New Jersey Hazardous Substances: This material is listed.	
	New Jersey Spill: This material is not listed.	
	New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: This material is not listed.	
	New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.	
	New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: This material is not listed. Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: This material is listed.	

Acetylene		
	Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.	
<u>Canada</u>		
WHMIS (Canada)	: Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material.	
	CEPA Toxic substances: This material is not listed. Canadian ARET: This material is not listed. Canadian NPRI: This material is listed.	
	Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.	
Section 16. Other	information	
United States		
Label requirements	: FLAMMABLE GAS. MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA. CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.	
Canada		
Label requirements	: Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas. Class F: Dangerously reactive material.	
Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)	· Health * 1	
	Flammability 4	<u>Section G</u>
	Physical hazards 2	#6
National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)	Flammability	
	Health 0 3 Instability Special	

## Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

# INSULATION

Section H

**Contents:** 

**1. FIBERGLASS** 

**2. RUBBER TEX** 

# Section H





Material Name: Fiber Glass Wool Commercial & Industrial Insulation Safety Data Sheet ID: 1009

#### Section 1 - Product and Company Identification

#### Hazard Label WARNING label Company Information

Johns Manville Insulation Systems P.O. Box 5108 Denver, CO 80127 USA

#### **Trade Names:**

13/16" Micro-Aire® Duct Board 800 Series Spin-Glas® Board Insulations, faced Grooved Duct Board Mat-Faced Micro-Aire® Duct Board Micro-Flex<sup>™</sup> Large Diameter Pipe and Tank Wrap Microlite® Standard Telephone: 303-978-2000 8:00AM-5:00PM M-F Internet Address: http://www.jm.com Emergency: 800-424-9300 (Chemtrec, In English)

Micro-Lok® HP Micro-Lok® Pipe Insulation R Series Microlite® (FSK, PSK, & vinyl faced) Spiracoustic Plus<sup>™</sup> SuperDuct<sup>™</sup> RC Boards

## Section 2 - Hazards Identification

#### **Emergency Overview**

Inhalation of excessive amounts of dust from the product may cause temporary upper respiratory irritation and/or congestion-remove individual to fresh air.

In high temperature applications, treatment, curing, or in geographic areas of high heat and humidity, this product may release gases irritating to the eyes, nose and throat.

#### Inhalation

Temporary mechanical irritation may occur upon exposure to dust or fibers released from cutting this product.

Irritation of the upper respiratory tract, coughing, and congestion may occur in extreme exposures. Severe irritation of the mouth, nose, and throat, as well as signs of central nervous system depression (drowsiness, dizziness, headache), may occur upon inhalation of vapors or gases.

#### Skin

Temporary irritation (itching) or redness may occur.

#### Ingestion

This product is not intended to be ingested (eaten). If ingested, it may cause temporary irritation to the gastionnestimation (digestive) tract.

#### Eyes

Temporary irritation (itching) or redness may occur.

#### Ears

Temporary irritation (itching) or redness may occur.

#### Primary Routes of Entry (Exposure)

Eyes, skin, inhalation (breathing dust and fibers) and ingestion.

#### Target Organs

Nose (nasal passages), throat, lungs, skin, eyes

#### Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure

Pre-existing chronic respiratory, skin, or eye diseases or conditions.

## Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

CAS #	Component	Percent
Not Applicable	Continuous Filament Glass Fiber	0-10**
Not Applicable	Fiber Glass Wool	50-98
Not Available	Non-woven, AP, FSK, PSK, or vinyl facings; or vinyl, acrylic, or latex coatings	0-40
Not Available	Urea extended phenol-formaldehyde binder (cured)	2-18*
Not Available	Urea extended phenol-melamine formaldehyde binder (cured)	2-18*
Not Available	Acrylic Coating (present in SuperDuct RC and Spiracoustic Plus™ only)	0-10
50-00-0	Formaldehyde	<1
1333-86-4	Carbon black, bound (present in black products only)	<1

#### Material Name: Fiber Glass Wool Commercial & Industrial Insulation

Safety Data Sheet ID: 1009

1309-64-4	Antimony trioxide	0.1-3
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#### **Component Information**

\* Binder may be either of these.

\*\* Component of scrim facings

Antimony trioxide (fire retardant) may be present in the facings and/or adhesives. Occupational exposure to airborne antimony trioxide is not expected to occur due to product form(s) and intended use(s). Exposure limit is given for reference only.

Formaldehyde may be released by partial hydrolysis of the urea formaldehyde polymer.

#### **General Product Description**

Fibrous glass blanket, board, or formed shapes, with or without facings.

#### Section 4 - First Aid Measures

#### First Aid: Inhalation

If dust is inhaled in excess of exposure limits referenced in section 8 of this safety data sheet, remove individual to fresh air. Drink water to clear throat, and blow nose to remove dust. A saline spray in the nose may help clear any fibers.

#### First Aid: Skin

Wash gently with soap and water to remove dust and fibers. Alternatively, fibers can be removed from the skin by use of ordinary masking or wrapping tape. Should irritation persist, seek medical attention.

#### First Aid: Ingestion

Rinse mouth with water to remove dust and fibers and drink plenty of water to help reduce irritation. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

#### First Aid: Eyes

Do not rub or scratch eyes. Dust particles may cause the eye to be scratched. Flush eyes with large amounts of water until irritation subsides. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

#### First Aid: Ears

Wash exposed skin with soap and water. If irritation develops in the inner ear, seek medical attention.

#### First Aid: Notes to Physician

Dust from the product may cause mechanical irritation of the eyes, skin, and upper respiratory tract. Treat symptomatically. Irritating gases may be released under conditions of high heat or humidity. At high levels, these could cause severe upper respiratory and eye irritation. Formaldehyde gas is a skin and respiratory sensitizer. Treatment should be directed toward removing the source of irritation with symptomatic treatment as necessary.

Section 5 - Fire	Fighting	Measures
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Method Used: Not applicable

Lower Flammable Limit (LFL): Not applicable

Flammability Classification: Not determined

Flash Point: Not applicable

Upper Flammable Limit (UFL): Not applicable Auto Ignition: Not determined Rate of Burning: Not determined

#### **General Fire Hazards**

There is no potential for spontaneous fire or explosion. Inorganic glass fibers are naturally non-combustible and non-flammable.

#### **Extinguishing Media**

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), water, water fog, dry chemical.

#### Fire Fighting Equipment/Instructions

No special procedures are expected to be necessary for this product. Normal fire fighting procedures should be followed to avoid inhalation of smoke and gases.

## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

#### **Clean-Up Procedures**

Pick up large pieces. Vacuum dusts. If sweeping is necessary, use a dust suppressant such as water. Do not dry sweep dust accumulation. These procedures will help to minimize potential exposures.

#### Section 7 - Handling and Storage

#### Handling Procedures

Use protective equipment as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet when handling uncontained material. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

#### Storage Procedures

Warehouse storage should be in accordance with package directions, if any. Material should be kept clean, dry, and in original packaging.

## **Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection**

## Exposure Guidelines

#### **A: General Product Information**

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) has not adopted specific occupational exposure standards for fiber glass. Fiber glass is treated as a nuisance dust and is regulated by OSHA as a particulate not otherwise regulated (total dust) shown in CFR 1910.1000 Table Z-3. Respirable fraction 5 mg/m3

Total dust 15 mg/m3

JM has adopted the fiber glass industry voluntary Product Stewardship Program (PSP), formerly the NAIMA-OSHA Health and Safety Partnership Program (HSPP). Under the PSP, JM recommends that exposures be limited to the voluntary concentration of 1 f/cc TWA for fibers longer than 5 microns with a diameter less than 3 microns. This will help minimize potential irritation effects. The PSP also includes the PPE recommendations described below.

#### **B: Component Exposure Limits**

Formaldehyde (50-00-0) OSHA: 0.75 ppr

0.75 ppm TWA
 0.5 ppm Action Level; 0.75 ppm TWA; 2 ppm STEL (Irritant and potential cancer hazard - see 29 CFR 1910.1048)
 3 ppm TWA (unless specified in 1910.1048)

3 ppm TWA (unless specified

ACGIH: 0.3 ppm Ceiling

#### Carbon black, bound (present in black products only) (1333-86-4)

OSHA: 3.5 mg/m3 TWA

3.5 mg/m3 TWA

ACGIH: 3.5 mg/m3 TWA

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

#### Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes/Face

Safety glasses with side shields are recommended to keep dust out of the eyes.

#### **Personal Protective Equipment: Ears**

Use ear protection (earplugs, hood, or earmuffs) to prevent airborne dust or fibers from entering the ear, if necessary.

#### Personal Protective Equipment: Skin

Leather or cotton gloves should be worn to protect against mechanical abrasion. See also Personal Protective Equipment: General, below.

#### Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

A NIOSH-approved respirator should be used if ventilation is unavailable, or is inadequate for keeping levels below the applicable exposure limits referenced in Section 8 of this SDS.

#### Ventilation

In fixed manufacturing settings, local exhaust ventilation should be provided at areas of cutting, milling or other processing to remove airborne dust and fibers.

#### Personal Protective Equipment: General

Wear a cap, a loose-fitting, long-sleeved shirt and long pants to protect skin from irritation. Exposed skin areas should be washed with soap and water after handling or working with fiber glass. Clothing should be washed separately from other clothes, and the washer should be rinsed thoroughly (run empty for a complete wash cycle). This will reduce the chances of fiber glass being transferred to other clothing.



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## Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance:Fibrous glass blanket, board, or formed shapes,<br/>with or without facings.Physical State:SolidVapor Pressure:Not applicableBoiling Point:Not applicableSolubility (H2O):NilVOC:Not determined

## Section 10 - Stability & Reactivity Information

#### Stability

These products are not reactive.

#### Hazardous Decomposition

May form carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide.

**Hazardous Polymerization** 

Will not occur.

**Section 11 - Toxicological Information** 

#### Acute Toxicity

#### **A: General Product Information**

If dust evolves from this product during use it may cause temporary mechanical irritation or scratchiness of the throat and/or itching of the eyes and skin.

Exposure to formaldehyde may cause eye and upper respiratory irritation, and possible respiratory or skin sensitization (allergy). If sensitization occurs, subsequent exposures to formaldehyde may worsen asthma or other respiratory problems, and cause allergic-type reactions.

#### B: Component Analysis - LD50/LC50

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)

Inhalation LC50 Rat: 0.578 mg/L/4H; Oral LD50 Rat:500 mg/kg

#### Carbon black, bound (present in black products only) (1333-86-4)

Oral LD50 Rat: >15400 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit:>3 g/kg

#### Antimony trioxide (1309-64-4)

Oral LD50 Rat: >34600 mg/kg

#### Carcinogenicity

#### **A: General Product Information**

Exposure to formaldehyde has been associated with the development of nasopharyngeal cancer in laboratory animals and humans. Formaldehyde has been classified as a known human carcinogen, Group 1, by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). The US National Toxicology Program (NTP) consider formaldehyde as known to be a human carcinogen. OSHA specifically regulates formaldehyde under 29 CFR 1910.1048.

#### B: Component Carcinogenicity

#### **Continuous Filament Glass Fiber**

- ACGIH: A4 Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen (listed under Synthetic Vitreous Fibers)
  - IARC: Group 3 Not Classifiable (IARC Monograph 81 [2002] (listed under Man-made mineral fibres), Monograph 43 [1988])

#### Fiber glass wool

- NTP: Not listed.
- IARC: Group 3 Not Classifiable (IARC Monograph 81 [2002] (listed under Man-made mineral fibres), Monograph 43 [1988])

#### Odor: Mild formaldehyde

pH: N Vapor Density: N Melting Point: >7 Specific Gravity: Va

Not applicable Not applicable >704°C/1300°F Variable



Section H

#### Material Name: Fiber Glass Wool Commercial & Industrial Insulation

#### Formaldehyde (50-00-0)

ACGIH: A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

- OSHA: 0.5 ppm Action Level: 0.75 ppm TWA; 2 ppm STEL (Irritant and potential cancer hazard see 29 CFR 1910.1048)
- NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen
- IARC: Group 1 Known Human Carcinogen

#### Carbon black, bound (present in black products only) (1333-86-4)

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

IARC: Group 2B - Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans (IARC Monograph 93 [in preparation], Monograph 65 [1996])

#### Antimony trioxide (1309-64-4)

- ACGIH: A2 Suspected Human Carcinogen (production)
- IARC: Group 2B Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans (IARC Monograph 47 [1989])

#### **Chronic Toxicity**

Continuous Filament Glass Fiber: No chronic health effects are known to be associated with exposure to continuous filament fiber glass. Results from epidemiologic studies have not shown any increases in respiratory disease or cancer. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified continuous filament fiber glass as a Group 3 substance, not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Because of the large diameter of continuous filament fibers, these products are not considered respirable.

#### Fiber Glass Wool (non-durable glass fibers):

In October 2001, IARC classified fiber glass wool as Group 3, "not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans." The 2001 decision was based on current human and animal research that shows no association between inhalation exposure to dust from fiber glass wool and the development of respiratory disease

In 2011, the National Toxicology Program (NTP, a component of the United States Department of Health and Human Services) issued its 12th Report on Carcinogens (Report). The Report makes clear that any glass fibers that have been successfully assessed in an animal study and shown no cancer hazard are NOT among those "certain" fibers and NOT listed in the Report.

The glass fibers comprising the products on this MSDS have either been successfully assessed by appropriate animal protocols and / or have modeled Kdis values such that they are considered non-durable and the current human animal protocols and the current human an research that shows no association between inhalation exposure to dust from fiber glass wool and the development of respiratory disease is applicable to these fibers.

## **Section 12 - Ecological Information**

#### Ecotoxicity

### A: General Product Information

#### No data available for this product.

#### **B: Component Analysis - Ecotoxicity - Aquatic Toxicity**

#### Formaldehvde (50-00-0)

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 22.6-25.7 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus:1510 µg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Brachydanio rerio:41 mg/L [static]: 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss:0.032-0.226 ml/L [flow-through]: 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss:100-136 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas:23.2-29.7 mg/L [static] 96 Hr EC50 water flea: 20 mg/L; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 2 mg/L

#### Carbon black, bound (present in black products only) (1333-86-4)

24 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: >5600 mg/L

#### Antimony trioxide (1309-64-4)

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: >80 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Brachydanio rerio:>1000 mg/L [static] 72 Hr EC50 Selenastrum capricornutum: 67 mg/L 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: >1000 mg/L

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

#### **US EPA Waste Number & Descriptions**

#### **General Product Information**

This product is not expected to be a hazardous waste when it is disposed of according to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) under Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) regulations. Product characterization after use is recommended to ensure proper disposal under federal and/or state requirements.

#### **Disposal Instructions**

Dispose of waste material according to Local, State, Federal, and Provincial Environmental Regulations.

#### Section 14 - Transport Information

#### International Transport Regulations

These products are not classified as dangerous goods according to international transport regulations.

#### Section 15 - Regulatory Information

#### US Federal Regulations

#### **A: General Product Information**

SARA 311/312: This product is not classified as hazardous under SARA 311/312.

#### B: Component Analysis

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65) and/or CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4).

## Formaldehyde (50-00-0)

SARA 302: 500 lb TPQ

SARA 313: 0.1 % de minimis concentration

CERCLA: 100 lb final RQ; 45.4 kg final RQ

#### Antimony trioxide (1309-64-4)

CERCLA: 1000 lb final RQ; 454 kg final RQ

#### **State Regulations**

#### **A: General Product Information**

The glass fibers in this product are not known to be regulated.

Other state regulations may apply. Check individual state requirements.

#### **B: Component Analysis - State**

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	CAS #	CA	FL	MA	MN	NJ	PA
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Carbon black, bound (present in black products only)	1333-86-4	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Antimony trioxide	1309-64-4	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

The following statement(s) are provided under the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer.

Component	CAS #
Fiber Glass Wool ( <sup>1</sup> related to Fibrous glass)	Not Applicable
Formaldehyde	50-00-0
Antimony trioxide	1309-64-4

#### **TSCA Status**

This product and its components are listed on the TSCA 8(b) inventory.

None of the components listed in this product are listed on the TSCA Export Notification 12(b) list.

#### International Regulations

#### **A: General Product Information**

These products are considered articles under both U.S. and international product regulations and as such, these products do not require registration or notification on the various country-specific inventories.

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Section H

1

#### **B: Component Analysis - WHMIS IDL**

The following components are identified under the Canadian Hazardous Products Act Ingredient Disclosure List:

Component	CAS #	Minimum Concentration
Continuous Filament Glass Fiber	Not Applicable	1 % (related to Fibrous glass)
Fiber Glass Wool	Not Applicable	1 % (related to Fibrous glass)
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	0.1 %

#### **WHMIS Classification**

Controlled Product Classification: D2A

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations. This SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

#### **Section 16 - Other Information**

#### **Other Information**

Prepared for: Johns Manville Insulation Systems P. O. Box 5108 Denver, CO USA 80217-5108 Prepared by: Johns Manville Technical Center P.O. Box 625005 Littleton, CO USA 80162-5005

The information herein is presented in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date given. However, no warranty, expressed or implied, is given. It is the buyer's responsibility to ensure that its activities comply with Federal, State or provincial, and local laws.

Date	MSDS #	Reason	
04/28/04	1009-2.0106	Regulatory update. Minor edits.	
05/20/04	1009-2.0107	Sect. 1 Removal of discontinued trade names: 824 CAN Spin-	
		Glas®; 830 CAN Spin-Glas®; Acoustic Backing Board; BS 476,	
		EcoTherm <sup>™</sup> Industrial Pipe Insulation; Fabricated Duct Board;	
		Permacote Spiracoustic <sup>™</sup> ; Pipe and Tank Insulation; Rigide A A I A	n L
		Permacote Spiracoustic <sup>™</sup> ; Pipe and Tank Insulation; Rigid Round <sup>™</sup> (faced); Spiracoustic <sup>™</sup> ; SuperRound <sup>®</sup> .	
08/05/04	1009-2.0108	Sect. 1 Label ID edit. Removal of discontinued trade name, Micro-	#1
		Flex CTS.	#1
03/22/05	1009-2.0108	Sect. 1 addition of Insul-SHIELD® Coated Black from MSDS 1010.	
		Addition of Blended Blowing Wool. Edits to Sect. 2 for new	
		additions.	
10/03/05	1009-2.0110	Section 1, SuperVane was removed. Discontinued product.	
11/17/05	1009-2.0111	Regulatory update. Minor edits in Sections 8, 11, and 15.	
		Removed all revision notes prior to 2004. Revision notes are	
0.4/0.4/07		stored in database archives.	
01/31/07	1009-2.0112	Addition of Micro-Lok HP to trade names. Updates made	
		throughout SDS for current trade names listed on this SDS.	
		Section 15 TSCA 12b edits. Removed DBDO. These products are	
		articles under TSCA and DBDO does not need to be reported	
00/00/07	4000 0 0440	under TSCA 12b.	
06/26/07	1009-2.0113	Addition of Micromat Rx to trade names. Minor edits throughout. Addition of WHMIS classification in section 15.	
04/28/08	1009-2.0114	Updated SDS to GHS format.	
03/16/09	1009-2.0114	Addition of 13/16" Micro-Aire® Duct Board to trade names.	
11/23/09	1009-2.0116	Removed Zeston Hi-Lo Temp® Insulation Inserts from trade	
11/20/03	1003-2.0110	names.	
09/07/2011	1009-2.02	Regulatory Update	
09/08/2011	1009-2.03	Correction sect. 8 respiratory	
01/11/2013	1009-2.04	Update trade names and toxicological information in section11.	
	-		

## Material Name: Fiber Glass Wool Commercial & Industrial Insulation

Safety Data Sheet ID: 1009

End of Sheet 1009

# Section H

#1





# **Black Rubber Foam**

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

# 1. Company & Product Information

Company Name:	Product:
UniTherm Insulation Systems	Black Rubber Foam
711 Jones Street	Chemical Family:
Lewisville, Texas 75057	Closed cell elastomeric insulation
p   800.657.9542 f   972.436.0112	

# 2. Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Weight (%)
NBR	9003-18-3	30
PVC	9002-86-2	25
DOP	117-81-7	15
AC	123-77-3	10
S	7704-34-9	1
ATH	21645-51-2	15
SB203	n/a	4

#### 3. Hazards Identification

POTENTIAL HEAL		Section H
Eye:	Dust, powder, liquid may cause eye irritation. Irritating vapors ca occur if processed at high temperatures.	n <b>#2</b>
Skin Contact:	Dust, powder, or liquid my cause skin irritation. Skin contact with molten or heated material can cause serious burns.	
Ingestion:	May be harmful if swallowed.	
Inhalation:	Dust, powder, or liquid may cause irritation of the respiratory trac Irritating vapors can occur if processed at high temperature.	st.

## 4. First Aid Measures

Eye:	Flush with plenty of water to remove particles. Get medical attention if irritation persists.
Skin:	Flush skin with amounts of water, follow by washing with soap and water. Get medical attention if need. If burned by contact with molten material, cool as quickly as possible. Do not peel material from skin. Get medical aid.
Inhalation:	Remove victim to fresh area. Seek medical advice if irritation persists.
Ingestion:	Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician if needed.
Note to Physician:	Burns should be treated as thermal burns. The material will come off as healing occurs, therefore, immediate removal from skin is not necessary.

## 5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammability:	May be combustible at high temperature.
Extinguishing Media:	Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray.
Fire fighting:	Wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.
Unusual Fire or Explosion	Container may explode when heated. Use water spray to keep fire exposed container cool. Vapors of DOP may br heavier than air and can travel considerable source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous Combustible Products	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur dioxide, <b>#2</b> nitrogen oxides, irritating, and toxic gases or fumes.

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

## Steps to be taken is case material is released or spilled

Remove heat, spark, open flame, and ignition sources. Ventilate and evacuate area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment as specified in Section 8. Shut off source of spills if safe easy to do so. Sweep up and containerize for reclamation or disposal, using absorbent material such as sand, soil or diatomaceous earth. Collect as much of the spilled material as possible, placed the spilled material into a suitable disposal container. Keep spilled material out of sewers, ditches and bodies of water.

## Waste Disposal Method

Use Waste Disposal Methods in accordance with local rules and regulations.

# 7. Handling And Storage

## Handling

Keep away from heat, spark, open flame, ignition sources. Keep containers closed when not in use. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Avoid breathing dust or vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Wash hands with soap and water after contact. Protect against physical damage. Empty containers may contain product residue. Do not reuse and damage empty container.

## Storage

Store in dry, cool, well ventilated area. No smoking. Consumption of food and beverage should be avoided in work areas. Wash hands with soap and water thoroughly before eating, drinking. Keep away incompatible substances, such as oxidizing agents, nitrates, chlorates, chromic anhydride, halogens, zinc, tin, alkali metals, phosphorus, ammonia.

## 8. Exposure Control - Personal Protection

No need under normal use. If prolonged or repeated contact with this material, handle as follows.

## **Engineering Controls**

If current ventilation practice is not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations below the established exposures limits, additional ventilation or exhaust systems may require. Where explosive mixtures may be present, electrical systems safe for such locations must be used.

## **Respiratory Protection**

Appropriate vapor canister, self contained breathing apparatus or supplied air hose mask below current applicable OSHA safety and health requirements.

## Personal Protective Equipment

Chemical safety glasses, neoprene gloves, protect coat and impervious clothing or boots. Eye wash and safety shower if needed.

## Exposure Limit

PVC OSHA PEL 15mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA 5mg/8 hrs ACGIH TLV 15mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA 5mg/8 hrs DOP ACGIH TLV 15mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA

OSHA PEL 15mg/m<sup>3</sup> TWA NIOSH STEL 10mg/m<sup>3</sup> ; NIOSH TWA 5mg/m<sup>3</sup>

# 9. Physical And Chemical Properties

pH:	n/a
Flammability:	May be combustible at high temperature,
Solubility in Water:	Insoluable in water.
Appearance Characters:	Black with plastic/rubber odor solid.
Chemical Uses:	Air thermal insulation, industrial cooling, reducing noise, and vibration.

**#**2

# 10. Stability And Reactivity

Stability:	Stable
Incompatibilities:	Oxidizing agents, nitrates, chlorates, chromic anhydride, halogens, zinc, tin, alkali metals, phosphorus, ammonia.
Hazardous Combustible Products	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulphur dioxide, nitrogen oxides, irritating, an toxic gases or fumes.
Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur.

## 11. Toxicological Information

PVC	
Oral LD50 for Rat:	500mg/kg
DOP	
Oral LD50 for Rat:	30000mg/kg
Dermal LD50 for Rabbit:	25000mg/kg

# 12. Ecological Information

Report spills as required to appropriate authorities. U.S. Coast Guard regulations require immediate reporting of spills that could reach any waterway including intermittent dry creeks.

# 13. Disposal Consideration

Recycle the products if possible. All diposals must comply with federal, state, and local regulations. The material, if spilled or discarded, may be a regulated waste. Refer Section H and local regulations. If regulated solvents are used to cleanup spilled material, the resulting waste mixture may be regulated. Department of Transportation (DOT) regulations may apply for #2 transporting this material when spilled.

# 14. Transport Information

Not a hazard material or hazard goods for transportation. Transportation Fashion: By sea, by highway.

# 15. Regulatory Information

Law Information Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods. Dangerous Goods Regulation (IATA)xs